## Operating Instructions OPTISWITCH 4000 C

with contactless electronic switch


Variable area flowmeters
Vortex flowmeters
Flow controllers
Electromagnetic flowmeters
Ultrasonic flowmeters
Mass flowmeters
Level measuring instruments
Communications engineering
Engineering systems \& solutions
Switches, counters, displays and recorders
Heat metering
Pressure and temperature

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## 1 About this document

### 1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual has all the information you need for quick setup and safe operation. Please read this manual before you start setup.

### 1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained, qualified personnel. The contents of this manual should be made available to these personnel and put into practice by them.

### 1.3 Symbolism used

## Information, tip, note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.
Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.
Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.
Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.

## Ex applications



This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

## - List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

## $\rightarrow$ Action

This arrow indicates a single action.

## 1 Sequence

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.

## 2 For your safety

### 2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out only by trained specialist personnel authorised by the operator. For safety and warranty reasons, any internal work on the instruments must be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer.

### 2.2 Appropriate use

OPTISWITCH 4000 C is a sensor for level detection.
Detailed information on the application range of OPTISWITCH 4000 C is available in chapter "Product description".

### 2.3 Warning about misuse

Inappropriate or incorrect use of the instrument can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill or damage to system components through incorrect mounting or adjustment.

### 2.4 General safety instructions

OPTISWITCH 4000 C is a high-tech instrument requiring the strict observance of standard regulations and guidelines. The user must take note of the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country-specific installation standards (e.g. the VDE regulations in Germany) as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.

### 2.5 CE conformity

OPTISWITCH 4000 C is in CE conformity with EMC (89/336/ EWG), fulfils Namur recommendation NE 21 and NE 23 and is in CE conformity with NSR (73/23/EWG).

Conformity has been judged according to the following standards:

- EMC:
- Emission EN 61326: 1997 (class B)
- Susceptibility EN 61326: 1997/A1:1998
- LVD: EN 61010-1: 2001


## 3 Product description

### 3.1 Configuration

Scope of delivery

## Components

Area of application

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- OPTISWITCH 4000 C level sensor
- Test magnet
- Documentation
- this operating instructions manual
- if necessary, certificates

OPTISWITCH 4000 C consists of the following components:

- Housing with electronics
- process fitting with tuning fork


Fig. 1: OPTISWITCH 4000 C

### 3.2 Principle of operation

OPTISWITCH 4000 C is a level sensor with tuning fork for level detection.

It is designed for industrial use in all areas of process technology and can be used in liquids.

Typical applications are overfill and dry run protection. With a tuning fork of only 40 mm length, OPTISWITCH 4000 C can be also mounted, e.g. in pipelines from DN 25. The small tuning

Physical principle

Power supply

## Packaging

fork allows use in vessels, tanks and pipes. Thanks to its simple and robust measuring system, OPTISWITCH 4000 C is virtually unaffected by the chemical and physical properties of the liquid.

It functions even under difficult conditions such as turbulence, air bubbles, foam generation, buildup, strong external vibration or changing products.

## Fault monitoring

The electronics module of OPTISWITCH 4000 C continuously monitors via frequency evaluation the following criteria:

- Strong corrosion or damage on the tuning fork
- loss of vibration
- Line break to the piezo drive

If a malfunction is detected or in case of power failure, the electronics takes on a defined switching condition, i.e. the contactless electronic switch opens (safe condition).

The tuning fork is piezoelectrically energised and vibrates at its mechanical resonance frequency of approx. 1200 Hz . The piezos are fixed mechanically and are hence not subject to temperature shock limitations. The frequency changes when the tuning fork is covered by the medium. This change is detected by the integrated oscillator and converted into a switching command.

OPTISWITCH 4000 C is a compact instrument, i.e. it can be operated without external evaluation system. The integrated electronics evaluates the level signal and outputs a switching signal. With this switching signal, a connected device can be directly activated (e.g. a warning system, a PLC, a pump etc.).

The exact range of the power supply is stated in the "Technical data" in the "Supplement".

