



## MFC 400 Handbook

### Signal converter for mass flowmeters

Electronic revision:  
ER 2.1.x

The documentation is only complete when used in combination with the relevant documentation for the flow sensor.

All rights reserved. It is prohibited to reproduce this documentation, or any part thereof, without the prior written authorisation of KROHNE Messtechnik GmbH.

Subject to change without notice.

Copyright 2020 by  
KROHNE Messtechnik GmbH - Ludwig-Krohne-Str. 5 - 47058 Duisburg (Germany)

|          |   |           |
|----------|---|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>Safety instructions</b>  | <b>7</b>  |
| <hr/>    |   |           |
| 1.1      | Software history .....  | 7         |
| 1.2      | Intended use .....  | 8         |
| 1.3      | CE certification .....  | 9         |
| 1.4      | Safety instructions from the manufacturer .....                                     | 10        |
| 1.4.1    | Copyright and data protection .....   | 10        |
| 1.4.2    | Disclaimer .....  | 10        |
| 1.4.3    | Product liability and warranty .....  | 11        |
| 1.4.4    | Information concerning the documentation .....                                      | 11        |
| 1.4.5    | Warnings and symbols used .....   | 12        |
| 1.5      | Safety instructions for the operator .....  | 12        |
| <br>     |   |           |
| <b>2</b> | <b>Device description</b>   | <b>13</b> |
| <hr/>    |   |           |
| 2.1      | Scope of delivery .....   | 13        |
| 2.2      | Device description .....  | 14        |
| 2.2.1    | Field housing .....   | 15        |
| 2.3      | Nameplates .....  | 16        |
| 2.3.1    | Example of a nameplate .....  | 16        |
| 2.3.2    | Electrical connection data of inputs/outputs (example of basic version) .....       | 17        |
| <br>     |   |           |
| <b>3</b> | <b>Installation</b>   | <b>18</b> |
| <hr/>    |   |           |
| 3.1      | General notes on installation .....   | 18        |
| 3.2      | Storage .....   | 18        |
| 3.3      | Transport .....   | 18        |
| 3.4      | Installation specifications .....   | 18        |
| 3.5      | Mounting of the compact version .....   | 19        |
| 3.6      | Mounting the field housing, remote version .....                                    | 19        |
| 3.6.1    | Pipe mounting .....   | 19        |
| 3.6.2    | Wall mounting .....   | 20        |
| 3.6.3    | Turning the display of the field housing version .....                              | 21        |
| <br>     |   |           |
| <b>4</b> | <b>Electrical connections</b>   | <b>22</b> |
| <hr/>    |   |           |
| 4.1      | Safety instructions .....   | 22        |
| 4.2      | Important notes on electrical connection .....                                      | 22        |
| 4.3      | Signal cable requirements .....   | 23        |
| 4.4      | Connecting the signal cables .....  | 24        |
| 4.4.1    | Connection of signal cable - field housing and connection box for flow sensor ..... | 25        |
| 4.4.2    | Connection diagram .....  | 26        |
| 4.5      | Grounding the flow sensor .....   | 26        |
| 4.6      | Connecting power - all housing variants .....                                       | 27        |
| 4.7      | Inputs and outputs, overview .....  | 28        |
| 4.7.1    | Combinations of the inputs/outputs (I/Os) .....                                     | 28        |
| 4.7.2    | Description of the CG number .....  | 29        |
| 4.7.3    | Fixed, non-alterable input/output versions .....                                    | 30        |
| 4.7.4    | Alterable input/output versions .....   | 31        |

