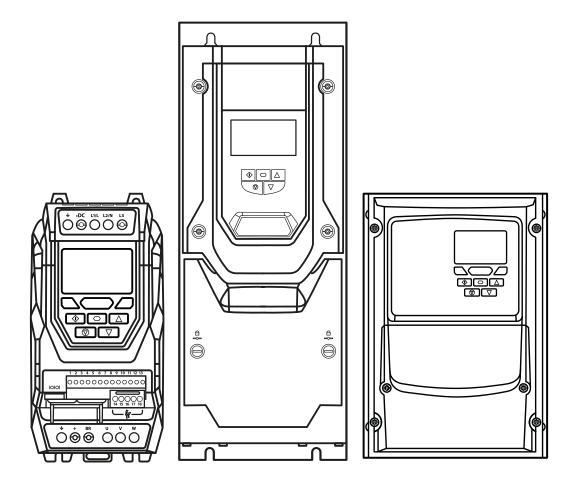
PACMotion VFD AC Variable Speed Drive User Guide

0.75 - 250 kW / 1 - 350 HP 200 - 600 V Single and 3 Phase Input

GFK-3111A February 2020





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Declaration of Conformity

Emerson hereby states that the PACMotion VFD product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

Table 1: Harmonized European Standards

EN 61800-5-1: 2007+A1:2017	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Safe Torque Off ("STO") Function

PACMotion VFD incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Table 2: "Safe Torque OFF" (STO) Function
------------------------------	---------------

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2016	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7):2010	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC: 2010	Uncontrolled Stop "Category 0"	
EN 62061:2005/A2:2015	SIL CL 2	

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All PACMotion VFDs are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Emerson PACMotion VFD units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

Emerson reserves the right to modify or improve the designs or specifications of the products mentioned in this manual at any time without notice. Emerson does not assume responsibility for the selection, use or maintenance of any product. Responsibility for proper selection, use and maintenance of any Emerson product remains solely with the purchaser.

This User Guide is for use with version 2.50 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.03.

Emerson adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

A WARNING

When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.

🖄 WARNING

This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Emerson cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

A WARNING

This PACMotion VFD contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

A WARNING

Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Quick Start Up

Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.

A WARNING

Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (PACMotion VFD) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The PACMotion VFD uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the PACMotion VFD, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the PACMotion VFD. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the PACMotion VFD disconnected.

A WARNING

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the PACMotion VFD before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5 mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.

The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drives power terminals.

WARNING

Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1 and providing a disconnecting device which must be one of the following types:

- A switch-disconnector, utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3).
- A circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.
- A disconnector with an integrated auxiliary contact that ensures under all circumstances the switching devices break the load circuit prior to opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3).

For installation in other regions, conformance with local electrical regulations and codes of practice must be adhered to.

The level of integrity offered by the PACMotion VFD control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The PACMotion VFD can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

PACMotion VFDs are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive.

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the PACMotion VFD as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees.

Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the PACMotion VFD. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Emerson Sales Partner for further assistance.

Do not operate the drive with any of the enclosure covers removed.

Quick Start Process

Table 3: Quick Start Process

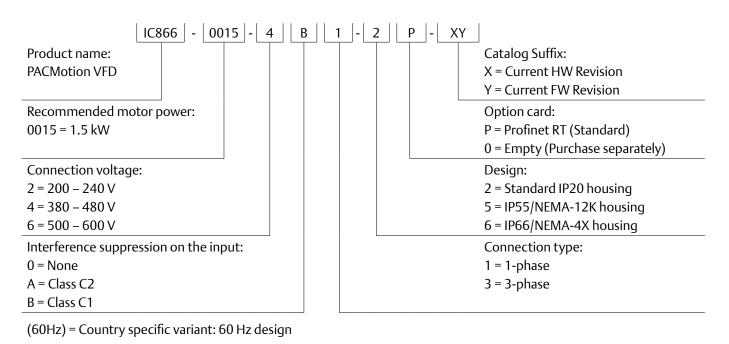
Step	Action	See Section	Page
1	Identify the Model Type and ratings of your drive	Identifying the Drive by Model Number	8
	from the model code on the label. In particular:	Understanding the Rating Label	9
	- Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply	Drive Model Numbers – IP20	10
	- Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended	Drive Model Numbers – IP55	11
	motor	Drive Model Numbers – IP66	12
	- Check the enclosure type is suitable for the	General	13
	intended mounting location.		
2	Unpack and check the drive.		
	Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	Environmental	84
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units),	General	13
	ensuring suitable cooling air is available.	Before Installation	13
	Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP55 & IP66).	Mechanical Dimensions and Weight	15
		Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)	18
		Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units	19
		Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)	20
		Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)	21
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes.	Input/Output Power and Current Ratings	84
6	For IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase – earth voltage may exceed the phase – phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure	89
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
3	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use,	Motor Connection	27
	noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control	63
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	Motor Terminal Box Connections	28
11	Ensure correct wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	26
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	Connection Diagram	23
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	Control Terminal Connections	32
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		
15	Commission the drive parameters.	Changing Parameters	42
		Parameters	45

General Information and Ratings

Identifying the Drive by Model Number

The model number of each PACMotion VFD is constructed according to the following system:

Figure 1: Identifying the Drive by Model Number



Product Rating Label Location

All PACMotion VFD models carry a rating label, which can be located as follows:

Figure 2: IP20 Models Figure 3: IP55 Models 6 \Box ♦ ○ △ ♥ ○ △ 6 $\Theta \Theta$ OC \cap On right hand side when viewed from the front. ₿ Θ

dels

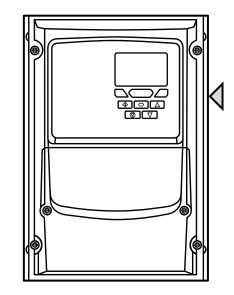
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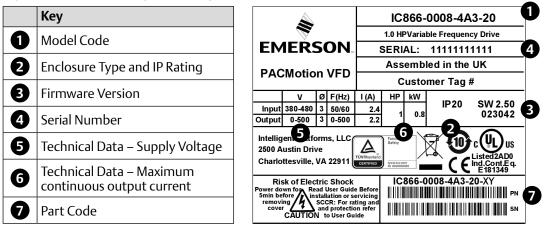
On right hand side when viewed from the front.

On the top surface.

Understanding the Rating Label

The product rating label provides the following information.

Figure 5: Understanding the Rating Label



Drive Model Numbers – IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown in section Figure 7: IP20 Weights and Dimensions on page 15.

Electrical Specifications are shown in section Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 84.

Table 4: Drive Model Numbers – IP20

200 240V 10% 1 Dh	aco In	out		
200-240V ±10% - 1 Ph Drive Model Number	1	μης ΗΡ	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
IC866-0008-2B1-2#	0.75	1	4.3	2
IC866-0015-2B1-2#	1.5	2	7	2
IC866-0022-2B1-2#	2.2	2	10.5	2
200-240V ±10% - 3 Ph		-	10.5	2
Drive Model Number	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
IC866-0008-2A3-2#	0.75	1	4.3	2
IC866-0015-2A3-2#	1.5	2	7	2
IC866-0022-2A3-2#	2.2	3	10.5	2
IC866-0040-2A3-2#	4	5	18	3
IC866-0055-2A3-2#	5.5	7.5	24	3
	7.5	10	30	4
IC866-0075-2A3-2#				4
IC866-0110-2A3-2#	11	15	46	5
IC866-0150-2A3-2#	15	20	61	5
IC866-0185-2A3-2#	18.5	25	72	C
380-480V ±10% - 3 Ph	-		Output Course (A)	Ename a Cir
Drive Model Number IC866-0008-4A3-2#		HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
	0.75	1	2.2	2
IC866-0015-4A3-2#	1.5	2	4.1	2
IC866-0022-4A3-2#	2.2	3	5.8	
IC866-0040-4A3-2#	4	5	9.5	2
IC866-0055-4A3-2#	5.5	7.5	14	3
IC866-0075-4A3-2#	7.5	10	18	3
IC866-0110-4A3-2#	11	15	24	3
IC866-0150-4A3-2#	15	20	30	4
IC866-0185-4A3-2#	18.5	25	39	4
IC866-0220-4A3-2#	22	30	46	4
IC866-0300-4A3-2#	30	40	61	5
IC866-0370-4A3-2#	37	50	72	5
IC866-0450-4A3-2#	45	60	90	6A
IC866-0550-4A3-2#	55	75	110	6A
IC866-0750-4A3-2#	75	100	150	6B
IC866-0900-4A3-2#	90	150	180	6B
IC866-2000-4A3-2#	200	300		8
IC866-2500-4A3-2#	250	350	450	8
500-600V ±10% - 3 Ph	r			F C
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
IC866-0008-603-2#	0.75	1	2.1	2
IC866-0015-603-2#	1.5	2	3.1	2
IC866-0022-603-2#	2.2	3	4.1	2
IC866-0040-603-2#	4	5	6.5	2
IC866-0055-603-2#	5.5	7.5	9	2
IC866-0075-603-2#	7.5	10	12	3
IC866-0110-603-2#	11	15	17	3
IC866-0150-603-2#	15	20	22	3
IC866-0185-603-2#	18.5	25	28	4
IC866-0220-603-2#	22	30	34	4
IC866-0300-603-2#	30	40	43	4
IC866-0370-603-2#	37	50	54	5
IC866-0450-603-2#	45	60	65	5

NOTE

eplace # with: = No Profinet Module included = Profinet Module Included

Drive Model Numbers – IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section Figure 8: IP55 Weights and Dimensions on page 16.

Electrical specifications are shown in section Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 84.

Table 5: Drive Model Numbers – IP55

200-240V +10% - 3 Ph	200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Input									
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size						
IC866-0055-2A3-5#	5.5	7.5	24	4						
IC866-0075-2A3-5#	7.5	10	30	4						
IC866-0110-2A3-5#	11	15	46	4						
IC866-0150-2A3-5#	15	20	61	5						
IC866-0185-2A3-5#	18.5	25	72	5						
IC866-0220-2A3-5#	22	30	90	6						
IC866-0300-2A3-5#	30	40	110	6						
IC866-0370-2A3-5#	37	50	150	6						
IC866-0450-2A3-5#	45	60	180	6						
IC866-0550-2A3-5#	55	75	202	7						
IC866-0750-2A3-5#	75	100	248	7						
380-480V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase In	put	<u> </u>	•						
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size						
IC866-0110-4A3-5#	11	15	24	4						
IC866-0150-4A3-5#	15	20	30	4						
IC866-0185-4A3-5#	18.5	25	39	4						
IC866-0220-4A3-5#	22	30	46	4						
IC866-0300-4A3-5#	30	40	61	5						
IC866-0370-4A3-5#	37	50	72	5						
IC866-0450-4A3-5#	45	60	90	6						
IC866-0550-4A3-5#	55	75	110	6						
IC866-0750-4A3-5#	75	100	150	6						
IC866-0900-4A3-5#	90	150	180	6						
IC866-1100-4A3-5#	110	175	202	7						
IC866-1320-4A3-5#	132	200	240	7						
IC866-1600-4A3-5#	160	250	302	7						
500-600V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase In	put								
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size						
IC866-0150-603-5#	15	20	22	4						
IC866-0185-603-5#	18.5	25	28	4						
IC866-0220-603-5#	22	30	34	4						
IC866-0300-603-5#	30	40	43	4						
IC866-0370-603-5#	37	50	54	5						
IC866-0450-603-5#	45	60	65	5						
IC866-0550-603-5#	55	75	78	6						
IC866-0750-603-5#	75	100	105	6						
IC866-0900-603-5#	90	125	130	6						
IC866-1100-603-5#	110	150	150	6						

NOTE

Replace # with:

0 = No Profinet Module included

P = Profinet Module Included

Drive Model Numbers – IP66

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section Figure 9: IP66 Units Weights and Dimensions on page 17.

Electrical specifications are shown in section Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 84.

Table 6: Drive Model Numbers – IP66

200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Input									
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size					
IC-866-0008-2B1-6#	0.75	1	4.3	2					
IC866-0015-2B1-6#	1.5	2	7	2					
IC866-0022-2B1-6#	2.2	3	10.5	2					
200-240V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase In	put							
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size					
IC866-0008-2A3-6#	0.75	1	4.3	2					
IC866-0015-2A3-6#	1.5	2	7	2					
IC866-0022-2A3-6#	2.2	3	10.5	2					
IC866-0040-2A3-6#	4	5	18	3					
380-480V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase In	put							
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size					
IC866-0008-4A3-6#	0.75	1	2.2	2					
IC866-0015-4A3-6#	1.5	2	4.1	2					
IC866-0022-4A3-6#	2.2	3	5.8	2					
IC866-0040-4A3-6#	4	5	9.5	2					
IC866-0055-4A3-6#	5.5	7.5	14	3					
IC866-0075-4A3-6#	7.5	10	18	3					
500-600V ±10% - 3 Ph	ase In	put							
Drive Model Number	kW	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size					
IC866-0008-603-6#	0.75	1	2.1	2					
IC866-0015-603-6#	1.5	2	3.1	2					
IC866-0022-603-6#	2.2	3	4.1	2					
IC866-0040-603-6#	4	5	6.5	2					
IC866-0055-603-6#	5.5	7.5	9	2					
IC866-0075-603-6#	7.5	10	12	3					
IC866-0110-603-6#	11	15	17	3					

NOTE

Replace # with:

0 = No Profinet Module included

P = Profinet Module Included

Mechanical Installation

General

- The PACMotion VFD should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- Do not mount flammable material close to the PACMotion VFD.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) on page 18, Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) on page 20 and Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 21 are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the PACMotion VFD given in section Environmental on page 84.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the PACMotion VFD.

Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the PACMotion VFD and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the PACMotion VFD in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range –40°C to +60°C.

UL Compliant Installation

Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E181349.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section Environmental on page 84.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- For IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 4 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 87.

Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

Figure 6: Installation Following a Period of Storage

Table 7: Installation Following a Period of Storage

Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	lnitial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	,	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%	N/A						
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour	N/A					
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

T2

Time Period

T3

Τ4

T1

Figure 7: IP20 Weights and Dimensions

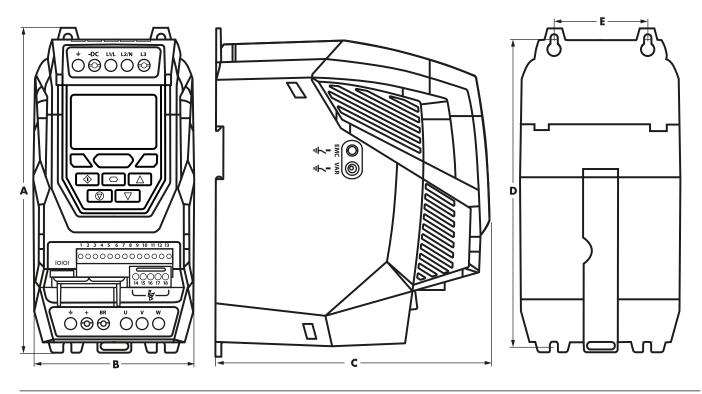


Table 8: IP20 Weights and Dimensions

Drive Size A		В	B		C I		D		E		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	172	6.77	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	233	9.17	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	578	22.75	200	7.87	32	70.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	680	26.77	225	8.85	43	94.8
8	995	39.17	480	18.89	477	18.77	942	37.08	432	17	130	286.6

Table 9: IP20 Mounting Bolts and Tightening Torques

Mounting Bo	olts		Tightening Torques				
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Required Torque	2	
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in	
3	M4	#8		2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in	
4	M8	5/16		4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	
5	M8	5/16		5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in	
6A	M8	5/16	Power Terminals	6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft	
6B	M10	3/8		6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft	
8	M12	7/16]	8	57 Nm	42 lb-ft	

NOTE

*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.

