Valid as of version 01.02 (device version)

Products

Solutions

Services

Operating Instructions **iTEMP TMT82**

Dual-input temperature transmitter











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1 Important document information

1.1 Function of document and how to use

1.1.1 **Document function**

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.1.2 Safety Instructions (XA)

When using in hazardous areas, compliance with national regulations is mandatory. Separate Ex-specific documentation is provided for measuring systems that are used in hazardous areas. This documentation is an integral part of these Operating Instructions. The installation specifications, connection data and safety instructions it contains must be strictly observed! Make sure that you use the right Ex-specific documentation for the right device with approval for use in hazardous areas! The number of the specific Ex documentation (XA...) is provided on the nameplate. If the two numbers (on the Ex documentation and the nameplate) are identical, then you may use this Ex-specific documentation.

1.1.3 **Functional** safety



Please refer to Safety Manual SD01172T/09 for the use of approved devices in protective systems according to IEC 61508.

1.2 **Symbols**

1.2.1 Safety symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|-----------------------|---|
| A0011189-EN | DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury. |
| A0011191-EN | CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury. |
| NOTICE A0011192-EN | NOTE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury. |

1.2.2 **Electrical symbols**

| Symbol | Meaning |
|----------|--|
| A0011197 | Direct current A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows. |
| A0011198 | Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage (sine-wave) is applied or through which alternating current flows. |

| Symbol | Meaning |
|----------|---|
| | Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system. |
| A0011199 | Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections. |
| A0011201 | Equipotential connection A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice. |

1.2.3 Symbols and notation for certain types of information

| Symbol | Meaning |
|------------|--|
| A0011182 | Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed. |
| A0011183 | Preferred Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred. |
| A0011184 | Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden. |
| A0011193 | Tip Indicates additional information. |
| A0011194 | Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation. |
| A0011195 | Reference to page Refers to the corresponding page number. |
| A0011196 | Reference to graphic Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number. |
| 1., 2., 3. | Series of steps |
| V | Result of a sequence of actions |

1.2.4 Symbols and notation in graphics

| Symbol | Meaning |
|----------------|--|
| 1,2,3 | Item numbers |
| A, B, C, | Views |
| A-A, B-B, C-C, | Sections |
| A0011187 | Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area. |
| A0011188 | Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates the non-hazardous area. |

1.3 Tool symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|----------|------------------------|
| | Flat blade screwdriver |
| A0011220 | |
| 96 | Crosstip screwdriver |
| A0011219 | |
| | Allen key |
| A0011221 | |
| AS . | Open-ended wrench |
| A0011222 | |
| 0 | Torx screwdriver |
| A0013442 | |

1.4 Further standard device documentation

| Document | Purpose and content of the document |
|--|--|
| Technical Information TIO1010T/09/en | Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device. |
| Brief Operating Instructions KA01095T/09/en | Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning. |

The document types listed are available:
In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site: www.endress.com →
Download

1.5 Registered trademarks

HART®

Registered trademark of the $HART^{\circledR}$ FieldComm Group

iTEMP TMT82 Basic safety instructions

2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations
- ▶ Before beginning work, the specialist staff must have read and understood the instructions in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation as well as in the certificates (depending on the application)
- ▶ Following instructions and basic conditions

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Being instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator
- ► Following the instructions in these Operating Instructions

2.2 Designated use

The device is a universal and user-configurable temperature transmitter with either one or two sensor inputs for for a resistance thermometer (RTD), thermocouples (TC), resistance and voltage transmitters. The head transmitter version of the device is intended for mounting in a terminal head (flat face) as per DIN EN 50446. It is also possible to mount the device on a DIN rail using the optional DIN rail clip. The device is also optionally available in a version suitable for DIN rail mounting as per IEC 60715 (TH35).

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

2.3 Operational safety

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

Hazardous area

To eliminate a danger for persons or for the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.q. explosion protection or safety equipment):

- ▶ Based on the technical data on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area. The nameplate can be found on the side of the transmitter housing.
- ▶ Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation that is an integral part of these Instructions.

Electromagnetic compatibility

The measuring system complies with the general safety requirements as per EN 61010-1, the EMC requirements as per the IEC/EN 61326 series and the NAMUR recommendations NE 21.

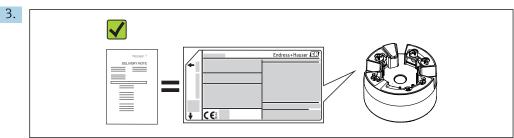
NOTICE

► The device must only be powered by a power unit that operates using an energy-limited electric circuit according to UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, chapter 9.4 and requirements of table 18.

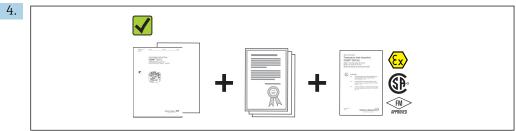
3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

3.1 Incoming acceptance

- 1. Unpack the temperature transmitter carefully. Is the packaging or content damaged?
 - Damaged components may not be installed as the manufacturer can otherwise not guarantee compliance with the original safety requirements or the material resistance, and can therefore not be held responsible for any resulting damage.
- 2. Is the delivery complete or is anything missing? Check the scope of delivery against your order.



Does the nameplate match the ordering information on the delivery note?



A0024858

Are the technical documentation and all other necessary documents provided? If applicable: are the Safety Instructions (e.g. XA) for hazardous areas provided?

If one of these conditions is not satisfied, contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center.

3.2 Product identification

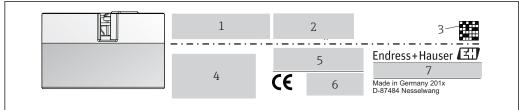
The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial number from the nameplate in the *W@M Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): All data relating to the device and an overview of the Technical Documentation supplied with the device are displayed.
- Enter the serial number on the nameplate into the *Endress+Hauser Operations App* or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: all the information about the device and the technical documentation pertaining to the device is displayed.

3.2.1 Nameplate

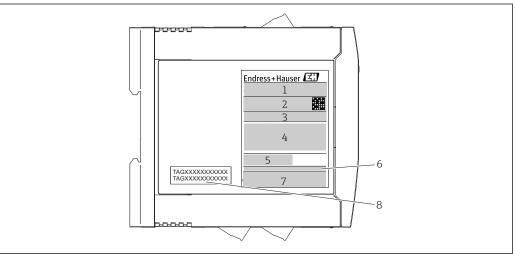
The right device?

Compare and check the data on the nameplate of the device against the requirements of the measuring point:



Δ001456

- 1 Nameplate of the head transmitter (example, Ex version)
- 1 Power supply, current consumption and extended order code
- 2 Serial number, device revision, firmware version and hardware version
- 3 Data Matrix 2D code
- 4 2 lines for the TAG name
- 5 Approval in hazardous area with number of the relevant Ex documentation (XA...)
- 6 Approvals with symbols
- 7 Order code and manufacturer ID



A0017924

- 2 Nameplate of DIN rail transmitter (example, Ex version)
- 1 Product name and manufacturer ID
- 2 Order code, extended order code and serial number, DataMatrix 2D code, FCC-ID (if applicable)
- *3 Power supply and current consumption, output*
- 4 Approval in hazardous area with number of the relevant Ex documentation (XA...)
- 5 Fieldbus communication logo
- 6 Firmware version and device revision
- 7 Approval logos
- 8 2 lines for the TAG name

3.2.2 Name and address of manufacturer

| Name of manufacturer: | Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH + Co. KG |
|--------------------------|---|
| Address of manufacturer: | Obere Wank 1, D-87484 Nesselwang or www.endress.com |

3.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery of the device comprises:

- Temperature transmitter
- Mounting material (head transmitter), optional
- Hard copy of multi-language Brief Operating Instructions
- Functional Safety Manual (SIL mode)
- Additional documentation for devices which are suitable for use in the hazardous area (② ◆ ⑤), such as Safety Instructions (XA...), Control or Installation Drawings (ZD...).

3.4 Certificates and approvals

The device left the factory in a safe operating condition. The device complies with the requirements of the standards EN 61 010-1 "Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use" and with the EMC requirements as per the IEC/EN 61326 series.

3.4.1 CE/EAC mark, Declaration of Conformity

The device meets the legal requirements of the EU/EEU guidelines. The manufacturer confirms that the device is compliant with the relevant guidelines by applying the CE/EAC mark.

3.4.2 HART® protocol certification

The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART® FieldComm Group. The device meets the requirements of the HART® Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7 (HCF 7.6).

3.4.3 Functional safety

The two device versions (head transmitter/DIN rail device) are optionally available for use in safety systems as per IEC 61508.

- SIL 2: Hardware version
- SIL 3: Software version

3.5 Transport and storage

Carefully remove all the packaging material and protective covers that are part of the transported package.

 \square Dimensions and operating conditions: $\rightarrow \square$ 56

When storing (and transporting) the device, pack it so that it is reliably protected against impact. The original packaging offers the best protection.

Storage temperature

- Head transmitter: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F)
 Option: -52 to +85 °C (-62 to +185 °F), Product Configurator, order code for "Test, Certificate, Declaration", option "JN"
- DIN rail device: -40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F)

iTEMP TMT82 Installation

4 Installation

4.1 Installation conditions

4.1.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of the device are provided in the "Technical data" section $\rightarrow \triangleq 45$.

4.1.2 Mounting location

- Head transmitter:
 - In the terminal head, flat face, as per DIN EN 50446, direct mounting on insert with cable entry (middle hole 7 mm)
 - In the field housing, separated from the process → 🖺 35
- DIN rail transmitter:

Designed for mounting on DIN rail (IEC 60715 TH35).

It is also possible to mount the head transmitter on a DIN rail as per IEC 60715 using the DIN rail clip as accessory. $\rightarrow \blacksquare 35$

When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed (see Ex Safety Instructions).

4.2 Installation

A Phillips head screwdriver is required to mount the head transmitter.

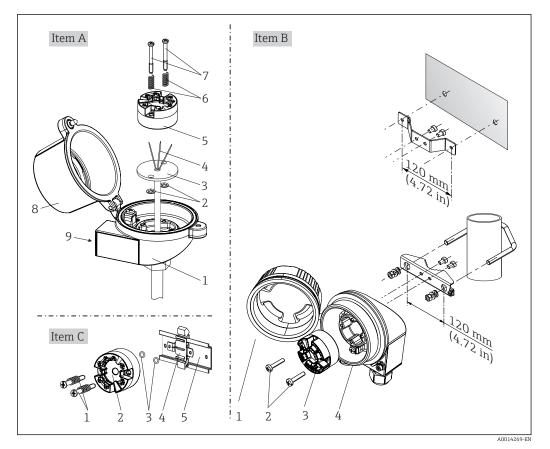
NOTICE

Do not overtighten the mounting screws as this could damage the head transmitter.

► Maximum torque = 1 Nm (¾ pound-feet).

Installation iTEMP TMT82

4.2.1 Mounting the head transmitter



■ 3 Head transmitter mounting (three versions)

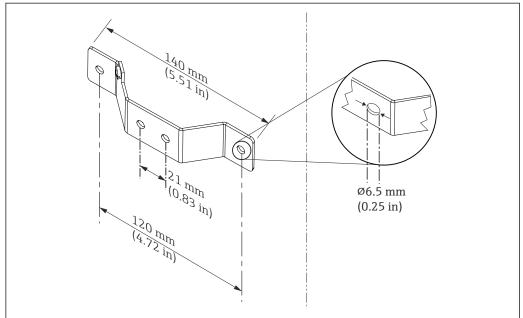
| Item A | Mounting in a terminal head (terminal head flat face as per DIN 43729) |
|--------|--|
| 1 | Terminal head |
| 2 | Circlips |
| 3 | Insert |
| 4 | Connection wires |
| 5 | Head transmitter |
| 6 | Mounting springs |
| 7 | Mounting screws |
| 8 | Terminal head cover |
| 9 | Cable entry |

Procedure for mounting in a terminal head, pos. A:

- 1. Open the terminal head cover (8) on the terminal head.
- 2. Guide the connection wires (4) of the insert (3) through the center hole in the head transmitter (5).
- 3. Fit the mounting springs (6) on the mounting screws (7).
- 4. Guide the mounting screws (7) through the side boreholes of the head transmitter and the insert (3). Then fix both mounting screws with the snap rings (2).
- 5. Then tighten the head transmitter (5) along with the insert (3) in the terminal head.
- 6. After wiring $\rightarrow = 17$, close the terminal head cover (8) tightly again.

iTEMP TMT82 Installation

| Item B | Mounting in a field housing |
|--------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Field housing cover |
| 2 | Mounting screws with springs |
| 3 | Head transmitter |
| 5 | Field housing |



A0024604

 \blacksquare 4 Dimensions of angle bracket for wall mount (complete wall mounting set available as accessory)

Procedure for mounting in a field housing, pos. B:

- 1. Open the cover (1) of the field housing (4).
- 2. Guide the mounting screws (2) through the lateral bores in the head transmitter (3).
- 3. Screw the head transmitter to the field housing.
- 4. After wiring, close the field housing cover $(1) \rightarrow \triangle 17$ again.

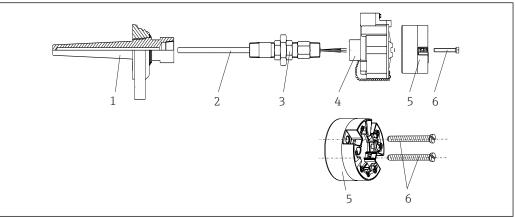
| Item C | Mounting on DIN rail (DIN rail as per IEC 60715) |
|--------|--|
| 1 | Mounting screws with springs |
| 2 | Head transmitter |
| 3 | Circlips |
| 4 | DIN rail clip |
| 5 | DIN rail |

Procedure for mounting on a DIN rail, pos. C:

- 1. Press the DIN rail clip (4) onto the DIN rail (5) until it engages with a click.
- 2. Fit the mounting springs on the mounting screws (1) and guide the screws through the side boreholes of the head transmitter (2). Then fix both mounting screws with the snap rings (3).
- 3. Screw the head transmitter (2) onto the DIN rail clip (4).

Installation iTEMP TMT82

Mounting typical of North America



A0008520

- 5 Head transmitter mounting
- 1 Thermowell
- 2 Insert
- 3 Adapter, coupling
- 4 Terminal head
- 5 Head transmitter
- 6 Mounting screws

Thermometer design with thermocouples or RTD sensors and head transmitter:

- 1. Fit the thermowell (1) on the process pipe or the container wall. Secure the thermowell according to the instructions before the process pressure is applied.
- 2. Fit the necessary neck tube nipples and adapter (3) on the thermowell.
- 3. Make sure sealing rings are installed if such rings are needed for harsh environmental conditions or special regulations.
- 4. Guide the mounting screws (6) through the lateral bores of the head transmitter (5).
- 5. Position the head transmitter (5) in the terminal head (4) in such a way that the bus cable (terminals 1 and 2) point to the cable entry.
- 6. Using a screwdriver, screw down the head transmitter (5) in the terminal head (4).
- 7. Guide the connection wires of the insert (3) through the lower cable entry of the terminal head (4) and through the middle hole in the head transmitter (5). Wire the connection wires up to the transmitter $\rightarrow \implies 17$.
- 8. Screw the terminal head (4), with the integrated and wired head transmitter, onto the ready-mounted nipple and adapter (3).

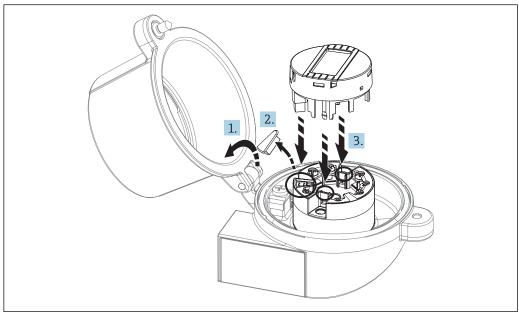
NOTICE

The terminal head cover must be secured properly to meet the requirements for explosion protection.

► After wiring, securely screw the terminal head cover back on.

iTEMP TMT82 Installation

Mounting the display on the head transmitter



A000985

■ 6 Mounting the display

- 1. Loosen the screw on the terminal head cover. Flip back the terminal head cover.
- 2. Remove the cover of the display connection area.
- 3. Fit the display module onto the mounted and wired head transmitter. The fastening pins must click securely into place on the head transmitter. After mounting, securely tighten the terminal head cover.
- The display can be used only with the appropriate terminal heads cover with viewing window (e.g. TA30 from Endress+Hauser).

4.2.2 Mounting the DIN rail transmitter

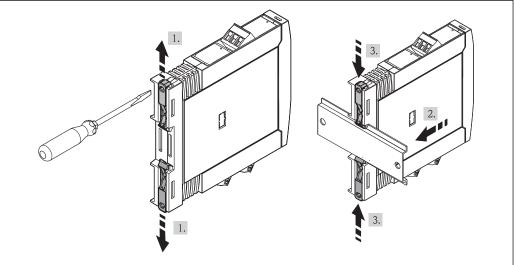
NOTICE

Wrong orientation

Measurement deviates from the maximum accuracy rating when a thermocouple is connected and the internal reference junction is used.

► Mount the device vertically and ensure it is oriented correctly (sensor connection at bottom / power supply at top)!

Installation iTEMP TMT82



A0017821

- 7 Mounting the DIN rail transmitter
- 1. Slide the upper DIN rail clip upwards and the lower clip downwards until they click into place.
- 2. Fit the device on the DIN rail from the front.
- 3. Slide the two DIN rail clips back together until they click into place.

4.3 Post-installation check

After installing the device, always run the following final checks:

| Device condition and specifications | Notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)? | - |
| Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)? | See Technical data' section→ 🖺 45 |

iTEMP TMT82 Electrical connection

5 Electrical connection

A CAUTION

► Switch off the power supply before installing or connecting the device. Not conforming with this can lead to the destruction of electronic components.

▶ Do not occupy the display connection. An incorrect connection can destroy the electronics.

5.1 Connection conditions

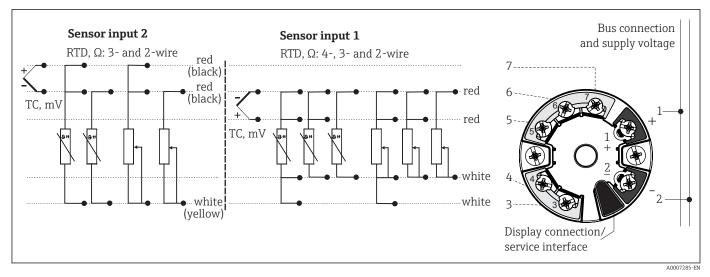
A Phillips head screwdriver is required to wire the head transmitter with screw terminals. Use a flat blade screwdriver for the DIN rail housing version with screw terminals. The push-in terminal version can be wired without any tools.

Proceed as follows to wire a mounted head transmitter:

- 1. Open the cable gland and the housing cover on the terminal head or the field housing.
- 2. Feed the cables through the opening in the cable gland.
- 4. Tighten the cable gland again and close the housing cover.

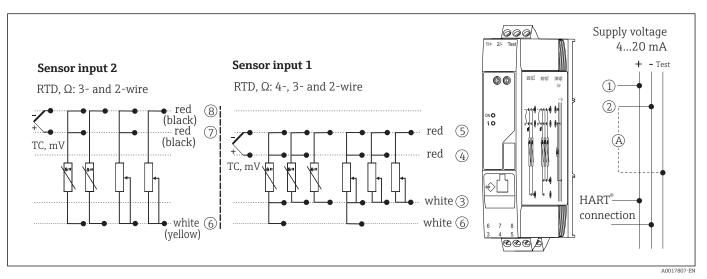
In order to avoid connection errors always follow the instructions in the post-connection check section before commissioning!

5.2 Quick wiring quide



 \blacksquare 8 Terminal assignment of head transmitter

Electrical connection iTEMP TMT82



9 Terminal assignment of the DIN rail device

A To check the output current, an ammeter (DC measurement) can be connected between the "Test" and "." terminals.

A minimum load of 250 Ω is required in the signal circuit in order to operate the HART[®] transmitter via the HART[®] protocol (terminals 1 and 2).

NOTICE

► ▲ ESD - electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.

5.3 Connecting the sensor cables

Terminal assignment of the sensor connections.

