



LCB 30 & LCB 50

**CALIBRATION MICRO BATH
MANUAL**



INSTRUMENTS
leyro

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1. General Information

- This instruction manual provides important information about the instrument operation. In order to work with this instrument safely it is essential to comply with all safety and handling instructions provided
- Always comply with the regulations on accident prevention and safety rules in force at the place of use of the instrument.
- The instruction manual is an integral part of the instrument and must be stored in the vicinity thereof so specialized staff can refer to it at any time
- The qualified personnel must have read and understood the instruction manual before starting any work
- The manufacturer is discharged from any liability for damages caused by usage not according to the intended purpose of use, non-observance of this manual, handling by insufficiently qualified personnel as well as unauthorized modification of the instrument
- General conditions of sale included in the sales documentation apply.
- Technical modifications reserved
- Factory calibration and calibration by the Spanish association of calibration (ENAC / ISO 17025) are performed in accordance with international standards
- For more information refer to:
 - Web page: www.leyro.net
 - Relevant technical sheet: LCB 30, LCB 50
 - Technical service : +3491283502
info@leyro.net

1.1 Symbology



DANGER

... Indicates an immediately dangerous situation which causes death or serious injury if not avoided



WARNING

... It indicates a potentially dangerous situation which may cause death or serious injury if not avoided



WATCH OUT

... It indicates a potentially dangerous situation which may cause death or minor or medium injury or material or environmental damage if not avoided



Information

... Marks useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and fault-free use



DANGER

... Indicates hazards caused by electric current. There is a risk of serious or deadly injuries if safety instructions are not observed.



WARNING

... It indicates a possibly dangerous situation which may cause burns due to hot surfaces or liquids if not avoided

2. SAFETY



WARNING

... Before installation commissioning and operation make sure you have selected the appropriate micro calibration bath respect to measuring range, version and specific measurement conditions.
Risk of serious injury and / or property damage if not avoided,



... The different chapters of this manual contain other important safety instructions.

2.1 Use as planned

The micro calibration bath is a portable unit for technical service, industrial and laboratory tasks. Leyro Instruments' micro temperature baths or micro calibration baths are provided for calibrating thermometers, switches / thermostats thermos, pyrometers electrical resistance and thermocouples.

The product has been designed and built only for the purpose described here and should be used in accordance to it.

Meet the technical specifications of this manual. An inappropriate handling or use of the equipment is not in accordance with the technical specifications requires the immediate service and verification by an authorized Leyro Instruments technician.

Handle the electronic precision instrument with due diligence (protect against humidity, strong impacts magnetic fields, static electricity, extreme temperatures; Do not introduce any objects into the openings instrument). Pins must be protected against dirt.

If the instrument is moved from a cold to a warm environment, a malfunction due to condensation can occur. In this case you have to wait until the temperature of the instrument suits the room temperature before putting it back into operation

No claim due to inappropriate handling is admitted.

2.2 Staff qualification



WARNING

Risk of injury due to insufficient qualification!

Improper handling can cause considerable personal and property damage.

The activities described in this manual should be performed only by qualified personnel with the appropriate qualifications.

Specialized staff

Because of their professional training, their knowledge, control and measurement technology, as well as their experience and knowledge of regulations, standards and guidelines in the country of use, specialized staff is able to perform the works described and recognize possible dangers by themselves.

Some specific usage conditions require additional knowledge. E.g, about aggressive environments.

2.3 Personal protective equipment

The personal protective equipment protects qualified personnel from hazards which may harm their health and safety during work. The specialized personnel must wear a personal protective equipment during the different works on and with the instrument..

Comply with the indications about personal protective equipment in the work area!

The owner must provide personal protective equipment.



Wearing protective glasses!

These protect the eyes from projected parts and splashes.

2.4 Specific Risks



WARNING

In the case of dangerous substances to be measured, e.g. oxygen, acetylene, flammable toxic substances, as well as in refrigeration premises, compressors, etc., the relevant provisions must be observed in each case, plus all general rules,



DANGER

Risk of death, by electric current. There is direct danger of death from touching live parts

- The installation and assembly of electric products must only be performed by a qualified electrician
- Before replacing the fuse circuit breakers, cleaning and maintenance / conservation and in the case of danger, disconnect the micro calibration bath network by removing the power cord from the electrical outlet

Residual media in dismantled instruments can cause risks to people, the environment and installation. Take appropriate precautions

Overheating protection



WARNING

- For your safety and the micro calibration bath is equipped with a protection on independent temperature that disconnects the power supply of heating in case of excessive temperature inside the housing. After cooling must send the micro bath to control Leyro Instruments
- The micro calibration bath is designed as a product of measurement and regulation. You need to take further protective measures if the micro calibration bath for applications not explicitly mentioned in this manual is used.