Figure 8: IP55 Weights and Dimensions

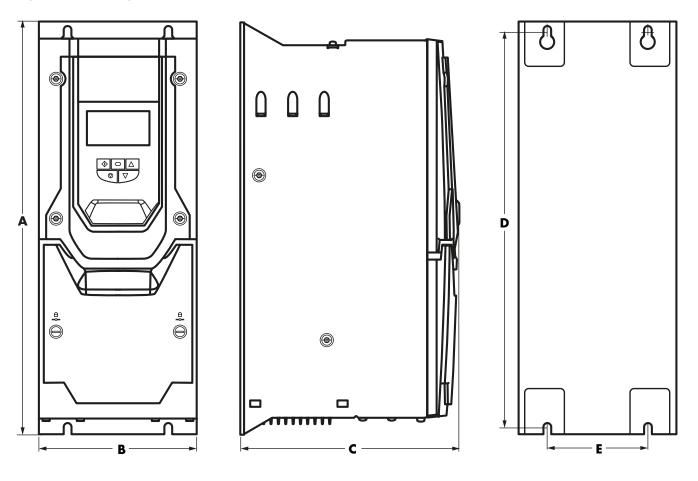


Table 10: IP55 Weights and Dimensions

Drive Size A			В		C		D		E		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	515	20.28	175	6.89	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	330	12.99	830	32.68	200	7.87	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	360	14.17	1245	49.02	200	7.87	89	196.2

Table 11: IP55 Mounting Bolts and Tightening Torques

Mounting Bo	olts		Tightening Torque	Tightening Torques					
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Required Torque				
4	M8	5/16	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in			
5	M8	5/16		4	2 Nm	18 lb-in			
6	M10	3/8		5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in			
7	M10	3/8	Power Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft			
			_	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft			

Figure 9: IP66 Units Weights and Dimensions

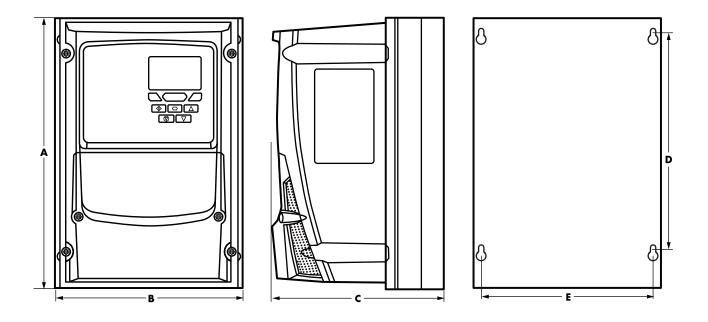


Table 12: IP66 Units Weights and Dimensions

Drive Size	Α		В		С		D		E		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	239	9.41	200	7.87	178	7.01	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	211	8.29	266	10.47	252	9.90	200	7.87	7.7	16.8

Table 13: IP66 Mounting Bolts and Tightening Torques

Mounting Bolts			Tightening Torques			
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Required Torque	
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in
3	M4	#8	Power Terminals	2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in

Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the PACMotion VFD against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Emerson recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:

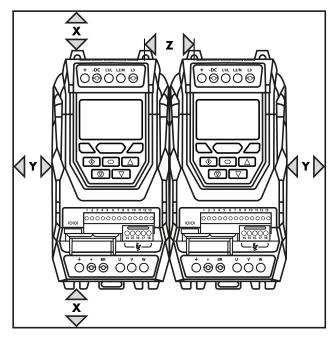


Figure 10: IP20 Adequate Mounting Clearances



Drive Size	X – Above & Below		Y – Either Si	de	Z – Betweer	า	Recommen	ecommended airflow	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/min	CFM	
2	75	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11	
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31	
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62	
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104	
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76			
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76			
8	350	11.81	50	3.94	412	16.22	20	705	

NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
 - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling.
 - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive.
 - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable mounting screws.
 - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
 - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first.
 - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail.
 - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail.
 - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section Environmental on page 84.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.

Figure 11: IP55 Adequate Mounting Clearances

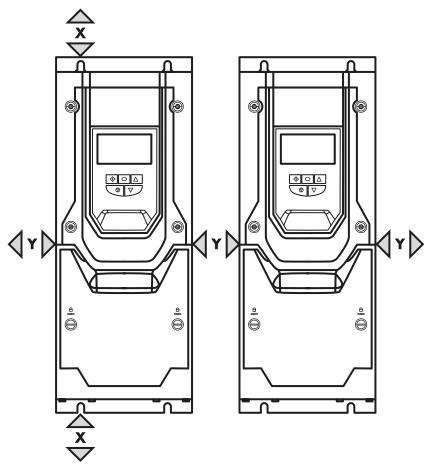


Table 15: IP55 Adequate Mounting Clearances

Drive Size	X – Above & Below		Y –Either Side		
	mm	in	mm	in	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	
5	200	7.87	10	0.39	
6	200	7.87	10	0.39	
7	200	7.87	10	0.39	

NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section Environmental on page 84.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown below. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.

Figure 12: IP66 Adequate Mounting Clearances

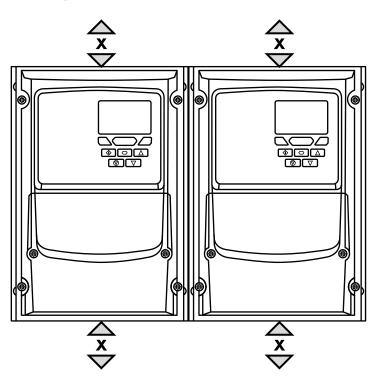


Table 16: IP66 Adequate Mounting Clearances

Drive	X – Abov	e & Below	Cable Gl	Cable Gland Sizes				
Size	mm	in	Frame	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables		
2&3	200	7.87	2&3	PG21 (M25)	PG21 (M25)	PG13.5 (M20)		

NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times. Alternative metric gland sizes are shown in the brackets.

Figure 13: Frame Sizes 2 & 3

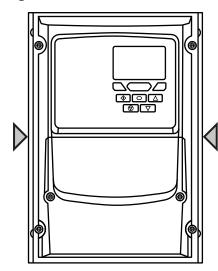
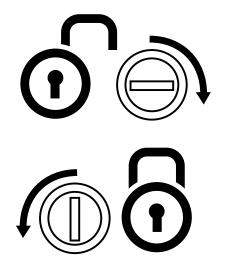
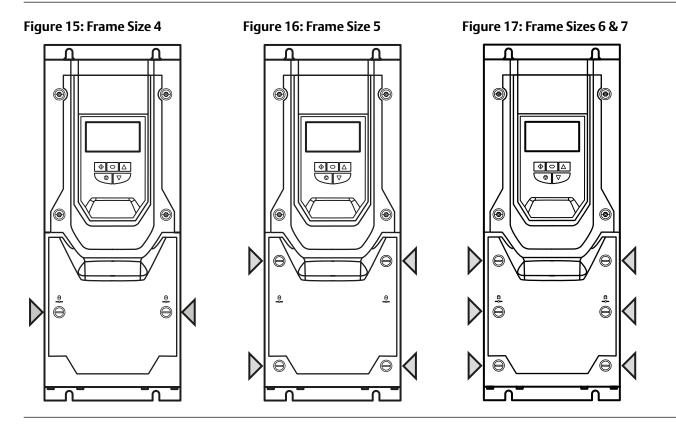


Figure 14: Terminal Cover Release Screws



Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate retaining screws indicated by arrows until the screw slot is vertical.



Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

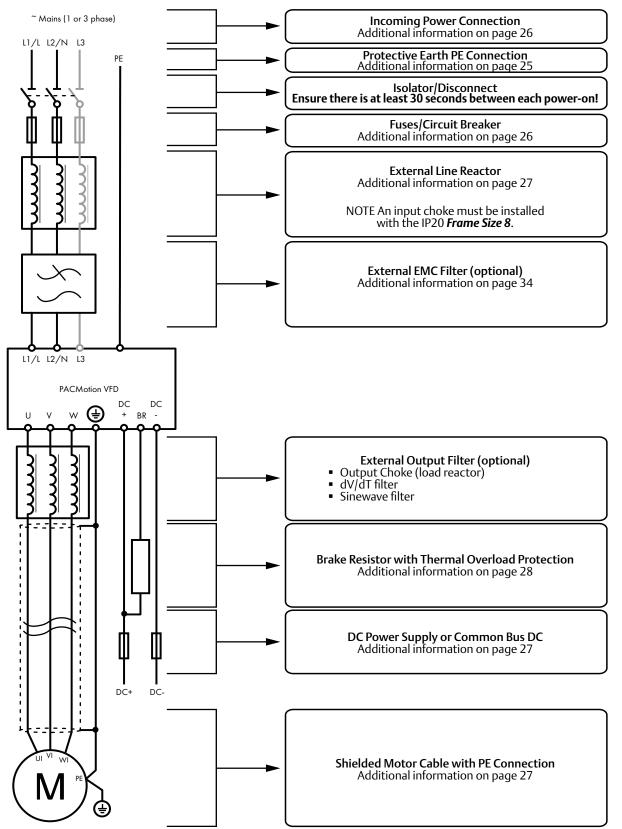
- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section Environmental on page 84.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

Electrical Installation Connection Diagram

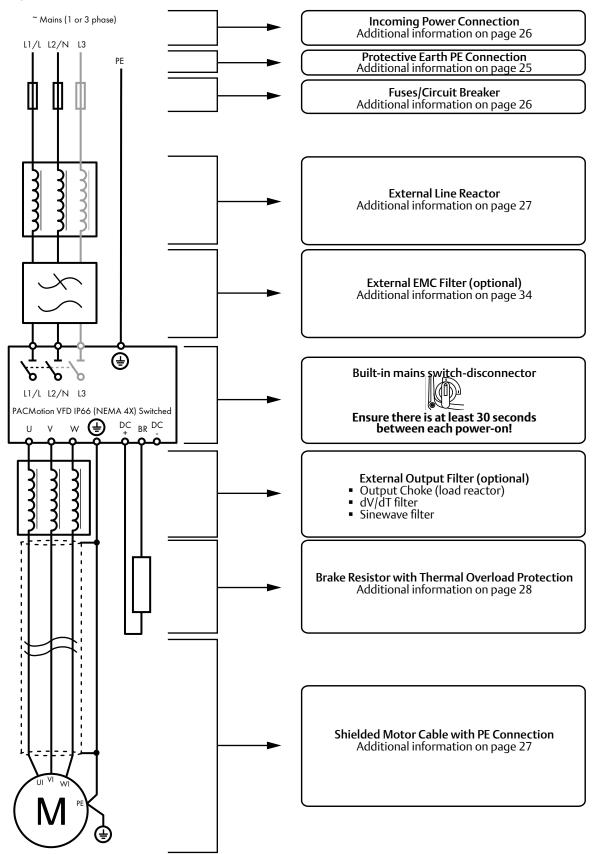
All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 – 4 units have AC power input located at the top with the motor and brake resistor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

Figure 18: Electrical Power Connections



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.

Figure 19: Electrical Power Connections – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Models



Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each PACMotion VFD should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each PACMotion VFD should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). PACMotion VFD ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The PACMotion VFD is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- Individual device should be used for each PACMotion VFD.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to page 34.

Incoming Power Connection

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 it is important that the input supply phase orientation is correct, i.e. L1>L1, L2>L2, L3>L3, failure to do so will result in a "Ph-Seq" trip.

WARNING

Ensure there is at least 30 seconds between each power-on.

Suitability

All PACMotion VFD models are designed for use on a single phase or balanced three phase supply depending on the model.

For all models and ratings when working with an IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase to earth voltage may exceed the phase to phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), the internal EMC filter and surge protection must be disconnected before connecting the supply. Refer to section Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure on page 89 for further information.

For three phase supply models, a maximum of 3% imbalance is allowed between phases.

Cable Selection

- For 1 phase ac supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For a DC Supply, the main power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase ac supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important. Neutral connection is not required.

For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section refer to page 34.

- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the PACMotion VFD and the main Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions for each drive model are given in section Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 84.

Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 84.
- The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models); however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the PACMotion VFD Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100 kA.
- The PACMotion VFD provides thermal and short circuit protection for the connected motor and motor cable.

Input Choke

An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:

• The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 the input current level will vary according to supply impedance. At minimum a 1% line choke must be installed. Installing a 4% line choke further helps towards minimising harmonic current distortion and total current levels. 1% and 4% line chokes are available.

- The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
- An unbalanced supply system is used (3 phase drives) where the voltage levels during on load operation exceed the designed 3% capacity of the PACMotion VFD.
- The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).

In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of PACMotion VFD allows all drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number ODP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps.

The supply must be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus

PACMotion VFD models provide terminals to directly connect to the DC Bus for applications which require this. For further information on using the DC Bus connections, please refer to your Emerson sales Partner.

Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared with operation of the motor directly from the mains supply. Most modern industrial motors are wound for operation with a variable speed drive and will have insulation rated accordingly. However, on some motors the quality of insulation may be insufficient or unknown. In such cases the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required prior to operating with the drive.
- The motor should be connected to the PACMotion VFD U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the drive is running.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.

The motor earth must be connected to one of the PACMotion VFD earth terminals to provide a low impedance path for common mode leakage current to return to the drive. This is best achieved in practice by using a cable with suitable shielding which provides a low impedance path at high frequencies, and ensuring correct, low impedance earth bonding of the motor cable at both ends. For further information, refer to page 34.

Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages	Connection	1		
230	230 / 400				
400 / 460	400 / 690	Delta ∆			
575	575 / 1000				
400	230 / 400	Star			
575	330 / 575	X			

Table 17: Motor Terminal Box Connections

Connecting a Brake Resistor

PACMotion VFD units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all models. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR terminals of the drive. These terminals are shrouded, and the shrouding should be removed to access the terminals.

Figure 20: IP20 Drive Models

Frame Sizes 2, 3, 4 & 5

Remove the plastic cover from the base of the drive as indicated.

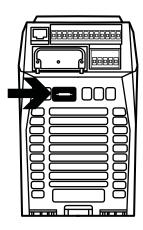
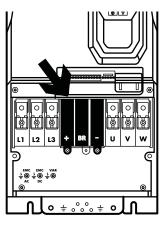


Figure 21: IP55 & IP66

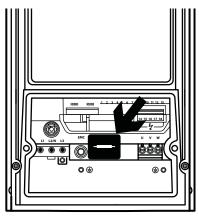
Frame Sizes 6A/ 6B

Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.



All frame sizes

Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.

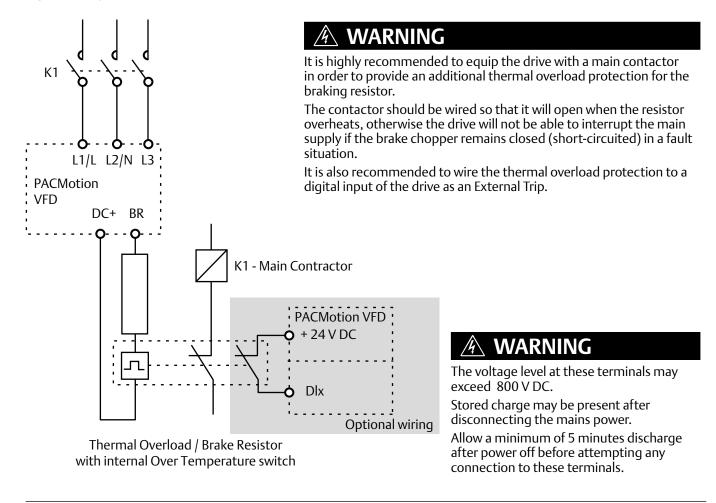


The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters on page 45 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection of the brake resistor, the following settings are required:

- Set P1-14 = 201 (where 201 is the default password setting for advanced parameter access).
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms).
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW).

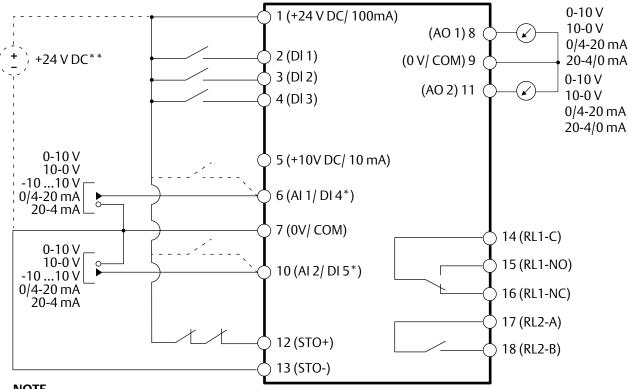
Figure 22: Dynamic Brake Resistor with Thermal Overload Protection



Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5 Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.





NOTE

* Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs in digital mode

** Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Table 18: Control Connections

Key			Default Function		Sec.	Page
			Open	Closed		
1	+24 V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output	On-board +24 V DC or External 24 V DC		4.10.1	32
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP RUN		4.10.2	32
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	FORWARD	REVERSE	4.10.2	32
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	P1-12 Reference	Preset Speeds	4.10.2	32
5	+10 V DC	+10 Volt DC Output	On-board +10 V DC	n-board +10 V DC Supply (10 mA)		
6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Reference 1	(0-10 V)	4.10.3	32
7	0V / COM	0 Volt Common	0V Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Speed (0-10 V)		4.10.4	33
9	0V / COM	0 Volt Common	0V Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	P2-01 Speed Ref.	P2-02 Speed Ref.	4.10.3	32
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Current (0-1) V)	4.10.4	33
12	STO+	STO + 24 V DC Connection	InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	36
13	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection		Kull Pellill	4.14	50
14	RL1-COM	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	33
15	RL1-NO	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Healthy	Drive Faulty	4.10.5	33
16	RL1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy	4.10.5	33
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	33
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped		4.10.5	33

NOTE

Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30 V DC (30 V DC max)

Analog Outputs: 0 – 10 Volt / 4-20 mA (20 mA max)

SAFE TORQUE OFF input: Logic High = 18-30 V DC (Also refer to section Safe Torque Off)

Control Terminal Connections

Example connection schematics are provided in section Example Connection Schematics on page 52.

+24 V DC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24 V DC output, maximum load 100 mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24 V DC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100 mA.

Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section Control Terminal Functions on page 48.