NOTICE

When connecting 2 sensors ensure that there is no galvanic connection between the sensors (e.g. caused by sensor elements that are not isolated from the thermowell). The resulting equalizing currents distort the measurements considerably.

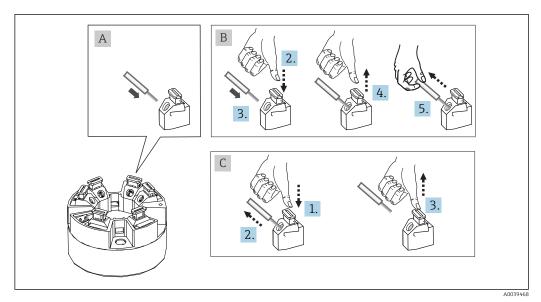
► The sensors must remain galvanically isolated from one another by connecting each sensor separately to a transmitter. The transmitter provides sufficient galvanic isolation (> 2 kV AC) between the input and output.

The following connection combinations are possible when both sensor inputs are assigned:

| | Sensor input 1 | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire | RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire | RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire | Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter |
| Sensor input 2 | RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire | V | V | - | V |
| | RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire | V | V | - | V |
| | RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire | - | - | - | - |
| | Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter | V | V | V | V |

iTEMP TMT82 Electrical connection

5.3.1 Connecting to push-in terminals



 \blacksquare 10 Push-in terminal connection, using the example of a head transmitter

Fig. A, solid wire:

- 1. Strip wire end. Min. stripping length 10 mm (0.39 in).
- 2. Insert the wire end into the terminal.
- 3. Pull the wire gently to ensure it is connected correctly. Repeat from step 1 if necessary.

Fig. B, fine-strand wire without ferrule:

- 1. Strip wire end. Min. stripping length 10 mm (0.39 in).
- 2. Press down on the lever opener.
- 3. Insert the wire end into the terminal.
- 4. Release lever opener.
- 5. Pull the wire gently to ensure it is connected correctly. Repeat from step 1 if necessary.

Fig. C, releasing the connection:

- 1. Press down on the lever opener.
- 2. Remove the wire from the terminal.
- 3. Release lever opener.

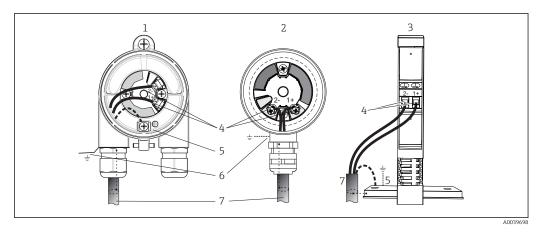
5.4 Connecting the transmitter

Cable specification

- A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.
- A shielded cable is recommended for HART® communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- In the case of the DIN rail version, a shielded cable must be used if the sensor cable length exceeds 30 m (98.4 ft). The use of shielded sensor cables is generally recommended.

Please also observe the general procedure on \rightarrow \square 17.

Electrical connection iTEMP TMT82



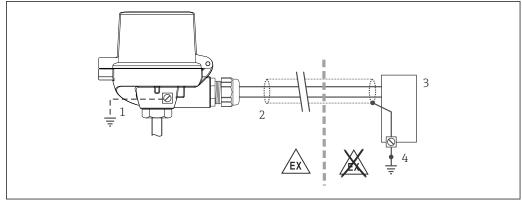
 $\blacksquare 11$ Connecting the signal cables and power supply

- 1 Head transmitter installed in field housing
- 2 Head transmitter installed in terminal head
- 3 DIN rail transmitter mounted on DIN rail
- 4 Terminals for HART® protocol and power supply
- 5 Internal ground connection
- 6 External ground connection
- 7 Shielded signal cable (recommended for HART® protocol)
- The terminals for signal cable connection (1+ and 2-) are protected against reverse polarity.
 - Conductor cross-section:
 - Max. 2.5 mm² for screw terminals
 - Max. 1.5 mm² for push-in terminals. Min. stripping length of cable 10 mm (0.39 in).

5.5 Special connection instructions

Shielding and grounding

The specifications of the $HART^{\circ}$ FieldComm Group must be observed when installing a $HART^{\circ}$ transmitter.



A001446

- \blacksquare 12 Shielding and grounding the signal cable at one end with HART $^{\circ}$ communication
- 1 Optional grounding of the field device, isolated from cable shielding
- 2 Grounding of the cable shield at one end
- 3 Supply unit
- 4 Grounding point for HART® communication cable shield

iTEMP TMT82 Electrical connection

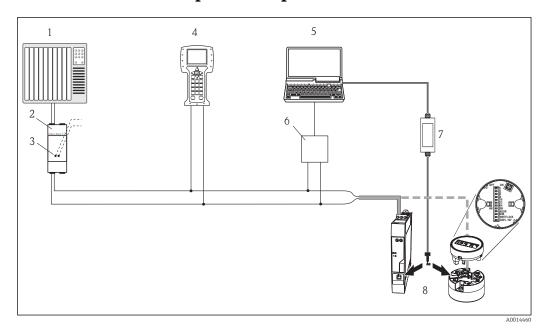
5.6 Post-connection check

| Device condition and specifications | Notes |
|--|--|
| Is the device or cable undamaged (visual check)? | |
| Electrical connection | Notes |
| Does the supply voltage match the information on the nameplate? | Head transmitter: U = 11 to 42 V_{DC} DIN rail transmitter: U = 12 to 42 V_{DC} SIL mode: U = 11 to 32 V_{DC} for the head transmitter or U = 12 to 32 V_{DC} for the DIN rail transmitter Other values apply in the hazardous area, see the corresponding Ex Safety Instructions (XA). |
| Are the mounted cables relieved of tension? | |
| Are the power supply and signal cables connected correctly? | → 🖺 17 |
| Are all the screw terminals well tightened and have the connections of the push-in terminals been checked? | |
| Are all the cable entries installed, tightened and sealed? | |
| Are all housing covers installed and firmly tightened? | |

Operating options iTEMP TMT82

6 Operating options

6.1 Overview of operation options



Possible ways to operate the temperature transmitter

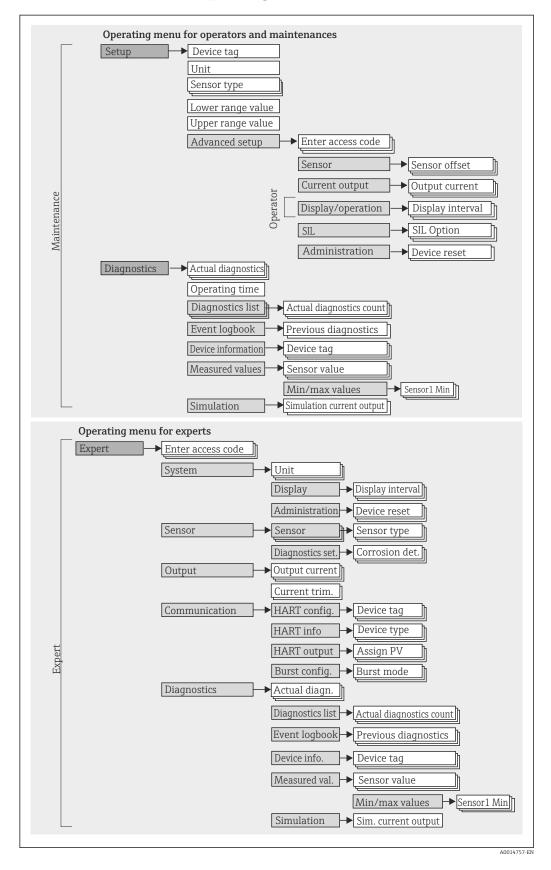
- 1 PLC (programmable logic controller)
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor)
- 3 Connection for HART® modem Commubox FXA191, FXA195
- 4 Field Communicator 375, 475
- 5 Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- 6 HART® modem Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195 (USB)
- 7 Commubox FXA291 (USB) or TXU10 (USB) for connecting to the CDI interface
- 8 Temperature transmitter as head transmitter or DIN rail device, local operation via DIP switches on rear of optional display possible only for head transmitter

For the head transmitter, display and operating elements are available locally only if the head transmitter was ordered with a display unit!

iTEMP TMT82 Operating options

6.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

6.2.1 Structure of the operating menu



Operating options iTEMP TMT82



Configuration in the SIL mode differs from the standard mode and ist described in the Functional Safety Manual. For more information please refer to the Functional Safety Manual SD01172T/09.

Submenus and user roles

Certain parts of the menu are assigned to certain user roles. Each user role corresponds to typical tasks within the lifecycle of the device.

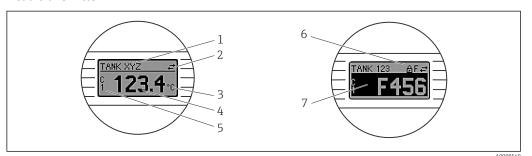
| User role | Typical tasks | Menu | Content/meaning |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| Maintenance Operator | Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement. Configuration of data processing (scaling, linearization, etc.). Configuration of the analog measured value output. Tasks during operation: Configuration of the display. Reading measured values. | "Setup" | Contains all parameters for commissioning: Setup parameters Once values have been set for these parameters, the measurement should generally be completely configured. "Extended Setup" submenu Contains additional submenus and parameters: For more accurate configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions). For converting the measured value (scaling, linearization). For scaling the output signal. Required in ongoing operation: configuration of the measured value display (displayed values, display format, etc.). |
| | Fault elimination: Diagnosing and eliminating process errors. Interpretation of device error messages and correcting associated errors. | "Diagnostics" | Contains all parameters for detecting and analyzing errors: Diagnostic list Contains up to 3 currently pending error messages. Event logbook Contains the last 5 error messages (no longer pending). "Device information" submenu Contains information for identifying the device. "Measured values" submenu Contains all current measured values. "Simulation" submenu Is used to simulate measured values or output values. "Device reset" submenu |
| Expert | Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device: Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions. Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions. Detailed configuration of the communication interface. Error diagnostics in difficult cases. | "Expert" | Contains all parameters of the device (including those that are already in one of the other menus). The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device: "System" submenu Contains all higher-order device parameters that do not pertain either to measurement or the measured value communication. "Sensor" submenu Contains all parameters for configuring the measurement. "Output" submenu Contains all parameters for configuring the analog current output. "Communication" submenu Contains all parameters for configuring the digital communication interface. "Diagnostics" submenu Contains all parameters for detecting and analyzing errors. |

iTEMP TMT82 Operating options

6.3 Measured value display and operating elements

6.3.1 Display elements

Head transmitter



■ 14 Optional LC display for head transmitter

| Item no. | Function | Description | |
|----------|---|---|--|
| 1 | Displays the TAG | TAG, 32 characters long. | |
| 2 | 'Communication' symbol | The communication symbol appears when read and write-accessing via the fieldbus protocol. | |
| 3 | Unit display | Unit display for the measured value displayed. | |
| 4 | measured value display | Displays the current measured value. | |
| 5 | Value/channel display S1, S2, DT, PV, I, % | e.g. S1 for a measured value from channel 1 or DT for the device temperature | |
| 6 | 'Configuration locked' symbol | The 'configuration locked' symbol appears when configuration is locked via the hardware. | |
| 7 | Status signals | | |
| | Symbols | Meaning | |
| | F | Error message "Failure detected" An operating error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid. The display alternates between the error message and "" (no valid measured value present), see "Diagnostics events" section. | |
| | С | "Service mode" The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation). | |
| | S | "Out of specification" The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during warm-up or cleaning processes). | |
| | М | "Maintenance required" Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid. The display alternates between the measured value and the status message. | |

DIN rail transmitter

The DIN rail transmitter version does not have an interface to the LC display and therefore does not have a local display either.

Operating options iTEMP TMT82

Two LEDs on the front indicate the device status.

| Туре | Function and characteristic |
|------------------------|---|
| Status LED (red) | When the device is operating without errors, the device status is displayed. This function can no longer be guaranteed in the event of an error. |
| | LED off: without diagnostic message LED is lit: diagnostics display, category F LED flashing: diagnostics display of categories C, S or M |
| Power LED (green) 'ON' | When the device is operating without errors, the operating status is displayed. This function can no longer be guaranteed in the event of an error. |
| | LED off: Power failure or insufficient supply voltage LED is lit: Supply voltage is OK (either via CDI or via supply voltage, terminals 1+, 2-) |

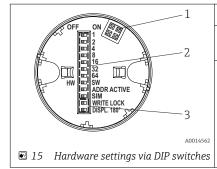
6.3.2 Local operation

You can make hardware settings for the fieldbus interface using miniature switches (DIP switches) on the rear of the optional display.

The user has the option of ordering the display with the head transmitter, or as an accessory for subsequent mounting. $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 35$

NOTICE

► ▲ESD - electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.



- 1: Connection to head transmitter
- 2: DIP switches (1 64, SW/HW, ADDR and SIM = simulation mode) no function for this head transmitter
- 3: DIP switch (WRITE LOCK = write protection; DISPL. 180° = switch, turn the display monitor 180°)

Procedure for setting the DIP switch:

- 1. Open the cover of the terminal head or field housing.
- 2. Remove the attached display from the head transmitter.
- 3. Configure the DIP switch on the rear of the display accordingly. In general: switch to ON = function enabled, switch to OFF = function disabled.
- 4. Fit the display onto the head transmitter in the correct position. The head transmitter accepts the settings within one second.
- 5. Secure the cover back onto the terminal head or field housing.

Switching write protection on/off

Write protection is switched on and off via a DIP switch on the rear of the optional attachable display. When write protection is active, parameters cannot be modified. A lock symbol on the display indicates that write protection is on. Write protection prevents any write access to the parameters. Write protection remains active even when the display is removed. To disable the write protection, the device must be restarted with the display

iTEMP TMT82 Operating options

attached and the DIP switch deactivated (WRITE LOCK = OFF). Alternatively, the display can be removed and reattached during operation to disable write protection.

Turning the display

The display can be rotated 180° using the "DISPL. 180° " DIP switch. The setting is retained when the display is removed.

6.4 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

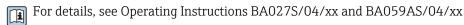
6.4.1 FieldCare

Function range

FDT/DTM-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and help you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. Access is via the HART® protocol or CDI (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface).

Typical functions:

- Configuring parameters of transmitters
- Loading and saving device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook



NOTICE

The following applies if using the device in hazardous areas: Before accessing the device with the Commubox FXA291 via the CDI (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface), disconnect the transmitter from the power supply, terminals (1+) and (2-).

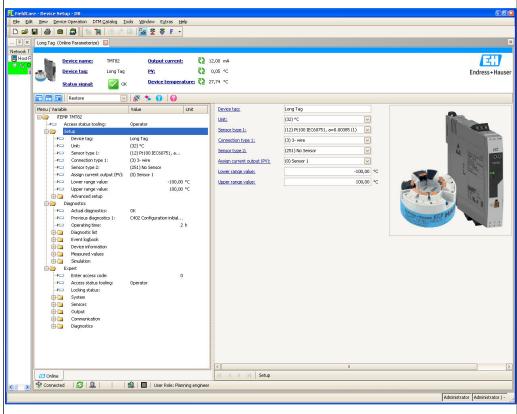
► Failure to comply with this instruction can result in damage to parts of the electronics.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \implies 30$

Operating options iTEMP TMT82

User interface



A0014485-EN

6.4.2 Field Xpert

Function range

Field Xpert is an industrial PDA with integrated touchscreen for commissioning and maintaining field devices in explosion hazardous and safe areas. It enables the efficient configuration of FOUNDATION fieldbus, HART and WirelessHART devices. Communication is wireless via Bluetooth or WiFi interfaces.

6.4.3 Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \blacksquare 30$.

6.4.4 AMS Device Manager

Function range

Program from Emerson Process Management for operating and configuring measuring devices via the ${\rm HART}^{\rm o}$ protocol.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \blacksquare 30$.

iTEMP TMT82 Operating options

6.4.5 SIMATIC PDM

Function range

SIMATIC PDM is a standardized, manufacturer-independent program from Siemens for the operation, configuration, maintenance and diagnosis of intelligent field devices via the HART $^{\circ}$ protocol.

Source for device description files

6.4.6 Field Communicator 375/475

Function range

Industrial handheld terminal from Emerson Process Management for remote configuration and measured value display via the HART $^\circ$ protocol.

Source for device description files

See information $\rightarrow \blacksquare 30$.

7 Integrating the transmitter via the HART® protocol

Version data for the device

| Firmware version | 01.02.zz | On the title page of the Operating instructions On nameplate Parameter firmware version Diagnostics → Device info→ Firmware version |
|------------------------|----------|--|
| Manufacturer ID | 0x11 | Manufacturer ID parameter Diagnostics → Device info → Manufacturer ID |
| Device type ID | 0x11CC | Device type parameter Diagnostics → Device info → Device type |
| HART protocol revision | 7 | |
| Device revision | 3 | On transmitter nameplate Device revision parameter Diagnostics → Device info → Device revision |

The suitable device driver software (DD/DTM) for the individual operating tools can be acquired from a variety of sources:

- www.endress.com --> Downloads --> Search field: device driver --> Type: Device type manager (DTM) --> product code: e.g. TMTxy
- www.endress.com --> Products: individual product page, e.g. TMTxy --> Documents/ Manuals/Software: Electronic Data Description (EDD) or Device Type Manager (DTM).
- Via DVD (please contact your local Endress+Hauser Sales Center)

Endress+Hauser supports all common operating tools from a variety of manufacturers (e.g. Emerson Process Management, ABB, Siemens, Yokogawa, Honeywell and many others). Endress+Hauser's FieldCare and DeviceCare operating tools are available for download (www. endress.com --> Downloads --> Search field: Software --> Application software) or on the optical data storage medium (DVD) which you can obtain from your local Endress +Hauser Sales Center.

Operating tools

| Operating tool | Sources for obtaining device descriptions (DD/DTM) |
|---|--|
| FieldCare / DeviceCare | www.endress.com → Download Area CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) DVD (contact Endress+Hauser) |
| AMS Device Manager (Emerson Process Management) | www.endress.com → Download Area |
| SIMATIC PDM (Siemens) | www.endress.com → Download Area |
| Field Communicator 375, 475 (Emerson Process Management) | Use update function of handheld terminal |
| FieldXpert SFX350, SFX370 (Endress+Hauser) | Use update function of handheld terminal |

7.1 HART device variables and measured values

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variables for temperature measurement

| Device variable | Measured value |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Primary device variable (PV) | Sensor 1 |
| Secondary device variable (SV) | Device temperature |
| Tertiary device variable (TV) | Sensor 1 |
| Quaternary device variable (QV) | Sensor 1 |

It is possible to change the assignment of device variables to process variables in the **Expert** \rightarrow **Communication** \rightarrow **HART output** menu.

7.2 Device variables and measured values

The following measured values are assigned to the individual device variables:

| Device variable code | Measured value |
|----------------------|---|
| 0 | Sensor 1 |
| 1 | Sensor 2 |
| 2 | Device temperature |
| 3 | Average of sensor 1 and sensor 2 |
| 4 | Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2 |
| 5 | Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2) |
| 6 | Sensor 1 with switchover to sensor 2 if a limit value is exceeded |
| 7 | Average of sensor 1 and sensor 2 with backup |

The device variables can be queried from a HART® master using HART® command 9 or 33.

7.3 Supported HART® commands

The HART® protocol enables the transfer of measuring data and device data between the HART® master and the field device for configuration and diagnostics purposes. HART® masters such as the handheld terminal or PC-based operating programs (e.g. FieldCare) need device description files (DD, DTM) which are used to access all the information in a HART® device. This information is transmitted exclusively via "commands".