### 3.3 Operation

The switching status of OPTISWITCH 4000 C can be checked with closed housing (signal lamp). Products with a density $>0.7 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}\left(>0.025 \mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{in}^{3}\right)$ can be detected.

### 3.4 Storage and transport

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test according to DIN 55439.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environ-ment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

## Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see "Supplement Technical data - Ambient conditions"
- Relative humidity 20 ... $85 \%$


## 4 Mounting

### 4.1 General instructions

## Switching point

In general, OPTISWITCH 4000 C can be mounted in any position. The instrument must be mounted in such a way that the tuning fork is at the height of the requested switching point.

The tuning fork has lateral marking (notches), marking the switching point with vertical mounting. The switching point refers to water ( $1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ or $0.036 \mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{in}^{3}$ ). When mounting OPTISWITCH 4000 C , make sure that this marking is at the height of the requested switching point. Keep in mind that the switching point of the instrument is shifted if the medium has a density other than water.


Fig. 2: Vertical mounting
1 Switching point approx. 13 mm (0.51 in)
2 Switching point with lower density
3 Switching point with higher density


Fig. 3: Horizontal mounting
1 Switching point
2 Switching point (recommended mounting position - particularly for adhesive products)

## Moisture

Use the recommended cables (see chapter "Connecting to power supply") and tighten the cable gland.

You can give your OPTISWITCH 4000 C additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to mounting outdoors, in areas where moisture is expected (e.g. by cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.


Fig. 4: Measures against moisture penetration
Do not hold OPTISWITCH 4000 C on the tuning fork.

## Pressure／Vacuum

## Handling

Welded socket

The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel．Before use，check if the seal material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature．

The max．permissible pressure is stated in the＂Technical data＂in the＂Supplement＂or on the type label of the sensor．

The vibrating level switch is a measuring instrument and must be treated accordingly．Bending the vibrating element will destroy the instrument．

## Warning：

The housing must not be used to screw in the instrument！ Applying tightening force on the housing can damage its internal mechanical parts．

To screw in，use the hexagon above the thread．

## 4．2 Mounting instructions

For welded socket with O－ring in front and welding marking．
OPTISWITCH 4000 C has a defined thread runout point．This means that every OPTISWITCH 4000 C is in the same position after being screwed in．Remove therefore the supplied flat seal from the thread of OPTISWITCH 4000 C．This flat seal is not required when using a welded socket with front－flush O－ring．

Before welding，unscrew OPTISWITCH 4000 C and remove the rubber ring from the welded socket．

The welded socket has a marking（notch）．For horizontal mounting，weld the socket with the notch facing upward or downward；in pipelines aligned with the direction of flow．


Fig. 5: Marking on the welded socket
1 Marking
In case of horizontal mounting in adhesive and viscous products, the surfaces of the tuning fork should be vertical in order to reduce buildup on the tuning fork. The position of the tuning fork is marked by a marking on the hexagon of OPTISWITCH 4000 C . With this, you can check the position of the tuning fork when screwing it in. When the hexagon touches the tuning fork when screwing it in. When the hexagon touches
the seal, the thread can still be turned by approx. half a turn. This is sufficient to reach the recommended installation position.

In adhesive and viscous products, the surfaces of the tuning fork should protrude into the vessel to avoid buildup. Therefore sockets for flanges and mountings bosses should not exceed a certain length.

Fig. 6: Adhesive products


## Adhesive products

Inflowing medium

Flows

If OPTISWITCH 4000 C is mounted in the filling stream， unwanted switching signals may be generated．Mount OPTI－ SWITCH 4000 C at a location in the vessel where no disturbing influence from e．g．filling openings，agitators etc．can occur．

To minimise flow resistance caused by the tuning fork， OPTISWITCH 4000 C should be mounted in such a way that the surfaces of the blades are parallel to the product movement．

## 5 Connecting to voltage supply

### 5.1 Preparing the connection

Note safety instructions

Selecting the connection cable

## Cable glands

Generally not the following safety instructions:

- Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage

OPTISWITCH 4000 C is connected with standard cable with round cross section. Depending on the plug connection, you have to select the outer diameter of the cable respectively so that the seal effect of the cable gland is ensured.