|          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 4.8      | Description of the inputs and outputs .....                          | 32        |
| 4.8.1    | Current output .....   | 32        |
| 4.8.2    | Pulse output and frequency output .....                              | 33        |
| 4.8.3    | Status output and limit switch .....                                 | 34        |
| 4.8.4    | Control input .....  | 35        |
| 4.9      | Electrical connection of the inputs and outputs .....                | 36        |
| 4.9.1    | Field housing, electrical connection of the inputs and outputs ..... | 36        |
| 4.9.2    | Laying electrical cables correctly.....                              | 37        |
| 4.10     | Description of the inputs and outputs .....                          | 38        |
| 4.10.1   | Important notes.....   | 38        |
| 4.10.2   | Description of the electrical symbols.....                           | 39        |
| 4.10.3   | Modular inputs/outputs and bus systems .....                         | 40        |
| 4.10.4   | Ex i inputs/outputs .....  | 48        |
| 4.10.5   | HART connection.....   | 51        |
| <b>5</b> | <b>Start-up</b> .....  | <b>53</b> |
| 5.1      | Switching on the power .....   | 53        |
| 5.2      | Starting the signal converter .....                                  | 53        |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Operation</b> .....   | <b>54</b> |
| 6.1      | Display and operating elements .....                                 | 54        |
| 6.1.1    | Display in measuring mode with 2 or 3 measured values .....          | 57        |
| 6.1.2    | Display for selection of submenu and functions, 3 lines .....        | 57        |
| 6.1.3    | Display when setting parameters, 4 lines .....                       | 58        |
| 6.1.4    | Display when previewing parameters, 4 lines.....                     | 58        |
| 6.2      | Menu structure .....   | 59        |
| 6.3      | Function tables .....  | 63        |
| 6.3.1    | Menu "Quick Setup" .....   | 63        |
| 6.3.2    | Menu "Test".....   | 65        |
| 6.3.3    | Menu "Setup" .....   | 68        |
| 6.3.4    | Set free units.....  | 83        |
| 6.4      | Calibration functions .....  | 84        |
| 6.4.1    | Zero calibration (C1.1.1 Calibrate Zero) .....                       | 84        |
| 6.4.2    | Density calibration (C1.2.1 Calibrate Density).....                  | 86        |
| 6.4.3    | Temperature/density tables .....                                     | 88        |
| 6.5      | Measurement functions .....  | 91        |
| 6.5.1    | Flow (C1.1.0 Flow).....  | 91        |
| 6.5.2    | Density (C1.2.0 Density) .....                                       | 93        |
| 6.5.3    | System control (C1.4.0 System Control).....                          | 94        |
| 6.5.4    | Detection of 2 phase flow.....                                       | 95        |
| 6.6      | I/O configuration .....  | 96        |
| 6.6.1    | Damp output signals .....  | 96        |
| 6.6.2    | Suppress small flow rates.....                                       | 96        |
| 6.6.3    | Polarity of measurement .....  | 97        |
| 6.6.4    | Current output .....   | 97        |
| 6.6.5    | Alarm signalling via current outputs.....                            | 98        |
| 6.6.6    | Pulse output and batching applications .....                         | 98        |
| 6.7      | Display configuration.....   | 99        |
| 6.7.1    | Optical keys (C5.3.0 Optical Keys).....                              | 99        |
| 6.7.2    | Backlight (C5.4.0 Backlight) .....                                   | 99        |

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| 6.8 Configuration management (C6.3.0 Config. Management) .....                        | 99         |
| 6.8.1 Load and save configuration (C6.3.1 Save Settings & C6.3.2 Load Settings) ..... | 99         |
| 6.8.2 Factory reset (C6.3.3 Factory Reset) .....                                      | 100        |
| 6.8.3 Change log (B1.2.0 Change Log).....   | 100        |
| 6.8.4 Locking of configuration .....  | 100        |
| 6.9 Special functions .....   | 102        |
| 6.10 SIL configuration (only for SIL capable devices).....                            | 102        |
| 6.11 Testing of device installation (B3.0.0 Simulation).....                          | 102        |
| 6.12 Diagnostic information and status messages .....                                 | 103        |
| 6.12.1 Status groups (C6.6.0 Status Groups).....                                      | 104        |
| 6.12.2 Status log (B1.1.0 Status Log).....  | 105        |
| 6.12.3 Reset errors (A2.1.0 Reset Errors) .....                                       | 105        |
| 6.13 Bluetooth interface.....   | 105        |
| <br>  |            |
| <b>7 Service</b> .....  | <b>106</b> |
| <hr/>   |            |
| 7.1 Replacing the signal converter electronics .....                                  | 106        |
| 7.2 Driver or sensor coil fault .....   | 107        |
| 7.2.1 OPTIMASS 1000.....  | 107        |
| 7.2.2 OPTIMASS 2000.....  | 108        |
| 7.2.3 OPTIMASS 3000.....  | 109        |
| 7.2.4 OPTIMASS 6000.....  | 110        |
| 7.2.5 OPTIMASS 7000.....  | 111        |
| 7.3 Spare parts availability.....   | 112        |
| 7.4 Availability of services .....  | 112        |
| 7.5 Returning the device to the manufacturer.....                                     | 112        |
| 7.5.1 General information.....  | 112        |
| 7.5.2 Form (for copying) to accompany a returned device.....                          | 113        |
| 7.6 Disposal .....  | 113        |
| 7.7 Disassembly and recycling.....  | 114        |
| 7.7.1 Disassembly of aluminum or stainless steel field housing .....                  | 115        |
| 7.7.2 Disassembly of aluminum or stainless steel compact housing .....                | 116        |
| 7.7.3 Location of battery .....   | 117        |
| 7.7.4 Overview of the materials and components .....                                  | 117        |
| <br>  |            |
| <b>8 Technical data</b> .....   | <b>119</b> |
| <hr/>   |            |
| 8.1 Measuring principle.....  | 119        |
| 8.2 Technical data.....   | 119        |
| 8.3 Dimensions and weight .....   | 131        |
| 8.3.1 Housing .....   | 131        |
| 8.3.2 Mounting plate of field housing .....   | 132        |