WARNING

- Do not use the micro calibration bath in atmospheres hazardous (flammable or explosive atmosphere)

If a malfunction of micro calibration bath can cause personal injury or property damage, it is necessary to ensure the subsequent installation of electromechanical protection devices

2.5 Safety instructions for using calibration liquids



Calibration liquid water

Only use distilled water, otherwise Tartar forms and micro bath deposit gets dirty.

Calibration liquid silicone oil



WARNING

- Only use the silicone oil recommended in this manual
- Read the safety data sheet before starting to work with silicone oil. The data sheet is available from the manufacturer or distributor.
- Ensure that the room is well ventilated when working with silicone oil because harmful substances may escape.
- Because the silicone oiling is hygroscopic, always close the micro bath with the transport cover after use.
- The transportation cover is equipped with a safety valve. If the micro calibration state is closed in hot condition, unacceptable pressures may occur, to avoid overpressure that can destroy the liquid bath, the safety valve is activated with an accuracy of about 2.5 bar. Hot steam may escape.



Wearing safety glasses!

Make sure that the silicone oil does not get in touch with the eyes



WARNING

Risk of burns

Before transporting or touching the micro-bath it is necessary to ensure that it is sufficiently cool because otherwise there is a risk of burns

2.6 Explanation of Symbols



It is absolutely necessary to read the instruction manual before installation and commissioning of the equipment



EC European Community

Instruments with this mark comply with applicable European directives.

3.0 Homologation data and certificates

Homologation and certificates, LCB series

CE compliance	
Low Voltage Directive	2004/108 CE, EN 61326 Emission (Group 1, Class B) and resistance to interferences (industrial locations)
Low Voltage Directive	2006/95 / EC, EN 61010-1, safety regulation for electrical measuring, control, regulation and laboratory instruments
Certificate	
Calibration	3.1 calibration certificate according to DIN EN 10204 Option: calibration certificate ISO 17025 ENAC

For more technical details see data sheet from Leyro Instruments and order documentation.

3.1 LCB LCB 30 and 50 Micro calibration bath

	LCB 30	LCB 50
Temperature range	-35 ... 165 °C / -31 ... 329 °F (1)	30 ... 225 °C / 86 ... 437 °F
Accuracy	± 0.3 °C / ± 0.5 °F	± 0.3 °C / ± 0.5 °F
Uniformity	± 0.05 °C / ± 0.09 °F	± 0.05 °C / ± 0.09 °F
Screen Resolution	0.1°C / 0.1 °F	0.1°C / 0.1 °F
Heating time ²	-20 to 120 °C / - 4 to 248 °F: 35 minutes	25 to 220 °C / 77 to 428 °F : 42 minutes
Cooling time ²	30 to -20 °C / 86 to - 4 °F: 30 minutes	220 to 100 °C / 428 to 212 °F: 35 minutes
Depth	190mm / 7.48 in	190mm / 7.48 in
Volume	Approximately 0.7 liters	Approximately 0.7 liters
Tank dimensions	60 x 190 mm / 2.36 x 7.48 in	60 x 190 mm / 2.36 x 7.48 in
Auxiliary power	88 A 264 VAC 45-65 HZ	88 A 264 VAC 45-65 HZ
Electricity consumption	310 W MAX	320 W MAX
Network connection cable	AC 320 for Europe	AC 320 for Europe
Box		
Dimensions	280 x 280 x 400mm (An x Al x P) 11.02 x 11.02 x 15.75 in (An x Al x P)	280 x 280 x 400mm (An x Al x P) 11.02 x 11.02 x 15.75 in (An x Al x P)
Weight	12.8 kg / 28.22 lb	11.4 kg / 25.13 lb

(1) AT 52 °C / 125.6 °F below ambient temperature.

2) The reference thermometer with which the measurement is made has a diameter of 6mm / 0.24 in.
Tests performed at an ambient temperature of 20 °C ± 3 °C / 68 °F ± 5.5 °F.

ACCESSORIES	LCB 30	LCB 50
Silicone oil AC 10 -30 ... 160 °C / FP = 170°C -22 ... 320 °F / FP = 338 °F	Recommended	Not recommended
Silicone oil AC 20 -20 ... 200 °C / FP = 240 °C - 4 ... 392 °F / FP = 464 °F	Recommended	Not recommended
Silicone oil AC 50 30 ... 220 °C / FP = 280 °C 86 ... 428 °F / FP = 536 °F	Not recommended	Recommended
Silicone oil AC 100 70 ... 288 °C / FP = 315 °C 158 ... 550.4 °F / FP = 599 °F	Not recommended	Recommended

FP = Flashpoint

4. Design and function

4.1 Description

The micro calibration bath is a portable unit for technical, industrial service task at the laboratory. Leyro Instruments' micro calibration baths are provided for calibrating thermometers, switches / thermostats, electrical resistance pyrometers and thermocouples. The operational safety of the equipment is only guaranteed when used as planned (control of temperature sensors).