Analog Inputs

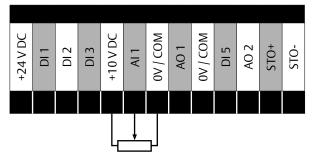
Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

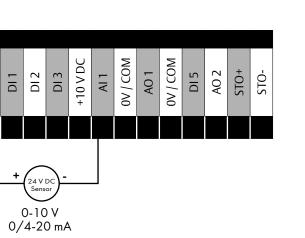
- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

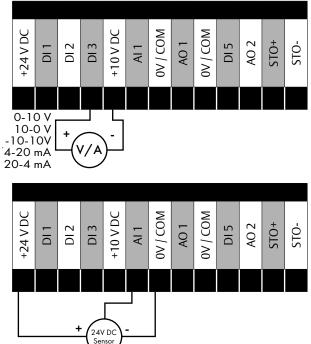
These parameters are described more fully in section Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 56.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section Control Terminal Functions on page 48.

Figure 24: Control/Signal Terminal Connections







-24 V DC

Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20 mA), 0 – 20 mA, 4 – 20 mA or a digital +24 Volt DC, 20 mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

Table 19: Analog Output Function & Format Parameters

These parameters are described more fully in section Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 56.

Auxiliary Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 5 A at 230 V AC or 30 V DC.

Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact.

The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 56.

Motor Thermal Overload Protection

Internal Thermal Overload Protection

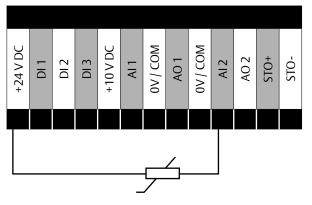
PACMotion VFD has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 150% of FLC. This level may be adjusted using P4-07.

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P1-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:

Figure 25: Motor Thermistor Connection



Additional Information

- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5 kΩ trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has DI5/AI2 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 50 for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

EMC Compliant Installation



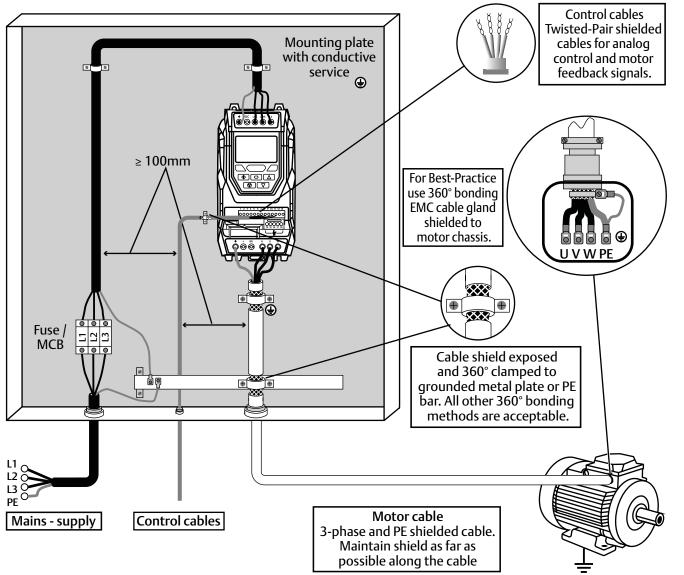


Table 20: Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Number of	Rated Supply	Frame Size	IP rating	Maximum Me	otor Cable Leng	gth to Achieve
Input Phases	Voltage			C1 _{1,2,5,6,8}	C2 3, 5, 6, 8	C3 _{4,7,8}
1	230	2	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
3		2,3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
		4,5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
	230	4,5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100
		6,7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
		2,3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
		4,5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)
2	400	4,5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
5	400	6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100
		6,7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)
		8	IP20	-	-	25

NOTE

- Data in brackets shows permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.
- The 500 600 V drives are not equipped with the internal EMC filter and are intended for use on second environment only.

General

¹ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved.

Supply Cable

- ² A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable – in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- ⁴ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.

Motor Cable

- ⁵ A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable - in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- ⁶ The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.
- ⁷ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

Control Cable

⁸ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.

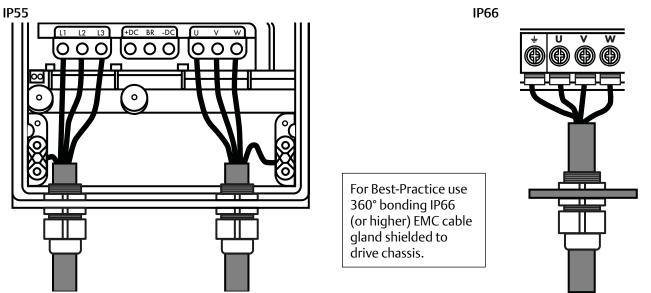


Figure 27: Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections

Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque Off will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.¹

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.²

The drive has the "STO" function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail-safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs
	PL (Performance Level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1	4525a	3
	SILCL			

Table 21: Safety Requirements Standards

SILCL 2

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section Environmental.

EN 62061

WARNING

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

🖄 WARNING

¹**NOTE** The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically. Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).

WARNING

²**NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail-safe method.

WARNING

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

"STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

"STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

Drive Display

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "InHibit".

NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit".

Drive Output Relay

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

Table 22: "STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"Sto-F"		A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Emerson Sales Partner

"STO" Function Response Time

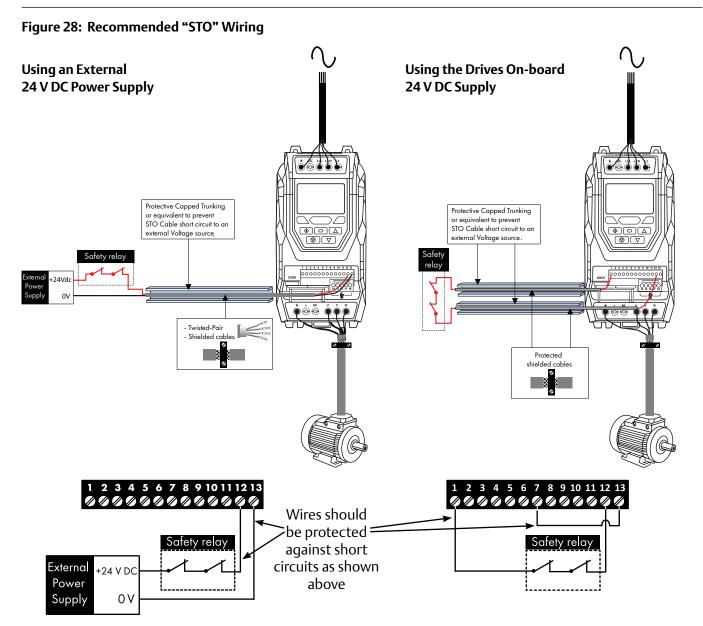
The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20 ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20 ms.

"STO" Electrical Installation

🖄 WARNING

The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below. In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section Figure 26: Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance on page 34 should also be followed. The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24 V DC signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24 V DC on the drive or from an External 24 V DC power supply.



NOTE The maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

External Power Supply Specification

Table 23: External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24 V DC
STO Logic High	18-30 V DC (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100 mA

Safety Relay Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards that the drive meets.

Table 24: Safety Relay Specification

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30 V DC
Switching Current	100 mA

Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following tests:

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display "INHIBIT").
 - Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section "STO" Operation and section "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
 - o Check that the drive displays "INHIBIT" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section and section "STO" Operation and section "STO" Status and Monitoring.

"STO" Function Maintenance

The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work. If drive fault messages are observed refer to section Fault Messages on page 90 for further guidance.

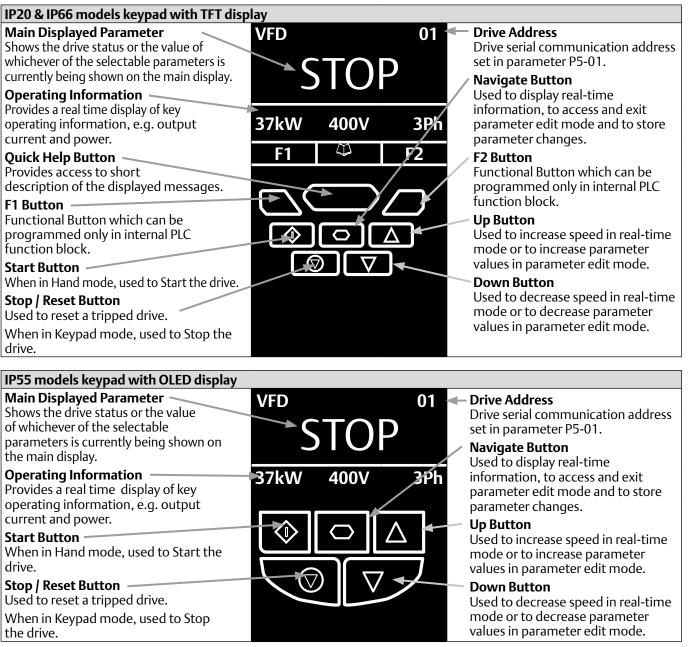
Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.

Figure 29: Keypad and Display Layout



Selecting the Language on the TFT and OLED Display

VFD	VFD 01		Select Language	Select Language
STOP			Español Deutsch	Español Deutsch
15 kW 400 V 3 Ph		3 Ph	English	English
	own the nd Up k		Use the Up and Down arrows to select a language.	Press the Navigate button to select.

Operating Displays

Inhibit / STO Active	Drive Stopped	Drive Running Output Freq Display	Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display				
TFT and OLED Display :									
VFD 01	VFD 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01				
INHIBIT	STOP	23.7 Hz	15.3 A	6.9 kW	718 rpm				
15 kW 400 V 3 Ph	15 kW 400 V 3 Ph	15.3 A 6.9 kW	6.9 kW 23.7 Hz	23.7 Hz 15.3 A	23.7 Hz 15.3 A				
r The second sec	r The second sec								
Drive Inhibited. The STO connections are not made. Refer to section Figure 28: Recommended "STO" Wiring on page 38.	Drive Stopped / Disabled.	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative displays.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (HP).	If P1-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM).				

Additional Display Messages

Auto Tuning in Progress	Progress Supply		Switching Freq Display	Mains Loss	Maintenance Time Elapsed	
TFT and OLED Disp	olay :					
	VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01	
Auto-tuning	Ext 24 V	OL 23.7 Hz	SF ↓ 23.7 Hz	ML 23.7 Hz	រ 23.7 Hz	
	External 24V mode	15.3 A 6.9 HP	15.3 A 6.9 HP	15.3 A 6.9 kW	15.3 A 6.9 kW	
	O			O		
		$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown $	\square	$\bigcirc \nabla$		
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 63.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08.	Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.	The incoming mains power supply has been disconnected or is missing.	The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.	

Changing Parameters

TFT and OLED Disp	olay :									
	VFD	01	VFD	01	VFD	01	VFD	01	VFD	01
Stop	P1-0)1	P	1-08	30.	0 A 🗘	P1-08		Stop	
15 kW 400 V 3 Ph	50.0 Hz		30.0 A		P1-08 1	130.0 ↓3.0	30.0 A		15 kW 4	400 V 3 Ph
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the up and down keys to sele the require parameter. Drives with display will the present parameter on the lowe of the displ	ect ed n OLED show t value er line		e Navigate < 1 second.	using th and Dov Drives w display w the max minimu settings	wn keys. with OLED will show kimum and m possible s on the ne of the	Press for < second to to the para menu.	return	Press for seconds to the op display.	to return

Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

PACMotion VFD provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the default parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to reload the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

Factory Parameter	r Reset, TFT and OLI	ED Display :	User Parameter Re	eset, TFT and OLED	Display :
VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01	VFD 01
Stop	P-Def	Stop	Stop	U-Def	Stop
15 kW 400 V 3 Ph	50.0 Hz	15 kW 400 V 3 Ph	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0 A	15 kW 400 V 3 Ph
<u> </u>					
	L CRU ⊂ J			L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	
		T I I I			
Press and hold the Up, Down, Start	The display shows P-Def. Briefly press	The display returns to Stop.	Press and hold the Up, Down and	The display shows U-Def. Briefly	The display returns to Stop.
and Stop keys for	the Stop key.	All parameters are	Stop keys for >2s.	press the Stop	All parameters are
>2s.		reset to Factory defaults.		key.	reset to Factory
		defaults.			defaults.

Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

PACMotion VFD has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section Fault Messages on page 90.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

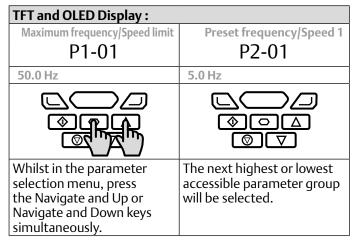
- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1-12 = 6, reset via CAN.

Keypad Shortcuts

The following shortcuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

Selecting the Parameter Groups

When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section Extended Parameters on page 56), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.



Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group

TFT and OLED Display :					
Motor rated current	Maximum frequency/Speed limit				
P1-08	P1-01				
9.5 A	50.0 Hz				
l () () () () () () () () () () () () ()					
	$\textcircled{O} \bigtriangledown$				
Whilst in the parameter	The next lowest accessible				
selection menu, press	parameter in the selected				
the Up and Down keys	parameter group will be selected.				
simultaneously.	selected.				

Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value

TFT and OLED Display :	TFT and OLED Display :						
Maximum frequency/Speed limit	Maximum frequency/Speed limit						
1500 rpm	0 rpm						
P1-01 ↑7500 rpm ↓0 rpm	P1-01 ↑7500 rpm ↓0 rpm						
◈ා♪							
	$\bigcirc \nabla$						
d)-							
Whilst editing a	The parameter will be set						
parameter value, press	to the lowest possible						
the Up and Down keys	value.						
simultaneously.							

Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500 RPM, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.

TFT and OLED Disp	olay :				
Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access
0	_0	_0	100	100	100
P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0
◈♫ு	ഀഀഀฏุ᠘	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	இ∰_	◈╗ᢩ᠘
		© TAU	l o t		
Whilst editing a	The cursor will	The individual	Adjust the value	When the	Press the
parameter value,	step one digit	digit value may	using the Up and	cursor reaches	Navigate key
press the Stop and Navigate keys	to the left. Repeating the key	be adjusted using the up and down	Down keys.	the highest accessible digit,	to return to the parameter
simultaneously.	press will move	keys.		pressing Stop	selection menu.
	another digit to			and Navigate will	Selection
	the left.			return the cursor	
				to the right most	
				digit.	

Parameters

Parameter Set Overview

The PACMotion VFD Parameter set consists of 10 groups as follows:

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters
- Group 6 Advanced Options
- Group 7 Advanced Motor Control
- Group 8 Application Parameters
- Group 9 Advanced I/O Selection

When the PACMotion VFD is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, the access code must be changed as follows.

P1-14 = P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 – 5 can be accessed, along with the first 50 parameters in Group 0.

P1-14 = P6-30 (Default setting = 201). With this setting, all parameters are accessible.

Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters

The basic parameter group allows the user to:

- Enter the motor nameplate information
 - o P1-07 = Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 = Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 = Motor Rated Frequency
 - o P1-10 = (Optionally) Motor Rated Speed
- Define the operating speed limits
 - o P1-01 = Maximum Frequency or Speed
 - o P1-02 = Minimum Frequency or Speed
- Define the acceleration and deceleration times used when starting and stopping the motor, or changing speed
 - o P1-03 = Acceleration Time
 - o P1-04 = Deceleration Time
- Select where the drive should receive it's command signals from, and determine what functions are associated with the drive control terminal inputs
 - o P1-12 Selects the control source
 - o P1-13 Assigns the functions to the digital inputs

These parameters will often provide enough functions to allow the user to complete basic commissioning in simple applications. The parameters are described in more detail below.

Table 25: Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters

Par.	De	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P1-01	Ma	ximum frequency / speed li	mit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm			
		ximum output frequency o		imit – Hz or rp	m.					
		,	10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm.							
P1-02		nimum frequency / speed li		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
		nimum speed limit – Hz or r		1	1		··-/··P···			
		1-10 >0, the value entered		Rom						
P1-03		Acceleration ramp time See Below 5.0 / 10.0 Seconds								
1105		celeration ramp time from () to base speed		ands	3.0710.0	Jecondy			
		& FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Defaul		· /		econds Maximi	m			
		4 – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Defau	5.		-					
P1-04		celeration ramp time	in Setting, 0.1	See Below		5.0 / 10.0	Seconds			
11-04		celeration ramp time from l	Dase speed (P1-		ill in seconds .					
		stop the motor.	base speed (FT-		in in seconds. v	WHEN SEL LO ZEI	o, it will coast			
		2 & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Defaul	t Setting 0.01	Seconds Resol	ution 600.0 Se	econds Maximi	Im			
		I – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Defai								
P1-05		p mode	in second, or i	0	4	0	-			
1105			When the ena	ble signal is re	· ·	ve will ramp to	stop with			
	0	Ramp	the rate contro	olled by P1-04	as described a	bove. In this m	ode, the drive			
		·	brake transiste				-			
		When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately								
						el) to stop. If t				
	1	Coast	continue to ro	ertia, and the d	rive may possil	DIY DE re-				
				enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) should be enabled. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted)						
			is disabled.							
		Ramp, brake chopper	When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the							
	2	enabled	rate controlled by P1-04 as described above. The PACMotion VFD Brake							
			chopper is also							
						ve output is im				
			disabled, and the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive may possibly be re-							
	3	Coast, brake chopper				ie spin start fur				
		enabled	should be enabled. The drive brake chopper is enabled in this mode;							
			however, it will only activate when required during a change in the drive							
			frequency setpoint, and will not activate when stopping. As Option 0, but additionally, AC Flux braking is used to increase the							
	4	AC Flux Braking	As Option 0, b available braki		, AC Flux braki	ng is used to in	crease the			
P1-06	End	ergy optimiser			1	0				
F I-00	0	Disabled		0	1	0	-			
		DISADIEU	When enabled	the Eperav (ntimicor attor	ants to roduce	the overall			
				When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor when operating at constant						
	1	Frahlad	speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is							
	1	Enabled	reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intended for applications where the							
			drive may ope	rate for some	periods of time	with constant	speed and			
D1 07	N 4	 +			onstant or varia	ible torque.				
P1-07		tor rated voltage / back EM		Drive Rating		-	Volts			
D1 00		s parameter should be set t	o the rated (har		-) r.	A			
P1-08		tor rated current	a the net - 1 (;	Drive Rating		-	Amps			
D1 00		s parameter should be set t	o the rated (har	. ,		1				
P1-09		tor rated frequency		10	500	50 (60)	Hz			
	Thi	s parameter should be set t	o the rated (nai	neplate) frequ	iency of the mo	otor.				