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| 9 Description of HART interface   | 133 |
| <hr/>   |     |
| 9.1 General description .....   | 133 |
| 9.2 Software history .....  | 133 |
| 9.3 Connection variants.....  | 134 |
| 9.3.1 Point-to-Point connection - analogue / digital mode.....                | 135 |
| 9.3.2 Multi-Drop connection (2-wire connection) .....                         | 136 |
| 9.3.3 Multi-Drop connection (3-wire connection) .....                         | 137 |
| 9.4 Inputs/outputs and HART dynamic variables and device variables .....      | 138 |
| 10 Description of Bluetooth interface   | 140 |
| <hr/>   |     |
| 10.1 Introduction .....   | 140 |
| 10.1.1 Functionality.....   | 140 |
| 10.1.2 Quick start guide .....  | 140 |
| 10.2 Security considerations .....  | 141 |
| 10.2.1 Wireless security concept.....   | 141 |
| 10.2.2 Bluetooth interface and SIL mode .....                                 | 141 |
| 10.3 Field device setup .....   | 142 |
| 10.3.1 Bluetooth access level .....   | 142 |
| 10.3.2 Bluetooth access level setting via mechanical switch .....             | 143 |
| 10.3.3 Bluetooth access level setting via software (C8.1.0 Access Level)..... | 144 |
| 10.3.4 Password for the Bluetooth interface (C8.2.0 Password) .....           | 144 |
| 10.3.5 LED Signalling (C8.3.0) .....  | 145 |
| 10.3.6 Reset Bluetooth lockout (A2.7.0, C8.4.0) .....                         | 145 |
| 10.3.7 Check Bluetooth connection status (B1.7.1) .....                       | 146 |
| 10.3.8 Login history (B1.7.2, B1.7.3) .....                                   | 146 |
| 10.4 Installation of the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app .....                      | 146 |
| 10.5 FCC and ISED statements .....  | 147 |
| 11 Notes  | 149 |
| <hr/>   |     |

## 1.1 Software history

The "Electronic Revision" (ER) is consulted to document the revision status of electronic equipment according to NE 53 for all devices. It is easy to see from the ER whether troubleshooting or larger changes in the electronic equipment have taken place and how that has affected the compatibility.

|         |   |                          |
|---------|---|--------------------------|
| 1       | Downwards compatible changes and fault repair with no effect on operation (e.g. spelling mistakes on display) |                          |
| 2-<br>_ | Downwards compatible hardware and/or software change of interfaces:   |                          |
|         | H   | HART®                    |
|         | P   | Profibus                 |
|         | F   | Foundation Fieldbus      |
|         | M   | Modbus                   |
|         | N   | PROFINET IO              |
|         | BT  | Bluetooth®               |
| X       | all interfaces  |                          |
| 3-<br>_ | Downwards compatible hardware and/or software change of inputs and outputs:                                   |                          |
|         | I   | Current output           |
|         | F, P  | Frequency / pulse output |
|         | S   | Status output            |
|         | C   | Control input            |
|         | LS  | Limit switch             |
|         | X   | all inputs and outputs   |
| 4       | Downwards compatible changes with new functions.  |                          |
| 5       | Incompatible changes, i.e. electronic equipment must be changed.  |                          |

Table 1-1: Description of changes



### **INFORMATION!**

*In the table below, "\_ " is a placeholder for possible multi-digit alphanumeric combinations, depending on the available version.*

| Release date | Electronic revision (ER) | Changes and compatibility | Documentation            |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 09/2012      | ER 1.0.0_                | -                         | MA MFC400 R01            |
| 03/2013      | ER 1.0.1_                | 1                         | MA MFC400 R02            |
| 06/2013      | ER 1.0.2_                | 1; 2-M; 2-H               | MA MFC400 R02            |
|              | ER 1.0.3_                | 1; 2-F; 2-P; 2-X          | MA MFC400 R02            |
| 11/2013      | ER 1.0.4_                | 2-H; 3-P; 3-F             | MA MFC400 R03            |
| 05/2014      | ER 1.0.5_                | 1                         | MA MFC400 R03            |
| 08/2014      | ER 1.0.6_                | 1; 3-P; 3-I; 2-H          | MA MFC400 R03            |
| 08/2017      | ER 1.0.7_                | 1; 2-F; 3-F               | MA MFC400 R03            |
| 07/2016      | ER 2.0.0_                | 5 ①                       | MA MFC400 ER2.0 R04      |
| 07/2017      | ER 2.0.1_                | 1                         | MA MFC400 ER2.0 R05      |
| 08/2017      | ER 2.0.2_                | 1; 2-P; 2-F; 2-N          | MA MFC400 ER2.0 R05      |
| 11/2018      | ER 2.0.3_                | 1                         | MA MFC400 ER2.0 R05      |
| 08/2019      | ER 2.0.4_                | 1; 2-M                    | MA MFC400 ER2.0 R06      |
| 01/2020      | ER 2.1.0_                | 1; 2-BT ②                 | MA MFC400 ER2.1 R07, R08 |

Table 1-2: Software changes and effect on compatibility

① Incompatible change: hardware and software change; SIL mode capability

② Incompatible change: hardware and software change; Bluetooth® functionality added

## 1.2 Intended use

The mass flowmeters are designed exclusively to directly measure mass flow rates, product density and temperature as well to indirectly measure parameters such as the total volume and concentration of dissolved substances as well as the volume flow rate.