The limit values specified should not be exceeded under any circumstances (see Chapter 3 "Technical Data").

The corresponding equipment must be selected according to the application. The product is then properly connected and tests must be conducted and monitor the proper maintenance of all components.

The product is manufactured in several versions. The version is indicated on the nameplate on the micro calibration bath

4.2 Supply volume

The micro calibration baths are shipped in a special safety packaging. The packaging must be kept to send the micro calibration bath safely to the manufacturer for repair or recalibration

Standard supply volume of the micro calibration bath model LCB

- Micro calibration bath
- Transport cover
- Basket for sensor
- Magnetic stirrer
- Power connection cable
- Calibration certificate
- Instructions Manual

Compare by packing list if all parts have been delivered



WARNING

Use only the supplied power cable

4.3 overview of the different models of the device

Micro temperature baths

- LCB 30 (hot and cold)
- LCB 50 (heat)

LCB 30 (hot and cold)

The micro calibration bath is comprised of sturdy steel painted grey and provided with a carrying handle.

The back contains a bore accessible from above for the introduction of mass.

The liquid bath includes heating and cooling components for determining the reference temperature.

The bath liquid has a thermal insulation.

The front of the envelope contains the entire electronic control module for adjusting the reference temperature and a potentiometer.

For handling heating or cooling towers networks semiconductor (SSR) are used.

On the front panel is the controller, which is equipped with a 7-segment LED (2 rows and 4 digits to indicate the reference and nominal temperature.

The micro calibration bath further comprises a turning knob to control the stirring speed