There are three different types of command

• Universal commands:

All HART® devices support and use universal commands. These are associated with the following functionalities for example:

- Recognition of HART® devices
- Reading digital measured values
- Common practice commands:
 Common practice commands offer functions which are supported and can be executed by many but not all field devices.
- Device-specific commands:

These commands allow access to device-specific functions which are not HART® standard. Such commands access individual field device information, among other things.

| Command No. | Designation | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Universal command | Universal commands | | |
| 0, Cmd0 | Read unique identifier | | |
| 1, Cmd001 | Read primary variable | | |
| 2, Cmd002 | Read loop current and percent of range | | |
| 3, Cmd003 | Read dynamic variables and loop current | | |
| 6, Cmd006 | Write polling address | | |
| 7, Cmd007 | Read loop configuration | | |
| 8, Cmd008 | Read dynamic variable classifications | | |
| 9, Cmd009 | Read device variables with status | | |
| 11, Cmd011 | Read unique identifier associated with TAG | | |
| 12, Cmd012 | Read message | | |
| 13, Cmd013 | Read TAG, descriptor, date | | |
| 14, Cmd014 | Read primary variable transducer information | | |
| 15, Cmd015 | Read device information | | |
| 16, Cmd016 | Read final assembly number | | |
| 17, Cmd017 | Write message | | |
| 18, Cmd018 | Write TAG, descriptor, date | | |
| 19, Cmd019 | Write final assembly number | | |
| 20, Cmd020 | Read long TAG (32-byte TAG) | | |
| 21, Cmd021 | Read unique identifier associated with long TAG | | |
| 22, Cmd022 | Write long TAG (32-byte TAG) | | |
| 38, Cmd038 | Reset configuration changed flag | | |
| 48, Cmd048 | Read additional device status | | |
| Common practice co | mmands | | |
| 33, Cmd033 | Read device variables | | |
| 34, Cmd034 | Write primary variable damping value | | |
| 35, Cmd035 | Write primary variable range values | | |
| 36, Cmd036 | Set primary variable upper range value | | |
| 37, Cmd037 | Set primary variable lower range value | | |
| 40, Cmd040 | Enter/Exit fixed current mode | | |
| 42, Cmd042 | Perform device reset | | |
| 44, Cmd044 | Write primary variable units | | |

| Command No. | Designation |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| 45, Cmd045 | Trim loop current zero |
| 46, Cmd046 | Trim loop current gain |
| 50, Cmd050 | Read dynamic variable assignments |
| 51, Cmd051 | Write dynamic variable assignments |
| 54, Cmd054 | Read device variable information |
| 59, Cmd059 | Write number of response preambles |
| 103, Cmd103 | Write burst period |
| 104, Cmd104 | Write burst trigger |
| 105, Cmd105 | Read burst mode configuration |
| 107, Cmd107 | Write burst device variables |
| 108, Cmd108 | Write burst mode command number |
| 109, Cmd109 | Burst mode control |

Commissioning iTEMP TMT82

8 Commissioning

8.1 Post-installation check

Before commissioning the measuring point make sure that all final checks have been carried out:

- Checklist "Post-mounting check",
- Checklist "Post-connection check", \rightarrow \cong 21

8.2 Switching on the transmitter

Once the final checks have been successfully completed, it is time to switch on the supply voltage. The transmitter performs a number of internal test functions after power-up. As this procedure progresses, the following sequence of messages appears on the display:

| Step | Display | |
|------|---|--|
| 1 | "Display" text and firmware version of the display | |
| 2 | Device name with firmware and hardware versions | |
| 3 | Information on the sensor configuration (sensor element and type of connection) | |
| 4 | Set measuring range | |
| 5a | Current measured value or | |
| 5b | Current status message | |
| | If the switch-on procedure is not successful, the relevant diagnostics event, depending on the cause, is displayed. A detailed list of diagnostic events and the corresponding troubleshooting instructions can be found in the "Diagnostics and troubleshooting" section . | |

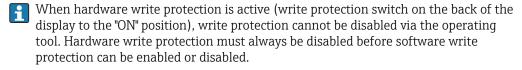
The device is operational after approx. 30 seconds, and the plug-in display after approx. 33 seconds in normal operating mode! Normal measuring mode commences as soon as the switch-on procedure is completed. Measured values and status values appear on the display.

8.3 Enabling configuration

If the device is locked and the parameter settings cannot be changed, it must first be enabled via the hardware or software lock. The device is write-protected if the lock symbol appears in the header of the measured value display.

To unlock the device

- either switch the write protection switch on the back of the display to the "OFF" position (hardware write protection), or
- deactivate the software write protection via the operating tool. See the description for the 'Define device write protection' parameter. → ≅ 85



9 Maintenance

No special maintenance work is required for the device.

iTEMP TMT82 Accessories

Cleaning

A clean, dry cloth can be used to clean the device.

10 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Accessories included in the scope of delivery:

- Multilingual Brief Operating Instructions as hard copy
- Optional hard copy of the Functional Safety Manual (SIL mode)
- ATEX supplementary documentation: ATEX Safety instructions (XA), Control Drawings (CD)
- Mounting material for head transmitter

10.1 Device-specific accessories

| Accessories | |
|--|--|
| TID10 display unit for Endress+Hauser head transmitter iTEMP TMT8x $^{1)}$ or TMT7x, attachable | |
| TID10 service cable; connecting cable for service interface, 40 cm | |
| Field housing TA30x for Endress+Hauser head transmitter | |
| Adapter for DIN rail mounting, clip as per IEC 60715 (TH35) without securing screws | |
| Standard - DIN mounting set (2 screws + springs, 4 securing disks and 1 display connector cover) | |
| US - M4 Mounting screws (2 M4 screws and 1 display connector cover) | |
| Stainless steel wall mounting bracket Stainless steel pipe mounting bracket | |

1) Without TMT80

10.2 Communication-specific accessories

| Accessories | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Commubox FXA195 HART | For intrinsically safe HART® communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details, see Technical Information TI404F/00 |
| Commubox FXA291 | Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. For details, see Technical Information TI405C/07 |

Accessories iTEMP TMT82

| Accessories | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| WirelessHART adapter | Is used for the wireless connection of field devices. The WirelessHART® adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks. |
| | For details, see Operating Instructions BA061S/04 |
| Field Xpert SMT70 | Universal, high-performance tablet PC for device configuration The tablet PC enables mobile plant asset management in hazardous and non- hazardous areas. It is suitable for commissioning and maintenance staff to manage field instruments with a digital communication interface and to record progress. This tablet PC is designed as a comprehensive, all-in-one solution. With a pre- installed driver library, it is an easy-to-use, touch-sensitive tool which can be used to manage field instruments throughout their entire life cycle. For details, see Technical Information TI01342S/04 |

10.3 Service-specific accessories

| Accessories | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Applicator | Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. Graphic illustration of the calculation results Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project. Applicator is available: |
| | Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator |
| Configurator | Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration • Up-to-the-minute configuration data • Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language • Automatic verification of exclusion criteria • Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format • Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop The Configurator is available on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com -> Click "Corporate" -> Select your country -> Click "Products" -> Select the product using the filters and the search field -> Open the product page -> The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator. |
| | |
| DeviceCare SFE100 | Configuration tool for devices via fieldbus protocols and Endress+Hauser service protocols. DeviceCare is the tool developed by Endress+Hauser for the configuration of Endress+Hauser devices. All smart devices in a plant can be configured via a point-to-point or point-to-bus connection. The user-friendly menus enable transparent and intuitive access to the field devices. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S |
| FieldCare SFE500 | FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00065S |

iTEMP TMT82 Accessories

| Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress +Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records. |
|--|
| W@M is available: Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement |

10.4 System components

| Accessories | Description | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| RN221N | Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4 to 20 mA standard significant circuits. Has bidirectional HART® transmission and optional HART® diagnostics i transmitters are connected with monitoring of 4 to 20 mA signal or HART® state byte analysis and an E+H-specific diagnostic command. For details, see Technical Information TI073R/09 | |
| RIA15 | Process display, digital loop-powered display for 4 to 20 mA circuit, panel mounting, with optional HART® communication. Displays 4 to 20 mA or up to 4 HART® process variables For details, see Technical Information TI01043K/09 | |
| Graphic Data Manager Memograph M | The Advanced Data Manager Memograph M is a flexible and powerful system for organizing process values. Optional HART® input cards are available, each with 4 inputs (4/8/12/16/20), with highly accurate process values from the HART® devices directly connected for the purpose of calculation and data logging. The measured process values are clearly presented on the display and logged safely, monitored for limit values and analyzed. Via common communication protocols, the measured and calculated values can be easily communicated to higher-level systems or individual plant modules can be interconnected. For details, see Technical Information TI01180R/09 | |

Diagnostics and troubleshooting 11

Troubleshooting 11.1

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after start up or during operation. This takes you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.

Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired. However, it is possible to send the

General errors

| Problem | Possible cause | Remedy |
|--|--|--|
| Device is not responding. | Supply voltage does not match that specified on the nameplate. | Apply correct voltage. |
| | Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals. | Check the contacting of the cables and correct if necessary. |
| Output current < 3.6 mA | Signal line is not wired correctly. | Check wiring. |
| | Electronics unit is defective. | Replace the device. |
| HART communication is not working. | Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor. | Install the communication resistor (250 Ω) correctly. |
| | Commubox is not properly connected. | Connect Commubox correctly . |
| | Commubox is not set to "HART". | Set Commubox selector switch to "HART". |
| Status LED is lit or flashing red (DIN rail transmitter only). | Diagnostics events as per NAMUR NE107 | Check diagnostics events: LED is lit: diagnostic display, category F LED flashing: diagnostic display of categories C, S or M |
| Power LED is not lit green (DIN rail transmitter only). | Power failure or insufficient supply voltage | Check the supply voltage and check if wiring is correct. |

Check display (optional in conjunction with head transmitter)

| Problem | Possible cause | Remedy | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| No display visible | No supply voltage | Check the supply voltage at the head transmitter, terminals + and Ensure that the display module holders are correctly seated and that the display module is properly connected to the head transmitter. If possible, test the display module with other suitable head transmitters e.g. Endress+Hauser head transmitter. | |
| | The display module is defective. | Replace the module. | |
| | The electronics of the head transmitter are defective. | Replace the head transmitter. | |

Application errors without status messages for RTD sensor connection

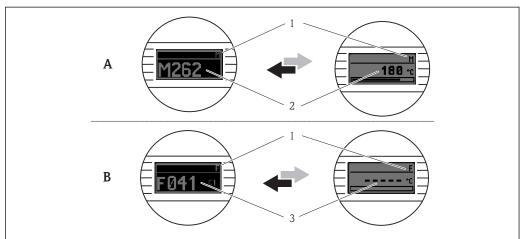
| Problem | Possible cause | Remedy | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | Incorrect sensor orientation. | Install the sensor correctly. | |
| | Heat conducted by sensor. | Observe the face-to-face length of the sensor. | |
| | Device programming is incorrect (number of wires). | Change the Connection type device function. | |
| Measured value is incorrect/ | Device programming is incorrect (scaling). | Change scaling. | |
| maccurate | Incorrect RTD configured. | Change the Sensor type device function. | |
| | Sensor connection. | Check that the sensor is connected correctly. | |
| | The cable resistance of the sensor (two-wire) was not compensated. | Compensate the cable resistance. | |
| | Offset incorrectly set. | Check offset. | |
| | Faulty sensor. | Check the sensor. | |
| | RTD connected incorrectly. | Connect the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram). | |
| Failure current (\leq 3.6 mA or \geq 21 mA) | Incorrect device programming (e.g. number of wires). | Change the Connection type device function. | |
| | Incorrect programming. | Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type. | |

$Application\ errors\ without\ status\ messages\ for\ TC\ sensor\ connection$

| Problem | Possible cause | Remedy |
|--|--|---|
| | Incorrect sensor orientation. | Install the sensor correctly. |
| | Heat conducted by sensor. | Observe the face-to-face length of the sensor. |
| | Device programming is incorrect (scaling). | Change scaling. |
| Measured value is incorrect/inaccurate | Incorrect thermocouple type (TC) configured. | Change the Sensor type device function. |
| | Incorrect comparison measuring point set. | Set the correct comparison measuring point. |
| | Interference via the thermocouple wire welded in the thermowell (interference voltage coupling). | Use a sensor where the thermocouple wire is not welded. |
| | Offset incorrectly set. | Check offset. |
| | Faulty sensor. | Check the sensor. |
| Failure current (≤ 3.6 mA or | Sensor is connected incorrectly. | Connect the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram). |
| ≥ 21 mA) | Incorrect programming. | Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type. |

11.2 **Diagnostics** events

11.2.1 Displaying diagnostics events



- Α Display in the event of a warning
- Display in the event of an alarm В
- 1 Status signal in the header
- The display alternates between the primary measured value and the status indicated by the appropriate 2
- letter (M, C or S) plus the defined error number.

 The display alternates between "- - -" (no valid measured value) and the status indicated by the appropriate letter (F) - plus the defined error number.

Status signals

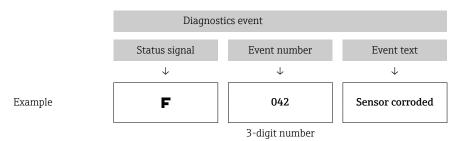
| Symbol | Event category | Meaning | |
|--------|-------------------------|--|--|
| F | Operating error | An operating error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid. | |
| C | Service mode | The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation). | |
| S | Out of specification | The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during warr up or cleaning processes). | |
| M | Maintenance required | Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid. | |

Diagnostic behavior

| Alarm | Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated (status signal F). |
|---------|---|
| Warning | The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated (status signals M, C or S). |

Diagnostics event and event text

The fault can be identified by means of the diagnostics event. The event text helps you by providing information about the fault.



11.2.2 Overview of diagnostics events

Each diagnostics event is assigned a certain event level at the factory. The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostics events.

The relevant sensor input for these diagnostics events can be identified by the **Actual diag. channel** parameter or on the optional attachable display.

| Diagnostic number | Short text | Corrective measure | Status signal from the factory Can be changed to | Diagnostic behavior from the factory |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|--|---|
| | | Diagnostics for the sensor | | |
| 001 | Device malfunction | Reboot device. Check electrical connection of Sensor. Check/replace Sensor. Replace electronics. | F | Alarm |
| 006 | Redundancy active | Check electrical wiring. Replace sensor. Check connection type. | M | Warning |
| 041 | Sensor broken | Check electrical wiring. Replace sensor. Check connection type. | F | Alarm |
| 042 | Sensor corroded | Check electrical wiring of sensor. | М | Warning 1) |
| | | 2. Replace sensor. | F | |
| 043 | Short circuit | Check electronic wiring. Replace sensor. | F | Alarm |
| 044 | Sensor drift | 1. Check sensors. | М | Warning |
| | | 2. Check process temperatures. | F, S | |
| 045 | Working area | Check ambient temperature. Check external reference measuring point. | F | Alarm |

| Diagnostic number | Short text | Corrective measure | Status signal from the factory Can be changed to | Diagnostic behavior from the factory |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 062 | Sensor connection | Check electrical connection of sensor. Replace sensor. Check sensor configuration. Contact service. | F | Alarm |
| 101 | Sensor value too low | Check process temperatures. Inspect sensor. Check sensor type. | S F | Warning |
| 102 | Sensor value too high | Check process temperatures. Inspect sensor. Check sensor type. | S F | Warning |
| 104 | Backup active | Check electrical wiring of sensor 1. Replace sensor 1. Check connection type. | M | Warning |
| 105 | Calibration interval | Execute calibration and reset calibration interval. Switch off calibration counter. | M F | Warning |
| 106 | Backup not available | Check electrical wiring of sensor 2. Replace sensor 2. Check connection type. | M | Warning |
| | I | Diagnostics for the electronics | | |
| 201 | Device malfunction | Replace electronics. | F | Alarm |
| 221 | Reference measurement | Replace electronics. | F | Alarm |
| 241 | Software | Restart device. Perform device reset. Replace device. | F | Alarm |
| 242 | Software inkompatibel | Contact service. | F | Alarm |
| 261 | Electronic modules | Replace electronics. | F | Alarm |
| 262 | Module connection short circuit | Ensure that display module is correctly seated on the head transmitter. Test the display module using other suitable head transmitters. Display module defective? Replace module. | M | Warning |
| 282 | Electronic memory | Replace device. | F | Alarm |
| 283 | Memory content | Replace electronics. | F | Alarm |
| 301 | Supply voltage | I. Increase supply voltage. Check connection wires for corrosion. | F | Alarm |
| | | agnostics for the configuration | I | |
| 401 | Factory reset | Please wait until the reset procedure is complete. | С | Warning |
| 402 | Initialization | Please wait until the start-up procedure is complete. | С | Warning |
| 410 | Data transfer | Check HART communication. | F | Alarm |
| 411 | Up-/download | Please wait until the up-/download is complete. | F, M or C ²⁾ | - |
| 431 | Factory calibration 3) | Replace electronics. | F | Alarm |

| Diagnostic number | Short text | Corrective measure | Status signal from the factory | Diagnostic behavior from the factory | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | changed to | | |
| 435 | Linearization | Check configuration of sensor parameters. Check configuration of special sensor linearizion. Contact service. Replace electronics. | F | Alarm | |
| 437 | Configuration | Check configuration of sensor parameters. Check configuration of special sensor linearizion. Check configuration of transmitter settings. Contact service. | F | Alarm | |
| 438 | Dataset | Repeat a new parameterization. | F | Alarm | |
| 451 | Data processing | Please wait until data processing is complete. | С | Warning | |
| 483 | Simulation input | | | | |
| 485 | Measured value simulation | Deactivate simulation. | С | Warning | |
| 491 | Simulation current output | | | | |
| 501 | CDI connection | Unplug CDI-connector. | С | Warning | |
| 525 | HART communication | Check communication path (Hardware). Check HART- master. Check if power is sufficent. Check HART communication settings. Contact service organisation. | F | Alarm | |
| Diagnostics for the process | | | | | |
| 803 | Current loop | Check wiring. Replace electronics. | F | Alarm | |
| 842 | Process limit value | Check scaling of analog output. | M | Warning | |
| | | | F, S | | |
| 925 | Device temperature | Observe ambient temperature in accordance with specification. | S | Warning | |
| | | | F | 1 | |

- 1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed in: "Alarm" or "Warning"
- 2) Status signal depends on used communication system and cannot be changed.
- In the case of this diagnostics event, the device always issues a "low" alarm status (output current ≤ 3.6 mA).

11.3 Spare parts

Currently available spare parts for your product can be found online at: http://www.products.endress.com/spareparts_consumables, HART® Temperature

transmitter: TMT82. When ordering spare parts, please quote the serial number of the device!

| Туре | Order number |
|---|--------------|
| Standard - DIN securing set (2 screws and springs, 4 shaft lock-down rings, 1 plug for the display interface) | 71044061 |
| US - M4 securing set (2 screws and 1 plug for the display interface) | 71044062 |
| TID10 service cable; connecting cable for service interface, 40 cm | 71086650 |
| $\label{eq:commutation} \mbox{ FXA195 HART}^{\mbox{$^{\circ}$}}, \mbox{ for intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface.}$ | FXA195 |
| Spare parts kit for DIN rail transmitter (terminals and fixing lever housing) | XPT0003-A1 |

11.4 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the website for more information: http://www.endress.com/support/return-material
- 2. Return the device if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong device was ordered or delivered.

11.5 Disposal

The device contains electronic components and must therefore be disposed of as electronic waste. Please pay particular attention to the national disposal regulations in your country.

11.6 Software history and overview of compatibility

Revision history

The firmware version (FW) on the nameplate and in the Operating Instructions indicates the device release: XX.YY.ZZ (example 01.02.01).

XX Change to main version. No longer compatible. The device and

Operating Instructions change.

YY Change to functions and operation. Compatible. The Operating

Instructions change.

ZZ Fixes and internal changes. No changes to the Operating Instructions.

| Date | Firmware Version | Modifications | Documentation |
|-------|------------------|---|----------------------|
| 01/11 | 01.00.zz | Original firmware | BA01028T/09/en/13.10 |
| 10/12 | 01.00.zz | No changes to functions and operation. | BA01028T/09/en/14.12 |
| 02/14 | 01.01.zz | Functional safety (SIL3) | BA01028T/09/en/15.13 |
| 02/17 | 01.01.zz | Changes in configuration parameter for Functional safety (SIL3) | BA01028T/09/en/17.17 |
| 04/19 | 01.02.zz | Changes in device behavior for Functional safety (SIL3) | BA01028T/09/en/19.19 |

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12.1 **Input**

Measured variable

Temperature (temperature-linear transmission behavior), resistance and voltage.