### **DANGER!**

*For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.*



### **CAUTION!**

*For devices used in SIL applications, additional safety notes apply. For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".*



### **WARNING!**

*If the device is not used according to the operating conditions (refer to chapter "Technical data"), the intended protection could be affected.*



### **INFORMATION!**

*This device is a Group 1, Class A device as specified within CISPR11:2009. It is intended for use in industrial environment. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in other environments, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.*



### 1.3 CE certification



This device conforms with the most recent and up to date versions of the following:

- EMC Directive
- ATEX Directive
- Low Voltage Directive
- Pressure Equipment Directive (PED)
- RoHS
- Measuring Instrument Directive
- Radio Equipment Directive (RED)

The manufacturer declares conformity and the device carries the CE mark.

## 1.4 Safety instructions from the manufacturer

### 1.4.1 Copyright and data protection

The contents of this document have been created with great care. Nevertheless, we provide no guarantee that the contents are correct, complete or up-to-date.

The contents and works in this document are subject to copyright. Contributions from third parties are identified as such. Reproduction, processing, dissemination and any type of use beyond what is permitted under copyright requires written authorisation from the respective author and/or the manufacturer.

The manufacturer tries always to observe the copyrights of others, and to draw on works created in-house or works in the public domain.

The collection of personal data (such as names, street addresses or e-mail addresses) in the manufacturer's documents is always on a voluntary basis whenever possible. Whenever feasible, it is always possible to make use of the offerings and services without providing any personal data.

We draw your attention to the fact that data transmission over the Internet (e.g. when communicating by e-mail) may involve gaps in security. It is not possible to protect such data completely against access by third parties.

We hereby expressly prohibit the use of the contact data published as part of our duty to publish an imprint for the purpose of sending us any advertising or informational materials that we have not expressly requested.

### 1.4.2 Disclaimer

The manufacturer will not be liable for any damage of any kind by using its product, including, but not limited to direct, indirect or incidental and consequential damages.

This disclaimer does not apply in case the manufacturer has acted on purpose or with gross negligence. In the event any applicable law does not allow such limitations on implied warranties or the exclusion of limitation of certain damages, you may, if such law applies to you, not be subject to some or all of the above disclaimer, exclusions or limitations.

Any product purchased from the manufacturer is warranted in accordance with the relevant product documentation and our Terms and Conditions of Sale.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter the content of its documents, including this disclaimer in any way, at any time, for any reason, without prior notification, and will not be liable in any way for possible consequences of such changes.

### 1.4.3 Product liability and warranty

The operator shall bear responsibility for the suitability of the device for the specific purpose. The manufacturer accepts no liability for the consequences of misuse by the operator. Improper installation or operation of the devices (systems) will cause the warranty to be void. The respective "Standard Terms and Conditions" which form the basis for the sales contract shall also apply.

### 1.4.4 Information concerning the documentation

To prevent any injury to the user or damage to the device it is essential that you read the information in this document and observe applicable national standards, safety requirements and accident prevention regulations.

If this document is not in your native language and if you have any problems understanding the text, we advise you to contact your local office for assistance. The manufacturer can not accept responsibility for any damage or injury caused by misunderstanding of the information in this document.

This document is provided to help you establish operating conditions, which will permit safe and efficient use of this device. Special considerations and precautions are also described in the document, which appear in the form of icons as shown below.

### 1.4.5 Warnings and symbols used

Safety warnings are indicated by the following symbols.



**DANGER!**

*This warning refers to the immediate danger when working with electricity.*



**DANGER!**

*This warning refers to the immediate danger of burns caused by heat or hot surfaces.*



**DANGER!**

*This warning refers to the immediate danger when using this device in a hazardous atmosphere.*



**DANGER!**

*These warnings must be observed without fail. Even partial disregard of this warning can lead to serious health problems and even death. There is also the risk of seriously damaging the device or parts of the operator's plant.*



**WARNING!**

*Disregarding this safety warning, even if only in part, poses the risk of serious health problems. There is also the risk of damaging the device or parts of the operator's plant.*



**CAUTION!**

*Disregarding these instructions can result in damage to the device or to parts of the operator's plant.*



**INFORMATION!**

*These instructions contain important information for the handling of the device.*



**LEGAL NOTICE!**

*This note contains information on statutory directives and standards.*



• **HANDLING**

This symbol designates all instructions for actions to be carried out by the operator in the specified sequence.

➔ **RESULT**

This symbol refers to all important consequences of the previous actions.

## 1.5 Safety instructions for the operator



**WARNING!**

*In general, devices from the manufacturer may only be installed, commissioned, operated and maintained by properly trained and authorized personnel.*

*This document is provided to help you establish operating conditions, which will permit safe and efficient use of this device.*

## 2.1 Scope of delivery



### INFORMATION!

Inspect the packaging carefully for damages or signs of rough handling. Report damage to the carrier and to the local office of the manufacturer.