Par.	De	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
P1-10	Mo	tor rated speed		0	30000	0	RPM						
	val is d the	s parameter can optionally ue of zero, all speed related isabled. Entering the value PACMotion VFD display wi ch as Minimum and Maximu	l parameters are from the motor ill now show mo	displayed in H nameplate en tor speed in es	z, and the slip ables the slip c timated rpm. /	compensation ompensation f All speed relate	for the motor unction, and						
		Note When the drive is operated with the optional Encoder Feedback Interface, this parameter must be set to the correct nameplate Rpm of the connected motor.											
P1-11	Bo	ost voltage		0.0	Drive Rating I	Dependent	%						
	Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and starting torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. An automatic setting (Auto) is also possible, whereby the PACMotion VFD will automatically adjust the parameter based on the motor parameters measured during an autotune.												
P1-12		mary command source			6	0	_						
1 1-12	0	Terminal Control	The drive resp	The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.									
	1	Keypad control - uni-directional		pe controlled in									
	2	Keypad control - bi-directional	an external or	he drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using n external or remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button oggles between forward and reverse.									
	3	PID Control	The output fre	equency is controlled by the internal PID controller.									
	4	Fieldbus Mode		l via Modbus RTU if no fieldbus interface option is present, <i>i</i> se control is from the fieldbus option module interface.									
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts Master Mode.	s as a Slave to a connected PACMotion VFD operating in									
	6	CANopen Mode	Control via CA	N bus connect	ed to the RJ45	serial interface	connector.						
P1-13	Со	ntrol terminals function ma	icro	0	21	1	-						
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting in P1-12. See section Control Source Selection for more information.												
P1-14	Ext	ended menu access		0	30000	0	-						
	Par	ameter Access Control. The	e following setti	ngs are applica	ble:	·							
	P1-	14 = P2-40 = 101 : Allows a	ccess to Extend	ed Parameter (Groups 0 – 5								
		14 = P6-30 = 201 = Allows ot described in this User G		ameter groups	(Intended for e	experienced us	ers only, usage						

Control Terminal Functions

For standard applications and operation, the basic control of the drive and functions of all drive input terminals can be configured using just two parameters, P1-12 and P1-13. P1-12 is used to define the source of all control commands and the primary speed reference source. P1-13 then allows fast selection of Analog and Digital Input functions based on a selection table.

Control Source Selection

P1-12 Function

P1-12 is used to select the main control source of the drive and the main speed reference according to the following table:

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Ref	Notes
0	Terminal Control	Terminals	Analog Input 1	All control signals are applied to the control terminals. Functions are determined by P1-13 Macro setting.
1	Keypad Control (Uni-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	When keypad mode is selected, the default operation of the drive requires the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used
2	Keypad Control (Bi-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	to control the drive. This can be changed using P2-37 to allow the drive to be started from Digital Input 1 directly.
3	PID Control	Terminals	PID Output	Enable / Disable control of the drive is through the drive control terminal strip.
				Output frequency is set by the output of the PI Controller.
4	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Control of the drive operation is through a fieldbus option module mounted in the drive option slot. If no option module is fitted, control is through the Modbus RTU interface.
				Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
5	Slave Mode	Master Drive	From Master	PACMotion VFD provides an inbuilt Master / Slave function. A single drive acts as the Master, and connected Slave drives will mimic the starting and stopping, along with following the output frequency, with any scaling applied.
				Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
6	CANopen	CAN bus	CAN bus	Control of the drive operation is through the CAN Open Interface.
				Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

Table 26: P1-12 Function

Overview

PACMotion VFD uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

- P1-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P1-13 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P2-30 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 – 20 mA.
- P2-33 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 – 20 mA.
- P2-36 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P2-37 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start, following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

The following diagrams and tables provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

Table 27: Macro Function Guide

Function	Explanation							
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive.							
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained.							
FWDひ	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD.							
REVƯ	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE.							
RUN FWDひ	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP.							
RUN REVび	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP.							
	Hardware Enable Input.							
ENABLE	In Keypad Mode, P2-37 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.							
	In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.							
START_1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).							
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).							
STOPJ	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive.							
START」「FWDひ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).							
START」IREVひ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).							
^-FAST STOP (P2-25)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.							
FAST STOPJ (P2-25)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.							
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-Trip or F-PTC depending on P2-33 setting. See section Motor Thermistor Connection on page 33 for further information.							
Analog Input Al1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P2-30.							
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P2-33.							
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference.							
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference.							
P2-0X REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed.							
PR-REF	Preset speeds P2-01 – P2-08 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.							
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference.							
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller.							
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.							
INC SPD↑	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.							
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.							
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P1-12 setting).							
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function.							
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function.							
DECEL P1-04	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 1 (P1-04) is used.							
DECEL P8-11	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 2 (P8-11) is used (Requires Advanced Parameter Access, see section Parameter Set Overview on page 45.							

Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

Table 28: Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13	DI1		DI2		DI3		AI1 /	DI4	AI2 / DI5	
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
0	User d	efined	1		1					
1	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV (J	P1-12 REF	P2-01	Analo	og Input Al1	P2-01	P2-02
2	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV	DI3	DI4	1	DI5	Preset Spee	1
					0	0		0	P2-01 REF	
					1	0		0	P2-02 REF	
					0	1	0		P2-03 REF	
					1	1		0	P2-04 REF	
					0	0		1	P2-05 REF	
					1	0		1	P2-06 REF	
					0	1		1	P2-07 REF	
					1	1		1	P2-08 REF	
3	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	g Input Al1	Analog Inpu	it Al2
4	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	-	og Input Al1	DECEL	DECEL
								<u> </u>	P1-04	P8-11
5	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	AI2 REF	Analo	og Input Al1	Analog Inpu	it Al2
6	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	og Input Al1	E-TRIP	ОК
7	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	DI3		DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	ОК
					Off		Off	P2-01 REF		
					On		Off	P2-02 REF		
					Off	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		P2-03 REF		
		On		On		On	P2-04 REF			
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	WD ひ REV び	DI3		DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL	DECEL
					Off		Off	P2-01 REF	P1-04	P8-11
					On		Off	P2-02 REF	_	
					Off		On	P2-03 REF	_	
					On		On	P2-04 REF		
9	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	DI3		DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					Off		Off	P2-01 REF	_	
					On		Off	P2-02 REF	_	
					Off		On	P2-03 REF	_	
					On	1	On	P2-04 REF		
10	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD ↑	(NO)	DEC SPD↓	P1-12 REF ¹	P2-01-REF
11	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV ර	P1-12 REF	PR-REF	Analo	og Input Al1	P2-01 REF	P2-02 REF
12	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV	DI3		DI4	DI5	Preset Spee	d
		U		J	Off		Off	Off	P2-01 REF	
					On		Off	Off	P2-02 REF	
					Off		On	Off	P2-03 REF	
					On		On	Off	P2-04 REF	
					Off		Off	On	P2-05 REF	
					On		Off	On	P2-06 REF	
					Off		On	On	P2-07 REF	
					On		On	On	P2-08 REF	
13	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	og Input Al1	Analog Inpu	it Al2

P1-13	DI1		DI2		DI3		AI1 / I	DI4	AI2 / DI5	
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
14	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	P1-12 REF P2-01 REF		Analog Input Al1		DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
15	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	P1-12 REF AI2-REF		Analog Input Al1		Analog Inpu	it Al2
16	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	g Input Al1	E-TRIP	ОК
17	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV	DI3		DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	ОК
		U U		G	Off		Off	P2-01 REF		
					On		Off	P2-02 REF		
					Off		On	P2-03 REF		
					On		On	P2-04 REF		
18	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV	DI3		DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL	DECEL P8-11
		U U		G	Off		Off	P2-01 REF	P1-04	
					On		Off	P2-02 REF		
					Off		On	P2-03 REF		
					On		On	P2-04 REF		
19	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV	DI3		DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
		U U		U	Off	Off		P2-01 REF		
					On		Off	P2-02 REF		
					Off		On	P2-03 REF		
					On		On	P2-04 REF		
20	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	(NO)	INC SPD 1	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF ¹	P2-01-REF
21	(NO)	START ゴ FWD ひ	STOP ユ	(NC)	(NO)	START ゴ REV び	Analog Input Al1		P1-12 REF	P2-01-REF

1) When P1-12 = 0 and P 1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference.

Example Connection Schematics

		•		Jenemati			44	4.4
P1-1	3 Setting	j:			1	4	11	14
:-			1	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC
,	+2		2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
, + , -	4 V DC*		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
		/	4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference
		<u>ب</u> ح	5	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC
		-	6	AI 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
		년	7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
			8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	᠆ᠬ᠆ᡃ)	9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
		/	10	DI 5	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)
		L Le	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		ΛΛ	12	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
			13	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-

Table 29: Example Connection Schematics

Table 30: Example Connection Schematics

P1-13 Se	tting:			2	8	9	12	18	19
;(•	1	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC
		2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward	Run Forward
+ 24 V DC*		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
		4	DI 3	Preset Speed Select BIT 0	Preset Speed Select BIT 0	Preset Speed Select BIT 0	Preset Speed Select BIT 0	Preset Speed Select BIT 0	Preset Speed Select BIT 0
		5	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC
		6	DI 4	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1
		7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
		8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	$\searrow -$	9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
		10	DI 5	Preset Speed Select BIT 2	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref
		11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		12	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
		13	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-

NOTE * Optional external 24 V DC power supply

P1-	13 Set	tting:				3	5	13	15
:	•	-		1	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC
	+2	┢		2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
`-	4 V DC*	┢		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
				4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / AI 2 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / AI 2 Reference
			<u>لح</u>	5	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC
				6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
			۲ <u>۲</u>	7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	-1			9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
		►		10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2
			L 4	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	l		$\overline{\Lambda}$	12	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
				13	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-

 Table 32: Example Connection Schematics

P1-	13 Se	ttin	g:	-		6	16
:	¶			1	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC
	+2		<u> </u>	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
`. <u>-</u>	-24 V DC*			3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
				4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
			_ح	5	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC
			│	6	AI 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
				7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	_1			9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				10	DI 5	E-trip	E-trip
			I. 44	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	l			12	STO+	STO+	STO+
				13	STO-	STO-	STO-

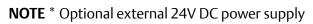


Table 33: Example Connection Schematics

P1-	13 Se	ttin	g:			7	17
:	9	-		1	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC
	+	•	<u> </u>	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
, + , -	-24 V DC*			3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
		•	— /_	4	DI 3	Preset Speed Select BIT 0	Preset Speed Select BIT 0
				5	+10 V DC	+10 V DC	+10 V DC
				6	DI 4	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1
				7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	_1		\rightarrow	9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				10	DI 5	External trip (NC)	External trip (NC)
			1. IA	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	l			12	STO+	STO+	STO+
				13	STO-	STO-	STO-

Table 34: Example Connection Schematics

P1-	-13 Se	ttin	g:			10	20
:	•			1	+24 V DC	+24 V DC	+24 V DC
	• • •	•	— /_	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
	24 V DC*	•	<u> </u>	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
		•		4	DI 3	Increase Speed	Increase Speed
				5	+10 V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
		•		6	DI 4	Decrease Speed	Decrease Speed
				7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	-1		\rightarrow	9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
				10	DI 5	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
			I. IA	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	l			12	STO+	STO+	STO+
				13	STO-	STO-	STO-

NOTE * Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Table 35: Example Connection Schematics

P1-13	3 Setti	ng:			21
:-		+	1	+24V DC	+24 V DC
,. <u>.</u> ,	+24		2	DI 1	NO Push Start Forward
	24 V DC*		3	DI 2	NC Push Stop
			4	DI 3	NO Push Start Reverse
			5	+10 V DC	+10 V DC
		◄	6	AI 1	Analog Input 1
			7	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
			8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	-ጥ	\rightarrow	9	0 V / COM	0 V / COM
			10	DI 5	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
		L 44	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
			12	STO+	STO+
			13	STO-	STO-

NOTE * Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Extended Parameters

Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters

Table 36: Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters

Par	Paramet	er Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-01	Preset fre	equency / speed 1		P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-02	Preset fre	equency / speed 2		P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-03	Preset fre	equency / speed 3		P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-04	Preset fre	equency / speed 4		P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm			
P2-05	Preset fre	equency / speed 5		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-06	Preset fre	equency / speed 6		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-07	Preset fre	equency / speed 7		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-08	Preset fre	equency / speed 8		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
	Preset Sp	eeds / Frequencies selecte	d by digital inputs de	pending on tl	he setting of P	P1-13.				
	If P1-10 =	• 0, the values are entered	as Hz. If P1-10 > 0, th	e values are e	ntered as Rpn	n.				
	Setting a negative value will reverse the direction of motor rotation.									
P2-09	Skip freq	uency center point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
P2-10	Skip freq	uency bandwidth		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
	example the centr frequenc hold any	Frequency function is used at a frequency which cause e point of the skip frequen y will ramp through the de output frequency within tl , the PACMotion VFD outp	es mechanical resona cy band, and is used o fined band at the rate he defined band. If th	nce in a partic conjunction v es set in P1-0 e frequency r	cular machine vith P2-10. Th 3 and P1-04 re eference appl	Parameter P e PACMotion espectively, ar ied to the driv	2-09 defines VFD output nd will not /e is within			
P2-11	_	utput AO1 function		0	12	8	-			
		utput Mode. Logic 1 = +24	V DC		1	10	1			
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the PA	CMotion VFF) is enabled (R	Runnina).				
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fa							
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the ou				eauencv.			
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed.							
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the adjustable limit.							
	5	Motor current >=limit	Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit.							
	6	Motor torque >= Limit	Logic when the motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit.							
	7	Analog input 2 >=limit	Logic when the sign adjustable limit.	al applied to	the Analog In	put 2 exceeds	the			
	The outp	en using settings 4 – 7, par ut will switch to Logic 1 wh Logic 0 when the signal fa	nen the selected signa	al exceeds the	e value progra					
	Analog O	utput Mode								
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.							
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.							
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor							
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive ra	ated power.						
	12PID OutputOutput from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100%.									
P2-12		utput AO1 format		See Below		0-10 Volt	-			
		0 to10 V								
		10 to 0 V								
		0 to 20 mA								
	20-0 mA	20 to 0 mA								
		4 to 20 mA								
	20-4 mA	20 to 4 mA								

Par	Paramet	er Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P2-13	Analog o	utput AO2 function		0	12	9	-				
	Digital O	utput Mode. Logic 1 = +24	V DC								
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the P/	ACMotion VFE) is enabled (R	Running).					
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fa	ult condition	exists on the	drive.					
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the o				requency.				
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the m	notor runs abo	ove zero speed	<u>l.</u>					
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the m	notor speed e>	ceeds the adj	justable limit	- -				
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the m	notor current e	exceeds the a	djustable lim	it.				
	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the sigradjustable limit.		5	•					
	The outp return to	en using settings 4 – 7, par ut will switch to Logic 1 wh Logic 0 when the signal fa	en the selected sign	al exceeds the	e value progra	er to control immed in P2	the behaviou -19, and				
		utput Mode	1								
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.								
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08								
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor			_					
	11										
	12	PID output	Output from the in	1	ntroller, 0 – 10	1					
P2-14		utput AO2 format	1	See Below		0-10 Volt	-				
		0 to10 V		-							
		10 to 0 V									
		0 to 20 mA		_							
		20 to 0 mA									
	4-20 mA	4 to 20 mA									
	20-4 mA	20 to 4 mA									
2-15	Relay 1 fu	inction		0	14	1	-				
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when								
	0	Drive running	The PACMotion VFI								
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip con								
	2	At speed	Output frequency r			ency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs abo	ove zero speed	d.						
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed ex	xceeds the ad	justable limit.						
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current	exceeds the a	djustable limi	t.					
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque e	exceeds the ac	djustable limit	-					
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal applied t	to the Analog	Input 2 excee	ds the adjust	able limit.				
	8	Reserved	No Function.								
	9	Reserved	No Function.								
	10	Maintenance due	The internally prog		intenance tin	ner has elaps	ed.				
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive r	ated power.							
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not trip present and the har changed by the use	rdware enable							
	13	STO status			nt and the driv	ve is able to l	pe operated.				
	14	PID error >= limit	 When both STO inputs are present and the drive is able to be operated. The PID Error (difference between setpoint and feedback) is greater than or equal to the programmed limit. 								
	behaviou	en using settings 4 – 7 and ır. The output will switch to nd return to Logic 0 when t	14, parameters P2-1 Logic 1 when the se	l 6 and P2-17 i lected signal (must be used exceeds the v	alue progran					
			<u> </u>	1	200.0	1	%				
P2-16	Relay 1/	AO I upper limit		P2-17	200.0	100.0	/0				
P2-16 P2-17		AO1 upper limit AO1 lower limit		0.0	P2-16	0.0	% %				