It is possible to connect two sensors that are independent of one another ¹⁾. The measuring Measuring range inputs are not galvanically isolated from each other.

| Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard | Description | α | Measuring range limits | Min. span | |
|--|---|----------|--|-----------------|--|
| IEC 60751:2008 | Pt100 (1) Pt200 (2) Pt500 (3) Pt1000 (4) | 0.003851 | -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +500 °C (-328 to +932 °F) -200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| JIS C1604:1984 | Pt100 (5) | 0.003916 | −200 to +510 °C (−328 to +950 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| DIN 43760 IPTS-68 | Ni100 (6) Ni120 (7) | 0.006180 | -60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F) -60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| GOST 6651-94 | Pt50 (8) Pt100 (9) | 0.003910 | -185 to +1100 °C (-301 to +2012 °F) -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| OIML R84: 2003, | Cu50 (10) Cu100 (11) | 0.004280 | -180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F) -180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| GOST 6651-2009 | Ni100 (12) Ni120 (13) | 0.006170 | -60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F) -60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94 | Cu50 (14) | 0.004260 | −50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F) | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| - | Pt100 (Callendar van Dusen) Nickel polynomial Copper polynomial | - | The measuring range limits are specified by entering the limit values that depend on the coefficients A to C and RO. | 10 K (18 °F) | |
| | Type of connection: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection, sensor current: ≤0.3 mA With 2-wire circuit, compensation of wire resistance possible (0 to 30 Ω) With 3-wire and 4-wire connection, sensor wire resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire | | | | |
| | | | 10 to 400 $Ω$ 10 to 2 000 $Ω$ | 10 Ω 10 Ω | |

| Thermocouples as per standard | Description | Measuring range limits | | Min. span |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| IEC 60584, Part 1 | Type A (W5Re-W20Re) (30) Type B (PtRh30-PtRh6) (31) Type E (NiCr-CuNi) (34) Type J (Fe-CuNi) (35) Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36) Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi) (37) Type R (PtRh13-Pt) (38) Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39) Type T (Cu-CuNi) (40) | 0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +40 to +1820 °C (+104 to +3308 °F) -270 to +1000 °C (-454 to +1832 °F) -210 to +1200 °C (-346 to +2192 °F) -270 to +1372 °C (-454 to +2501 °F) -270 to +1300 °C (-454 to +2372 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -260 to +400 °C (-436 to +752 °F) | Recommended temperature range: 0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F) -150 to +1000 °C (-238 to +1832 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) -150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F) | 50 K (90 °F) 50 K (90 °F) |
| IEC 60584, Part 1; ASTM E988-96 | Type C (W5Re-W26Re) (32) | 0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F) | 0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F) | 50 K (90 °F) |

In the case of 2-channel measurement the same measuring unit must be configured for the two channels (e.g. both °C or F or K). Independent 2-1) channel measurement of a resistance transmitter (Ohm) and voltage transmitter (mV) is not possible.

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| Thermocouples as per standard | Description | Measuring range limits | | Min. span |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------|
| ASTM E988-96 | Type D (W3Re-W25Re) (33) | 0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F) | 0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F) | 50 K (90 °F) |
| DIN 43710 | Type L (Fe-CuNi) (41) Type U (Cu-CuNi) (42) | -200 to +900 °C (-328 to +1652 °F) -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F) | -150 to +900 °C (-238 to +1652 °F) -150 to +600 °C (-238 to +1112 °F) | 50 K (90 °F) |
| GOST R8.8585-2001 | Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43) | -200 to +800 °C (-328 to +1472 °F) | -200 to +800 °C (+328 to +1472 °F) | 50 K (90 °F) |
| | Internal cold junction (Pt100) External cold junction: configurable value -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) Maximum sensor wire resistance 10 kΩ (If the sensor wire resistance is greater than 10 kΩ, an error message is output in accordance with NAMUR NE89.) | | | |
| Voltage transmitter (mV) | Millivolt transmitter (mV) | -20 to 100 mV | 5 mV | |

Type of input

The following connection combinations are possible when both sensor inputs are assigned:

| | Sensor input 1 | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire | RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire | RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire | Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter | | |
| | RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire | V | V | - | Ø | | |
| Sensor input 2 | RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire | Ø | Ø | - | Ø | | |
| | | - | - | - | - | | |
| | Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter | V | V | Z | $ \mathbf{Z} $ | | |

12.2 Output

Output signal

| Analog output | 4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA (can be inverted) |
|------------------------|--|
| Signal encoding | FSK ±0.5 mA via current signal |
| Data transmission rate | 1200 baud |
| Galvanic isolation | U = 2 kV AC for 1 minute (input/output) |

Failure information

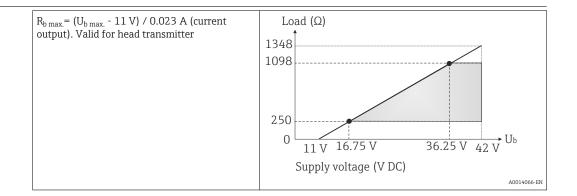
Failure information as per NAMUR NE43:

Failure information is created if the measuring information is missing or not valid. A complete list of all the errors occurring in the measuring system is created.

| Underranging | Linear drop from 4.0 to 3.8 mA |
|---|---|
| Overranging | Linear increase from 20.0 to 20.5 mA |
| Failure e.g. sensor failure; sensor short-circuit | \leq 3.6 mA ("low") or \geq 21 mA ("high"), can be selected The "high" alarm setting can be set between 21.5 mA and 23 mA, thus providing the flexibility needed to meet the requirements of various control systems. |

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Linearization/transmission behavior

Temperature-linear, resistance-linear, voltage-linear

Network frequency filter

50/60 Hz

Filter

1st order digital filter: 0 to 120 s

| HART® version | 7 |
|---|---|
| Device address in the multi-drop mode ¹⁾ | Software setting addresses0 to 63 |
| Device description files (DD) | Information and files are available free of charge at: www.endress.com www.hartcomm.org |
| Load (communication resistor) | min. 250Ω |

Not possible in the SIL mode, see Functional Safety Manual SD01172T/09

Write protection for device parameters

- Hardware: Write protection for head transmitter on optional display using DIP switch
- Software: Write protection using password

Switch-on delay

- Until the start of HART® communication, approx. 10 s $^{2)}$, while switch-on delay = I_a $\leq 3.8 \text{ mA}$
- Until the first valid measured value signal is present at the current output, approx. 28 s, while switch-on delay = $I_a \le 3.8$ mA

12.3 Power supply

Supply voltage

Values for non-hazardous areas, protected against polarity reversal:

- Head transmitter
 - 11 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 42 V (standard)
 - 11 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 32 V (SIL mode)
 - I: ≤ 23 mA
- DIN rail device
 - 12 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 42 V (standard)
 - 12 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 32 V (SIL mode)
- I: ≤ 23 mA

Values for hazardous areas, see Ex documentation .

²⁾ Does not apply for the SIL mode, see Functional Safety Manual SD01172T/09

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Current consumption

- 3.6 to 23 mA
- Minimum current consumption 3.5 mA, Multidrop mode 4 mA (not possible in the SIL

■ Current limit ≤ 23 mA

Terminals

Choice of screw or push-in terminals for sensor and supply cables:

| Terminal version | Cable version | Cable cross-section |
|--|--|--|
| Screw terminals | Rigid or flexible | ≤ 2.5 mm² (14 AWG) |
| Push-in terminals (cable version, | Rigid or flexible | 0.2 to 1.5 mm ² (24 to 16 AWG) |
| stripping length = min. 10 mm (0.39 in) | Flexible with wire end ferrules with/without plastic ferrule | 0.25 to 1.5 mm ² (24 to 16 AWG) |

12.4 **Performance characteristics**

Response time

The measured value update depends on the type of sensor and connection method and moves within the following ranges:

| Resistance thermometer (RTD) | $0.9\ to\ 1.5\ s$ (depends on the connection method 2/3/4-wire) | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Thermocouples (TC) | 1.1 s | | |
| Reference temperature | 1.1 s | | |



When recording step responses, it must be taken into account that the times for the measurement of the second channel and the internal reference measuring point are added to the specified times where applicable.

Reference operating conditions

- Calibration temperature: +25 °C ± 3 K (77 °F ± 5.4 °F)
- Supply voltage: 24 V DC
- 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment

Maximum measured error

In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference conditions specified above. The measured error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution). The data include nonlinearities and repeatability.

Typical

| Standard Description | | Measuring range | Typical measured error (±) | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Resistance thermometer (RTI |) as per standard | Digital value ¹⁾ | Value at current output | |
| IEC 60751:2008 | Pt100 (1) | | 0.08 °C (0.14 °F) | 0.1 °C (0.18 °F) |
| IEC 60751:2008 | Pt1000 (4) | 0 to +200 °C (32 to +392 °F) | 0.08 K (0.14 °F) | 0.1 °C (0.18 °F) |
| GOST 6651-94 | Pt100 (9) | | 0.07 ℃ (0.13 ℉) | 0.09 °C (0.16 °F) |
| | | | | |
| Thermocouples (TC) as per standard | | | Digital value | Value at current output |
| IEC 60584, Part 1 | Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36) | | 0.31 °C (0.56 °F) | 0.39 °C (0.7 °F) |
| IEC 60584, Part 1 | Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39) | 0 to +800 °C (32 to +1472 °F) | 0.97 ℃ (1.75 ℉) | 1.0 °C (1.8 °F) |
| GOST R8.8585-2001 Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43) | | | 2.18 ℃ (3.92 ℉) | 2.2 °C (3.96 °F) |

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

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Measured error for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

| Standard | Description | Measuring range | Measured error (±) | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| | | | Di | igital ¹⁾ | D/A ²⁾ |
| | | | Maximum 3) | Based on measured value 4) | D/A |
| | Pt100 (1) | −200 to +850 °C | ≤ 0.12 °C (0.21 °F) | ME = ± (0.06 °C (0.11 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| IEC 60751:2008 | Pt200 (2) | (−328 to +1562 °F) | ≤ 0.28 °C (0.50 °F) | ME = ± (0.12 °C (0.22 °F) + 0.015% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| IEC 007 31.2000 | Pt500 (3) | -200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F) | ≤ 0.15 °C (0.27 °F) | ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.014% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Pt1000 (4) | -200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F) | ≤ 0.09 °C (0.16 °F) | ME = ± (0.03 °C (0.05 °F) + 0.013% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| JIS C1604:1984 | Pt100 (5) | -200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F) | ≤ 0.09 C (0.10 F) | ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| GOST 6651-94 | Pt50 (8) | −185 to +1 100 °C (−301 to +2 012 °F) | ≤ 0.21 °C (0.38 °F) | ME = ± (0.10 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.008% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| GO31 0031-94 | Pt100 (9) | −200 to +850 °C (−328 to +1562 °F) | ≤ 0.11 °C (0.2 °F) | ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV)) | 0.03 % (≘ 4.8 µA) |
| DIN 43760 IPTS-68 | Ni100 (6) | -60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F) | ≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.05 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.09 ^{\circ}\text{F}) -$ | |
| DIN 43700 IF 13-00 | Ni120 (7) | -00 t0 1230 C (-70 t0 1402 f) | ≤ 0.03 € (0.03 F) | 0.006% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Cu50 (10) | -180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F) | ≤ 0.12 °C (0.22 °F) | ME = ± (0.10 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| OIML R84: 2003 / | Cu100 (11) | -180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F) | ≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.05 \text{ °C } (0.09 \text{ °F}) + 0.003\% * (MV - LRV))$ | |
| GOST 6651-2009 | Ni100 (12) | - −60 to +180 °C (−76 to +356 °F) | ≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.11 ^{\circ}\text{F}) - 0.006\% ^{\star} (MV - LRV))$ | |
| | Ni120 (13) | 60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F) | ≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.05 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.09 ^{\circ}\text{F}) - 0.006\% ^{\star} (MV - LRV))$ | |
| OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94 | Cu50 (14) | −50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F) | ≤ 0.11 °C (0.2 °F) | ME = ± (0.10 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.004% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| Resistance transmitter | Resistance Ω | 10 to 400 Ω | 33 mΩ | $ME = \pm 21 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.003\% * \text{MV}$ | 0.03 % (≘ |
| | | 10 to 2 000 Ω | 310 mΩ | $ME = \pm 90 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.011\% * \text{MV}$ | 4.8 μΑ) |

- 1)
- Measured value transmitted via HART $^{\tiny (\!0\!)}$. Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal. 2)
- 3) Maximum measured error for the specified measuring range
- Deviations from maximum measured error due to rounding is possible.

Measured error for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

| Standard | Description | Measuring range | Measured error (±) | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|
| | | | Di | Digital ¹⁾ | |
| | | | Maximum ³⁾ | Based on measured value 4) | D/A ²⁾ |
| IEC 60584-1 | Туре А (30) | 0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4 532 °F) | ≤ 1.33 °C (2.39 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.8 ^{\circ}\text{C} (1.52 ^{\circ}\text{F}) + 0.021\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$ | |
| IEC 00304-1 | Туре В (31) | +500 to +1820 ℃ (+932 to +3308 ℉) | ≤ 1.43 °C (2.57 °F) | $ME = \pm (1.43 ^{\circ}\text{C} (2.57 ^{\circ}\text{F}) - 0.06\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$ | 0.03 % (≘ |
| IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96 | Туре С (32) | 0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F) | ≤ 0.66 °C (1.19 °F) | ME = ± (0.55 °C (0.99 °F) + 0.0055% * (MV - LRV)) | 4.8 μA) |
| ASTM E988-96 | Type D (33) | 0 10 12 000 0 (132 10 13 032 17) | ≤ 0.75 °C (1.35 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.85 ^{\circ}C (1.53 ^{\circ}F) - 0.008\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$ | |

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| Standard | Description | Measuring range | Measured error (±) | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|---------------------|--|--------|
| | Туре Е (34) | −150 to +1000 °C (−238 to +1832 °F) | ≤ 0.22 °C (0.4 °F) | ME = ± (0.22 °C (0.40 °F) - 0.006% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Type J (35) | −150 to +1 200 °C | ≤ 0.27 °C (0.49 °F) | ME = ± (0.27 °C (0.49 °F) - 0.005% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Туре К (36) | (−238 to +2 192 °F) | ≤ 0.35 °C (0.63 °F) | ME = ± (0.35 °C (0.63 °F) - 0.005% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| IEC 60584-1 | Type N (37) | −150 to +1300 °C (−238 to +2372 °F) | ≤ 0.48 °C (0.86 °F) | ME = ± (0.48 °C (0.86 °F) - 0.014% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Type R (38) | +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3 214 °F) | ≤ 1.12 °C (2.02 °F) | ME = ± (1.12 °C (2.02 °F) - 0.03% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Type S (39) | | ≤ 1.15 °C (2.07 °F) | ME = ± (1.15 °C (2.07 °F) - 0.022% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| | Туре Т (40) | −150 to +400 °C (−238 to +752 °F) | ≤ 0.35 °C (0.63 °F) | ME = ± (0.35 °C (0.63 °F) - 0.04% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| DIN 43710 | Type L (41) | −150 to +900 °C (−238 to +1652 °F) | ≤ 0.29 °C (0.52 °F) | ME = ± (0.29 °C (0.52 °F) - 0.009% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| 77/10 A3/10 | Type U (42) | −150 to +600 °C (−238 to +1112 °F) | ≤ 0.33 °C (0.59 °F) | $ME = \pm (0.33 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.59 ^{\circ}\text{F}) - 0.028\% ^{\star} (MV - LRV))$ | |
| GOST R8.8585-2001 | Type L (43) | −200 to +800 °C (−328 to +1472 °F) | ≤ 2.20 °C (3.96 °F) | ME = ± (2.2 °C (3.96 °F) - 0.015% * (MV - LRV)) | |
| Voltage transmitter (mV) | | −20 to +100 mV | 10.7 μV | ME = \pm (7.7 μ V + 0.0025% * (MV - LRV)) | 4.8 μΑ |

- 1) Measured value transmitted via HART®.
- 2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.
- 3) Maximum measured error for the specified measuring range.
- Deviations from maximum measured error due to rounding is possible.

MV = Measured Value

LRV = Lower Range Value of relevant sensor

Total measured error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{\text{(Measured error digital}^2 + \text{Measured error D/A}^2)}$

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F), ambient temperature +25 °C (+77 °F), supply voltage 24 V:

| Measured error digital = $0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.006\% ^{\circ}\text{x} (200 ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200 ^{\circ}\text{C}))$: | 0.084 °C (0.151 °F) |
|---|---------------------|
| Measured error D/A = 0.03 % x 200 °C (360 °F) | 0.06 °C (0.108 °F) |
| Measured error digital value (HART): | 0.084 °C (0.151 °F) |
| Measured error analog value (current output): $\sqrt{\text{(Measured error digital}^2 + Measured error D/A^2)}$ | 0.103 °C (0.185 °F) |

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +392 $^{\circ}$ F), ambient temperature +35 $^{\circ}$ C (+95 $^{\circ}$ F), supply voltage 30 V:

| Measured error digital = $0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.006\% ^{\circ}\text{x} (200 ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200 ^{\circ}\text{C}))$: | 0.084 °C (0.151 °F) |
|---|---------------------|
| Measured error D/A = 0.03 % x 200 °C (360 °F) | 0.06 °C (0.108 °F) |
| Influence of ambient temperature (digital) = (35 - 25) x (0.002% x 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.005 °C | 0.08 °C (0.144 °F) |
| Influence of ambient temperature (D/A) = (35 - 25) x (0.001% x 200 °C) | 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) |

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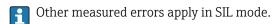
| Influence of supply voltage (digital) = (30 - 24) x (0.002% x 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.005 °C | 0.048 °C (0.086 °F) |
|--|---------------------|
| Influence of supply voltage (D/A) = $(30 - 24) \times (0.001\% \times 200 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ | 0.012 °C (0.022 °F) |
| Measured error digital value (HART): $\sqrt{\text{(Measured error digital}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (digital)}^2 + Influence of supply voltage (digital)}^2$ | 0.126 °C (0.227 °F) |
| Measured error analog value (current output): $\sqrt{\text{(Measured error D/A}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (digital)}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (D/A)}^2 + Influence of supply voltage (digital)}^2 + Influence of supply voltage (D/A)}^2$ | 0.141 °C (0.254 °F) |

The measured error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution).

MV = Measured Value

LRV = Lower Range Value of relevant sensor

| Physical input measuring range of sensors | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 10 to 400 Ω | Cu50, Cu100, polynomial RTD, Pt50, Pt100, Ni100, Ni120 | | | |
| 10 to 2 000 Ω | Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000 | | | |
| -20 to 100 mV | Thermocouples type: A, B, C, D, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U | | | |





For more information please refer to the Functional Safety Manual SD01172T/09.

Sensor adjustment

Sensor transmitter matching

RTD sensors are one of the most linear temperature measuring elements. Nevertheless, the output must be linearized. To significantly improve temperature measurement accuracy, the device allows the use of two methods:

■ Callendar-Van-Dusen coefficients (Pt100 resistance thermometer) The Callendar-Van-Dusen equation is described as: $R_T = R_0[1+AT+BT^2+C(T-100)T^3]$

The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor (platinum) and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically with the aid of sensor calibration.

■ Linearization for copper/nickel resistance thermometers (RTD) The polynomial equation for copper/nickel is as follows: $R_T = R_0(1+AT+BT^2)$

The coefficients A and B are used for the linearization of nickel or copper resistance thermometers (RTD). The exact values of the coefficients derive from the calibration data and are specific to each sensor. The sensor-specific coefficients are then sent to the transmitter.

Sensor transmitter matching using one of the methods explained above significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is because the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor to calculate the measured temperature, instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.

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1-point adjustment (offset)

Shifts the sensor value

2-point adjustment (sensor trimming)

Correction (slope and offset) of the measured sensor value at transmitter input

Current output adjustment

Correction of 4 or 20 mA current output value (not possible in SIL mode)

Operating influences

The measured error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution).