### INFORMATION!

Do a check of the packing list to make sure that you have all the elements given in the order.



### INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

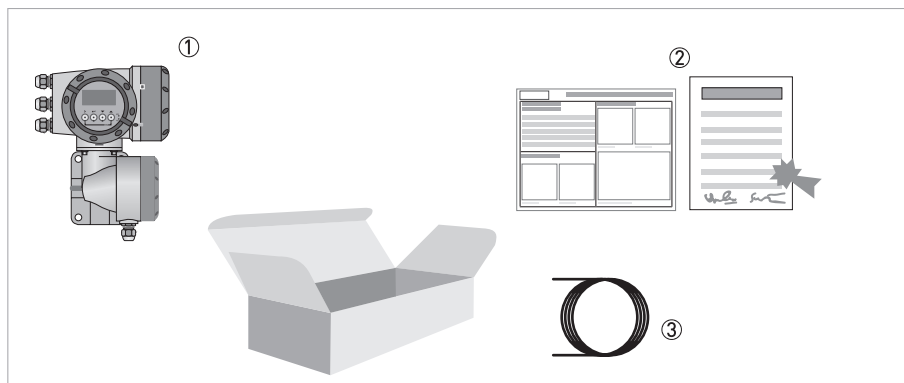


Figure 2-1: Scope of delivery

- ① Device in the version as ordered
- ② Product documentation
- ③ Signal cable (only for remote version)

| Flow sensor   | Flow sensor + signal converter MFC 400 |                      |
|---------------|--|----------------------|
|               | Compact version                        | Remote field housing |
| OPTIMASS 1000 | OPTIMASS 1400 C                        | OPTIMASS 1400 F      |
| OPTIMASS 2000 | OPTIMASS 2400 C                        | OPTIMASS 2400 F      |
| OPTIMASS 3000 | OPTIMASS 3400 C                        | OPTIMASS 3400 F      |
| OPTIMASS 6000 | OPTIMASS 6400 C                        | OPTIMASS 6400 F      |
| OPTIMASS 7000 | OPTIMASS 7400 C                        | OPTIMASS 7400 F      |

Table 2-1: Signal converter / flow sensor combination possibilities

## 2.2 Device description

The mass flowmeters are designed exclusively to directly measure mass flow rates, product density and temperature as well to indirectly measure parameters such as the total volume, concentration of dissolved substances and the volume flow rate.

Your measuring device is supplied ready for operation. The factory settings for the operating data have been made in accordance with your order specifications.

### The following versions are available:

- Compact version (the signal converter is mounted directly on the flow sensor)
- Remote version (electrical connection to the flow sensor via field current and signal cable)

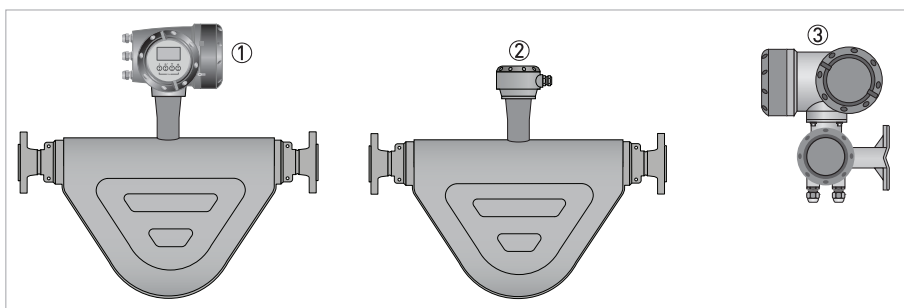


Figure 2-2: Versions with bent tube

- ① Compact version
- ② Flow sensor with connection box
- ③ Field housing

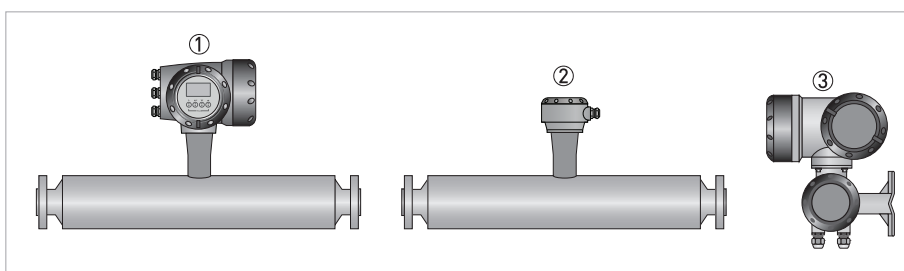
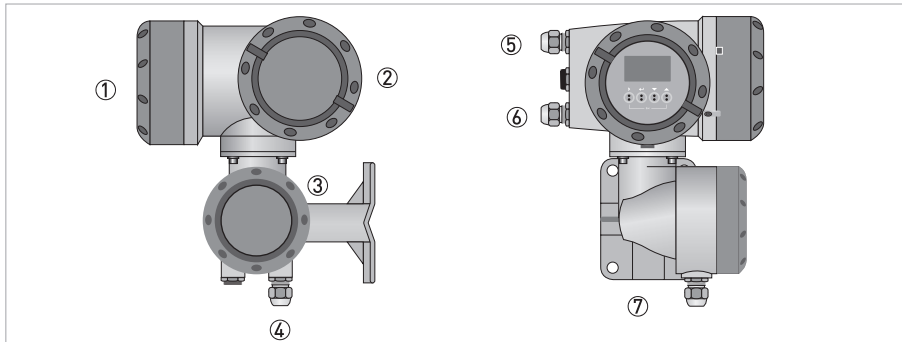