Par	Paramet	ter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P2-18	Relay 2 fu	unction		0	14	0	-	
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when					
	0	Drive running	The PACMotion VFI	D is enabled (Running).				
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip cond	dition exists o	n the drive.			
	2	At speed	Output frequency r	matches the s	etpoint frequ	ency.		
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs abo	ove zero speed	1.			
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed ex	ceeds the ad	justable limit.	•		
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current					
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque e		<u>,</u>			
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal applied t					
	8	Hoist brake control	Enables Hoist Mode motor holding brak information.	e. The Output e. Refer to yo	relay may be ur Emerson Sa	used to cont ales Partner f	rol the or further	
	9	Reserved	No Function.					
	10	Maintenance due	The internally prog	rammable ma	untenance tin	ner has elans	ed	
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive r					
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not trip present and the har changed by the use	ped, the STO dware enable	circuit is close input presen	ed, the mains t (Digital Inp	supply is ut 1 unless	
	13	STO status	When both STO inp	uts are presei	nt and the dri	ve is able to b	be operated.	
	14	PID error >= limit The PID Error (difference between setpoint and feedback) is greater than or equal to the programmed limit.						
	behaviou	nen using settings 4 – 7 and ır. The output will switch to nd return to Logic 0 when tl	Logic 1 when the se	lected signal (exceeds the v	alue program		
P2-19		AO2 upper limit	ie signal fails below	P2-20	200.0	100.0	%	
P2-20		AO2 lower limit		0.0	P2-19	0.0	%	
		conjunction with some setti	ings of Parameters P2				1.0	
P2-21		caling factor		-30.000	30.000	0.000	-	
P2-22	· · ·	caling source		0	3	0	-	
	an existir This func	P2-22 allow the user to prog ng parameter, e.g. to displa tion is disabled if P2-21 is s s set >0, the variable select	y conveyer speed in I et to 0.	metres per se	cond based o	n the output	frequency.	
	whilst the	e drive is running, with a 'c'	to indicate the custo Scaled Value is	omer scaled u	nits.			
	P2-22 Op	1	If P1-10 = 0, Output	t Fraguaray (I	Iz) v Scaling [
	0	Motor Speed				actor		
	1	Motor Current	If P1-10 > 0, Motor Motor Amps x Scali		Factor			
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 % (P		a Factor			
	3	P0-80 Value	P0-80 Value x Scalir		gractor			
P2-23	-	ed holding time		0.0	60.0	0.2	Seconds	
F2-23	Determir	nes the time for which the c disabled.	lrive output frequen					
P2-24	- · · ·	switching frequency		Drive Rating	Dependent		kHz	
1221	Effective setting d	power stage switching free epend on the drive power a motor, and improve the ou	and voltage rating. H	settings avail igher frequen	able and factorics reduce the	he audible 'ri	arameter nging' noise	
P2-25		eleration ramp time		0.00	240.0	0.00	Seconds	
	This para VFD, whi the case	meter allows an alternative ch can be selected by digita of a mains power loss if P2-	al inputs (dependent 38 = 2.	down time to on the settin	be programm g of P1-13) or	ned into the F selected aut	PACMotion comatically in	
		t to 0.0, the drive will coast						

Par	Parameter Name			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P2-26	Spin start			0	2	0	-	
	0 Disabled		Spin Start is not act where the motor is					
	1 Enabled		When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors					
	2 Enabled on t	rip, brown						
	out, coast		start is disabled.	[1	
2-27	Standby mode delay ti	-		0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds	
	This parameter defines (Standby speed thresh and the display will sho	old) for great	er than the set time	period, the PA	CMotion VFD			
2-28	Slave mode speed scal			0	3	0	-	
	Active in Keypad mode multiplied by a preset	e (P1-12 = 1 o				l reference ca	in be	
	0 Disabled (No							
	1 Master Spee							
	2 (Master Spee	ed * P2-29) +	analog input 1					
			analog input 1					
2-29	Slave mode speed scal	· · · · ·		-500.0	500.0	100.0	%	
	Used in conjunction w					1.0000		
2-30	Analog input Al1 signa			See Below		0-10 Volt	-	
2 30	Setting	Signal Forma	at					
	0-10 volt							
	10-0 volt	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar) 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	-10-0 volt	-10 to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar)						
	0-20 mA	0 to 20 mA S	3 (1 /					
	4-20 ma, trip on loss		Signal, the PACMotio	n VED will trin	and chow the	o fault codo /	1 205 if the	
	4-20 ma, urp on loss		alls below 3 mA				-20Fil the	
	4-20 mA, pr, spd 1 on loss		ignal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA	n VFD will ran	np to Preset S	peed 8 (P2-0	8) if the	
	20-4 mA, trip on loss	signal level f	ignal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA	•				
	20-4 mA, pr, spd 1 on loss	signal level f	Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA	1		· · ·	, 	
2-31	Analog input AI1 scalir			0.0	2000.0	100.0	%	
	Scales the analog inpu 5 volt input will result i	n the drive ru		peed (P1-01)	·	,		
2-32	Analog input AI1 offse			-500.0	500.0	0.0	%	
			C II		1			
2.00	Sets an offset, as a per		e full scale range of t		ch is applied t	1	input signal	
2-33	Analog input AI2 signa	l format		he input, whic See Below	ch is applied t	o the analog 0-10 Volt	input signa -	
2-33	Analog input AI2 signa Setting	l format Signal Forma	at		ch is applied t	1	input signa -	
2-33	Analog input AI2 signa Setting 0-10 volt	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 1	at Signal (Uni-polar)		ch is applied t	1	input signa -	
2-33	Analog input AI2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 10 to 0 Volt	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar)		ch is applied t	1	input signa	
2-33	Analog input Al2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt Motor thermistor input	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 1 10 to 0 Volt 1 Motor PTC T	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar) hermistor Input		ch is applied t	1	input signa	
2-33	Analog input Al2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt Motor thermistor input 0-20 mA	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 10 to 0 Volt Motor PTC T 0 to 20 mA S	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar) hermistor Input iignal	See Below		0-10 Volt	-	
2-33	Analog input Al2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt Motor thermistor input 0-20 mA 4-20 ma, trip on loss	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 1 10 to 0 Volt 1 Motor PTC T 0 to 20 mA S 4 to 20 mA S signal level for	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar) hermistor Input Signal Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA	See Below	and show the	0-10 Volt		
P2-33	Analog input Al2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt Motor thermistor input 0-20 mA 4-20 ma, trip on loss 4-20 mA, pr, spd 8 on loss	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 1 10 to 0 Volt 1 Motor PTC T 0 to 20 mA S signal level for signal level for	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar) hermistor Input Signal Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA	See Below	and show the state of the state	0-10 Volt	-20F if the 8) if the	
2-33	Analog input Al2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt Motor thermistor input 0-20 mA 4-20 ma, trip on loss 4-20 mA, pr, spd 8 on loss 20-4 mA, trip on loss	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 1 10 to 0 Volt 1 Motor PTC T 0 to 20 mA S signal level fa 4 to 20 mA S signal level fa 20 to 4 mA S signal level fa	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar) hermistor Input Signal Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA	See Below	and show the property of the p	0-10 Volt e fault code 4 peed 8 (P2-0 e fault code 4		
2-33	Analog input Al2 signa Setting 0-10 volt 10-0 volt Motor thermistor input 0-20 mA 4-20 ma, trip on loss 4-20 mA, pr, spd 8 on loss	l format Signal Forma 0 to 10 Volt 1 10 to 0 Volt 1 Motor PTC T 0 to 20 mA S signal level fa 4 to 20 mA S signal level fa 20 to 4 mA S signal level fa 20 to 4 mA S signal level fa	at Signal (Uni-polar) Signal (Uni-polar) hermistor Input Signal Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA Signal, the PACMotio alls below 3 mA Signal, the PACMotio	See Below	and show the property of the p	0-10 Volt e fault code 4 peed 8 (P2-0 e fault code 4		

Par	Paramet	er Name			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P2-35	Analog ir	put AI2 offset	t		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%		
	Sets an o	ffset, as a perc	centage of the	e full scale range of t	he input, whic	ch is applied to	o the analog	input signal.		
P2-36	Start mo	de select / aut	omatic resta	t	See Below		Auto start	%		
	Defines t	he behaviour o	of the drive re	ating to the enable digital input and also configures the Automatic						
	Restart fu			5	5 1		-			
	Edge trig	gered start		wer on or reset, the ust be closed after a				ains closed.		
	Auto star	't	Following a P	ower On or Reset, the	e drive will auto	omatically sta	rt if Digital In	put 1 is closed.		
	Auto star	t, 1 reset		ng a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals.						
	Auto star	t, 2 reset		ist be powered dowr						
	Auto star	t, 3 reset		counted, and if the nd will require the us				the drive will		
	Auto star	t, 4 reset	l'aute with, ai	ia will require the us		y leser the lat	iit.			
	Auto star	t, 5 reset								
	DANGER	l "Auto" mod	es allow the c	lrive to Auto-start, th	nerefore the ir	npact on syst	em/Personn	el safety		
	needs to	be considered	d.							
P2-37		tart mode			0	7	1	-		
	This para	meter is only a	active when F	21-12 = 1 or 2. When	settings 0 to	3 are used, th	e drive must	be started		
	by pressi	ng the Start ke	ey on the key	oad. When settings 4	l – 7 are used,	the drive sta	rting is contr	olled by the		
		gital input.								
	0	Minimum spo keypad start		Following a stop an minimum speed P1		drive will alwa	ays initially ru	in at the		
	1	Previous spee keypad start		Following a stop an setpoint speed used			rn to the last	: keypad		
	2	Current spee		Where the PACMot			ultiple speed	Ireferences		
	2	keypad start								
				(typically Hand / Auto control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the drive will continue to operate at						
				the last operating speed.						
	3	Preset speed keypad start		Following a stop and restart, the PACMotion VFD will always initially run at Preset Speed 8 (P2-08).						
	4	Minimum spo terminal star		Following a stop an minimum speed P1		drive will alwa	ays initially ru	in at the		
	5	Previous specter terminal star		Following a stop and restart, the drive will return to the last keypad setpoint speed used prior to stopping.						
	6	Current spee		Where the PACMotion VFD is configured for multiple speed references						
		terminal star		(typically Hand / Auto control or Local / Remote control), when switched						
				to keypad mode by a digital input, the drive will continue to operate at						
				the last operating speed.						
	7	Preset speed		Following a stop and restart, the PACMotion VFD will always initially run						
		terminal star	t	at Preset Speed 8 (F	1					
P2-38		s reaction			0	3	0	-		
	0	Mains Loss Ri	ide Through	energy from the load motor. Providing that the mains loss period is short, and sufficient energy can be recovered before the drive control electronics power off, the drive will automatically restart on return of						
	1	Coast To Stop	p	mains power. The PACMotion VFD will immediately disable the output to the motor, allowing the load to coast or free wheel. When using this setting with high inertia loads, the Spin Start function (P2-26) may need to be enabled.						
	2	Fast Ramp To	o Stop	The drive will ramp to stop at the rate programmed in the 2nd						
	3	DC bus suppl	ly mode	deceleration time P2-25. This mode is intended to be used when the drive is powered directly via						
	-		.,	the +DC and –DC B for further details.						
P2-39	Paramete	erlock			0	1	0	-		
. 2 . 5 .		Unlocked		All parameters can	-	nd changed	0			
	1	Locked		Parameter values ca			he changed			
P2-40	Extondor	menu access	code			9999	101	•		
	LVIEURG	inclu access	coue		0	5555		1		

Parameter Group 3 – PID Control

Overview

PACMotion VFD provides an internal PID controller. Parameters for configuration of the PID controller are located together in Group 3. For simple applications, the user needs to only define the setpoint source (P3-05 to select the source or P3-06 for a fixed setpoint), feedback source (P3-10) and adjust the P Gain (P3-01), I time (P3-02) and optionally the differential time (P3-03).

The PID operation is uni-directional, and all signals are treated as 0 – 100% to provide a simple, intuitive operating format.

Par	Par	ameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P3-01	PID	proportional gain		0.0	30.0	1.0	-		
	PID resp	Controller Proportional Gain. I ponse to small changes in the f	Higher values provi eedback signal. Too	ovide a greater change in the drive output frequency in or on high a value can cause instability.					
P3-02	PID	integral time		0.0	30.0	1.0	S		
	PID	Controller Integral Time. Large cess responds slowly.	er values provide a i	more damped	l response for	systems whe	ere the overall		
P3-03	PID	differential time		0.00	1.00	0.00	S		
	PID	Differential Time Constant.							
P3-04	PID	operating mode		0	1	0	-		
	0	Direct	Use this mode if an increase in the fee		he motor spe	ed should res	ult in an		
	1	Inverse	Use this mode if an decrease in the fee			ed should res	ult in a		
P3-05	PID	reference select		0	2	0	-		
	0	Digital preset	P3-06 is used.				-		
	1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1 as	displayed in P	0-01 is used.				
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 as						
P3-06	PID	digital reference		0.0	100.0	0.0	%		
	thic					or level mea			
		represents the percentage of							
P3-07	leve	represents the percentage of							
P3-07	leve PID	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit	the pressure range	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08	10 Bar transd	ucer, 4 bar =	40%) or the		
P3-07 P3-08	leve PID Lim	represents the percentage of	the pressure range	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08	10 Bar transd	ucer, 4 bar =	40%) or the		
	leve PID Lim PID	represents the percentage of output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit	the pressure range from the PID contr	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller.	10 Bar transd	ucer, 4 bar =	40%) or the		
	leve PID Lim PID Lim	output upper limit output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from	the pressure range from the PID contr	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller.	10 Bar transd	ucer, 4 bar =	40%) or the		
P3-08	leve PID Lim PID Lim	represents the percentage of output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit	the pressure range from the PID contr	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0	40%) or the % % -		
P3-08	leve PID Lim PID Lim PID	output upper limit output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select	the pressure range from the PID contr the PID controller. The output range	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 ntroller is limit	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 0 ced by the val	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07		
P3-08	leve PID Lim PID Lim PID 0	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor he value of P3	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit atroller is limit aput 1. atroller is limit -07.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ed by the val	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08 P3-09	leve PID Lim PID 0 0 1 2 3	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1	the pressure range from the PID contro the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor d to Analog II of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit put 1. troller is limit -07. Controller is a Input 1.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ced by the sig dded to the s	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08	leve PID Lim PID 0 0 1 2 3	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 feedback select	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t The output value f	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit atroller is limit put 1. atroller is limit -07. Controller is a	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ed by the val	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08 P3-09	leve PID Lim PID 0 0 1 2 3	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 feedback select Analog Input 2	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t The output value f	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor d to Analog II of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit put 1. troller is limit -07. Controller is a Input 1.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ced by the sig dded to the s	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08 P3-09	leve PID Lim PID Cim PID 0 1 2 3 2	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 feedback select	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t The output value f	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor d to Analog II of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit put 1. troller is limit -07. Controller is a Input 1.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ced by the sig dded to the s	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08 P3-09	leve PID Lim PID 0 0 1 2 3 3 PID 0 0	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 feedback select Analog Input 2	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t The output value f	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor d to Analog II of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit put 1. troller is limit -07. Controller is a Input 1.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ced by the sig dded to the s	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08 P3-09	leve PID Lim PID 0 1 2 3 PID 0 1 2 3	orepresents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 feedback select Analog Input 1	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t The output value f	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor d to Analog II of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit put 1. troller is limit -07. Controller is a Input 1.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ced by the sig dded to the s	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		
P3-08 P3-09	leve PID Lim PID Lim PID 1 2 3 PID 0 1 2 3 PID 0 1 2	represents the percentage of el. output upper limit its the maximum value output output lower limit its the minimum output from output limit select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 feedback select Analog Input 2 Analog Input 1	the pressure range from the PID controller. the PID controller. The output range & P3-08. The output range & the signal applie The output range Analog Input 1 & t The output value f reference applied	(e.g. for a 0 – P3-08 oller. 0.0 of the PID cor of the PID cor of the PID cor d to Analog II of the PID cor he value of P3 rom the PID C	10 Bar transd 100.0 P3-07 3 atroller is limit put 1. troller is limit -07. Controller is a Input 1.	ucer, 4 bar = 100.0 0.0 ced by the val ced by the sig dded to the s	40%) or the % % - ues of P3-07 ues of P3-08 nal applied to		

Table 37: Parameter Group 3 – PID Control

Par	Para	ameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P3-11	PID	error limit to enable ramps		0.0	25.0	0.0	%				
	is les exist	Defines a threshold PID error level, whereby if the difference between the setpoint and feedback values is less than the set threshold, the internal ramp times of the drive are disabled. Where a greater PID error exists, the ramp times are enabled to limit the rate of change of motor speed on large PID errors, and react quickly to small errors.									
	to d disa	Setting to 0.0 means that the drive ramps are always enabled. This parameter is intended to allow the user to disable the drive internal ramps where a fast reaction to the PID control is required, however by only disabling the ramps when a small PID error exists, the risk of possible over current or over voltage trips being generated are reduced.									
P3-12	PID [·]	feedback display scaling		0.000	50.000	0.000	-				
		lies a scaling factor to the disp n a transducer, e.g. 0 – 10 Bar e		, allowing the	user to displa	ly the actual s	ignal level				
P3-13	PID	wakeup error level		0.0	100.0	5.0	%				
	cont	a programmable level whereb rol, the selected feedback sign ration.									
P3-18	PID	reset control		0	1	1	-				
	0	Continuous operation	regardless of whet in the output of th	n this operating mode, the PID controller operates continuously, egardless of whether the drive is enabled or disabled. This can result n the output of the PID controller reaching the maximum level prior to he drive enable signal being applied.							
	1	Operate only when the drive is enabled	In this operating m is enabled, and her enabled.								

Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control

Overview

Parameters relating to the motor control are located together in Group 4. These parameters allow the user to:

- Select the motor type to match the connected motor.
- Carry out an autotune.
- Define the torque limits and setpoint source for control methods that support this (vector control methods only).

PACMotion VFD can operate with both Asynchronous Induction Motors, the type most commonly seen today, and also some synchronous motors. The sections below provide basic guidance on how to adjust the parameters to operate with the required motor type.

Asynchronous IM Motors

IM Motor Control Methods

IM Motors may be operated in the following modes:

- V/F Speed Control (Default Mode)
 - o This mode provides the simplest control, and is suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Sensorless Vector Torque Control
 - o This method is suitable for specific applications only, which require the motor torque to be the primary control function, rather than speed, and should be used with extreme care only in specific applications.
- Sensorless Vector Speed Control
 - o This method provides increased starting torque compared to V/F mode, along with improved motor speed regulation with changing load conditions. This method is suitable for more demanding applications.

Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode

PACMotion VFD can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Sensorless Vector Speed Control mode by setting P4-01 = 0.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

WARNING

The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-02 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft.

WARNING

It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

Synchronous Motors

Overview

PACMotion VFD provides open loop vector control of the following synchronous motor types.

Permanent Magnet AC (PM AC) Motors and Brushless DC (BLDC) Motors

PACMotion VFD can be used to control Permanent Magnet AC or Brushless DC motors without a feedback encoder or resolver. These motors operate synchronously, and a vector control strategy is used to maintain correct operation. In general, the motor can be operated between 10% - 100% of rated speed with a correctly selected and configured drive. Optimum control is achieved when the motor back EMF / Rated speed ratio is >= 1 V/Hz. Motors with Back EMF / Rated frequency ratio below this level may not operate correctly, or may operate only with reduced speed range.

PM AC and BLDC motor control employs the same strategy, and the same commissioning method is applied.

Permanent Magnet motors (including BLDC) produce an output voltage known as the Back EMF when the shaft is rotated. The user must ensure that the motor shaft cannot rotate at a speed where this Back EMF exceeds the voltage limit for the drive, otherwise damage can occur.

The following parameter settings are necessary before attempting to operate the motor.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed (kE)

This is the voltage imposed by the magnets at the drive output terminals when the motor operates at rated frequency or speed. Some motors may provide a value for volts per thousand RPM, and it may be necessary to calculate the correct value for P1-07.

- o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
- o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
- o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
- Select PM Motor Speed control mode by setting P4-01 = 3 or BLDC Motor Speed Control by setting P4-01 = 5.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.
 - o The autotune measures the electrical data required from the motor to ensure good control.
- To improve motor starting and low speed operation, the following parameters may require adjustment:
 - o P7-14: Low Frequency Torque Boost Current: Injects additional current into the motor to help rotor alignment at low output frequency. Set as % of P1-08.
 - o P7-15: Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit: Defines the frequency range where the torque boost is applied. Set as % of P1-09.

Following the steps above, it should be possible to operate the motor. Further parameter settings are possible to enhance the performance if required, please refer to your Emerson Sales Partner for more information.

Synchronous Reluctance (Syn RM) Motors

When operating with Synchronous Reluctance motors, carry out the following steps:

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage.
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Synchronous Reluctance Motor Control mode by setting P4-01 = 6.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

WARNING

Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

Table 38: Par	ameter Group	o 4 - Listing
---------------	--------------	---------------

Par	Paramet	er Name				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P4-01	Motor typ	pe and contro	l mode			0	6	2	-	
	Setting		Primary Control	Control Method	Additional	Information			·	
	0	IM	Speed	Vector	Speed con by P4-06.	trol with Torq	ue Limit. Torc	jue Limit Sou	rce selected	
	1	IM	Torque	Vector	P4-06.		eed Limit. Toro		e selected by	
	2	IM	Speed	V/F	-+ ·				M Motors.	
	2IMSpeedV/FV/F control for simple applications with standard IM Motors.3AC PMSpeedVectorFor speed control of AC PM motors with Sinusoidal back EMF.									
	4									
	5	1	Speed	Vector			OC motors wit			
	6		Speed	Vector	· ·		chronous Rel			
P4-02	Motor pa	rameter autot		1	<u> </u>	0	1	0	-	
	When set	to 1, the drive	e immedia	tely carries	out a non-ro	tating autotu	ine to measur	e the motor	parameters	
	for optimum control and efficiency. Following completion of the autotune, the parameter automatically returns to 0.							atically		
P4-03		ntrol P-gain proportional g				0.1	400.0	50.0	%	
	possible pos	. Too high a va performance, I monitoring t or no oversho I, higher frictio	the value s he actual o pot where	should be a putput spee the output	djusted to su ed of the loac speed excee	it the connec I until the req ds the setpoi	ted load by gi uired dynami nt.	adually incre c behaviour i	easing the s achieved	
	loads may	y require the <u>c</u>					-	_		
P4-04		ntrol I time				0.010	2.000	0.050	S	
	load chan	ntegral time fo nges, at the ris to suit the cor	k of introc	lucing insta						
P4-05	Motor po	wer factor				0.50	0.99	-	-	
	When ope power fac	erating in Vec	tor Speed	motor cont	rol modes, t	nis parameter	must be set f	to the motor	nameplate	
P4-06	Torque re	eference / limit	t selection			0	5	0	-	
	0	Maximum to limit P4-07	orque	The torqu	e controller ı	eference / lin	nit is set in P4-	-07.		
	1	Analog Inpu	ıt 1	1, whereb	y 100 [°] % input		ed on the sigr vill result in th 07.			
	2	Analog Inpu	ıt 2	2, whereb	y 100 [°] % input		ed on the sigr vill result in th 07.			
	3	Fieldbus		communi	cations Field	bus, whereby	ed on the sigr 100% input s y the value se	ignal level wi	ll result in the	
	4	Master / Sla	ve	Master / S	lave, whereb	y 100% input	ed on the sigr signal level w value set in P ²	ill result in th		
	5	PID output		whereby 1		gnal level wil	ed on the out I result in the o			

Par	Para	amete	r Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P4-07	Max	imum	torque / cu	rrent limit	P4-08	500	150	%			
	Whe defi Whe	en ope nes the en ope	rating in Ve e maximum rating in V/I	ctor Speed or Vector Torque motor torque limit or reference used by t Mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter	he drive in cou defines the m	njunction with naximum outp	h P4-06. Dut current th				
D4 00	- · ·			pefore reducing the output frequen	1	1	Lurrent.	0/			
P4-08			output torq		P4-08	150	0	%			
	limi mot	t, whei or at a FE This	reby when t Il times whi parameter	peed or Vector Torque motor cont he PACMotion VFD is enabled, it wi lst operating. should be used with extreme care, rel, and may exceed the selected sp	ill always atter	npt to mainta	ain this torque	e on the			
P4-09			braking tor			500	100	%			
P4-09				•							
	rege	enerati	ng torque a	peed or Vector Torque motor cont llowed by the PACMotion VFD.							
P4-10			ment freque		0.0	P1-09	0.0	Hz			
	whi	ch the	voltage set	⁻ mode (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in P4-11 is applied to the motor. Ca this feature.	in conjunctio are must be ta	n with P4-11 ken to avoid o	sets a freque overheating a	ncy point at and damaging			
P4-11	V/F	adjust	ment voltag	e	0	P1-07	0	V			
	Use	d in co	njunction w	ith parameter P4-10.							
P4-12	The	rmal o	verload rete	ntion	0	1	1	-			
	0		Disabled		•						
				motor, designed to protect the motor against damage. An internal overload accumulator monitors the motor output current over time, and will trip the driv usage exceeds the thermal limit. When P4-12 is disabled, removing the power s from the drive and re-applying will reset the value of the accumulator. When P4 enabled, the value is retained during power off.							
P4-13	Out	put ph	ase sequen		0	1	0	-			
	0		U,V,W	Stand motor phase sequence. Typ	pically, this pro	vides clockw	ise rotation o	f the motor.			
	1		U,W,V	Reverse motor phase sequence. T							
P4-14	The	rmal o	verload read		0	1	0	-			
	0		Trip	When the overload accumulator r damage to the motor.		hit, the drive	will trip on It.	trp to prevent			
	1		Current Limit Reduction	When the overload accumulator r reduced to 100% of P1-08 in orde setting in P4-07 when the overloa	r to avoid an It	trp. The curr	ent limit will				
P4-15	Mas	ter mo	de configu		0	1	0	-			
	0	Moto & tor	or speed	In this mode, when the drive func broadcast on the drive network is	In this mode, when the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave Mode, the data broadcast on the drive network is the Master Actual Speed and the Master Torque Reference. This mode is suitable for Master-Slave applications which required speed						
	1		ed ence & or torque	In this mode, when the drive func broadcast on the drive network is Torque. This mode is suitable for I between multiple drives.	the Master Sp	oeed Referenc	e and the Ma	ister Actual			

Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

Overview

PACMotion VFD provides many methods to allow the user to connect to a variety of fieldbus networks. In addition, connection to options such as external keypads, PC and Parameter Bluetooth Stick are possible. Parameter Group 5 provides the parameters required to configure the various fieldbus interfaces and connection points.

Connecting Emerson Options

All Emerson options which require communication with the drive, such as the IC866-EKPD Remote TFT Keypad and IC866-BLUE Parameter Bluetooth Stick and Dongle connect to the PACMotion VFD using the built in RJ45 connection point. The pin connections on these options are already matched, such that a simple pin to pin plug in cable can be used to connect these options without any special requirements.

For further information on connecting and using these optional items, refer to the specific option User guide.

Connecting to a PC

PACMotion VFD may be connected to a PC with Microsoft Windows operating system to allow use of the Emerson PACMotion VFD Studio PC software for commissioning and monitoring. There are two possible methods of connection as follows:

- Wired Connection. Requires the optional PC connection kit IC866-CABL-USB485 which provides a USB to RS485 serial port conversion and premanufactured RJ45 connection.
- Bluetooth Wireless Connection. Requires the optional IC866-BLUE Parameter Bluetooth Stick & Dongle. The PC must have Bluetooth BLE onboard or a suitable Bluetooth BLE dongle, which can support a Bluetooth serial connection.

With either communication method, the steps to establish a connection between the PC and drive are as follows:

- Download and install the Emerson PACMotion VFD Studio PC software to the PC.
- Start the software, and select the Parameter Editor function.
- If the drive address has been changed in parameter P5-01, ensure that in the Emerson PACMotion VFD Studio the Network Scan Limit setting in the lower left corner of the screen is set to the same or higher value.
- In VFD Studio select Tools Select Communications Device.
 - o If using the BlueTooth Stick, select BlueTooth (BLE).
 - o If using the wired PC connection kit, select Wired Serial Interface (RS485/RS232).
- In PACMotion VFD Studio select the Serial Port associated with the connection.
- Click the Scan Drive Network button in the lower left corner of the screen.

Modbus RTU Connection

PACMotion VFD supports Modbus RTU communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section Modbus RTU Communications on page 78.

CAN Open Connection

PACMotion VFD supports CAN Open communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section CAN Open Communication on page 80.

Other Fieldbus Networks

Additional fieldbus network protocols are supported using optional interfaces. Refer to the Emerson website for a list of supported protocols and the required interface option modules.

Par	Name	2			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P5-01	Drive	fieldbus addre	SS		1	63	1	-	
	Sets t	he Fieldbus ad	dress for the PACM	otion VFD.					
	Comr	nunications or	s RTU, this paramet 1 page 78 for furthe be used – see P5-10	r information. Ple	ase note that			s than 63 is	
		arameter also tudio.	determines the cor	nmunication add	ress of the dri	ve for use wit	h Emerson PA	CMotion	
P5-02	CANt	oaudrate			125	1000	500	kbps	
	Sets t	he baud rate w	/hen CAN Open con	nmunications are	used.				
P5-03	Modb	us RTU baudra	nte		9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps	
	Sets t	he baud rate w	/hen Modbus RTU c	ommunications a	re used.				
P5-04	Modb	us data forma	t		-	-	No parity, 1 stop bit	-	
	Sets t	he expected N	lodbus telegram da	ta format as follo	ws:			•	
		rity, 1 stop	No Parity, 1 stop b						
	No pa bits.	rity, 2 stop	No parity, 2 stop b	oits					
	Odd p bit	oarity, 1 stop	Odd parity, 1 stop	bit					
	bit	parity, 1 stop	Even parity, 1 stop	bit	1				
P5-05		nunications lo			0.0	5.0	1.0	Seconds	
	PACM	otion VFD wit	ime period for the o hin this time period low. Setting to zero	, the drive will ass	ume a loss of				
P5-06	Comr	nunications lo	ss action		0	3	0	-	
	0	Trip & Coast	t To Stop			•			
	1	Ramp to Sto	op Then Trip						
	2	Ramp to Sto	op Only (No Trip)						
	3	Run at Pres	et Speed 8						
P5-07	Fieldb	us ramp contr	ol		0	1	0	-	
	0	Disabled	Ramps are contro	lled from internal	drive parame	ters P1-03 an	d P1-04.	·	
	1	Enabled	Ramps are contro	lled directly by th	e Fieldbus PD	l4 Data Word.			
P5-08	PDO4	data select			0	7	0	-	
	0	Motor torq	Je	0 to 2000 = 0 to 200.0%					
	1	Motor powe	er	Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 = 4.00 kW					
	2	Digital Inpu	t Status	Bit 0 indicates d status etc	igital input 1 s	status, bit 1 in	dicates digita	l input 2	
	3	Analog Inpu	ut 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to	100.0%				
	4	Heatsink Te	mperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 1	00°C				
	5	User registe	er 1	User Defined Re	gister 1 Value				
	6	User registe	er 2	User Defined Re					
	7	P0-80 value	<u>)</u>	User Selected da	ata value				
P5-12	PDO-	3 data select			0	7	0	-	
	0	Motor curre	ent	Output current	to 1 decimal p	olace, e.g. 100	= 10.0 Amps		
	1	Motor powe	er	Output power ir					
	2	Digital inpu	t status	Bit 0 indicates d	igital input 1 s	status, bit 1 in	dicates digita	l input 2	
				status etc					
	3	Analog Inpu		0 to 1000 = 0 to		_			
	4	Heatsink Te		0 to 100 = 0 to 1					
	5	User registe		User Defined Re					
	6	User registe		User Defined Re	<u> </u>				
	7	P0-80 value	1	User Selected da	ata value				

Table 39: Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

Par	Name			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P5-13	PDI-4 function select			0	1	0	-		
	0	Fieldbus ramps	deceleration ran	st be selected if the drive acceleration and mps are to be controlled from the fieldbus. P5-07 t to 1 to enable this function.					
	1	User register 4	The value received by the drive in PDI 4 is transferred to User Registe 4. This option allows the function of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, User Register 4 should no be written to within any PLC function code, although the value can b read.						
P5-14	PDI-3 f	unction select		0	2	0	-		
	0	Torque reference / limitThis option must be selected if the drive output torque limit / setpoint is to be controlled from the fieldbus. This also requires setting P4-06 = 3.							
	1	PID reference	This option allows the setpoint to the PID controller to be received from the Fieldbus. In order for this option to be used, P9-38 must be set to 1, and the PID User setpoint must not be utilised within the PLC function.						
	2	User register 3	The value receive 3. This option all defined in Param be written to wit read.	ows the funct neter Group 9	tion of the pro . In this case,	ocess data wo User Register	rd to be 3 should not		
P5-15	Modbu	is response delay		0	16	0	Chr		
	Allows the user to configure an additional delay between the drive receiving a request via the Modbus RTU interface, and transmitting a reply. The value entered represents the delay in addition to the minimum delay permissible according to the Modbus RTU specification, and is expressed as the number of additional characters.								
P5-16	Modbus drive address			0	273	0	-		
	The drive Modbus (and communication) address is set in P5-01 which has a maximum value of 63. If a higher Modbus address is required for a larger network, it can be set in this parameter. If this parameter is set to a value greater than 0, this address will become the Drive Modbus address. If this value is set to 0, P5-01 determines the Drive Modbus address.								

Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Emerson PACMotion VFD Studio PC software.

Par.	Function	Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Firmware upgrade	0 Disabled	0	This parameter should not be adjusted by the
		1 Update I/O & P/S		
		2 Update I/O		user.
		3 Update P/S		
P6-02	Thermal overload management	4 – 32 kHz (Model	4 kHz	Minimum Effective
		Dependent)		Switching Frequency.
P6-03	Auto reset time delay	1 – 60 Seconds	20 s	
P6-04	Relay output hysteresis	0.0 – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-05	Encoder feedback	0 Disabled	0	
		1 Enabled		
P6-06	Encoder PPR	0 - 65535	0	
P6-07	Speed error trip threshold	0.0 - 100.0%	5.0%	
P6-08	Maximum pulse input frequency	0 – 20 kHz	0 kHz	
P6-09	Speed droop	0.0 – 25.0%	0.0%	
P6-10	Function Block program	0 Disabled	0	
		1 Enabled		
P6-11	Speed hold time on enable	0 – 250 s	0 s	
P6-12	Speed hold / DC inj. time on stop	0 – 250 s	0 s	
P6-13	Hoist brake release time	0.0 – 5.0 s	0.2 s	
P6-14	Hoist brake apply time	0.0 – 5.0 s	0.3 s	
P6-15	Hoist brake pre-torque level	0.0 - 200.0%	8.0%	
P6-16	Hoist brake pre-torque time limit	0.0 – 25.0 s	5.0 s	
P6-17	Maximum torque limit time	0.0 – 25.0 s	0.0 s	
P6-18	DC injection current	0.0 – 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-19	Brake resistor resistance	Model Dependent	I	
P6-20	Brake resistor power	Model Dependent		
P6-21	Brake chopper under temp. duty	0.0 - 20.0%	2.0%	
P6-22	Cooling fan run time reset	0 No Reset	0	
		1 Reset		
P6-23	Energy meters reset	0 No Reset	0	
		1 Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance time interval	0 – 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset maintenance indicator	0 No Reset	0	
1025		1 Reset		
P6-26	Analog output AO1 scaling	0.0 - 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog output AO1 offset	-500.0 - 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	P0-80 index select	0 - 200	0	
P6-29	User default parameters	0 No Function	0	
		1 Save user parameters		
		2 Clear user parameters		
P6-30	Advance access code	0 – 9999	201	
10.00			201	

Table 40: Parameter Group 6 – Advanced Configuration

Table 41: Parameter Group 7 – Motor Control

Par.	Function	Se	tting Range	Default	Notes		
P7-01	Motor stator resistance Rs	0.000 - 65.535		Drive Dependent	Motor data, measured or calculated during the autotune.		
P7-02	Motor rotor resistance	0.000 – 65.535					
P7-03	Motor stator inductance Lsd	0.0000 - 1.0000			P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC		
P7-04	Magnetising current ld	Drive Dependent			Motors.		
P7-05	Motor leakage coefficient	0.000 - 0.250			P7-06 is used only for PM motors.		
P7-06	Motor stator inductance Lsq	0.0000 – 1.0000					
P7-07	Enhanced generator mode		0 Disable 0		Improves motor control in applications		
		1	Enable		with high regenerative power requirement.		
P7-08	Motor parameter adaption	0	Disabled	0	Enables motor parameter adaptation,		
			Enable		intended to compensate for changes in the motor temperature during operation		
P7-09	Over-voltage current limit	0.0	0 – 100.0%	5.0%			
P7-10	Load inertia factor		600	10			
P7-11	Minimum output pulse width		500	150			
P7-12	Magnetising time	0 – 5000 ms		Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.		
P7-13	Speed control D- gain	0.0 - 400%		0.00	Derivative speed loop gain applied in Vector control modes.		
P7-14	Low frequency torque boost	0.0 – 100.0%		0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.		
P7-15	Torque boost frequency limit	0.0 – 50.0%		0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.		
P7-16	PM motor signal injection		Disabled	0			
			Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period				
			Signal Injection at Low Speed				
		3	Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period and at Low Speed				
P7-17	Signal injection level	0 -	100	10			
P7-18	Over modulation		Disabled	0			
		1	Enable				
P7-19	Modulation mode		3-Phase Modulation	0			
			2-Phase Modulation				

Table 42: Parameter Group 8 – Additional Ramps and Functions

Par.	Function	Setting Range	Default	Notes
P8-01	Acceleration ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0 s	5.0 s	
P8-02	Acceleration ramp 1-2 speed	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-03	Acceleration ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0 s	5.0 s	
P8-04	Acceleration ramp 2 - 3 speed	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-05	Acceleration ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0 s	5.0 s	
P8-06	Acceleration ramp 3 - 4 speed	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-07	Deceleration ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0 s	5.0 s	
P8-08	Deceleration ramp 4 -3 speed	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-09	Deceleration ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0 s	5.0 s	
P8-10	Deceleration ramp 3 -2 speed	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-11	Deceleration ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0 s	5.0 s	
P8-12	Deceleration ramp 2 -1 speed	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-13	Ramp selection control	0 Digital input selection	0	
		1 Speed based selection	U	

Table 43: Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

e only adjusta e control func ming environr 0	ect the source of the various ble if P1-13 = 0. This allows tions, and interaction with the ment.
e control func ming environr 0 20, allow selec	tions, and interaction with the ment.
ming environr 0 20, allow selec	ment.
0 20, allow selec	
20, allow selec	ction of several speed reference
	ction of several speed reference
5.	
	These parameters - II 4
	These parameters allow the user to override the normal
	parameter control source
	for the associated function,
	allowing interaction with
·	the internal Function Block programming environment.
-	-1
-	-1
-	-
	0 ital 0 ital

Parameter Group 0 – Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

	Parameter Group 0 – Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)	11.1
Par.	Function	Units
P0-01	Analog Input 1 value	%
P0-02	Analog Input 2 value	%
P0-03	Digital Input status	N/A
P0-04	Speed controller reference	Hz / RPM
P0-05	Torque controller reference	%
P0-06	Digital speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-07	Fieldbus speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-08	PID reference	%
P0-09	PID feedback	%
P0-10	PID output	%
P0-11	Motor voltage	V
P0-12	Output torque	%
P0-13	Trip log	N/A
P0-14	Magnetising current (id)	A
P0-15	Rotor current (iq)	A
P0-16	DC bus voltage ripple	V
P0-17	Motor stator resistance Rs	Ω
P0-18	Motor stator inductance Lsd	Н
P0-19	Motor rotor resistance	Ω
P0-20	DC bus voltage	V
P0-21	Heatsink temperature	°C
P0-22	Remaining time to next service	Hours
P0-23	Time heatsink temperature >85°C	HH:MM:SS
P0-24	Time internal temperature > 80°C	HH:MM:SS
P0-25	Estimated rotor speed	Hz / RPM
P0-26	kWh meter	kWh
P0-27	MWh meter	MWh
P0-28	Software version	N/A
P0-29	Drive type	/ N/A
P0-30	Serial number	N/A
P0-31	Total operating time	HH:MM:SS
P0-32	Run time since last trip 1	HH:MM:SS
P0-33	Runtime since last trip 2	HH:MM:SS
P0-34	Run time since last enable	HH:MM:SS
P0-35	Cooling fan operating lifetime	Hours
P0-36	DC bus voltage log	V
P0-37	DC bus voltage ripple log	V
P0-38	Heatsink temperature log	°C
P0-39	Internal temperature log	°C
P0-40	Motor current log	A
P0-41	Over current trip count	N/A
P0-42	Over voltage trip count	N/A
P0-43	Under voltage trip count	N/A
P0-44	Heatsink over temp.trip count	N/A
P0-45	Brake over current trip count	N/A
P0-46	Internal over temp. trip count	N/A
P0-47	Control PCB comms. fault count	N/A
P0-48	Power PCB comms. fault count	N/A
P0-48	Modbus RTU comms. fault count	N/A
P0-49	CANbus comms. fault count	N/A
P0-50 P0-51	PDI registers	
P0-51 P0-52		N/A
PU-32	PDO registers	N/A

Table 44: Parameter Group 0 – Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Par.	Function	Units
P0-53	U phase current offset / ref	N/A
P0-54	V phase current offset / ref	N/A
P0-56	Brake max. on time & duty cycle	N/A
P0-57	Ud / Uq internal values	N/A
P0-58	Encoder measured speed	Hz / RPM
P0-59	Frequency Input speed	Hz / RPM
P0-60	Calculated Slip speed	Hz / RPM
P0-61	Relay speed hysteresis	Hz / RPM
P0-62	Droop speed	Hz / RPM
P0-63	Post ramp speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-64	Actual Eff. switching frequency	kHz
P0-65	Drive total power on liftime	HH:MM:SS
P0-66	Function block program ID	N/A
P0-67	Overload Integration level	%
P0-68	User ramp value	S
P0-69	I2C error counter	N/A
P0-70	Option module ID	N/A
P0-71	Fieldbus module ID	N/A
P0-72	Internal temperature	°C
P0-73	24 Hour timer value	Minute
P0-74	L1 Input voltage	V
P0-75	L2 Input voltage	V
P0-76	L3 Input voltage	V
P0-77	Encoder pulse count	N/A
P0-78	Test parameter 3/4	N/A
P0-79	Boot & MC version	N/A
P0-80	P6-28 selected value	N/A

Serial Communications

RS-485 Communications

PACMotion VFD has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Emerson's communication Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / CANBus. Both connections can be used simultaneously. The communication connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (E.g. PROFINET) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled. The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:

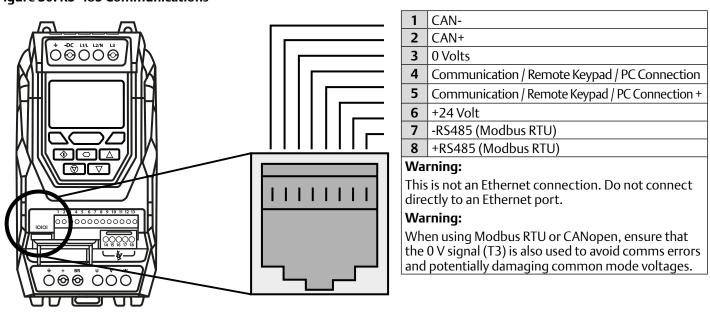


Figure 30: RS-485 Communications

- The communication data link is only used for connection of Emerson peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section Modbus RTU Communications on page 78.

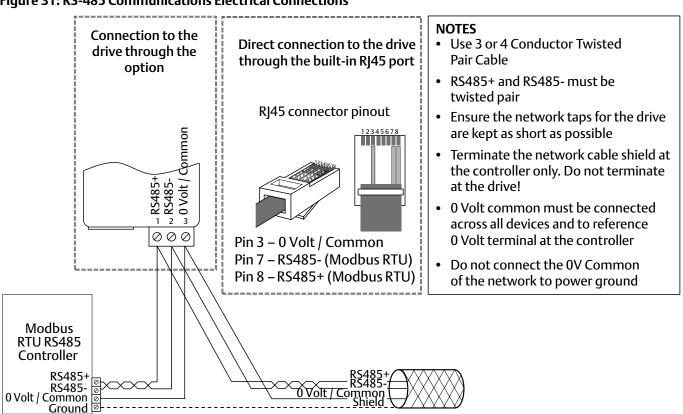


Figure 31: RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections

Modbus RTU and CANbus connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown above, in section RS-485 Communications.

- Modbus RTU and CANbus networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages on the drive terminals:
 - o RS485+
 - o RS485-
 - o 0 Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120 Ohms.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the 0 volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the 0 Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120 Ohms) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

Modbus RTU Communications

Modbus Telegram Structure

The PACMotion VFD supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Multiple Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register 0; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detailed in section Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the PACMotion VFD.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive provided that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
400001	Command		R/W	Command control word used to control the PACMotion VFD when operating
	Word		'	with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows:
				Bit 0 : Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.
				Bit 1 : Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp.
				Bit 2 : Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive.
				This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared.
				Bit 3 : Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.
400002	Commano Reference		R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0 Hz.
400003	Command Torque Reference		R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%.
400004	Command times	l Ramp	R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00 s).
300006	Error	Drive	R	This register contains 2 bytes.
	code	status		The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows:
				Bit 0 : 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running).
				Bit 1 : 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped.
				Bit 2 : No Function.
				Bit 3 : 0 = Drive Ready (STO Input Closed), 1 = Drive Inhibit (STO Input Open).
				Bit 4 : Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached.
				Bit 5 : 0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active.
				Bit 6 : 0 = Drive Not Ready, 1 = Drive Ready (Mains Power applied, No Inhibit, No Trip, Enable Input Present).
				Bit 7 : No Function.
				The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section Fault Messages on page 90 for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information.
300007	Output Fre	equency	R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.
300008	Output Cu	ırrent	R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.
300009	Output To	rque	R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
300010	Output Po	wer	R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.
300011	Digital Inp	out Status	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit 0 = Digital Input 1 etc.
300020	Analog 1 L	evel	R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
300021	Analog 2 L	evel	R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
300022	Pre Ramp	Speed Ref	R	Internal drive frequency setpoint.
300023	DC bus vo	ltages	R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts.
300024	Drive tem	perature	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C.

Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number, e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten, e.g. Read Value of P1-01 = 500, therefore this is 50.0 Hz.

For further details on communicating with PACMotion VFDs using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local Emerson Sales Partner.

CAN Open Communication

Overview

The CANopen communication profile in the PACMotion VFD is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

Basic Operation Setup

The CANopen communication function is enabled by default after power up however in order to use any control functions through CANopen, Parameter P1-12 must be set to 6.

The CAN communication baud rate can is selected by parameter P5-02. Available baud rates are 125 kbps, 250 kbps, 500 kbps, 1 Mbps. Default settings is 500 kbps.

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P5-01 with a default value of 1.

COB ID and Functions

PACMotion VFD provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

Table 46: Messages and COB-IDs

Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	000h	Network management.
Sync	080h	Synchronous message.
		COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message.
		COB-ID can be configured to other value.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported.
		COB-ID can be configured to other value.

NOTE

- 1. The PACMotion VFD SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- 2. The PACMotion VFD can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped, however PDO2 is disabled by default. Table 2 gives the default PDO mapping information.
- 3. Customer configuration (mapping) will NOT be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

Default PDO Mapping

Table 47: PDO Default Mapping

Туре	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission		
RX	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register	254		
PDO 1	2	2001h	Integer 16	Speed reference	Valid immediately		
	3	2002h	Integer 16	Torque reference			
	4	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference			
ТХ	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register	254		
PDO1	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	Send after		
	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16	Motor current	receiving RX		
	4	200Eh	Integer 16	Motor torque	PDO1		
SDO (RX)	1	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254		
Error	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy			
Control	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy			
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy			
TX	1	200Fh	Unsigned 16	Motor power	254		
PDO2	2	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature			
	3	2011h	Unsigned 16	DC bus value			
	4	200Ch	Integer 16	Motor speed (Internal data format)			

Drive control can only be achieved when P1-12=6

Supported PDO Transmission Types

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO.

For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

Table 48: RX PDO Transmission Mode

Transmission Type	Mode	Description
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

Table 49: TX PDO Transmission Mode

Transmission Type	Mode	Description
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.
1 - 240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are necessary to trigger TX PDO.
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will be transferred at anytime following a PDO data value change.

Table 50: CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
1000h	0	Device type	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0
1001h	0	Error register	RO	Unsigned 8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer status register	RO	Unsigned 16		0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer device name	RO	String	N	ODP2
1009h	0	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	String	N	x.xx
100Ah	0	Manufacturer software version	RO	String	N	x.xx
100Ch	0	Guard time [1 ms]	RW	Unsigned 16		0
100Dh	0	Life time factor	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
1014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RW	Unsigned 32		00000080h+Node ID
1015h	0	Inhibit time emergency [100 us]	RW	Unsigned 16		0
1017h	0	Producer heart beat time [1 ms]	RW	Unsigned 16		0
1018h	0	Identity object No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	4
101011	1	Vendor ID	RO	Unsigned 32		0x0000031A
	2	Product code	RO	Unsigned 32		Drive depended
	3	Revision number	RO	Unsigned 32		x.xx
	4	Serial number	RO		N	e.g. 1234/56/789
1200h	0	SDO parameter No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
120011	1	COB-ID client -> server (RX)	RO		N	2 00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID server -> client (TX)	RO	Unsigned 32		00000580h+Node ID
1400h	0	RX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
140011	1	RX PDO1 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO1 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	254
1401h	0	RX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
140111	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	2 C0000300h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO2 cob-iD RX PDO2 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
1600h	0	RX PDO2 transmission type RX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
100011	1	RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		20000010h
	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		20020010h
	4	RX PDO1 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		20020010h
1601h	0	RX PDO1 4th mapped object RX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
100111	1		RW	-		4 00060010h
		RX PDO2 1st mapped object RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32 Unsigned 32		00060010h
	2 3		RW	Unsigned 32		00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object				00060010h
10006		RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		
1800h	0	TX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3 40000180h Mada ID
	2	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RW RW	Unsigned 32	N N	40000180h+Node ID 254
	3	TX PDO1 transmission type		Unsigned 8		0
10016	0	TX PDO1 Inhibit time [100 us]	RW			3
1801h	0	TX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	
		TX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
1400	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time [100 us]	RW	Unsigned 16		0
1A00h	0	TX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
		TX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		200A0010h
	2	TX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		200B0010h
	3	TX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		200D0010h
1404	4	TX PDO1 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		200E0010h
1A01h	0	TX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO2 1st mapped object	RW		N	200F0010h
	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		20100010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32		20110010h
	4	TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	Ν	200C0010h

Manufacturer Specific Object Table

The following table shows some of the manufacturer specific object dictionary for PACMotion VFD.