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

| Description | Standard | Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change | | e | | Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------------|---|---------|
| | | Digital ¹⁾ | | D/A ²⁾ | | Digital | D/A |
| | | Maximum | Based on measured value | | Maximum | Based on measured value | |
| Pt100 (1) | | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F) | | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F) | |
| Pt200 (2) | IEC | ≤ 0.026 °C (0.047 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.026 °C (0.047 °F) | - | |
| Pt500 (3) | 60751:2008 | ≤ 0.014 °C (0.025 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.009 °C (0.016 °F) | | ≤ 0.014 °C (0.025 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.009 °C (0.016 °F) | |
| Pt1000 (4) | | ≤ 0.01 °C | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F) | | ≤ 0.01 °C | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F) | |
| Pt100 (5) | JIS C1604:1984 | (0.018°F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F) | | (0.018°F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F) | |
| Pt50 (8) | - GOST 6651-94 | ≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F) | | ≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F) | |
| Pt100 (9) | | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F) | 0.001 % | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F) | 0.001 % |
| Ni100 (6) | DIN 43760 | ≤ 0.005 °C | - | | ≤ 0.005 °C | - | |
| Ni120 (7) | IPTS-68 | (0.009°F) | - | | (0.009°F) | - | |
| Cu50 (10) | | ≤ 0.008 °C | - | | ≤ 0.008 °C | - | |
| Cu100 (11) | OIML R84: 2003 / GOST | (0.014°F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F) | | (0.014°F) | 0.002% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F) | |
| Ni100 (12) | 6651-2009 | ≤ 0.004 °C | - | | ≤ 0.004 °C | - | |
| Ni120 (13) | | (0.007 °F) | - | | (0.007 °F) | - | |
| Cu50 (14) | OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94 | ≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F) | - | |
| Resistance tran | smitter (Ω) | | | | | | |
| 10 to 400 Ω | | ≤ 6 mΩ | 0.0015% * (MV -LRV), at least 1.5 mΩ | 0.001.6 | ≤ 6 mΩ | 0.0015% * (MV -LRV), at least $1.5~\text{m}\Omega$ | 0.001.2 |
| 10 to 2 000 Ω | | ≤ 30 mΩ | 0.0015% * (MV -LRV), at least 15 mΩ | - 0.001 % | ≤ 30 mΩ | 0.0015% * (MV -LRV), at least $15~\text{m}\Omega$ | 0.001 % |

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

²⁾ Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal

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Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

| Description | Standard | Influe | Ambient temperature: nce (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) chang | e | | Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|--|---------|
| | | Digital ¹⁾ | | D/A ²⁾ | | Digital | D/A |
| | | Maximum | Based on measured value | | Maximum | Based on measured value | |
| Туре А (30) | IEC 60584-1 | ≤ 0.14 °C (0.25 °F) | 0.0055% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F) | | ≤ 0.14 °C (0.25 °F) | 0.0055% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F) | |
| Туре В (31) | 1EC 00584-1 | ≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) | - | |
| Type C (32) | IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96 | ≤ 0.09 °C (0.16 °F) | 0.0045% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F) | | ≤ 0.09 °C (0.16 °F) | 0.0045% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F) | |
| Type D (33) | ASTM E988-96 | ≤ 0.08 °C (0.14 °F) | 0.004% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.035 °C (0.063 °F) | | ≤ 0.08 °C (0.14 °F) | 0.004% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.035 °C (0.063 °F) | |
| Туре Е (34) | | ≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F) | 0.003% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.016 °C (0.029 °F) | | ≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F) | 0.003% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.016 °C (0.029 °F) | |
| Type J (35) | | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F) | 0.0028% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) | | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F) | 0.0028% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.02 °C (0.036 °F) | |
| Туре К (36) | | ≤ 0.04 °C | 0.003% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.013 °C (0.023 °F) | 0.001 % | ≤ 0.04 °C | 0.003% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.013 °C (0.023 °F) | 0.001 % |
| Type N (37) | IEC 60584-1 | (0.07 °F) | 0.0028% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.020 °C (0.036 °F) | 0.001 % | (0.07°F) | 0.0028% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.020 °C (0.036 °F) | 0.001 % |
| Type R (38) | | ≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) | 0.0035% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.047 °C (0.085 °F) | | ≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) | 0.0035% * (MV -LRV), at least 0.047 °C (0.085 °F) | |
| Type S (39) | | ≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | - | |
| Type T (40) | | ≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F) | - | |
| Type L (41) | DIN 43710 | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F) | - | |
| Type U (42) | DIN 43710 | ≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F) | - | |
| Type L (43) | GOST R8.8585-2001 | ≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F) | - | | ≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F) | - | |
| Voltage transmi | tter (mV) | | | | | | |
| -20 to 100 mV | - | ≤ 3 µV | - | 0.001 % | ≤ 3 µV | - | 0.001 % |

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

MV = Measured Value

LRV = Lower Range Value of relevant sensor

Total measured error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{(Measured\ error\ digital^2 + Measured\ error\ D/A^2)}$

 $Long-term\ drift,\ resistance\ thermometers\ (RTD)\ and\ resistance\ transmitters$

| Description | Standard | Long-term drift (±) 1) | | | |
|-------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | after 1 year | after 3 years | after 5 years | |
| | | Based on measured value | | | |
| Pt100 (1) | IEC 60751:2008 | ≤ 0.016% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F) | ≤ 0.025% * (MV - LRV) or 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | ≤ 0.028% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.10 °F) | |
| Pt200 (2) | | 0.25 °C (0.44 °F) | 0.41 °C (0.73 °F) | 0.50 °C (0.91 °F) | |

²⁾ Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal

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| Description | Standard | Long-term drift (±) 1) | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Pt500 (3) | | <pre></pre> | <pre>< 0.03% * (MV - LRV) or 0.14 °C (0.25 °F)</pre> | ≤ 0.036% * (MV - LRV) or 0.17 °C (0.31 °F) |
| Pt1000 (4) | | <pre> < 0.0185% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)</pre> | ≤ 0.031% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F) | ≤ 0.038% * (MV - LRV) or 0.08 °C (0.14 °F) |
| Pt100 (5) | JIS C1604:1984 | ≤ 0.015% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F) | ≤ 0.024% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F) | ≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.08 °C (0.14 °F) |
| Pt50 (8) | COST ((F1.0)) | ≤ 0.017% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.13 °F) | ≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.12 °C (0.22 °F) | ≤ 0.03% * (MV - LRV) or 0.14 °C (0.25 °F) |
| Pt100 (9) | - GOST 6651-94 | <pre> < 0.016% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)</pre> | ≤ 0.025% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F) | ≤ 0.028% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.13 °F) |
| Ni100 (6) | DIM 42760 IDTC 60 | 0.04 °C (0.06 °F) | 0.05 °C (0.10 °F) | 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) |
| Ni120 (7) | DIN 43760 IPTS-68 | 0.04 C (0.06 F) | 0.05 C (0.10 F) | 0.00 C (0.11 F) |
| Cu50 (10) | | 0.06 °C (0.10 °F) | 0.09 °C (0.16 °F) | 0.11 °C (0.20 °F) |
| Cu100 (11) | OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-2009 | ≤ 0.015% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.06 °F) | ≤ 0.024% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.10 °F) | ≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) |
| Ni100 (12) | GOS1 0051-2009 | 0.03 °C (0.06 °F) | 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | 0.06 °C (0.10 °F) |
| Ni120 (13) | | 0.03 °C (0.06 °F) | 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | 0.06 °C (0.10 °F) |
| Cu50 (14) | OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94 | 0.06 °C (0.10 °F) | 0.09 °C (0.16 °F) | 0.10 °C (0.18 °F) |
| Resistance transmitte | r | | | |
| 10 to 400 Ω | | $\leq 0.0122\%$ * (MV - LRV) or 12 m Ω | $\leq 0.02\%$ * (MV - LRV) or 20 m Ω | \leq 0.022% * (MV - LRV) or 22 m Ω |
| 10 to 2 000 Ω | | ≤ 0.015% * (MV - LRV) or 144 mΩ | $\leq 0.024\%$ * (MV - LRV) or 240 m Ω | ≤ 0.03% * (MV - LRV) or 295 mΩ |

1) Whichever is greater

Long-term drift, thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

| Description | Standard | Long-term drift (±) 1) | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | | after 1 year | after 3 years | after 5 years | |
| | | Based on measured value | | | |
| Type A (30) | IEC 60584-1 | ≤ 0.048% * (MV - LRV) or 0.46 °C (0.83 °F) | ≤ 0.072% * (MV - LRV) or 0.69 °C (1.24 °F) | <pre> < 0.1% * (MV - LRV) or 0.94 °C (1.69 °F)</pre> | |
| Туре В (31) | | 1.08 °C (1.94 °F) | 1.63 ℃ (2.93 ℉) | 2.23 °C (4.01 °F) | |
| Type C (32) | IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96 | ≤ 0.038% * (MV - LRV) or 0.41 °C (0.74 °F) | ≤ 0.057% * (MV - LRV) or 0.62 °C (1.12 °F) | ≤ 0.078% * (MV - LRV) or 0.85 °C (1.53 °F) | |
| Type D (33) | ASTM E988-96 | ≤ 0.035% * (MV - LRV) or 0.57 °C (1.03 °F) | ≤ 0.052% * (MV - LRV) or 0.86 °C (1.55 °F) | ≤ 0.071% * (MV - LRV) or 1.17 °C (2.11 °F) | |
| Туре Е (34) | | ≤ 0.024% * (MV - LRV) or 0.15 °C (0.27 °F) | ≤ 0.037% * (MV - LRV) or 0.23 °C (0.41 °F) | ≤ 0.05% * (MV - LRV) or 0.31 °C (0.56 °F) | |
| Type J (35) | | ≤ 0.025% * (MV - LRV) or 0.17 °C (0.31 °F) | ≤ 0.037% * (MV - LRV) or 0.25 °C (0.45 °F) | ≤ 0.051% * (MV - LRV) or 0.34 °C (0.61 °F) | |
| Туре К (36) | IEC 60584-1 | ≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.23 °C (0.41 °F) | ≤ 0.041% * (MV - LRV) or 0.35 °C (0.63 °F) | ≤ 0.056% * (MV - LRV) or 0.48 °C (0.86 °F) | |
| Туре N (37) | | 0.36 °C (0.65 °F) | 0.55 ℃ (0.99 °F) | 0.75 °C (1.35 °F) | |
| Type R (38) | | 0.83 °C (1.49 °F) | 1.26 °C (2.27 °F) | 1.72 °C (3.10 °F) | |
| Type S (39) | | 0.84 °C (1.51 °F) | 1.27 °C (2.29 °F) | 1.73 °C (3.11 °F) | |
| Type T (40) | | 0.25 °C (0.45 °F) | 0.37 °C (0.67 °F) | 0.51 °C (0.92 °F) | |

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| Description | Standard | Long-term drift (±) 1) | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Type L (41) | DIN 43710 | 0.20 °C (0.36 °F) | 0.31 °C (0.56 °F) | 0.42 °C (0.76 °F) | |
| Type U (42) | | 0.24 °C (0.43 °F) | 0.37 °C (0.67 °F) | 0.50 °C (0.90 °F) | |
| Type L (43) | GOST R8.8585-2001 | 0.22 °C (0.40 °F) | 0.33 ℃ (0.59 °F) | 0.45 °C (0.81 °F) | |
| Voltage transmitter (mV) | | | | | |
| -20 to 100 mV | | ≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 5.5 µV | ≤ 0.041% * (MV - LRV) or 8.2 μV | ≤ 0.056% * (MV - LRV) or 11.2 μV | |

Whichever is greater

Long-term drift analog output

| Long term drift $D/A^{1)}$ (±) | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| after 1 year | after 3 years | after 5 years | |
| 0.021% | 0.029% | 0.031% | |

1) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.

Influence of reference junction

Pt100 DIN IEC 60751 Cl. B (internal cold junction with thermocouples TC)

12.5 Environment

| Ambient temperature | |
|---------------------|--|
| range | |

- -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F), for hazardous areas see Ex documentation
- -50 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C (-58 to +185 $^{\circ}$ F), for hazardous areas see Ex documentation , Product Configurator order code for "Test, certificate, declaration", option "JM" 3)
- -52 to +85 °C (-62 to +185 °F), for hazardous areas see Ex documentation , Product Configurator order code for "Test, certificate, declaration", option "JN" ³⁾
- SIL mode: -40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F)

Storage temperature

- Head transmitter: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F)
- Option: -52 to 85 °C (-62 to 185 °F), Product Configurator order code for "Test, certificate, declaration", option "JN" $^{4)}$
- DIN rail device: -40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F)

Altitude

Up to 4000 m (4374.5 yards) above mean sea level as per IEC 61010-1, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1

Humidity

- Condensation:
 - Head transmitter permitted
 - DIN rail transmitter not permitted
- Max. rel. humidity: 95% as per IEC 60068-2-30

Climate class

- Head transmitter: climate class C1 as per EN 60654-1
- DIN rail device: climate class B2 as per EN 60654-1

³⁾ If the temperature is below $-40\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-40\,^{\circ}\text{F}$), increased failure rates are likely.

⁴⁾ If the temperature is below -50 °C (-58 °F), increased failure rates are likely.

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Degree of protection

■ Head transmitter with screw terminals: IP 00, with spring terminals: IP 30. In installed state, depends on the terminal head or field housing used.

- When installing in field housing TA30A, TA30D or TA30H: IP 66/68 (NEMA Type 4x encl.)
- DIN rail device: IP 20

Shock and vibration resistance

Vibration resistance as per DNVGL-CG-0339: 2015 and DIN EN 60068-2-27

- Head transmitter: 2 to 100 Hz at 4q (increased vibration stress)
- DIN rail device: 2 to 100 Hz at 0.7q (general vibration stress)

Shock resistance as per KTA 3505 (section 5.8.4 Shock test)

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

CE compliance

Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity. All tests were passed both with and without ongoing digital HART®-communication.

Maximum measured error <1% of measuring range.

Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements

Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series, Class B equipment

Measuring category

Measuring category II as per IEC 61010-1. The measuring category is provided for measuring on power circuits that are directly connected electrically with the low-voltage network.

Degree of contamination

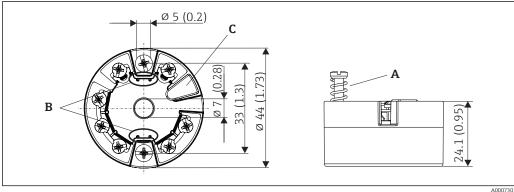
Pollution degree 2 as per IEC 61010-1.

12.6 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)

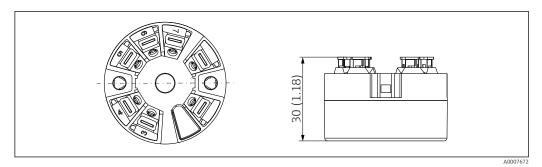
Head transmitter



■ 16 Version with screw terminals

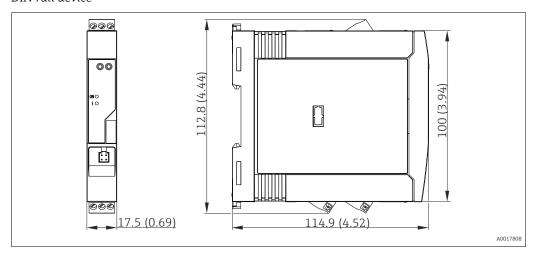
- Α *Spring travel L* \geq 5 mm (not for US - M4 securing screws)
- Mounting elements for attachable measured value display TID10
- Service interface for connecting measured value display or configuration tool

iTEMP TMT82 Technical Data



Version with push-in terminals. Dimensions are identical to the version with screw terminals, apart from housing height.

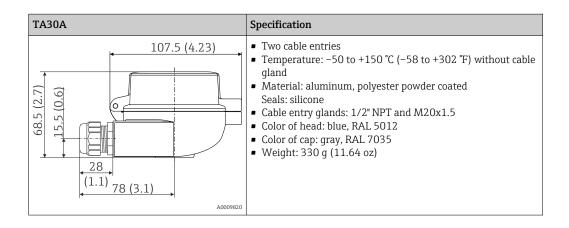
DIN rail device



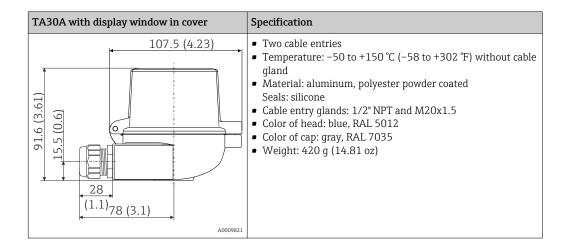
Field housing

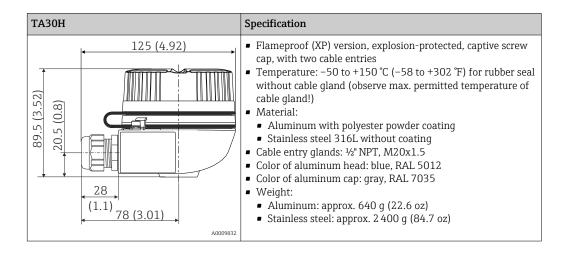
All field housings have an internal geometry in accordance with DIN EN 50446, form B (flat face). Cable glands in the diagrams: M20x1.5

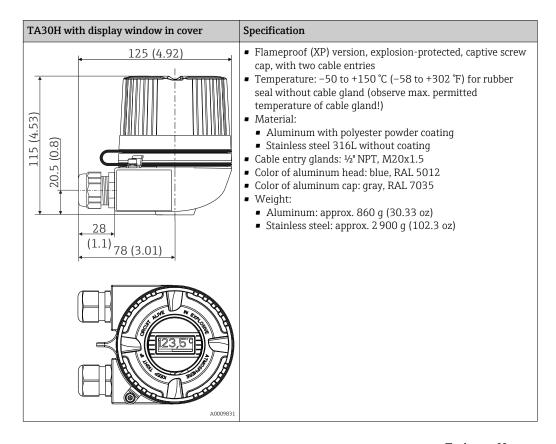
| Maximum ambient temperatures for cable glands | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Туре | Temperature range | | |
| Polyamide cable gland ½" NPT, M20x1.5 (non-Ex) | -40 to +100 °C (-40 to 212 °F) | | |
| Polyamide cable gland M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area) | −20 to +95 °C (−4 to 203 °F) | | |
| Brass cable gland 1/2" NPT, M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area) | -20 to +130 °C (-4 to +266 °F) | | |



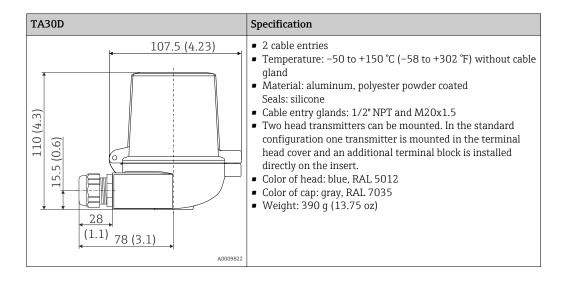
Technical Data iTEMP TMT82







iTEMP TMT82 Technical Data



Weight

- Head transmitter: approx. 40 to 50 g (1.4 to 1.8 oz)
- Field housing: see specifications
- DIN rail device: approx. 100 g (3.53 oz)

Materials

All the materials used are RoHS-compliant.

- Housing: polycarbonate (PC)
- Terminals:
 - Screw terminals: nickel-plated brass and gold-plated contacts
 - Push-in terminals: tin-plated brass, contact springs 1.4310, 301 (AISI)
- Potting compound:
 - Head transmitter: QSIL 553
 - DIN rail housing: Silgel612EH

Field housing: see specifications

12.7 Certificates and approvals

| CE mark | The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, it complies with the legal specifications of the EC directives. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing to it the CE-mark. |
|-------------|--|
| EAC mark | The product meets the legal requirements of the EEU guidelines. The manufacturer confirms the successful testing of the product by affixing the EAC mark. |
| Ex approval | Information about currently available Ex versions (ATEX, FM, CSA, etc.) can be supplied by your E+H Sales Center on request. All explosion protection data are given in separate documentation which is available upon request. |
| UL approval | Detailed information see UL Product iq™, Search for keyword "E225237") |
| CSA C/US | The device complies with the requirements of the "CLASS 2252 05 - Process Control Equipment" and "CLASS 2252 85 - Process Control Equipment - Certified to US Standards". |

Technical Data iTEMP TMT82

| Functional safety | SIL 2/3 (hardware/software) certified to: ■ IEC 61508-1:2010 (Management) ■ IEC 61508-2:2010 (Hardware) ■ IEC 61508-3:2010 (Software) |
|--------------------------------|--|
| HART® certification | The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART® Communication Foundation. The device meets the requirements of the HART® Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7. |
| Marine approvals | For the type approval certificates (DNVGL, etc.) currently available, please contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center for information. All data relating to shipbuilding can be found in separate type approval certificates which can be requested as needed. |
| Examination certificate | In compliance with WELMEC 8.8, only in SIL mode: "Guide on the General and Administrative Aspects of the Voluntary System of Modular Evaluation of Measuring Instruments." |
| Other standards and guidelines | IEC 60529: Degree of protection provided by housing (IP code) IEC/EN 61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use IEC/EN 61326-Series: |

12.8 Documentation

- Functional Safety Manual 'TEMP TMT82' (SD01172T/09/en)
- Supplementary ATEX documentation:
 ATEX II 1G Ex ia IIC: XA00102T/09/a3
 ATEX II2G Ex d IIC: XA01007T/09/a3 (transmitter in field housing)
 ATEX II2(1)G Ex ia IIC: XA01012T/09/a3 (transmitter in field housing)

Operating menu and parameter description 13



The following tables list all the parameters in the "Setup", "Diagnostics" and "Expert" operating menus. The page reference indicates where a description of the parameter can be found in the manual.