- Valve plug DIN 43650, ø $4.5 \ldots 7 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Valve plug IDC method of termination DIN 43650, $ø 5.5 \ldots 8.0 \mathrm{~mm}$

Use cable with a round wire cross section and tighten the cable gland.

When mounting outdoors, on cooled vessels or in humid areas, in which cleaning is carried out e.g. with steam or high pressure, it is particularly important to seal the cable gland.

## 5．2 Wiring plan

Housing overview

Plug versions


Fig．7：Overview of the connection versions
1 Valve plug DIN 43650
2 Valve plug DIN 43650 with IDC method of termination

## Valve plug DIN 43650

For this plug version，standard cable with round wire cross－ section can be used．Cable diameter $4.5 \ldots 7 \mathrm{~mm}$ ，protection IP 65.


Fig. 8: Connection, valve plug DIN 43650
1 Pressure screw
2 Pressure disk
3 Seal ring
4 Fixing screw
5 Seal washer
6 Plug housing
7 Plug insert
8 Profile seal
9 Control lamp
10 OPTISWITCH 4000 C

## Valve plug - QuickOn DIN 43650

For this plug version you can use standard cable with round wire cross-section. The inner cables must not be dismantled. The plug connects the cables automatically when screwing them in. Cable diameter $3.5 \ldots 6.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, protection IP 65.


Fig. 9: Connection valve plug - QuickOn DIN 43650
1 Compression nut
2 Cable
3 Split taper socket
4 Seal insert
5 Strand
6 Plug housing

The instrument is used for direct control of relays, contactors, magnet valves, warning lights, horns etc. It must not be operated without intermediately connected load, because the electronic would be destroyed if connected directly to mains. It is not suitable for connection to low voltage PLC inputs.
Domestic current is temporarily lowered below 1 mA after switching off the load so that contactors, whose holding current is lower than the constant domestic current of the electronics ( 3 mA ), are reliably switched off.


Fig. 10: Wiring plan - contactless electronics switch with valve plug DIN 43650
PE Protective ground
RL Load resistor (contactor, relay etc.)

## 6 Set up

### 6.1 Indication of the switching status

The switching status of the electronics can be checked on the upper part of the housing.

### 6.2 Function test

OPTISWITCH 4000 C has an integrated test switch which can be activated magnetically. Proceed as follows to test the instrument:
$\rightarrow$ Hold the test magnet (accessory) to the magnet symbol on the instrument housing


Fig. 11: Function test

The test magnet changes the current switching condition of the instrument. You can check the change on the signal lamp. Please note that the connected instruments are activated during the test.

If OPTISWITCH 4000 C does not switch over after several tests with the test magnet, you have to check the plug connection and the connection cable and test the instrument again. If there is no switching function, the electronics will be defective. In this case you have to exchange the electronics or return the instrument to our repair department.

## Caution:

It is absolutely necessary that you remove the test magnet after the test from the instrument housing.

### 6.3 Function chart

The following chart provides an overview of the switching conditions depending on the adjusted mode and level.

|  | Level | Switching status | Control lamp |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mode max. | Switch closed | Green |  |
| Mode max. |  | Switch open | red |
| Mode min. |  | Switch closed | Green |
| Mode min. |  |  |  |

## 7 Maintenance and fault rectification

## 7．1 Maintenance

When used as directed in normal operation，OPTISWITCH 4000 C is completely maintenance free．

## 7．2 Rectify faults

OPTISWITCH 4000 C offers maximum reliability．Nevertheless faults can occur during operation．These may be caused by the following，e．g．：
－Sensor
－Process
－Power supply
－Signal processing
The first measure to be taken is to check the output signal．In many cases，the causes can be determined this way and the faults rectified．

Checking the switching signal
？Control lamps off
－Voltage supply interrupted．
$\rightarrow$ Check the voltage supply and the cable connection
$\rightarrow$ Exchange the electronics module
？Signal lamp flashes red
－There was no load connected when connecting to power supply
$\rightarrow$ Connect the instrument correctly
$\rightarrow$ Check if the tuning fork is damage or extremely corroded
－Frequency error
$\rightarrow$ Adjust the instrument correctly
？The signal lamp flashes alternately red and green
－Shortcircuit or overload
$\rightarrow$ Check the electrical connection

### 7.3 Exchange the electronics

To exchange the electronics in case of failure, it is not necessary to dismount the instrument.