Figure 2-3: Versions with straight tube

- ① Compact version
- ② Flow sensor with connection box
- ③ Field housing

## 2.2.1 Field housing



**Figure 2-4: Construction of the field housing**

- ① Cover for electronics and display
- ② Cover for power supply and inputs/outputs terminal compartment
- ③ Cover for flow sensor terminal compartment
- ④ Cable entry for flow sensor signal cable
- ⑤ Cable entry for power supply
- ⑥ Cable entry for inputs and outputs
- ⑦ Mounting plate for pipe and wall mounting



**INFORMATION!**

*Each time a housing cover is opened, the thread should be cleaned and greased. Use only resin-free and acid-free grease.*

*Ensure that the housing gasket is properly fitted, clean and undamaged.*

## 2.3 Nameplates



### INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order.  
Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

### 2.3.1 Example of a nameplate

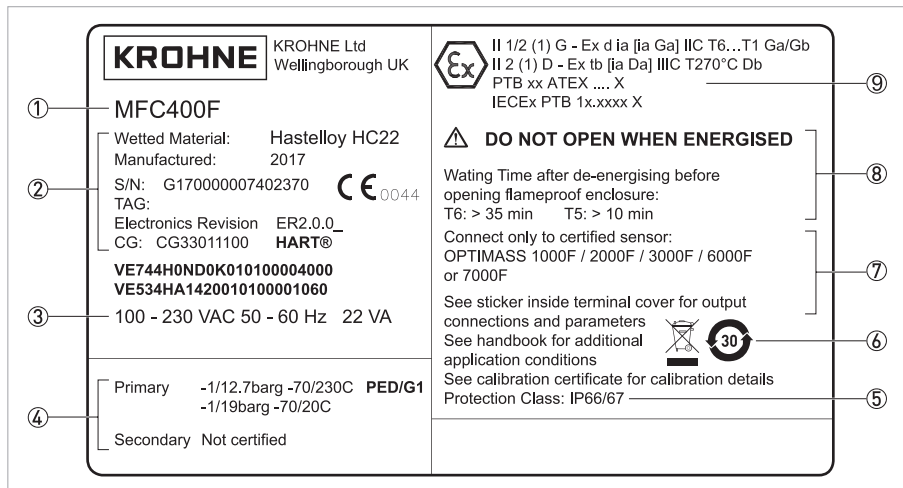


Figure 2-5: Example of a nameplate

- ① Product designation
- ② Data about wetted material, manufacturing date, serial number, electronic revision and CG number
- ③ Electrical connection data
- ④ PED data
- ⑤ Protection category
- ⑥ Marking for WEEE disposal and China RoHS
- ⑦ Reference to additional information: flow sensor combination, sticker in terminal cover for output connections, documentation, calibration certificates, etc.
- ⑧ Approvals-related thresholds
- ⑨ Approvals-related information: Ex approval, type test certificate, hygienic approvals, etc.



### 2.3.2 Electrical connection data of inputs/outputs (example of basic version)

|   |                |               |   |   |
|---|----------------|---------------|---|---|
| ① | POWER          | PE (FE)       | S/N: G150000007402889                                       | <b>KROHNE</b>   |
|   |                | L(L+) / N(L-) | CG: CG430114AC<br>A = Active P = Passive NC = Not connected |   |
| ② | INPUT / OUTPUT | D -           | A   | PULSE OUT / STATUS OUT<br>I <sub>max</sub> = 100 mA@f<= 10 Hz; = 20 mA@f<=12 kHz<br>V <sub>o</sub> = 1.5 V @ 10 mA; V <sub>nom</sub> = 24 VDC |
|   |                | D             |   |   |
| ③ | INPUT / OUTPUT | C -           | A   | CURRENT OUT ( HART )<br>I <= 22 mA; R <sub>Lmax</sub> = 1 kohm  |
|   |                | C             |   |   |
| ④ | INPUT / OUTPUT | B -           | A   | PULSE OUT/STATUS OUT<br>I <sub>max</sub> = 100 mA@f<=10 Hz; = 20 mA@f<=12 kHz<br>V <sub>o</sub> = 1.5 V @ 10 mA; V <sub>nom</sub> = 24 VDC    |
|   |                | B             |   |   |
| ⑤ | INPUT / OUTPUT | A +           | NC  | CURRENT OUT   |
|   |                | A -           |   |   |
|   |                | A             | A   |   |