Depending on the parameter configuration, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. Information on this can be found in the parameter description under "Prerequisite". The parameter groups for the Expert setup contain all the parameters of the "Setup" and "Diagnostics" operating menus, as well as other parameters that are solely reserved for experts.

This symbol [a] indicates how to navigate to the parameter using operating tools (e.g. FieldCare).

Configuration in the SIL mode differs from the standard mode and is described in the Functional Safety Manual.

For more information please refer to the Functional Safety Manual SD01172T/09.

| Setup → | Device tag | → 🗎 68 |
|---------|----------------------------|--------|
| | Unit | → 🖺 68 |
| | Sensor type 1 | → 🖺 68 |
| | Connection type 1 | → 🖺 69 |
| | 2-wire compensation 1 | → 🖺 69 |
| | Reference junction 1 | → 🖺 69 |
| | RJ preset value 1 | → 🖺 70 |
| | Sensor type 2 | → 🖺 68 |
| | Connection type 2 | → 🖺 69 |
| | 2-wire compensation 2 | → 🖺 69 |
| | Reference junction 2 | → 🖺 69 |
| | RJ preset value 2 | → 🖺 70 |
| | Assign current output (PV) | → 🖺 70 |
| | Lower range value | → 🖺 71 |
| | Upper range value | → 🖺 71 |

| Setup → | Extended setup→ | Enter access code | → 🖺 72 |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| | | Access status tooling | → 🖺 73 |
| | | Locking status | → 🗎 73 |
| | | Device temperature alarm | → 🖺 74 |

| Setup → | ıp → Extended setup → Sensor → | Sensor offset 1 | → 🖺 74 | |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| | | | Sensor offset 2 | → 🖺 74 |
| | | | Corrosion detection | → 🖺 74 |
| | | | Drift/difference mode | → 🖺 75 |
| | | | Drift/difference alarm category | → 🖺 75 |
| | | | Drift/difference alarm delay | → 🖺 76 |
| | | | Drift/difference set point | → 🖺 76 |
| | | | Sensor switch set point | → 🗎 76 |

| Setup → | Extended setup→ | Current output → | Output current | → 🖺 77 |
|---------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| | | | Measuring mode | → 🖺 77 |
| | | | Out of range category | → 🖺 78 |
| | | | Failure mode | → 🖺 78 |
| | | | Failure current | → 🖺 78 |
| | | | Current trimming 4 mA | → 🖺 79 |
| | | | Current trimming 20 mA | → 🖺 79 |
| | | | | |
| Setup → | Extended setup→ | Display → | Display interval | → 🖺 79 |
| | | | Format display | → 🖺 80 |
| | | | Value 1 display | → 🖺 80 |
| | | | Decimal places 1 | → 🖺 81 |
| | | | Value 2 display | → 🖺 81 |
| | | | Decimal places 2 | → 🖺 82 |
| | | | Value 3 display | → 🖺 82 |
| | | | Decimal places 3 | → 🖺 83 |
| | | | | |
| Setup → | Extended setup→ | SIL → | SIL option | → 🖺 83 |
| | | | Operational state | → 🖺 83 |
| | | | SIL checksum | → 🖺 84 |
| | | | Timestamp SIL configuration | → 🖺 84 |
| | | | Force safe state | → 🖺 85 |
| Setup → | Extended setup A | Administration A | Device reset | → 🖺 85 |
| Setup 7 | Extended setup→ | Administration \rightarrow | | |
| | | | Define device write protection code | → 🖺 85 |
| Diagnosis → | Actual diagnostics | | | → 🖺 87 |
| 3 | Remedy information | | | → 🖺 87 |
| | Previous diagnostics 1 | | | → 🖺 87 |
| | Operating time | | | → 🖺 87 |
| | 1 3 | | | |
| Diagnosis → | Diagnostic list→ | Actual diagnostics coun | <u> </u> | → 🖺 88 |
| | | Actual diagnostics n 1) | | → 🖺 87 |
| | | Actual diag channel | | → 🖺 88 |
| 1) n = number | of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | | |
| Diagnosis → | Event logbook → | Previous diagnostics n 1) | | → 🖺 89 |
| | | Previous diag channel n | | → 🖺 89 |

¹⁾ n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

| Diagnosis → | Device information \rightarrow | Device tag | | → 🖺 68 |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| | | Serial number | | → 🖺 90 |
| | | Firmware version | | → 🖺 90 |
| | | Device name | | → 🖺 90 |
| | | Order code | | → 🖺 90 |
| | | Extended order code | | → 🖺 112 |
| | | Extended order code 2 | | → 🖺 112 |
| | | Extended order code 3 | | → 🖺 112 |
| | | ENP version | | → 🖺 112 |
| | | Device revision | | → 🖺 105 |
| | | Manufacturer ID | | → 🖺 113 |
| | | Manufacturer | | → 🖺 113 |
| | | Hardware revision | | → 🖺 113 |
| | | Configuration counter | | → 🗎 92 |
| Dia | M 1 1 . | | | , Fb.00 |
| Diagnosis → | Measured values \rightarrow | Sensor 1 value | | → 🖺 92 |
| | | Sensor 1 raw value | | → 🖺 93 |
| | | Sensor 2 value | | → 🖺 92 |
| | | Sensor 2 raw value | | → 🖺 93 |
| | | Device temperature | | → 🖺 93 |
| Diagnosis → | Measured values → | Min/max values → | Sensor n 1) min value | → 🖺 93 |
| 3 | | | Sensor n max value | → 🖺 93 |
| | | | Reset sensor min/max values | → 🖺 93 |
| | | | Device temperature min. | → 🖺 94 |
| | | | Device temperature max. | → 🖺 94 |
| | | | Reset device temperature min/max | → 🖺 94 |
| 1) n = number | of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | | |
| Diagnosis → | Simulation → | Simulation current outpu | ıt | → 🖺 95 |
| | | Value current output | | → 🖺 95 |
| Expert → | Enter access code | | | → 🖺 72 |
| Expert 2 | | | | |
| | Access status tooling | | | → 🗎 73 |
| | Locking status | | | → 🖺 73 |
| Expert → | System → | Unit | | → 🖺 68 |
| Lapert / | | Damping | | → 🖺 96 |
| | | Alarm delay | | → 🖺 96 |
| | | Thailii aciay | | |
| | | Network frequency filter | | → 🖺 96 |

| Expert → | System → | Display → | Display interval | → 🖺 79 |
|----------|----------|-----------|------------------|--------|
| | | | Format display | → 🖺 80 |
| | | | Value 1 display | → 🖺 80 |
| | | | Decimal places 1 | → 🖺 81 |
| | | | Value 2 display | → 🖺 81 |
| | | | Decimal places 2 | → 🖺 82 |
| | | | Value 3 display | → 🖺 82 |
| | | | Decimal places 3 | → 🖺 83 |

| Expert → | System → | Administration → | Device reset | → 🖺 85 |
|----------|----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| | | | Define device write protection code | → 🖺 85 |

| Expert → | Sensor → | Sensor n 1) → | Sensor type n | → 🖺 68 |
|----------|----------|---------------|------------------------|--------|
| | | | Connection type n | → 🖺 69 |
| | | | 2-wire compensation n | → 🖺 69 |
| | | | Reference junction n | → 🖺 69 |
| | | | RJ preset value | → 🖺 70 |
| | | | Sensor offset n | → 🖺 74 |
| | | | Sensor n lower limit | → 🖺 97 |
| | | | Sensor n upper limit | → 🖺 97 |
| | | | Sensor n serial number | → 🖺 97 |

1) n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

| Expert → | Sensor → | Sensor n ¹)→ | Sensor trimming→ | Sensor trimming | → 🖺 98 |
|----------|----------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| | | | | Sensor trimming lower value | → 🖺 98 |
| | | | | Sensor trimming upper value | → 🖺 99 |
| | | | | Sensor trimming min span | → 🖺 99 |

1) n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

| Expert → | Sensor → | Sensor n ¹)→ | Linearization→ | Sensor n lower limit | → 🖺 97 |
|----------|----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | | | | Sensor n upper limit | → 🖺 97 |
| | | | | Call./v. Dusen coeff. RO, A, B, C | → 🖺 100 |
| | | | | Polynomial coeff. RO, A, B | → 🖺 101 |

1) n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

| Expert → | Sensor → | Diagnostic settings → | Corrosion detection | → 🖺 74 |
|----------|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| | | | Drift/difference mode | → 🖺 75 |
| | | | Drift/difference alarm category | → 🖺 75 |
| | | | Drift/difference alarm delay | → 🖺 76 |
| | | | Drift/difference set point | → 🖺 76 |

| | | | Sensor switch set point | → 🗎 76 |
|----------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | Calibration counter start | → 🖺 101 |
| | | | | → 🖺 101 |
| | | | Calibration alarm category | → 🖺 102 |
| | | | Calibration counter start value | |
| | | | Count value | → 🖺 102 |
| | | | | |
| Expert → | Output → | Output current | | → 🗎 77 |
| | | Measuring mode | | → 🖺 103 |
| | | Lower range value | | → 🖺 71 |
| | | Upper range value | | → 🖺 71 |
| | | Out of range category | | → 🖺 78 |
| | | Failure mode | | → 🗎 78 |
| | | Failure current | | → 🗎 78 |
| | | Current trimming 4 mA | | → 🖺 79 |
| | | Current trimming 20 mA | | → 🖺 79 |
| | | | | |
| Expert → | Communication → | HART configuration → | Device tag | → 🗎 103 |
| | | | HART short tag | → 🖺 103 |
| | | | HART address | → 🖺 103 |
| | | | No. of preambles | → 🖺 104 |
| | | | Configuration changed | → 🖺 104 |
| | | | Reset configuration changed flag | → 🖺 104 |
| | | | | |
| Expert → | Communication → | HART info→ | Device type | → 🖺 104 |
| | | | Device revision | → 🖺 105 |
| | | | Device ID | → 🖺 105 |
| | | | Manufacturer ID | → 🖺 105 |
| | | | HART revision | → 🖺 105 |
| | | | HART descriptor | → 🖺 105 |
| | | | HART message | → 🖺 106 |
| | | | Hardware revision | → 🖺 113 |
| | | | Software revision | → 🖺 106 |
| | | | HART date code | → 🖺 106 |
| | | | | |
| Expert → | Communication → | HART output→ | Assign current output (PV) | |
| _apert / | Johnnineauon / | In act output / | PV | → 🖺 107 |
| | | | Assign SV | → 1 07 |
| | | | SV | → 1 07 |
| | | | Assign TV | → 🖺 108 |
| | | | TV | → 🖺 108 |
| | | | | |
| | | | Assign QV | → 🖺 108 |

Endress+Hauser 65

QV

→ 🖺 108

| Expert → | $Communication \rightarrow$ | Burst configuration \rightarrow | Burst mode | → 🖺 109 |
|--------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | | Burst command | → 🖺 109 |
| | | | Burst variables 0-3 | → 🖺 109 |
| | | | Burst trigger mode | → 🖺 110 |
| | | | Burst trigger level | → 🖺 111 |
| | | | Burst min period | → 🖺 111 |
| | | | Burst max period | → 🖺 111 |
| Expert → | Diagnosis → | Actual diagnostics | | → 🖺 87 |
| | | Remedy information | | → 🖺 87 |
| | | Previous diagnostics 1 | | → 🖺 87 |
| | | Operating time | | → 🖺 87 |
| Expert → | Diagnosis → | Diagnostic list→ | Actual diagnostics count | → 🖺 88 |
| • | , | 3 | Actual diagnostics | → 🖺 87 |
| | | | Actual diag channel | → 🖺 88 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Expert → | Diagnosis → | Event logbook → | Previous diagnostics n 1) | → 🖺 89 |
| | | Event logbook → | Previous diagnostics n 1) Previous diag channel | → ■ 89→ ■ 89 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Previous diag channel | → 🖺 89 |
| l) n = numbe | | Event logbook → Device information → | Previous diag channel Device tag | → 🖺 89 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Previous diag channel Device tag Serial number | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Previous diag channel Device tag Serial number Firmware version | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Previous diag channel Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 |
|) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Previous diag channel Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code Extended order code 2 | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 |
|) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 ENP version | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 115 → ■ 116 |
|) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 ENP version Device revision Manufacturer ID | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 115 → ■ 1105 → ■ 113 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 ENP version Device revision | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 113 → ■ 113 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 ENP version Device revision Manufacturer ID Manufacturer | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 115 → ■ 1105 → ■ 113 |
| l) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) Diagnosis → | Device information → | Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 ENP version Device revision Manufacturer ID Manufacturer Hardware revision Configuration counter | → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 113 → ■ 113 → ■ 113 → ■ 113 → ■ 12 |
| 1) n = numbe | r of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | | Previous diag channel Device tag Serial number Firmware version Device name Order code Extended order code 2 Extended order code 3 ENP version Device revision Manufacturer ID Manufacturer Hardware revision | → ■ 89 → ■ 68 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 90 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 112 → ■ 113 → ■ 113 → ■ 113 |

Device temperature

→ 🖺 93

¹⁾ n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

| Expert → | Diagnosis → | Measured values → | Min/max values → | Sensor n 1) min value | → 🖺 93 |
|----------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| | | | | Sensor n max value | → 🖺 93 |
| | | | | Reset sensor min/max values | → 🖺 93 |
| | | | | Device temperature min. | → 🖺 94 |
| | | | | Device temperature max. | → 🖺 94 |
| | | | | Reset device temperature min/max | → 🖺 94 |

1) n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

| Expert → | Diagnosis → | Simulation → | Simulation current output | → 🖺 95 |
|----------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------|
| | | | Value current output | → 🖺 95 |

"Setup" menu 13.1

This menu contains all the parameters that are needed to configure the basic settings of the device. The transmitter can be put into operation with this limited parameter set.



| Device tag | |
|-----------------|--|
| | |
| Navigation | Setup → Device tag Diagnostics → Device information → Device tag Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Device tag |
| Description | Use this function to enter a unique name for the measuring point so it can be identified quickly within the plant. The name is displayed in the header of the plug-in display. |
| User entry | Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /) |
| Factory setting | -none- |
| Unit | |
| Navigation | Setup → Unit Expert → System → Unit |
| Description | Use this function to select the engineering unit for all the measured values. |
| Options | C F K R Ohm mV |
| Factory setting | $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ |
| Sensor type n | |
| Navigation | Setup \rightarrow Sensor type n Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor type n |
| Description | Use this function to select the sensor type for the sensor input in question. Sensor type 1: settings for sensor input 1 Sensor type 2: settings for sensor input 2 |
| | Please observe the terminal assignment when connecting → ■ 8, ■ 17 the individual sensors. In the case of 2-channel operation, the possible connection |

options must also be observed.

Options A list of all the possible sensor types is provided in the "Technical data" section. $\rightarrow \triangleq 45$

Factory setting Sensor type 1: Pt100 IEC751

Sensor type 2: No sensor

Connection type n

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Connection type n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Connection type n

Prerequisite An RTD sensor must be specified as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to select the connection type for the sensor.

Options • Sensor 1 (connection type 1): 2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire

■ Sensor 2 (connection type 2): 2-wire, 3-wire

Factory setting ■ Sensor 1 (connection type 1): 4-wire

■ Sensor 2 (connection type 2): 2-wire

2-wire compensation n

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow 2-wire compensation n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow 2$ -wire compensation n

Prerequisite An RTD sensor with a **2-wire** connection type must be specified as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to specify the resistance value for two-wire compensation in RTDs.

User entry 0 to 30 Ohm

Factory setting 0

Reference junction n

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Reference junction n

 $\mathsf{Expert} \to \mathsf{Sensor} \to \mathsf{Sensor} \; n \to \mathsf{Reference} \; \mathsf{junction} \; n$

Prerequisite A thermocouple (TC) sensor must be selected as the sensor type.

Description

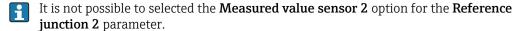
Use this function to select reference junction measurement for temperature compensation of thermocouples (TC).



- If **Preset value** is selected, the compensation value is specified via the **RJ preset value** parameter.
- Temperature measured must be configured for channel 2 if **Measured value** sensor 2 is selected

Options

- No compensation: no temperature compensation is used.
- Internal measurement: the internal reference junction temperature is used.
- Preset value: a fixed preset value is used.
- Measured value sensor 2: the measured value of sensor 2 is used.



Factory setting

Internal measurement

RJ preset value n

Navigation

 \square Setup \rightarrow RJ preset value

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor n \rightarrow RJ preset value

Prerequisite The **Preset value** parameter must be set if the **Reference junction n** option is selected.

Description Use this function to define the fixed preset value for temperature compensation.

User entry $-50 \text{ to } +85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Factory setting 0.00

Assign current output (PV)

Navigation

 \square Setup → Assign current output (PV)

Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow Assign current output (PV)

Description

Use this function to assign a measured variable to the primary HART® value (PV).

Options

- Sensor 1 (measured value)
- Sensor 2 (measured value)
- Device temperature
- Average of the two measured values: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2)
- Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2: SV1-SV2
- Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2): If sensor 1 fails, the value of sensor 2 automatically becomes the primary HART® value (PV): sensor 1 (OR sensor 2)
- Sensor switching: If the value exceeds the configured threshold value T for sensor 1, the measured value of sensor 2 becomes the primary HART® value (PV). The system switches back to sensor 1 if the measured value of sensor 1 is at least 2 K below T: sensor 1 (sensor 2, if sensor 1 > T)
- Average: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) with backup (measured value of sensor 1 or sensor 2 in the event of a sensor error in the other sensor)
- The threshold value can be configured using the **Sensor switch set point** parameter. With temperature-dependent switching, it is possible to combine 2 sensors that offer advantages in different temperature ranges.

Factory setting

Sensor 1

Lower range value

Navigation

Setup → Lower range valueExpert → Output → Lower range value

Description

Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 4 mA.

i

The limit value that can be set depends on the sensor type used in the **Sensor type** parameter and the measured variable assigned in the **Assign current output (PV)** parameter.

User entry

Depends on the sensor type and the setting for "Assign current output (PV)".

Factory setting

0

Upper range value

Navigation

Setup → Upper range valueExpert → Output → Upper range value

Description

Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 20 mA.

i

The limit value that can be set depends on the sensor type used in the **Sensor type** parameter and the measured variable assigned in the **Assign current output (PV)** parameter.

User entry

Depends on the sensor type and the setting for "Assign current output (PV)".

Factory setting

100

13.1.1 "Extended Setup" submenu

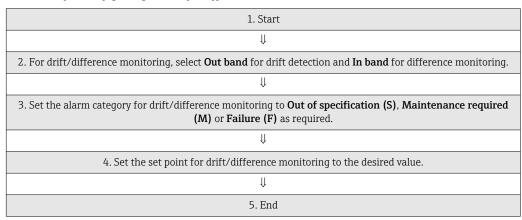
Corrosion monitoring

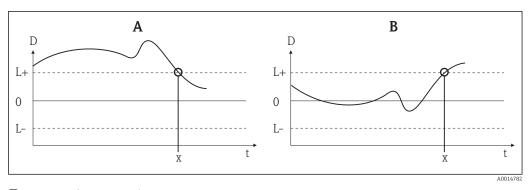
Sensor connection cable corrosion can lead to false measured value readings. Therefore the unit offers the possibility of recognizing any corrosion before a measured value is affected. Corrosion monitoring is only possible for RTDs with a 4-wire connection and thermocouples.