Dismounting the electronics module can destroy the housing seal. Therefore only open the instrument if you want to insert a new electronics module. The housing seal is supplied with the electronics module.

You need an electronics module type SWE50T or SWE50C. If you want to use an electronics module with a different signal output (e.g. transistor output SWE50T), you can download the suitable operating instructions manual from our homepage under Downloads. Take note of the specifications in the respective operating instructions manual.

To exchange the electronics module, proceed as follows:
1 Separate OPTISWITCH 4000 C from operating voltage
2 Loosen fixing screw (1) of the valve plug (2) with a wrench
3 Remove valve plug (2) acc. to drawing
4 Remove lateral fixing screw (7) with a crosstip screwdriver
5 Pull electronics module (4) carefully out of the housing (8)
6 Remove the plug of the connection cable (6) from the socket on the oscillator (4)
7 Set the 16-step rotating switch (5) of the new replacement electronics module (4) to the value of the defective electronics module
8 Insert the connection cable (6) in the socket of the new electronics module (4)
9 Insert electronics module (4) into the housing (8). Make sure that the lateral thread on the electronics module is above the hole on the housing (8)
10 Push the electronics module (4) flush into the housing (8)
11 Screw in the lateral fixing screw (7) with a crosstip screwdriver
12 Plug the valve plug (2) to the instrument, make sure that the profile seal (3) is placed correctly
13 Tighten fixing screw (1) with a wrench
OPTISWITCH 4000 C is again ready for operation.


Fig. 12: Exchange the electronics
1 Fixing screw
2 Valve plug DIN 43650
3 Profile seal
4 Electronics module
5 Rotary switch (16-steps)
6 Plug connector
7 Fixing screw
8 Housing

### 7.4 Instrument repair

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:
You can download a return form from our website http://www. krohne-mar.com/fileadmin/media-lounge/PDF-Download/

## Specimen_e.pdf.

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and possibly also a safety data sheet to the instrument


## 8 Dismounting

## 8．1 Dismounting procedure

## Warning：

Before dismounting，be aware of dangerous process con－ ditions such as e．g．pressure in the vessel，high temperatures， corrosive or toxic products etc．

Take note of chapters＂Mounting＂and＂Connecting to power supply＂and carry out the listed steps in reverse order．

## 8．2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies．We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronic modules to be easily separable．

## WEEE directive 2002／96／EG

This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive 2002／96／ EG and the respective national laws（in Germany，e．g．
ElektroG）．Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points．These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive．

Correct disposal avoids negative effects to persons and environment and ensures recycling of useful raw materials．

Materials：see＂Technical data＂
If you cannot dispose of the instrument properly，please contact us about disposal methods or return．

## 9 Supplement

### 9.1 Technical data

## General data

Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435
Materials, wetted parts

- Tuning fork 316L
- Process seal
- Process fittings

Klingersil C-4400
316L
Materials, non-wetted parts

- Housing

Weight
Process fittings

- Thread
- hygienic fittings

316L and plastic PEI
approx. 250 g (ca. 9 oz )
hy
G $3 / 4$ A, G1 A, $3 / 4$ NPT or 1 NPT
Tri-Clamp 1", Tri-Clamp 1½", bolting DN 25 PN 40, bolting DN 40 PN 40, SMS
Surface quality

- Standard
- hygienic version
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}<3.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}\left(1.26^{-4} \mathrm{in}\right)$
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}<0.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}\left(3.15^{-5} \mathrm{in}\right)$


## Measuring accuracy

Hysteresis
Integration time
Frequency
approx. 2 mm ( 0.08 in ) with vertical installation approx. 500 ms
approx. 1200 Hz

## Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature on the housing
$-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \ldots+158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Storage and transport temperature
$-40 \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \ldots+176{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