4.4 Micro temperature bath model LCB 30/50

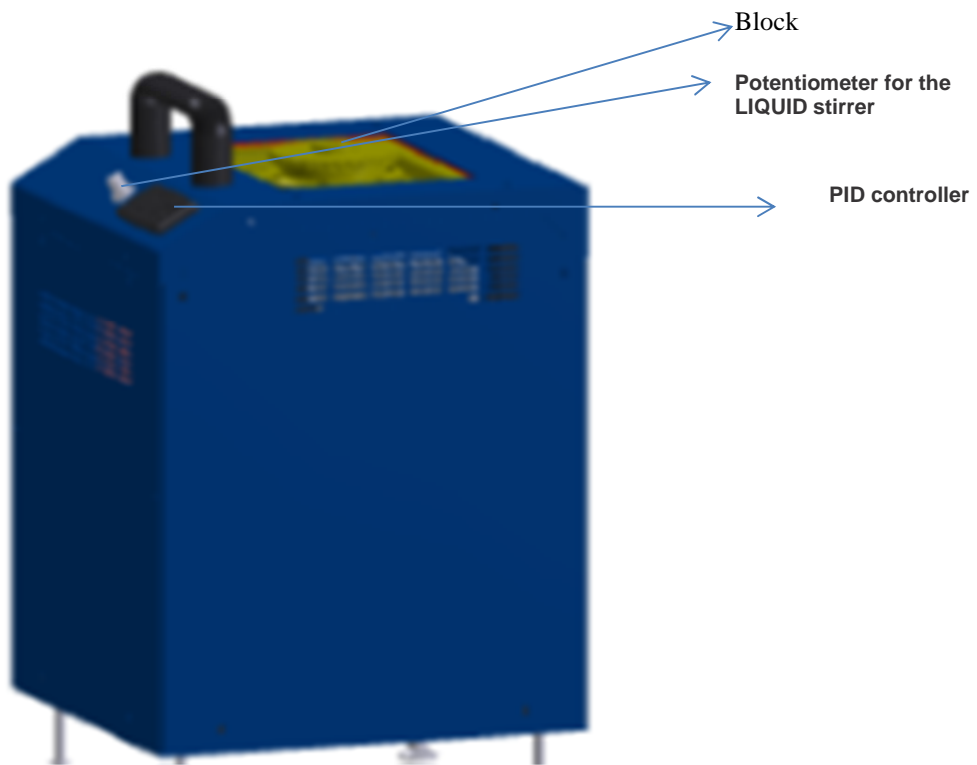


Micro Calibration Bath LCB 30/50

4.1 Isometric views of micro calibration bath series LCB

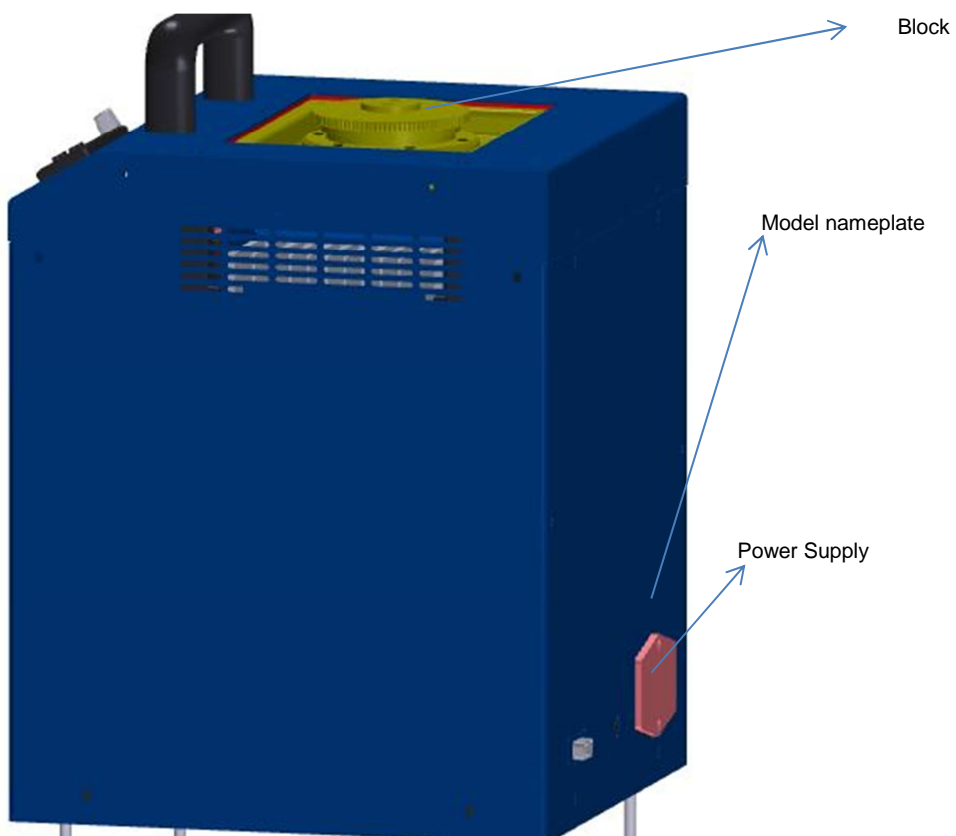
Front and top model LCB 30/50

At the top of the calibration is the refill opening (60 mm x 110mm / 2.36 x 4.33 in)
The controller with the display and control elements are located on the front of the micro bath.