Figure 2-6: Example of a nameplate for electrical connection data of inputs and outputs

- ① Power supply (AC: L and N; DC: L+ and L-; PE for ≥ 24 VAC; FE for ≤ 24 VAC and DC)
- ② Connection data of connection terminal D/D-
- ③ Connection data of connection terminal C/C-
- ④ Connection data of connection terminal B/B-
- ⑤ Connection data of connection terminal A/A-; A+ only operable in the basic version

- A = active mode; the signal converter supplies the power for connection of the subsequent devices
- P = passive mode; external power supply required for operation of the subsequent devices
- N/C = connection terminals not connected

### 3.1 General notes on installation

**INFORMATION!**

*Inspect the packaging carefully for damages or signs of rough handling. Report damage to the carrier and to the local office of the manufacturer.*

**INFORMATION!**

*Do a check of the packing list to make sure that you have all the elements given in the order.*

**INFORMATION!**

*Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.*

### 3.2 Storage

- Store the device in a dry, dust-free location.
- Avoid continuous direct sunlight.
- Store the device in its original packing.
- Storage temperature: -40...+70°C / -40...+158°F

### 3.3 Transport

**Signal converter**

- No special requirements.

**Compact version**

- Do not lift the device by the signal converter housing.
- Do not use lifting chains.
- To transport flange devices, use lifting straps. Wrap these around both process connections.

### 3.4 Installation specifications

**INFORMATION!**

*The following precautions must be taken to ensure reliable installation.*

- *Make sure that there is adequate space to the sides.*
- *The device must not be heated by radiated heat (e.g. exposure to the sun) to an electronics housing surface temperature above the maximum permissible ambient temperature. If it is necessary to prevent damage from heat sources, a heat protection (e.g. sun shade) has to be installed.*
- *Signal converters installed in control cabinets require adequate cooling, e.g. by fan or heat exchanger.*
- *Do not expose the signal converter to intense vibrations. The measuring devices are tested for a vibration level as described in the chapter "Technical data".*

### 3.5 Mounting of the compact version



**CAUTION!**

*Turning the housing of the compact version is not permitted.*



**INFORMATION!**

*The signal converter is mounted directly on the flow sensor. For installation of the flowmeter, please observe the instructions in the supplied product documentation for the flow sensor.*

### 3.6 Mounting the field housing, remote version



**CAUTION!**

**Remarks for sanitary applications**

- *To prevent contamination and dirt deposits behind the mounting plate, a cover plug must be installed between the wall and the mounting plate.*
- *Pipe mounting is not suitable for sanitary applications!*



**INFORMATION!**

*Assembly materials and tools are not part of the delivery. Use the assembly materials and tools in compliance with the applicable occupational health and safety directives.*

#### 3.6.1 Pipe mounting

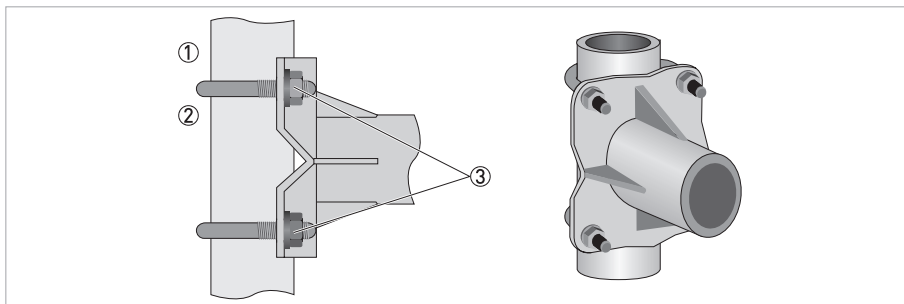


Figure 3-1: Pipe mounting of the field housing



- ① Fix the mounting bracket of the signal converter to the pipe.
- ② Fasten the mounting bracket of the signal converter using standard U-bolts and washers.
- ③ Tighten the nuts.

## 3.6.2 Wall mounting

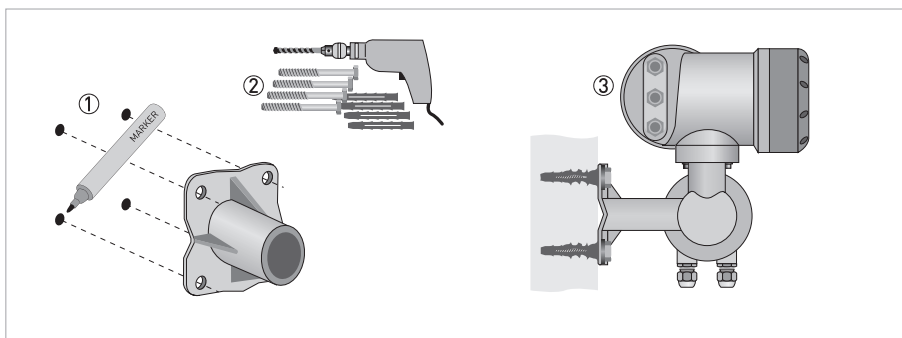


Figure 3-2: Wall mounting of the field housing



- ① Prepare the holes with the aid of the mounting plate. For further information refer to *Mounting plate of field housing* on page 132.
- ② Fasten the mounting plate securely to the wall.
- ③ Screw the mounting bracket of the signal converter to the mounting plate with the nuts and washers.