Drift/difference mode

If two sensors are connected and the measured values differ by a specified value, a status signal is generated as a diagnostic event. The drift/difference monitoring function can be used to verify the correctness of the measured values and for mutual monitoring of the connected sensors. Drift/difference monitoring is enabled with the **Drift/difference mode** parameter. A distinction is made between two specific modes. If the **In band** option is selected (ISV1-SV2I < drift/difference set point), a status message is issued if the value drops below the set point, or if the value exceeds the set point if the **Out band (drift)** option is selected (ISV1-SV2I > drift/difference set point).

Procedure for configuring the drift/difference mode





■ 18 Drift/difference mode

- A Value under range
- B Value over range
- D Drift
- L+, Upper (+) or lower (-) set point
- L-
- t Time
- x Diagnostics event, status signal is generated

Enter access code

Navigation

Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Enter access code Expert \rightarrow Enter access code

Description

Use this function to enable the service parameters via the operating tool. If an incorrect access code is entered, the user retains his current access authorization.



If a value is entered that is not to equal to the access code, the parameter is automatically set to $\mathbf{0}$. The service parameters should only be modified by the service organization.

Additional information

Software device write protection is also switched on and off with this parameter.

Software device write protection in conjunction with download from an operating tool with offline capabilities

- Download, the device does not have a defined write protection code:
 The download is performed as normal.
- Download, defined write protection code, device is not locked.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) contains the correct write protection code: the download is carried out, and the device is not locked following the download. The write protection code in the **Enter access code** parameter is set to **0**.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) does not contain the correct write protection code: the download is carried out, and the device is locked following the download. The write protection code in the **Enter access code** parameter is reset to **0**.
- Download, defined write protection code, device is locked.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) contains the correct write protection code: the download is carried out, and the device is locked following the download. The write protection code in the **Enter access code** parameter is reset to **0**.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) does not contain the correct write protection code: the download is not carried out. No values are changed in the device. The value of the **Enter access code** parameter (offline) also remains unchanged.

User entry 0 to 9 999

Factory setting 0

Access status tooling

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Access status tooling Expert → Access status tooling

Description

Use this function to show access authorization to the parameters.

Additional information

If additional write protection is active, this restricts the current access authorization even further. The write protection status can be viewed via the **Locking status** parameter .

Options

- Operator
- Service

Factory setting

Operator

Locking status

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Locking status

Expert → Locking status

Description

Use this function to view the device locking status. The DIP switch for hardware locking is fitted on the display module. When write protection is activated, write access to the parameters is disabled.

Device temperature alarm

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Device temperature alarm

Description Use this function to select the category (status signal) as to how the device reacts when

the electronics temperature of the transmitter exceeds or falls below the limit value <

 $-40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-40 \,^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ or} > +85 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (+185 \,^{\circ}\text{F}).$

Options • Off

Out of specification (S)

■ Failure (F)

Factory setting Out of specification (S)

"Sensor" submenu

Sensor offset n

n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor offset n Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor offset n

Description Use this function to set the zero point correction (offset) of the sensor measured value.

The value indicated is added to the measured value.

User entry -10.0...+10.0

Factory setting 0.0

Corrosion detection

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Corrosion detection Expert → Sensor → Diagnostic settings → Corrosion detection

Description

Use this function to select the category (status signal) which is displayed when corrosion is detected in the sensor connection cables.



Only possible for RTD sensors with 4-wire connection and thermocouples (TC).

Options

Maintenance required (M)

■ Failure (F)

Factory setting

Maintenance required (M)

Drift/difference mode

Navigation



 $Setup \to Advanced\ setup \to Sensor \to Drift/difference\ mode \\ Expert \to Sensor \to Diagnostic\ settings \to Drift/difference\ mode$

Description

Use this function to choose whether the device reacts to the drift/difference limit value being exceeded or undershot.



Can only be selected for 2-channel operation.

Additional information

- If the **Out band (drift)** option is selected, a status signal is displayed if the absolute value for the differential value exceeds the drift/difference set point
- If the **In band** option is selected, a status signal is displayed if the absolute value for the differential value drops below the drift/difference set point.

Options

- Off
- Out band (drift)
- In band

Factory setting

Off

Drift/difference alarm category

Navigation



 $Setup \rightarrow Advanced\ setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Drift/difference\ alarm\ category \\ Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic\ settings \rightarrow Drift/difference\ alarm\ category$

Prerequisite

The **Drift/difference mode** parameter must be activated with the **Out band (drift)** or **In band** option.

Description

Use this function to select the category (status signal) as to how the device reacts when a drift/difference is detected between sensor 1 and sensor 2.

Options

- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Failure (F)

Factory setting

Maintenance required (M)

Drift/difference alarm delay

Navigation Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Drift/difference alarm delay

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Drift/difference alarm delay

Prerequisite The Drift/difference mode parameter must be activated with the Out band (drift) or In

band option. $\rightarrow \implies 75$

Description Alarm delay for drift detection monitoring.

Useful for example in the event of different thermal mass ratings for the sensors in conjunction with a high temperature gradient in the process.

User entry 0 to 255 s

Factory setting 0 s

Drift/difference set point

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Drift/difference set point

Expert → Sensor → Diagnostic settings → Drift/difference set point

Prerequisite The Drift/difference mode parameter must be activated with the Out band (drift) or In

band option.

Description Use this function to configure the maximum permissible measured value deviation

between sensor 1 and sensor 2 which results in drift/difference detection.

Options 0.1 to 999.0 K (0.18 to 1798.2 °F)

Factory setting 999.0

Sensor switch set point

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor switch set point

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Sensor switch set point

Description Use this function to set the threshold value for sensor switching.

Additional information The threshold value is relevant if the sensor switching function is assigned to a HART®

variable (PV, SV, TV, QV).

Options Depends on the sensor types selected.

Factory setting 850 °C

Description

"Current output" submenu

Adjustment of the analog output (4 and 20 mA current trimming)

Current trimming is used to compensate the analog output (D/A conversion). Here, the output current of the transmitter must be adapted so that it suits the value expected at the higher-order system.

NOTICE

Current trimming does not affect the digital $HART^{\circ}$ value. This can cause the measured value shown on the plug-in display to differ from the value displayed in the higher-order system.

► The digital measured values can be adapted with the sensor trimming parameter in the menu Expert → Sensor → Sensor trimming.

Procedure

| 1. Start | |
|--|--|
| ↓ | |
| 2. Install an accurate amperemeter (more accurate then the transmitter) in the current loop. | |
| 1 | |
| 3. Switch on current output simulation and set the simulation value to 4 mA. | |
| 1 | |
| 4. Measure the loop current with the amperemeter and make a note of the value. | |
| ₩ | |
| 5. Set the simulation value to 20 mA. | |
| Ų | |
| 6. Measure the loop current with the amperemeter and make a note of the value. | |
| ↓ | |
| 7. Enter the current values determined as adjustment values in the Current trimming 4 mA / 20 mA parameters | |
| U | |
| 8. End | |

| Output current | | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Navigation | Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Output current Expert → Output → Output current | |
| Description | Use this function to view the calculated output current in mA. | |
| Measuring mode | | |
| Navigation | Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Measuring mode Expert → Output → Measuring mode | |

Endress+Hauser 77

Enables the inversion of the output signal.

Additional information Standard The output current increases with increasing temperatures inverted The output current decreases with increasing temperatures **Options** Standard inverted Standard **Factory setting** Out of range category **Navigation** Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Out of range category Expert → Output → Out of range category Description Use this function to select the category (status signal) as to how the device reacts when the value is outside the set measuring range. **Options** Out of specification (S) Maintenance required (M) ■ Failure (F) **Factory setting** Maintenance required (M) Failure mode Navigation Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Failure mode Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Failure mode Description Use this function to select the signal on alarm level of the current output in the event of an error. Additional information If **Max.** is selected, the signal on alarm level is specified using the **Failure current** parameter. **Options** Min. Max. **Factory setting** Max. Failure current **Navigation** Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow Failure current Expert → Output → Failure current

The **Max.** option is enabled in the **Failure mode** parameter.

Prerequisite

Description Use this function to set the value the current output adopts in an alarm condition.

User entry 21.5 to 23.0 mA

Factory setting 22.5

Current trimming 4 mA

Expert → Output → Current trimming 4 mA

Description Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the start of the

measuring range at 4 mA.

User entry 3.85 to 4.15 mA

Factory setting 4 mA

Current trimming 20 mA

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Current trimming 20 mA

Expert → Output → Current trimming 20 mA

Description Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the end of the

measuring range at 20 mA.

User entry 19.850 to 20.15 mA

Factory setting 20.000 mA

"Display" submenu

The settings for displaying the measured value on the optional plug-in display (only for head transmitter) are made in the "Display" menu.

These settings do not have any effect on the output values of the transmitter. They are only used to configure how information is shown on the display.

Display interval

Navigation

Description

Use this function to set the length of time the measured values are displayed if the values alternate on the display. The display only alternates between values if more than one measured value is defined.



- The Value 1 display Value 3 display parameters are used to specify what measured values are shown on the display → 🗎 80.
- The display format of the displayed measured values is specified using the Format display parameter.

User input 4 to 20 s

Factory settings 4 s

Format display

Navigation



Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Format display Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Format display

Description

Use this function to select how the measured value is shown on the local display. The display format **Measured value** or **Measured value with bar graph** can be configured.

Options:

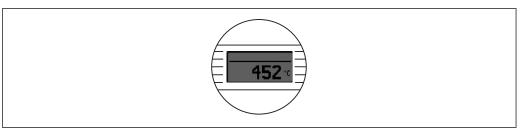
- Value only
- Value + Bargraph

Factory settings

Value only

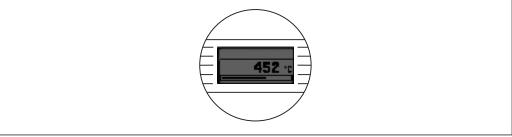
Additional information

Value only



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Value + Bargraph



A0014563

Value 1 display

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Value 1 display
Expert → System → Display → Value 1 display

Description

Use this function to select one of the measured values to be shown on the local display.



Options:

- Process value
- Sensor 1
- Sensor 2
- Output current
- Percent of range
- Device temperature

Factory settings

Process value

Decimal places 1

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Decimal places 1 Expert → System → Display → Decimal places 1

Prerequisite

Description

Use this function to select the number of decimal places displayed for the display value. This setting does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value.



If **Automatic** is selected, the maximum possible number of decimal places is always shown on the display.

Options:

- X
- X.X
- X.XX
- X.XXX
- X.XXXX
- Automatic

Factory settings

Automatic

Value 2 display

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Value 2 display
Expert → System → Display → Value 2 display

Description

Use this function to select one of the measured values to be shown on the local display.

i

The $Format\ display$ parameter is used to specify how the measured values are displayed .

Options:

- Off
- Process value
- Sensor 1
- Sensor 2
- Output current
- Percent of range
- Device temperature

Factory settings

Off

Decimal places 2

Navigation



Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Decimal places 2 Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Decimal places 2

Prerequisite

A measured value is specified in the **Value 2 display** parameter.

Description

Use this function to select the number of decimal places displayed for the display value. This setting does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value.



If ${\bf Automatic}$ is selected, the maximum possible number of decimal places is always shown on the display.

Options:

- X
- X.X
- X.XX
- X.XXX
- X.XXXX

Factory settings

Automatic

Automatic

Value 3 display

Navigation



Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Value 3 display Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Value 3 display

Description

Use this function to select one of the measured values to be shown on the local display.

i

The **Format display** parameter is used to specify how the measured values are displayed.

Options:

- Off
- Process value
- Sensor 1
- Sensor 2
- Output current
- Percent of range
- Device temperature

Factory settings

Off

Decimal places 3

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Decimal places 3
Expert → System → Display → Decimal places 3

Prerequisite

A measured value is specified in the **Value 3 display** parameter.

Description

Use this function to select the number of decimal places displayed for the display value. This setting does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value.



If **Automatic** is selected, the maximum possible number of decimal places is always shown on the display.

Options:

- X
- X.X
- X.XX
- X.XXX
- X.XXXX
- Automatic

Factory settings

Automatic

"SIL" submenu



This menu only appears if the device was ordered with the 'SIL mode' option. The **SIL option** parameter indicates whether the device can be operated in the SIL mode. To enable the SIL mode for the device, menu-guided operation for **Enable SIL** must be performed.



A detailed description is provided in the Functional Safety Manual SD01172T.

SIL option

Navigation

 \Box Setup → Advanced setup → SIL → SIL option

Description

Indicates whether the device has been ordered with SIL certification. SIL certificate of the device



The SIL option is required to operate the device in the SIL mode.

Options

- No
- Yes

Factory setting

No

Operational state

Navigation

 \Box Setup → Advanced setup → SIL → Operational state

Description

Displays the device operational state in the SIL mode.

Display

- Checking SIL option
- Startup normal mode
- Self diagnostic
- Normal mode
- Download active
- SIL mode active
- Safe para start
- Safe param running
- Save parameter values
- Parameter check
- Reboot pending
- Reset checksum
- Safe state Active
- Download verification
- Upload active
- Safe state Passive
- Temporary safe state

Factory setting

Checking SIL option

SIL checksum

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → SIL → SIL checksum

Description

Use this function to display the SIL checksum entered.

i

The **SIL** checksum displayed can be used to check the device configuration. If 2 devices have identical configurations, the SIL checksum is also identical. This can make for easy device replacement because if the checksum is the same, the device configuration is guaranteed to be identical too.

Timestamp SIL configuration

Navigation

Description

Use this function to enter the date and time when the SIL parameterization has been completed and the SIL checksum has been calculated.

The date and time must be entered manually. This information is not generated automatically by the device.

User entry DD.MM.YYYY hh:mm

Factory setting

0

Force safe state

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow SIL \rightarrow Force safe state

Prerequisite The **Operational state** parameter displays **SIL mode active**.

Description This parameter is used to test error detection and the safe state of the device.

Options • On

■ Off

Factory setting Off

"Administration" submenu

Device reset

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Administration \rightarrow Device reset Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Device reset

Description Use this function to reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined

state.

Options • Not active

No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.

To factory defaults

All the parameters are reset to the factory setting.

To delivery settings

All the parameters are reset to the order configuration. The order configuration can differ from the factory setting if customer-specific parameter values were defined when the device was ordered.

Restart device

The device is restarted but the device configuration remains unchanged.

Factory setting Not active

Define device write protection code

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Administration \rightarrow Define device write protection code Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Define device write protection code

Description Sets a write protection code for the device.

If the code is programmed into the device firmware it is saved in the device and the operating tool displays the value $\mathbf{0}$ so that the defined write protection code is not openly displayed for viewing.

User entry 0 to 9 999

Factory setting

0



If the device is delivered with this factory setting the device write protection is not active.

Additional information

- Activating device write protection: To do so, enter a value in the Enter access code parameter that does not correspond to the write protection code defined here.
- Deactivating device write protection: If device write protection is activated, enter the defined write protection code in the Enter access code parameter.
- Once the device has been reset to the factory setting or the order configuration, the defined write protection code is no longer valid. The code adopts the factory setting (= 0).
- Hardware write protection (DIP switches) is active:
 - Hardware write protection has priority over the software write protection described here.
 - No value can be entered in the Enter access code parameter. The parameter is a read only parameter.
 - Device write protection via software can only be defined and activated if hardware write protection via the DIP switches is disabled.
- If the write protection code has been forgotten, it can be deleted or overwritten by the service organization.

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13.2 "Diagnostics" menu

All the information that describes the device, the device status and the process conditions can be found in this group.

Actual diagnostics

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics

Expert → Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics

Description Use this function to display the current diagnostics message. If two or more messages

occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Remedy information

Navigation \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Remedy information

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Remedy information

Description Use this function to display the remedial action to be taken for the current diagnostics

message.

Previous diagnostics 1

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Previous diagnostics 1

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Previous diagnostics 1

Description Use this function to display the last diagnostics message with the highest priority.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Operating time

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Operating time

Expert → Diagnostics → Operating time

Description Use this function to display the length of time the device has been in operation.

Display

Hours (h)

13.2.1 "Diagnose list" submenu

Up to 3 diagnostic messages currently pending are displayed in this submenu. If more than 3 messages are pending, the messages with the highest priority are shown on the display. Information on diagnostics measures in the device and an overview of all the diagnostics messages $\rightarrow \implies 38$.

Actual diagnostics count

Navigation

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diagnostics count

Expert → Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diagnostics count

Description

Use this function to display the number of diagnosis messages currently pending in the device.

Current diagnostics

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diagnostics Expert → Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diagnostics

Description

Use this function to display the current diagnostics messages with the highest priority to the third-highest priority.

Display

Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information

Example for display format: F261-Electronics modules

Actual diag channel

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diag channel
 Expert → Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diag channel

Description

Use this function to display the sensor input to which the diagnostics message refers.

Display

- **----**
- Sensor 1
- Sensor 2

13.2.2 "Event logbook" submenu

Previous diagnostics n

n = Number of diagnostics messages (n = 1 to 5)

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diagnostics n

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diagnostics n

Description Use this function to display the diagnostics messages that occurred in the past. The last 5

messages are listed in chronological order.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Previous diag n channel

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Previous diag channel

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diag channel

Description Use this function to display the possible sensor input to which the diagnostics message

refers.

Display • -----

Sensor 1Sensor 2

■ Selisul Z

13.2.3 "Device information" submenu

Device tag

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Device tag

Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device tag

 $\texttt{Expert} \rightarrow \texttt{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \texttt{Device information} \rightarrow \texttt{Device tag}$

Description Use this function to enter a unique name for the measuring point so it can be identified

quickly within the plant. The name is displayed in the header of the plug-in display.

User entry Max. 32 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)

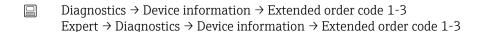
Factory setting $32 \times ?'$

| Serial number | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Navigation | □ Diagnostics → Device information → Serial number Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Serial number | |
| Description | Use this function to display the serial number of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate. | |
| | Uses of the serial number To identify the measuring device quickly, e.g. when contacting Endress+Hauser. To obtain specific information on the measuring device using the Device Viewer: www.endress.com/deviceviewer | |
| Display | Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers | |
| Firmware version | | |
| Navigation | Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version | |
| Description | Displays the installed device firmware version. | |
| Display | Max. 6-digit character string in the format xx.yy.zz | |
| Device name | | |
| Navigation | ☐ Diagnostics → Device info. → Device name Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Device name | |
| Description | Displays the device name. It can also be found on the nameplate. | |
| Order code | | |
| Navigation | □ Diagnostics → Device information → Order code Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Order code | |
| Description | Use this function to display the order code of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate. The order code is generated from the extended order code, which defines all the device features of the product structure. In contrast, the device features cannot be read directly from the order code. | |

Uses of the order code
■ To order an identical spare device.
■ To identify the device quickly and easily, e.g. when contacting the manufacturer.

Extended order code 1-3

Navigation



Description

Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. On account of length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates the version of all the features of the product structure for the device and thus uniquely identifies the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.



Uses of the extended order code

- To order an identical spare device.
- To check the ordered device features using the delivery note.

| ΗN | IP | version |
|----|----|---------|

Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow ENP version

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow ENP version

Description Displays the version of the electronic nameplate.

Display 6-digit number in the format xx.yy.zz

Device revision

Navigation

Diagnostics → Device info → Device revision

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device revision Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Device revision

Description Use this function to view the device revision with which the device is registered with the

HART FieldComm Group. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD)

to the device.

Display 2-digit hexadecimal number

Manufacturer ID→ 🖺 105

Navigation

Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID

Expert → Communication → HART info → Manufacturer ID

Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID

| Manufacturer | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Navigation | Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer | |
| Description | Displays the manufacturer name. | |
| Hardware revision | | |
| Navigation | Diagnostics → Device information → Hardware revision Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Hardware revision Expert → Communication → HART info → Hardware revision | |
| Description | Displays the hardware revision of the device. | |
| Configuration counter | | |
| Navigation | Diagnostics → Device info. → Configuration counter Expert → Diagnostics → Device info. → Configuration counter | |
| Description | Use this function to display the counter reading for changes to device parameters. | |
| | Static parameters, whose values change during optimization or configuration, cause this parameter to increment by 1. This support parameter version management. If several parameters change, e.g. as a result of loading parameters from FieldCare etc. to the device, the counter can show a higher value. The counter cannot be reset and i also not reset to the default value when the device is reset. If the counter overflows, (16 bit), it starts again at 1. | |
| | 13.2.4 "Measured values" submenu | |
| Sensor n value | | |
| | n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2) | |
| Navigation | Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value | |

Use this function to display the current measured value at the sensor input.