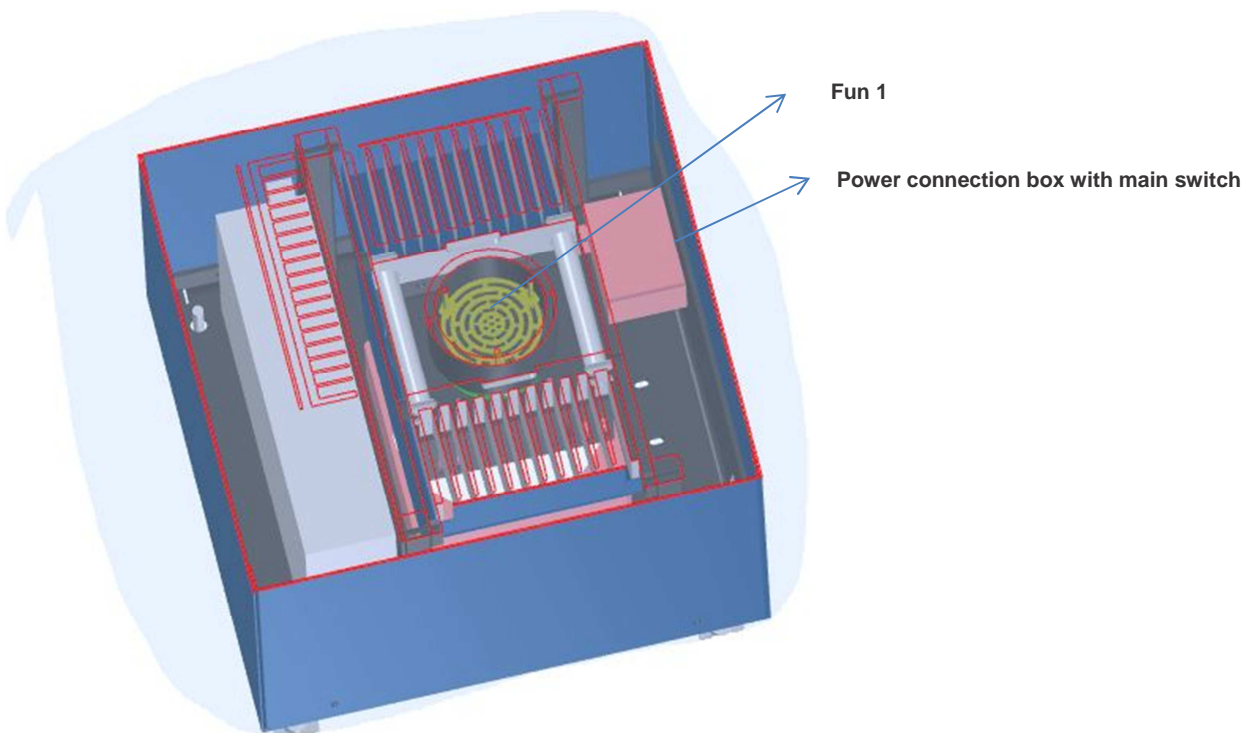
Rear of the equipment

At the rear of the instrument is the nameplate with the most important information about the specific model. In addition the serial number is shown, for example S / N 53070005, and the main voltage and the value of the fuses



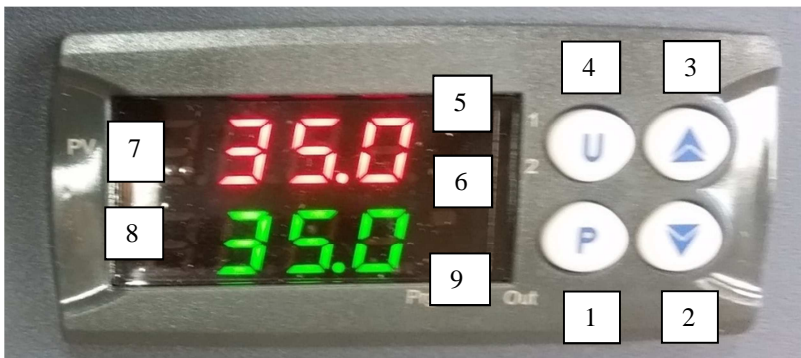
Bottom of the instrument

The air inlet opening should not be blocked any way.



4.4 Description of command elements

Front Controller pid



Overview of the control elements of the regulator front

- 1) **P key**
 - Access to the defined nominal temperature
 - Access to menu items and parameters
 - Confirmation of introduction

- 2) **6 key**
 - Reduction of the adjustable values
 - Selection of each menu item
 - It goes back 1 level in the menu

- 3) **5 key**
 - Increase of the adjustable values
 - Selection of each menu item
 - It goes back 1 level in the menu

- 4) **U key**
 - Recovery of saved nominal temperatures

- 5) **LED OUT 1**

Indicates the status of the output for temperature regulation

 - If the LED OUT 1 illuminates micro calibration bath is heated
 - If it does not illuminate the LED OUT 1 micro calibration bath is not heated

- 6) **LED OUT 2**
 - a) **Heating equipment**

Indicates the status of the output for fan control

 - If the LED lights OUT 2 the fan rotates faster
 - If it does not illuminate the LED OUT 2 The fan rotates at a slower speed

 - b) **Heating and cooling equipment**

Indicates the status of the output for temperature regulation

 - If the LED lights OUT 1 micro calibration bath is cooled
 - If the LED OUT 1 does not illuminate micro calibration bath is not cooled

- 7) **PV indicator**
 - The current reference temperature is displayed
 - Each one of the modes and parameters menu items are displayed

- 8) **SV indicator**
 - Visualization of the nominal temperature
 - Certain parameters are displayed in each of the modes and menu items

- 9) **LED SET**

Flashing indicates access to each of the menu items and parameters

5.0 Transport, packaging and storage

5.1 Transport

Check if the micro calibration bath shows any damage caused during transport.
Report evident damages immediately

5.2 Packaging

Do not remove the packaging until just before installation.
Keep the packaging as it is the ideal protection during transport (e.g., if the installation site changes or if the product is shipped for possible repairs).

5.3 Storage

Permissible conditions at the place of storage

- Storage temperature: -10 ... 60 °C / -10 ... 140 °F
- Humidity: 30 ... 95% RH (non-condensing)

Avoid the following

- Direct sunlight or proximity to hot objects
- Mechanical vibration, mechanical shock (sudden standing)
- Soot, steam, dust and corrosive gases
- Potentially explosive environment, flammable atmospheres.

6.0 Commissioning, operation

6.1 Checking the temperature sensors

To check the temperature sensors, connect a measuring instrument distinct of the checking sensor. By comparing the temperature indicated on the external measuring instrument with the reference temperature, you can check the status of the checking sensor. Watch that the sensor requires little time to reach the temperature.



WARNING

Thermocouples with grounding cannot be calibrated because they are grounded, so measurements could lead to erroneous results

6.2 Starting Procedure

If the calibrator is not used for a long period, it is possible that moisture penetrates in the heating towers due to the materials used (magnesium oxide). After transportation or storage of micro-bath in humid environments, heating towers must be preheated slowly. During the drying process it is assumed that the micro-bath has not yet reached the required isolation voltage for the protection class.