## Process conditions

Process pressure
Process temperature - Standard
Process temperature - High temperature version (option)
$-1 \ldots 64 \operatorname{bar}(-14.5 \ldots 938 \mathrm{psi})$
$-40 \ldots+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \ldots+212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
$-40 \ldots+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \ldots+302^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
no limitation
Viscosity - dynamic
$0.1 \ldots 10000 \mathrm{mPa} \mathrm{s}$
Density
$0.7 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}\left(0.025 \ldots 0.09 \mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{in}^{3}\right)$

## Operation

Plug connections
Signal lamp（LED）
－Green
－red
－Red（flashing）

Specification see＂Connecting to power supply＂

Switch closed
Switch open
Failure－Switch open

## Output variable

Output
Contactless electronic switch
Modes min／max（changeover by electrical connection）
－max．
Max．detection or overflow／overfill protection
－min．
Min．detection or dry run protection

## Voltage supply

Supply voltage
Domestic current requirement
20 ．．． 253 V AC， $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20 \ldots 253 \mathrm{~V}$ DC

Load current
－min．
－max． approx． 3 mA （via load circuit）

Electromechanical data
Valve plug DIN 43650
－wire cross section
－Cable outer diameter
$1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(0.06 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$

Valve plug DIN 43650－IDC method of termination
－wire cross section
for wire cross－section of $0.5 \ldots 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ （0．02 ．．． $0.04 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ ）
－Single wire diameter
$>0.1 \mathrm{~mm}(>0.004 \mathrm{in})$
－Wire diameter
$1.6 \ldots 2.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(0.06 \ldots 0.08 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$
－Cable outer diameter
$5.5 \ldots 8.0 \mathrm{~mm}(0.22 \ldots 0.31 \mathrm{in})$
－Connection frequency
$10 \times$（to the same cross－section）

## Electrical protective measures

## Protection

－Valve plug（DIN 43650）IP 65
－Valve plug IDC method of termina－IP 67 tion（DIN 43650）
Overvoltage category ..... III
Protection class ..... I

## Approvals

Overfill protection acc. to WHG

### 9.2 Dimensions

## OPTISWITCH 4000 C, standard version



Fig. 13: OPTISWITCH 4000 C, standard version
1 Thread G3/4 A, G1 A, 3/4 NPT or 1 NPT (valve plug DIN 43650)
2 Thread G3/4 A, G1 A, 3/4 NPT or 1 NPT (valve plug DIN 43650 with IDC method of termination)
3 Switching point
$L \quad$ Length with $G 3 / 4$ A, $3 / 4$ NPT: 66 mm (2.6 in)
$L \quad$ Length with G1 A, 1 NPT: 69 mm (2.7 in)
$L \quad$ Length with switching point $=L+48 \mathrm{~mm}$ (1.9 in)

## OPTISWITCH 4000 C, high temperature version



Fig. 14: OPTISWITCH 4000 C, high temperature version
1 Thread G3⁄4 A, G1 A, 3/4 NPT or 1 NPT (valve plug DIN 43650)
2 Tri-Clamp (valve plug DIN 43650)
3 Switching point
$L \quad$ Length with $G 3 / 4$ A, $3 / 4 \mathrm{NPT}: 66 \mathrm{~mm}$ (2.6 in)
$L \quad$ Length with G1 A, 1 NPT: 69 mm (2.7 in)
$L \quad$ Length with Tri-Clamp: 53 mm (2.1 in)
$L \quad$ Threaded version - Length with switching point like VEGASWING 71 or $81=L+48 \mathrm{~mm}$ (1.9 in)
$L \quad$ Tri-Clamp - Length with switching point like VEGASWING 71 or $81=L+55 \mathrm{~mm}(2.17 \mathrm{in})$


Fig. 15: OPTISWITCH 4000 C, high temperature version
1 Bolting (valve plug DIN 43650)
2 SMS 1145 (valve plug DIN 43650)
3 Switching point
$L \quad$ Length with bolting: 53 mm (2.1 in)
$L \quad$ Length with SMS 1145: 53 mm (2.1 in)
$L \quad$ Length with switching point $=L+55 \mathrm{~mm}$ (2.17 in)