Description

Sensor n raw value

n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value
 Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value

Description

Displays the non-linearized mV/Ohm value at the specific sensor input.

Device temperature

Navigation

Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Device temperature Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Device temperature

Description

Use this function to display the current electronics temperature.

"Min/max values" submenu

Sensor n min value

n =Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation

Diagnostics → Measured values → Min/max values → Sensor n min value

Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Min/max values → Sensor n min value

Description

Use this function to display the minimum temperature measured in the past at sensor input 1 or 2 (peakhold indicator).

Sensor n max value

ho n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation

Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Sensor n max value Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Sensor n max. value

Description

Use this function to display the maximum temperature measured in the past at sensor input $1\ \text{or}\ 2$ (peakhold indicator).

Reset sensor min/max values

Navigation

Diagnostics → Measured values → Min/max values → Reset sensor min/max values Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Min/max values → Reset sensor min/max values

Description

Reset the peakhold indicators for the minimum and maximum temperatures measured at the sensor inputs.

Options

■ No ■ Yes

Factory setting

Nο

Device temperature min.

Navigation



Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Device temperature min. Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Device temperature min.

Description

Use this function to display the minimum electronics temperature measured in the past (peakhold indicator).

Device temperature max.

Navigation



Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Device temperature max. Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Device temperature max.

Description

Reset device temp. min/max values

Navigation



Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Reset device temp. min/max

Description

Reset the peakhold indicators for the minimum and maximum electronic temperatures measured.

Options

NoYes

Factory setting

No

13.2.5 "Simulation" submenu

Current output simulation

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Simulation → Current output simulation

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Current output simulation

Description Use this function to switch simulation of the current output on and off. The display

alternates between the measured value and a diagnostics message of the "function check"

category (C) while simulation is in progress.

Display Measured value display ↔ C491 (current output simulation)

Options ■ Off

■ On

Factory setting Off

Additional information The simulation value is defined in the **Value current output** parameter.

Value current output

Navigation \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Value current output

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Value current output

Additional information The Current output simulation parameter must be set to On.

Description Use this function to set a current value for the simulation. In this way, users can verify the

correct adjustment of the current output and the correct function of downstream switching

units.

User entry 3.59 to 23.0 mA

Factory setting 3.58 mA

"Expert" menu 13.3

The parameter groups for the Expert setup contain all the parameters of the "Setup" and "Diagnostics" operating menus, as well as other parameters that are solely reserved for experts. Descriptions of the additional parameters can be found in this section. All the fundamental parameter settings for transmitter commissioning and diagnostic evaluation are described in the "Setup menu"→ 🗎 68 and "Diagnostics menu" \rightarrow \blacksquare 87 sections.

13.3.1 "System" submenu

| Damping | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Navigation | Expert → System → Damping | |
| Description | Use this function to set the time constant for current output damping. | |
| User entry | 0 to 120 s | |
| Factory setting | 0.00 s | |
| Additional information | The current output reacts with an exponential delay to fluctuations in the measured value. The time constant of this delay is specified by this parameter. If a low time constant is entered, the current output follows the measured value quickly. On the other hand, if a high time constant is entered, the current output reaction is delayed. | |
| Alarm delay | | |
| Navigation | \blacksquare Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Alarm delay | |
| Description | Use this function to set the delay time during which a diagnostics signal is suppressed before it is output. | |
| User entry | 0 to 5 s | |
| Factory setting | 2 s | |
| Mains filter | | |
| Navigation | \square Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Mains filter | |
| Description | Use this function to select the mains filter for A/D conversion. | |
| Options | ■ 50 Hz ■ 60 Hz | |

96

Factory setting

50 Hz

Device temperature alarm $\rightarrow \Box 74$

Navigation

Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Device temperature alarm

"Display" submenu

→ 🗎 79

"Administration" submenu

→ 🖺 85

13.3.2 "Sensor" submenu

"Sensor 1/2" submenu



 \square n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Sensor n lower limit

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Sensor n lower limit

Description Displays the minimum physical full scale value.

Sensor n upper limit

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Sensor $n \downarrow$ upper limit Navigation

Description Displays the maximum physical full scale value.

Sensor serial number

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor n \rightarrow Serial no. sensor

Description Use this function to enter the serial number of the connected sensor.

User entry String with up to 12 characters consisting of numbers and/or text

Factory setting "" (no text)

"Sensor trimming" submenu

Sensor error adjustment (sensor trimming)

Sensor trimming is used to adapt the actual sensor signal to the linearization of the selected sensor type stored in the transmitter. Compared to sensor transmitter matching, sensor trimming only takes place at the start and end value and does not achieve the same level of accuracy.

Sensor trimming does not adapt the measuring range. It is used to adapt the sensor signal to the linearization stored in the transmitter.

Procedure

| 1. Start | | |
|---|--|--|
| ψ | | |
| 2. Set the Sensor trimming parameter to the Customer-specific setting. | | |
| 1 | | |
| 3. Using a water/oil bath, bring the sensor connected to the transmitter to a known and stable temperature. A temperature which is close to the set start of the measuring range is recommended. | | |
| ψ | | |
| 4. Enter the reference temperature for the value at the start of the measuring range for the Sensor trimming lower value parameter. Based on the difference between the specified reference temperature and the temperature actually measured at the input, the transmitter internally calculates a correction factor which is now used to linearize the input signal. | | |
| \$ | | |
| 5. Using a water/oil bath, bring the sensor connected to the transmitter to a known and stable temperature close to the set end of the measuring range. | | |
| U | | |
| 6. Enter the reference temperature for the value at the end of the measuring range for the Sensor trimming upper value parameter. | | |
| U | | |
| 7. End | | |

Sensor trimming

Navigation

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming

Description

Use this function to select the linearization method to be used for the connected sensor.

The original linearization can be restored by resetting this parameter to the **Factory** setting option.

Options

- Factory setting
- Customer-specific

Factory setting

Factory setting

Sensor trimming lower value

Navigation

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming lower value

Prerequisite The **Customer-specific** option is enabled in the **Sensor trimming** parameter $\rightarrow \triangleq 98$.

Description Lower point for linear characteristic calibration (this affects offset and slope).

User entry Depends on the selected sensor type and the assignment of the current output (PV).

Factory setting −200 °C

Sensor trimming upper value

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming upper value

Prerequisite The **Customer-specific** option is enabled in the **Sensor trimming** parameter.

Description Upper point for linear characteristic calibration (this affects offset and slope).

User entry Depends on the selected sensor type and the assignment of the current output (PV).

Factory setting 850 $^{\circ}$ C

Sensor trimming min span

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming min span

Prerequisite The **Customer-specific** option is enabled in the **Sensor trimming** parameter.

DescriptionUse this function to view the minimum possible span between the sensor trimming upper and lower value.

"Linearization" submenu

Procedure for configuring a linearization using Callendar/Van Dusen coefficients from a calibration certificate.

| 1. Start |
|--|
| ₩ |
| 2. Assign current output (PV) = set sensor 1 (measured value) |
| 1 |
| 3. Select unit (°C). |
| ₩ |
| 4. Select the sensor type (linearization type) "RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Dusen)". |
| ↓ |
| 5. Select connection mode e.g. 3-wire. |
| ₩ |
| 6. Set the lower and upper sensor limits. |
| 1 |

| 7. Enter the four coefficients A, B, C and RO. | | |
|--|--|--|
| ψ | | |
| 8. If special linearization is also used for a second sensor, repeat steps 2 to 6. | | |
| ₩ | | |
| 9. End | | |

Sensor n lower limit

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow lower limit

Prerequisite The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the

Sensor type parameter.

Description Use this function to set the lower calculation limit for special sensor linearization.

User entry Depends on the sensor type selected.

Factory setting −200 °C

Sensor n upper limit

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow upper limit

Prerequisite The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the

Sensor type parameter.

Description Use this function to set the upper calculation limit for special sensor linearization.

User entry Depends on the sensor type selected.

Factory setting 850 °C

Call./v. Dusen coeff. RO

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Call./v. Dusen coeff. R0

Prerequisite The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Duse) option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter.

Description Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization with the Callendar/Van Dusen

polynomial.

User entry 40.000 to 1050.000

Factory setting 100.000 Ohm

Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B and C

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Call./v. Dusen coeff. A, B, C

Prerequisite The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Duse) option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter.

Description Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization based on the

Callendar/Van Dusen method.

Factory setting ■ A: 3.910000e-003

B: -5.780000e-007C: -4.180000e-012

Polynomial coeff. R0

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Polynomial coeff. R0

Prerequisite The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type**

parameter.

Description Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization of nickel/copper sensors.

User entry 40.000 to 1050.000 Ohm

Factory setting 100.00 Ohm

Polynomial coeff. A, B

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Polynomial coeff. A, B

Prerequisite The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type**

parameter.

Description Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization of copper/nickel resistance

thermometers.

Factory setting Polynomial coeff. A = 5.49630e-003

Polynomial coeff. B = 6.75560e-006

"Diagnostic settings" submenu

Calibration counter start

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Calibration counter start

Description Option to control the calibration counter.

■ The countdown duration (in days) is specified with the **Calibration counter start** value parameter.

• The status signal issued when the limit value is reached is defined with the **Calibration alarm category** parameter.

Options • **Off:** Stops the calibration counter

■ On: Starts the calibration counter

• Reset + run: Resets to the set start value and starts the calibration counter

Factory setting Off

Calibration alarm category

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Calibration alarm category

Description Use this function to select the category (status signal) as to how the device reacts when

the set calibration countdown expires.

Options ■ Maintenance required (M)

■ Failure (F)

Factory setting Maintenance required (M)

Calibration counter start value

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Calibration counter start value

Description Use this function to set the start value for the calibration counter.

User entry 0 to 365 d (days)

Factory setting 365

Count value

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Count value

Description Use this function to view the time remaining until the next calibration.

Calibration countdown only runs when the device is active. Example: If the calibration counter is set to 365 days on January 1, 2011 and no electricity is supplied to the device for 100 days, the alarm for the calibration appears on April 10, 2012.

Description

13.3.3 "Output" submenu

Measuring mode **Navigation** Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Measuring mode Description Enables the inversion of the output signal. Additional information Standard The output current increases with increasing temperatures inverted The output current decreases with increasing temperatures **Options** Standard ■ inverted **Factory setting** Standard 13.3.4 "Communication" submenu "HART configuration" submenu Device tag $\rightarrow \triangleq 89$ Navigation \Box Diagnostics → Device information → Device tag Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow Device tag HART short tag **Navigation** Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow HART short tag Description Use this function to define a short tag for the measuring point. User entry Up to 8 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters) **Factory setting SHORTTAG** HART address **Navigation** \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow HART address

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Use this function to define the HART address of the device.

User entry 0 ... 63

Factory setting 0

Additional information The measured value can only be transmitted via the current value is the address is set to

"O". The current is fixed at 4.0 mA for all other addresses (Multidrop mode).

No. of preambles

Navigation \sqsubseteq Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow No. of preambles

Description Use this function to define the number of preambles in the HART telegram

User entry 2 ... 20

Factory setting 5

Configuration changed

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow Configuration changed

Description Indicates whether the configuration of the device has been changed by a master (primary

or secondary).

Reset configuration changed flag

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART configuration \rightarrow Reset configuration changed flag

Description The **Configuration changed** information is reset by a master (primary or secondary).

"HART info" submenu

Device type

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Device type

Description Use this function to view the device type with which the device is registered with the HART

FieldComm Group. The device type is specified by the manufacturer. It is needed to assign

the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.

Factory setting Ox11CC or TMT82 (depends on the configuration tool)

| Device revision | | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| | | |
| Navigation | | |
| Description | Use this function to view the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART® FieldComm Group. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device. | |
| Factory setting | 3 | |
| Device ID | | |
| Navigation | | |
| Description | A unique HART identifier is saved in the device ID and used by the control systems to identify the device. The device ID is also transmitted in command 0. The device ID is determined unambiguously from the serial number of the device. | |
| Display | ID generated for specific serial number | |
| Manufacturer ID | | |
| Navigation | Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer ID | |
| Description | Use this function to view the manufacturer ID under which the device is registered with the HART FieldComm Group. | |
| Factory setting | Ox11 (hexadecimal) or 17 (decimal) | |
| HART revision | | |
| Navigation | | |
| Description | Use this function to display the HART revision of the device. | |
| HART descriptor | | |
| Navigation | | |

Description Use this function to define a description for the measuring point.

User entry Up to 16 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting 16 x spaces

HART message

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART message

Description Use this function to define a HART message which is sent via the HART protocol when

requested by the master.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting 32 x spaces

Hardware revision

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision

Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Hardware revision

Description Displays the hardware revision of the device.

Software revision

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Software revision

Description Displays the software revision of the device.

HART date code

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow HART date code

Description Use this function to define date information for individual use.

User entry Date in the format year-month-day (YYYY-MM-DD)

Factory setting 2010-01-01

"HART output" submenu

| Assign current output (PV) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Navigation | | |
| Description | Use this function to assign a measured variable to the primary HART value (PV). | |
| Sensor 1 (measured value) Sensor 2 (measured value) Device temperature Average of the two measured values: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2: SV1-SV2 Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2): If sensor 1 fails, the value of sensor 2 automatically the primary HART[®] value (PV): sensor 1 (OR sensor 2) Sensor switching: If the value exceeds the configured threshold value T for sensor measured value of sensor 2 becomes the primary HART[®] value (PV). The system switches back to sensor 1 if the measured value of sensor 1 is at least 2 K below sensor 1 (sensor 2, if sensor 1 > T) Average: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) with backup (measured value of sensor 1 or sensor 2 event of a sensor error in the other sensor) The threshold value can be set with the Sensor switching limit value param With temperature-dependent switching, it is possible to combine 2 sensors to the sensor of the sensor of | | |
| Factory setting | advantages in different temperature ranges. Sensor 1 | |
| PV | | |
| Navigation | | |
| Description | Use this function to display the primary HART value | |
| Assign SV | | |
| Navigation | | |
| Description | Use this function to assign a measured variable to the secondary HART value (SV). | |
| Options | See Assign current output (PV) parameter, $\rightarrow \triangleq 107$ | |
| Factory setting | setting Device temperature | |
| ractory setting | • | |

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow SV

Description Use this function to display the secondary HART value

Assign TV

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow Assign TV

Description Use this function to assign a measured variable to the tertiary HART value (TV).

Options See **Assign current output (PV)** parameter, $\rightarrow \triangleq 107$

Factory setting Sensor 1

TV

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow TV

Description Use this function to display the tertiary HART value

Assign QV

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow Assign QV

Description Use this function to assign a measured variable to the quaternary (fourth) HART value

(QV).

Options See **Assign current output (PV)** parameter, $\rightarrow \triangleq 107$

Factory setting Sensor 1

QV

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow QV

Description Use this function to display the quaternary HART value

"Burst configuration" submenu

1 Up to 3 burst modes can be configured.

Burst mode

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst mode

Description Activation of the HART burst mode for burst message X. Message 1 has the highest

priority, message 2 the second-highest priority, etc.

User entry **■** Off

The device only sends data to the bus at the request of a HART master

On

The device regularly sends data to the bus without being requested to do so.

Factory setting Off

Burst command

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst command

Prerequisite: This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description Use this function to select the command whose answer is sent to the HART master in the

activated burst mode.

User entry ■ Command 1

Read out the primary variable

■ Command 2

Read out the current and the main measured value as a percentage

Command 3

Read out the dynamic HART variables and the current

■ Command 9

Read out the dynamic HART variables including the related status

Command 33

Read out the dynamic HART variables including the related unit

■ Command 48

Read additional device status

Factory setting Command 2

Additional information Commands 1, 2, 3, 9 and 48 are universal HART commands.

Command 33 is a "Common-Practice" HART command. More details on this are provided in the HART specifications.

Burst variable n

n = Number of burst variables (0 to 3)

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst variable n

Prerequisite:

This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description

Use this function to assign a measured variable to slots 0 to 3.



This assignment is **only** relevant for the burst mode. The measured variables are assigned to the 4 HART variables (PV, SV, TV, QV) in the **HART output** menu $\rightarrow \blacksquare 107$.

User entry

- Sensor 1 (measured value)
- Sensor 2 (measured value)
- Device temperature
- Average of the two measured values: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2)
- Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2: SV1-SV2
- Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2): If sensor 1 fails, the value of sensor 2 automatically becomes the primary HART® value (PV): sensor 1 (OR sensor 2)
- Sensor switching: If the value exceeds the configured threshold value T for sensor 1, the measured value of sensor 2 becomes the primary HART® value (PV). The system switches back to sensor 1 if the measured value of sensor 1 is at least 2 K below T: sensor 1 (sensor 2, if sensor 1 > T)
- The threshold value can be set with the **Sensor switching limit value** parameter. With temperature-dependent switching, it is possible to combine 2 sensors that offer advantages in different temperature ranges.

Average: $0.5 \times (SV1+SV2)$ with backup (measured value of sensor 1 or sensor 2 in the event of a sensor error in the other sensor)

Factory setting

- Burst variable slot 0: sensor 1
- Burst variable slot 1: device temperature
- Burst variable slot 2: sensor 1
- Burst variable slot 3: sensor 1

Burst trigger mode

Navigation

 \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst trigger mode

Prerequisite:

This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description

Use this function to select the event that triggers burst message X.



Continuous:

The message is triggered in a time-controlled manner, at least observing the time interval defined in the **Min. update period** parameter.

Window:

The message is triggered if the specified measured value has changed by the value defined in the **Burst trigger level** X parameter.

■ Rising:

The message is triggered if the specified measured value exceeds the value in the **Burst trigger level** X parameter.

• Falling:

The message is triggered if the specified measured value falls below the value in the **Burst trigger level** X parameter.

On change:

The message is triggered if a measured value of the message changes.

User entry • Continuous

Window

Rising

FallingOn change

Factory setting Continuous

Burst trigger level

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst trigger level

Prerequisite: This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description Use this function to enter the value which, together with the trigger mode, determines the

time of burst message 1. This value determines the time of the message.

User entry $-1.0e^{+20}$ to $+1.0e^{+20}$

Factory setting -10.000

Min. update period

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Min. update period

Prerequisite: This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description Use this function to enter the minimum time span between two burst commands of burst

message X. The value is entered in the milliseconds unit.

User entry 500 to [value entered for the maximum time span in the **Max. update period**] parameter

as integers

Factory setting 1000

Max. update period

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Max. update period

Prerequisite: This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description Use this function to enter the maximum time span between two burst commands of burst

message X. The value is entered in the milliseconds unit.

User entry [Value entered for the minimum time span in the **Min. update period**] parameter to

3600000 as integers

Factory setting

2000

13.3.5 "Diagnostics" submenu

"Diagnose list" submenu

Detailed description \rightarrow \blacksquare 88

"Event logbook" submenu

Detailed description \rightarrow \blacksquare 89

"Device information" submenu

Extended order code 1-3

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Device information → Extended order code 1-3
 Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Extended order code 1-3

Description

Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. On account of length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates the version of all the features of the product structure for the device and thus uniquely identifies the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.



Uses of the extended order code

- To order an identical spare device.
- To check the ordered device features using the delivery note.

ENP version

Navigation

Diagnostics → Device information → ENP version

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow ENP version

Description

Displays the version of the electronic nameplate.

Display

6-digit number in the format xx.yy.zz

Device revision

Navigation

 \Box Diagnostics → Device info → Device revision

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device revision Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Device revision

Description

Use this function to view the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART FieldComm Group. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.

112

Display 2-digit hexadecimal number Manufacturer ID→ 🖺 105 Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Manufacturer Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer Description Displays the manufacturer name. Hardware revision **Navigation** Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Hardware revision Description Displays the hardware revision of the device. "Measured values" submenu Sensor n raw value \square n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2) **Navigation** Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n raw value Description Displays the non-linearized mV/Ohm value at the specific sensor input. "Min/max values" submenu Detailed description $\rightarrow \triangleq 93$ "Simulation" submenu

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Detailed description $\rightarrow \triangleq 95$

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