6.3 Starting the Micro calibration bath

- 1) Create a connection to the electric network via the provided jack
- 2) Press the switch. The regulator is activated. At the top PV screen the word TEST appears. On the lower display the version number is displayed, for example RI 2.7

After about 5 seconds activation has been completed and the calibration mode is automatically displayed. Mounted heating and cooling towers regulate micro-bath's temperature automatically modifying the room temperature to match the adjusted nominal temperature on the regulator

6.4 Viewing the reference temperature and the nominal temperature

Upper indicator

The 4 digit – seven segments red indicator displays the current temperature of the micro-bath

Lower indicator

On the 4 digit-7 segment green indicator the current nominal temperature of the micro-bath is displayed. After reaching the nominal temperature, the issue of heat energy generated by the micro-bath continues through start pulses in order to maintain the temperature level inside stable.

6.5 Regulation of reference temperature up to the maximum

The red LED OUT 1 indicates that the heating is on. During the heating phase a constant light indicates the input of heat energy. A flashing LED means that the reference temperature (adjusted nominal temperature) will be reached soon and thus the heat energy will only enter at short intervals.

To ensure proper temperature stability the cycle time of the regulator is adjusted to a low level and the regulation output is activated with high frequency.

6.6 Operating position

The vertical service position of the micro calibration bath is optimal as this position guarantees the ideal distribution of the temperature in the micro-bath

6.7 Inner sleeves

After use remove the inner sleeve with the aid of a tool for sleeves and then proceed to cleaning. This prevents sleeves from adhering to the micro-bath

6.8 Preparation of micro calibration bath

To achieve maximum accuracy of a micro calibration bath, fill with an appropriate calibration liquid

6.8.1 Properties of calibration liquids

Due to the specific features of the different calibration liquids different calibration results are obtained. A compensation of calibration liquids should be performed, even in factory by the manufacturer if necessary.

Recommended calibration liquids for the different temperature ranges:

Water as calibration liquid

- Use only distilled or demineralized water. Otherwise tartar is formed and the deposit of micro bath gets dirty.

Silicone oil as calibration liquid

- Only use the silicone oil recommended in this manual
- Ensure that the room is well ventilated when working with silicone oil because harmful substances may escape
- Because the silicone oil is hygroscopic, always close the micro bath after use with the transport cover



Only use clean calibration liquids. Checking the temperature sensors and other temperature measuring means may generate dirt in the fluid. This calibration can cause abrasions dirt on the floor of the tank caused by movement of the rotary magnetic stirrer.

Wearing protective glasses!

Ensure that the silicone oil does not come into contact with eyes



- Clean the trunk
- Clean sensors before performing the calibration
- Replace worn-out magnetic stirrer
- Replace the tainted and muddy calibration liquid

Mean	Calibration range	Inflammation point
Silicone oil AC 10	- 30 ... 160 °C - 22 ... 320 °F	170 °C 338 °F
Silicone oil AC 20	- 20 ... 200 °C - 4 ... 392 °F	240 °C 464 °F
Silicone oil AC 50	30 ... 220 °C 86 ... 428 °F	280 °C 536 °F
Silicone oil AC 100	70 ... 288 °C 158 ... 550.4 °F	315 °C 599 °F

6.8.2 Filling the micro calibration bath

1. Remove the cover transport LID first
2. Insert the testers in the basket for the sensor
3. Fill the trunk with calibration liquid

The following maximum filling heights are recommended by type:

Micro bath type	Maximum filling height
LCB 30	150 mm / 5.91 in
LCB 50	150 mm / 5.91 in

The following aspects have to be considered regarding the maximum filling height:

- Measure from the bottom of the basket for the sensor
- Tank must not be full
- Leyro instruments standard filling mean
- Factory fill with the optimal height



The transportation cover is equipped with a safety valve. If the micro calibration bath is closed in a hot state, inadmissible pressures may be produced. To avoid overpressure that can destroy the liquid bath, the safety valve is activated with an accuracy of about 2.5 bar. Hot vapours may escape.

6.8.3 Operating the magnet stirrer

The maximum homogeneity is obtained by removing the calibration liquid using the magnetic stirrer. Adjust the stirring speed. Turning the knob up speed is increased; down, the shaking motion slows down.



front wheel controller with stirring speed



The magnetic stirrer is a wear part



7.0 Micro calibration bath handling

For handling three modes are available

Calibration mode: In this normal operating state calibration of the tester can be performed

Nominal values mode: Enter the nominal temperatures in this mode

Main menu: Perform all settings like the nominal temperature given and the adjustment of the control parameters in this mode

7.1 Operation in the calibration mode on each operating mode

"Micro-calibration bath" operating mode

- Place the magnetic stirrer and basket for sensor
- Fill the micro-calibration bath
- Adjust the speed of the magnetic stirrer to achieve the highest homogeneity possible

Angle sensors, sensors with larger diameters or special designs cannot be calibrated in a micro-bath. So have a circulation bath. The liquid circulates with the help of a magnetic stirrer seeking a very good distribution of temperature in the bath. The liquids used are selected based on the desired calibration temperature.