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2000h	0	Control command register	RW	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
2001h	0	Speed reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	500 = 50.0 Hz
2002h	0	Torque reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	1000 = 100.0%
2003h	0	User ramp reference	RW	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 5.00s
200Ah	0	Drive status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
200Bh	0	Motor speed Hz	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 50.0 Hz
200Dh	0	Motor current	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	123 = 12.3 A
200Eh	0	Motor torque	RO	Integer 16	Y	4096 = 100.0%
200Fh	0	Motor power	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	1234 = 12.34 kW
2010h	0	Drive temperature	RO	Integer 16	Y	30 = 30°C
2011h	0	DC bus value	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2012h	0	Digital input status	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2013h	0	Analog input 1 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2014h	0	Analog input 2 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2015h	0	Analog output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2016h	0	Analog output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2017h	0	relay output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2018h	0	relay output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2019h	0	relay output 3 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201Ah	0	relay output 4 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201Bh	0	relay output 5 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ah	0	Kilowatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Bh	0	Megawatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Ch	0	KWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Dh	0	MWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Eh	0	Total run hours	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Fh	0	Total run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2040h	0	Current run hours (Since last enable)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2041h	0	Current run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2042h	0	Time to next service	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2043h	0	Room Temperature	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2044h	0	Speed controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2045h	0	Torque controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2046h	0	Digital pot speed reference	RO	Unsigned 16		

Table 51: Manufacturer Specific Object Table

Table 52: Object 2000h : Control Command Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0													Normal Operation		Stop	
1													Coast Stop	Reset	Fast Stop	Run

Table 53: Object 200Ah : Drive Status Register

Status /	Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0										No						Drive Healthy	Drive Disabled
1		Drive	Drive Trip Code								tion	In Standby	Maintenance Time reached	Inhibit	No Function	Drive Tripped	Drive Enabled

Technical Data

Environmental

Table 54: Environmental Data

Ambient Temperature	Storage and Transportation	All Units	-40 60°C / -40 140°F	
	Operating	IP20 Units	-10 50°C / 14 122°F	
		IP55 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section Table 62: Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 88)
		IP66 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section Table 62: Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 88)
Altitude	Operating	All Units	=<1000 m	With UL approval
			=<4000 m	With derating (refer to section Table 63: Derating for Altitude on page 88)
Relative Humidity	Operating	All Units	< 95%	Non-condensing, frost and moisture free

Input/Output Power and Current Ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various PACMotion VFD models. Emerson always recommend that selection of the correct PACMotion VFD is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Please note that the maximum cable length stated in the following tables indicate the maximum permissible cable length for the drive hardware and does not take into consideration EMC compliance.

	Powe Rating	-		nput Fuse or MCB Current (Type B)							Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.6	16	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	1.5	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35

Table 55: 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%),1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Table 56: 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power Input Rating Current		Input Current	Fuse or (Type B		Maxi Size	mum Cable	Rated Output Current	Maximu Cable L		Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	5.7	10	10	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	2	10.5	16	15	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	13.2	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	100	330	35
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	20
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	32	35	8	8	24	100	330	20
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	40	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	15	20	63.9	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	18.5	25	74.0	100	90	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	22	30	99.1	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6A	22	30	80.6	100	100	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	30	40	121.0	160	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6B	30	40	97.8	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	37	50	159.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6B	37	50	139.7	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	45	50	187.5	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	45	60	163.4	200	200	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	55	75	185.9	250	225	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	55	50	206.5	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	75	50	246.3	315	300	150	300MCM	248	100	330	6

Frame Size	Powe Ratin		Input	Fuse or		Maxi Size	mum Cable			m Motor	
Size	kW	g HP	Current A	Non UL	ř	mm	AWG/kcmil	Current A	Cable L m	ft	Brake Resistance Ω
2	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21.8	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	34.2	50	45	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	44.1	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	66.1	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	77.3	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	102.7	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6A	45	60	83.5	125	110	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	75	126.4	125	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6A	55	75	102.2	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	75	100	164.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6B	75	100	144.1	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	192.1	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	90	150	167.4	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	110	175	189.8	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	110	175	210.8	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	241.0	315	300	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	299.0	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	377.2	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	3
8	250	350	458.7	600	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330	3

Table 57: 380 – 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Table 58: 480 – 525 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Powe Rating	-	Input Current	nput Fuse or MCB Max Current (Type B) Size							Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
7	132		192	250		150	300MCM	185	100	330	7
7	160		215	315		150	300MCM	205	100	330	7
7	185		262	315		150	300MCM	255	100	330	7
7	200		275	400		150	300MCM	275	100	330	7

Frame Size	Powe Ratin	-	Input Current	Fuse or (Type B		Maxiı Size	num Cable	Rated Output Current	Maximu Cable L		Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.5	10	6	8	8	2.1	100	330	600
2	1.5	2	3.7	10	6	8	8	3.1	100	330	300
2	2.2	3	4.9	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	4	5	7.8	10	10	8	8	6.5	100	330	150
2	5.5	7.5	10.8	16	15	8	8	9	100	330	100
3	7.5	10	14.4	16	20	8	8	12	100	330	80
3	11	15	20.6	25	30	8	8	17	100	330	50
3	15	20	26.7	32	35	8	8	22	100	330	33
4	18.5	25	34	40	45	16	5	28	100	330	33
4	22	30	41.2	50	60	16	5	34	100	330	22
4	30	40	49.5	63	70	16	5	43	100	330	22
5	37	50	62.2	80	80	35	2	54	100	330	16
5	45	60	75.8	100	100	35	2	65	100	330	12
6	55	75	90.9	125	125	150	300MCM	78	100	330	12
6	75	100	108.2	125	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330	8
6	90	125	127.7	160	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330	8
6	110	150	160	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	8

Table 59: 500 – 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section Table 62: Derating for Ambient Temperature
- The drive is protected against short-circuit from power output to protective earth for all rated cable lengths, cable sizes and cable types.
- 3 phase drive can be connected to single phase supply when the output current is 50% derated.
- The maximum cable lengths stated here are based on hardware limitations and do NOT take into consideration any requirements for compliance to any EMC standards. Please see section for further information.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Emerson recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Emerson recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For IP20 Frame Size 8 the Vector Speed and Torque control modes may not operate correctly with long motor cables and output filters. It is recommended to operate in V/F mode only for cable lengths exceeding 50m.
- Supply and motor cable sizes should be dimensioned according to local codes or regulations in the country or area of installation.
- For UL compliant installation, use use only with copper stranded conductors rated 75degC, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models).

Input Power Supply Requirements

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed.
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.
	500 – 600 Volts for 600 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.
	All PACMotion VFD units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Emerson recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.
Frequency	50 – 60 Hz + / - 5% Variation.

Table 60: Input Power Supply Requirements

Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

PACMotion VFD is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Table 61: Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

Input Power Supply Requirements								
	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current				
Short Circuit	All	All	All	100 kA rms (AC)				
Capacity	Amperes, 600 Volts		cted by Class @B fuses,	0kA rms Symmetrical , rated Maximum @A (where Power and Current Ratings				
Incoming power s	upply connection mu	st be according to sectio	on Incoming Power Cor	inection.				
) units are intended fo own in section Enviro	or indoor installation wit onmental.	hin controlled environ	nents which meet the				
				. Branch circuit protection ocal codes or equivalent.				
Suitable Power and and Current Rating		l be selected according t	to the data shown in se	ction Input/Output Power				
Power cable conne	ections and tightening	g torques are shown in se	ection Installation Follo	owing a Period of Storage.				
PACMotion VFD p	ovides motor overloa	d protection in accorda	nce with the National E	lectrical Code (US).				
 Where a moto by setting P4- 		ted, or not utilised, Ther	mal Overload Memory	Retention must be enabled				
		and connected to the dr lotor Terminal Box Conn		e carried out according to				
	nown below, suitable ⁻			le of this equipment and rotection for a rated impulse				
Supply Voltage Ra		Phase-Phase Surge Prote Voltage Rating	ection Phase-G Voltage	round Surge Protection Rating				
200 - 240V AC + /	- 10%	230V AC	230V AC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
380 - 480V AC + /	C + / - 10% 480V AC 480V AC							
500 - 600V AC + /	- 10%	500V AC	600V AC					
interrupted. To recontroller should b	luce the risk of fire or		arrying parts and othe	it a fault has been r components of the nent of an overload relay				

Attention Le déclenchement du dispositif de protection du circuit de dérivation peut être dû à une coupure qui résulte d'un courant de défaut. Pour limiter le risque d'incendie ou de choc électrique, examiner les pièces porteuses de courant et les autres éléments du contrôleur et les remplacer s'ils sont endommagés. En cas de grillage de l'élément traversé par le courant dans un relais de surcharge, le relais tout entier doit être remplacé.

Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is required when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (Non UL Approved).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/ 3281 ft.
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than 8 kHz for IP20 models and 4 kHz for IP55/IP66 models.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

Table 62: Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

Table 63: Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible (UL Approved)	Maximum Permissible (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281 ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281 ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281 ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

Table 64: Derating for Switching Frequency

Enclosure	Switching I	Switching Frequency (Where available)									
Туре	4 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	24 kHz	32 kHz					
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%					
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A					
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%					

Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4 kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12 kHz switching frequency and 45° C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12 kHz, 25% derating 9.5 Amps x 75% = 7.1 Amps

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above 40° C = 5 x 2.5% = 12.5% 7.1 Amps x 87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above 1000m = 10 x 1% = 10% 7.9 Amps x 90% = 5.5 Amps continuous current available.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected.
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure

IP20 Drive Models

All PACMotion VFD models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

Figure 32: Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely.

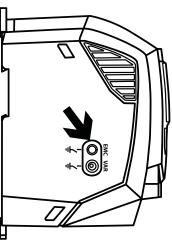


Figure 33: Frame Size 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.

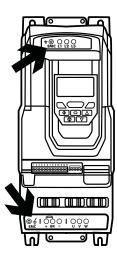


Figure 34: Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.

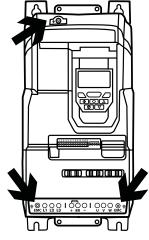
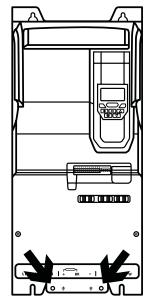


Figure 35: Frame Size 6A/6B

Frame Size 6A/6B units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Emerson Approved Service Partners.

Troubleshooting

Fault Messages

Table 65: Derating for Ambient Temperature

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
No fault	00	No Fault	Displayed in P0-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
Brake over current	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 84.
			Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
Brake resistor overload	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes.
			To reduce the load on the resistor, increase the deceleration time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
Over current	03	Over current trip	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable
			Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits.
			Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition.
			Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09.
			If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor.
			Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11.
			Increase the ramp up time in P1-03.
			If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly.
			Fault Occurs When Running
			If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03.
Motor thermal	04	Drive has tripped on overload after	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load.
overload		delivering >100% of value in P1-08 for a	Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2.
		period of time	Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09.
			If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor.
			Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.
Power stage trip	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
Over voltage	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in P0-20.
			A historical log is stored at 256 ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-36.
			This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected.
			If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive.
			If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03.
			If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action				
Under	07	Under voltage on DC	This occurs routinely when power is switched off.				
voltage		bus	If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.				
Over	08	Heatsink over	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in P0-21.				
temperature		temperature	A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-38.				
trip			Check the drive ambient temperature.				
			Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating.				
			Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections Mechanical Dimensions and Weight on page 15 to Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 21 has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted.				
			Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24.				
			Reduce the load on the motor / drive.				
Under temperature trip	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. The temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.				
Load default parameters	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application.				
External trip	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor connected check if the motor is too hot.				
Optibus serial comms fault	12	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.				
Excessive dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter P0-16.				
bus ripple			A historical log is stored at 20 ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-37. Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance.				
			Reduce the motor load.				
			If the fault persists, contact your local Emerson Sales Partner.				
Input phase loss	14	Input phase loss	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.				
Hardware over current	15	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.				
Thermistor	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	Refer to your Emerson Sales Partner.				
I/o processor	17	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded.				
data error		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.				
4-20ma signal out of range	18	4-20 mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3 mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the PACMotion VFD terminals.				
M/c	19	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded.				
processor data error			Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.				
User parameter default	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.				
Motor ptc over heat	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip.				
Cooling fan fault	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.				

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action				
Ambient temp too high	23	Ambient Temperature High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating.				
			Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections Mechanical Dimensions and Weight on page 15 to Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 21 has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted.				
			Increase the cooling airflow to the drive.				
			Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.				
High motor	24	Maximum Torque Limit	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold.				
current		Exceeded	Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time.				
Low motor current	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2-18 = 8. The torque developed prior to releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local Emerson Sales Partner for further information using the PACMotion VFD in hoist applications.				
Drive output fault	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.				
Fault in sto circuit	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Emerson Sales Partner.				
Encoder comms loss	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss.				
Encoder speed error	31	Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed. In Hoist Mode Operation, this protection is always active even if no encoder is fitted. The motor speed deviates from the intended motor speed by an error greater than that set in the limit parameter P6-07.				
Incorrect ppr count	32	Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameter P6-06.				
Encoder channel a fault	33	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault.				
Encoder channel b fault	34	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault.				
Encoder channel a/b fault	35	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault.				
Stator r unbalance	40	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.				
Stator r too large	41		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.				
Inductance too low	42		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.				
Inductance too large	43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.				
Params not convergent	44		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.				
Input sequence error	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.				
Motor output phase loss	49	Output Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.				

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action				
Modbus comms fault	50	Modbus Comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05.				
			Check the network master / PLC is still operating.				
			Check the connection cables.				
			Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.				
Canopen comms fault	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog tim limit set in P5-05.				
			Check the network master / PLC is still operating.				
			Check the connection cables.				
			Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.				
Anybus comms fault	52	Communications Option Module Fault	Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost.				
			Check the module is correctly inserted.				
lo card	53	IO card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost.				
comms fault			Check the module is correctly inserted.				

China RoHS Hazardous Material Declaration Table

表1: 有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量		
Table 1: Names and contents of toxic or hazardous substances or ele		
0 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在GB/T 26572规定的限量要求以下		O: Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials used for this part is below the limit requirement in GB/T 26572
x 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出GB/T 26572规定的限量要求。		X: Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in GB/T 26572
环保期限(EFUP)的产品及其部件是每个列出的符号·除非另有标明。使用期限 只适用于产品在产品手册中规定的条件下工作		The Environmentally Friendly Period (EFUP) for the product and its parts are per the symbol listed, unless otherwise marked. Use period is valid only when the product is operated under the conditions defined in the product manual

		有毒有害物质或元素						
	Toxic or Hazardous Substances or elements							
部件识别码	部件名称	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯醚	
Part ID	Part name					Polybrominated biphenlys (PBB)	Polybrominated diphenly ethers (PBDE)	China EFUP
IC866-XXXX-XXX-20	PACMotion VFD		0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-XXXX-XXX-2P	PACMotion VFD	X	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-XXXX-XXX-50	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-XXXX-XXX-5P	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-XXXX-XXX-60	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-XXXX-XXX-6P	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-BLUE	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-EKPD	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-OC-HTL	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-OC-TTL	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-OC-IO	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-CABL-USB485	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-CABL-B-5	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-CABL-B-10	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-CABL-B-30	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-CABL-TR	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-CABL-SPLIT	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-OC-E	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-OC-P	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-OC-M	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-BR-XXX-XXX-21	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-BR-XXX-XXX-51	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-ICH-XXX-XXX-00	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-ICH-XXX-XXX-20	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1
IC866-ICH-XXX-XXX-60	PACMotion VFD	Х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-OCH-XXX-XXX-00	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-OCH-XXX-XXX-20	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC866-OCH-XXX-XXX-60	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-EEF-XXX-XXX-00	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-EEF-XXX-XXX-20	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
IC866-EEF-XXX-XXX-60	PACMotion VFD	х	0	0	0	0	0	0

General Contact Information

Home link:http://www.emerson.com/industrial-automation-controlsKnowledge Base:https://www.emerson.com/industrial-automation-controls/support

Technical Support

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Any escalation request should be sent to: mas.sfdcescalation@emerson.com

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