"Micro-calibration bath" operating mode

- Clean the tank if necessary
- Set the magnetic stirrer speed to 0

The inner sleeve has several bores through which introduce temperature sensors to calibrate and the external reference for a comparative calibration. The micro-bath is heated or cooled until reaching the desired calibration temperature. When the temperature is stable, temperature probes to calibrate are compared to the reference thermometer

7.4. Calibration (main menu)



Press P for 5 seconds.



Using the arrows, enter the number 30.

Press P



Press U for 5 seconds or press any key and the computer in 10 seconds to return to the main menu

Press P



Press U for 5 seconds or press any key and the computer in 10 seconds to return to the main menu.

Press U until the LCD indicates CAL.



Press U for 5 second or press any key and the computer in 10 second will return to the main menu

- ALP: This parameter indicates the low point calibration
- AWhat: This parameter indicates the OFSET for low.
- AHP: This parameter indicates the low point calibration
- Aho: This parameter indicates the OFSET for the high point.



To change the value, use the arrows

Press P



To change the value, use the arrows

Press P



To change the value, use the arrows

Press P



To change the value, use the arrows

7.5. Set Point (main menu)



Calibration of thermometers surface is very complex and not without ambiguities. The probe positioned on the surface of the heat dissipating surface producing a cold spot on the surface to be measured. In the micro-bath temperature calibration multifunctional calibration in a special cap surface it is generated to measure the temperature directly below the surface with a standard thermometer. The thermometer pattern also indicates the cold spot by integrating the temperature over the sensitive length of the reference thermometer and thus provides a true temperature calibration of surface temperature sensors.

The cap is constructed to achieve the best result since the depth of drilling is set to sensitive length. If a separate external reference is used for a comparative calibration, ensure that the sensitive length is known and it is located in center of the surface and calibration

7.2 Calibration (Calibration Mode)

Once activated micro calibration bath, is in the calibration mode after initialization. In the upper indicator current reference temperature is shown. the nominal temperature appears in the lower display. The LED OUT 1 indicates the status of the output for heating control

- If the OUT 1 LED lights up, the temperature rises
- If the OUT LED is not lit, the heating is off



Calibration mode indicator HEAT

The LED OUT 2 indicates the current reference. The nominal temperature appears in the lower display.



Calibration mode indicator FAN or COOL

Heating instrument

The LED OUT 2 indicates the status of the output for fan control

- If the LED lights OUT 2 the fan rotates faster
- If it does not illuminate the LED OUT 2 the fan rotates at a slower speed

Heating and cooling instrument

The LED OUT 2 indicates the status of the output for regulating the cooling system



- If the LED OUT 2 lights up, the temperature decreases
- If the LED OUT 2 lights no cooling is off

There are two methods to adjust the nominal temperature:

- You can set a temporary nominal temperature
- You can save fixed nominal temperatures in the main menu

Setting a temporary set temperature (nominal values mode)

To temporarily modify a nominal temperature stored in this state of operation follow these steps:

- 1 Briefly press the P key indicator in the upper memory currently active nominal values shown. the corresponding nominal temperature appears in the lower display
- 2 Pressing the key  nominal temperature is increased
Pressing the  nominal temperature is reduced
- 3 Pressing the key P again the nominal value confirm new set

8.0 Cooling micro-calibration bath



WARNING RISK OF BURNS

Before transporting or touching the micro-calibration bath it is necessary to ensure that it is sufficiently cooled because otherwise there is a risk of burns on both the micro-bath and the proof. To bring the micro-calibration bath from a high temperature to a low temperature as quickly as possible, the nominal temperature must be set to a lower temperature than ambient temperature.

The fan integrated in the heating equipment rises slowly its rotation speed thus creating more cooling air.

The LED OUT 2 indicates the status of the output for fan control. If the LED OUT 2 fan rotates faster lights. If it does not illuminate the LED OUT 2, the fan rotates at a slower speed.

The controller turns on the active cooling in the heating and cooling instruments. The LED OUT 2 indicates the status of the output for active cooling. If the LED OUT 2 illuminates the active cooling is working. If it does not illuminate the LED OUT 2 cooling is not active.



ATTENTION

After shutting down or removing the network connection built-in fan does not generate more cooling air. However, a sufficient thermal decoupling is ensured between the micro-bath and the surrounds.

9.0 Maintenance, Cleaning and Recalibration

9.1 Maintenance

IT IS ADVISABLE TO TURN OFF THE CALIBRATION BATH WITH A SET POINT OF 25 ° C AND THAT IT BE AT THE INDICATED TEMPERATURE, TO INCREASE THE LIFE OF THE EQUIPMENT.

The equipment described here requires no maintenance. All repairs must be performed only by the manufacturer. Changing the fuse is excluded. Before changing this, disconnect the calibrator and micro-calibration bath by removing the power cord from the electrical outlet.

9.2 Cleaning



ATTENTION

- Cool the micro-calibration bath
- Before cleaning micro calibration bath turn it off and disconnect it from the network
- Clean the product with a damp cloth
- Ensure that the electrical connections are not wet
- Once disassembled the product should be rinsed and cleaned before returning to protect people and the environment against waste from measuring means
- Residual media in dismantled instruments can cause risks to people, the environment and the instrument.. Take appropriate protective measures



See section 11.2 "Returning for more information about the return of the instrument

9.2.1 Cleaning micro-calibration bath

Remove all the silicone oil from the trunk. Remove the trunk sensor basket and clean it, the magnetic stirrer applying water with lots of cleaning substances. Let all components dry. If distilled water is used remove the calibration liquid and allow the sensor basket dry, the magnetic stirrer and the trunk.

9.2.2 External cleaning

Clean the outside of the micro-calibration bath with a damp cloth and some water or a non-aggressive cleaning product without solvent.

9.3 Recalibration

Certificate ENAC ISO / 17025

The micro-calibration bath has been adjusted and tested before shipment using standard internationally recognized quality measurement instruments.

According to ENAC ISO / 17025 micro-calibration bath must be checked at appropriate regular intervals depending on use. It is recommended to Re calibrate the instrument by the manufacturer at regular intervals of about 12 months or approximately every 500 hours of operation. All factories Recalibration includes also a comprehensive and free of charge check of all system parameters as to the test specifications. Any deviation from the basic values is corrected. The base of the Re calibration are the guidelines of the ISO / 17025 rules. The indications detailed in this document must be observed and applied during Re calibration

10.0 Failures

Failure	Causes	Measurements
----	The reference sensor stops or is defective	
uuu	Measured temperature below the limit value of the internal reference sensor (below the range -200°C / -328 °F)	
0000	Measured temperature above the limit value of the internal reference sensor (above the range + 850 °C / + 1562 °F)	Send the instrument to the manufacturer or service center for repair
EREP	Possible failure in the EEPROM memory of the controller	Press the P key
The fan does not work	The fan is defective or blocked.. It is possible that the temperature switch has switched and thus cut the power supply to the heating cartridges	Send the instrument to the manufacturer or service center for repair
The end temperature is not reached	The semiconductor relay is defective or the heating or cooling tower have shorted or got old.	
No indication	The regulator is defective	
no function	The network connection is not successful or fuse is defective	Check power connection and fuse



ATTENTION

If the defaults cannot be corrected by the actions detailed above the instrument must be put out of service immediately and prevent erroneous service start. In this case you must consult the manufacturer. If you wish to return the instrument observe the indications in "Return" "

11.0 Dismantling, return and disposal



WARNING

Residual media in dismantled instruments can cause risks to people, the environment and premises. Take appropriate protective cautions.

11.1 Dismantling

1. Cool the instrument as described in "micro-bath cooling"
2. Turn off the micro-calibration bath and pull out the plug
3. Remove remains of calibration liquid from the micro-calibration bath. See "Cleaning the micro-bath"

WARNING

Risk of burns. Cool the product enough before dismantling. Danger due to hot media escaping during disassembly



11.2 Return



WARNING

It is essential to observe the following for shipping the instrument: All instrument sent to LEYRO INSTRUMENTS must be free of hazardous substances (acids, alkalis, solutions, etc.).

Use the original packaging or a suitable packaging for returning the product..

To avoid damages:

1. Place the product together with the isolating material on the packaging. Isolate evenly all sides of the transport packaging.
2. If possible, attach a bag with desiccant material.
3. Apply a marker indicating that it is the shipment of a highly sensitive measuring product

11.3 Disposal

Improper disposal can cause dangers to the environment. Eliminate the components of the products and packaging materials in accordance with the regulations relating to waste treatment and disposal of the country of use.



Remove the silicone as described in the safety data sheet



Instruments with this label warn that they must not be disposed in a household waste. For removal they must be returned to the manufacturer or deliver to the relevant communal institution.

12.0 ACCESSORIES FOR LCB 30 AND 50

- Syringe for insertion or removal of fluid
- Transport metal LID
- Power cable 1.5 mm / 0.06 in with F type connector according to CEE7 / 4 standards
- Basket
- Magnetic stirrer and metal screw cap

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