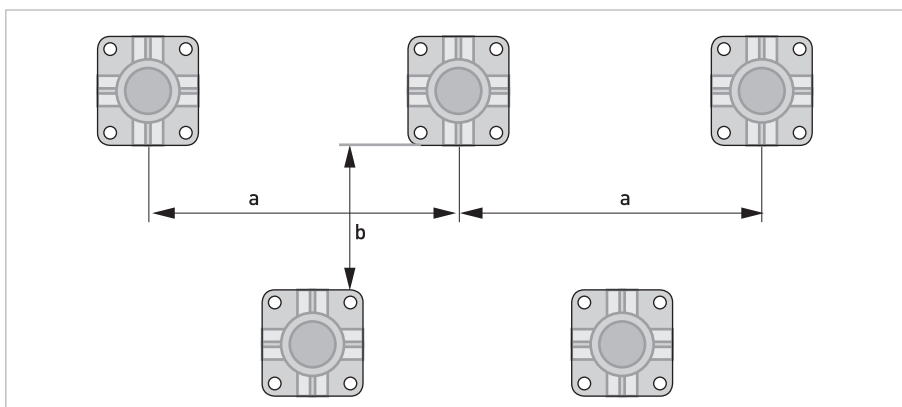


Figure 3-3: Mounting multiple devices next to each other

$a \geq 600 \text{ mm} / 23.6''$

$b \geq 250 \text{ mm} / 9.8''$

### 3.6.3 Turning the display of the field housing version

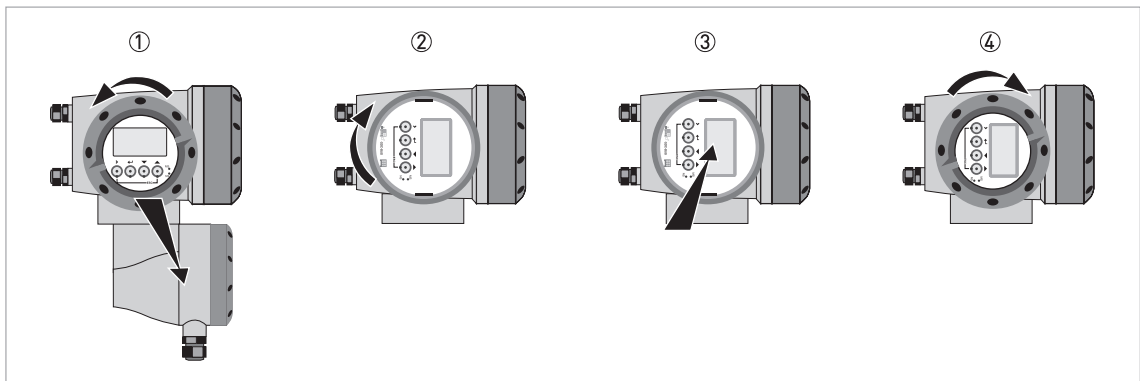


Figure 3-4: Turning the display of the field housing version



#### The display of the field housing version can be turned in 90° increments

- ① Unscrew the cover from the display and operation control unit.
- ② Pull out the display and rotate it to the required position.
- ③ Slide the display back into the housing.
- ④ Re-fit the cover and tighten it by hand.



#### **CAUTION!**

*The ribbon cable of the display must not be folded or twisted repeatedly.*



#### **INFORMATION!**

*Each time a housing cover is opened, the thread should be cleaned and greased. Use only resin-free and acid-free grease.  
Ensure that the housing gasket is properly fitted, clean and undamaged.*

## 4.1 Safety instructions

**DANGER!**

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected.  
Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!

**DANGER!**

Observe the national regulations for electrical installations!

**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

**WARNING!**

Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations.  
Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.

**INFORMATION!**

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order.  
Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

## 4.2 Important notes on electrical connection

**DANGER!**

Electrical connection is carried out in conformity with the VDE 0100 directive "Regulations for electrical power installations with line voltages up to 1000 V" or equivalent national regulations.

**DANGER!**

The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.

**CAUTION!**

- Use suitable cable entries for the various electrical cables.
- The flow sensor and signal converter have been configured together at the factory. For this reason, please connect the devices in pairs.

### 4.3 Signal cable requirements

**CAUTION!**

*It is strongly recommended that the signal cable for remote flowmeters is provided by the manufacturer.*

**Specifications for standard signal cables**

- 5 twisted pair circuits (24 AWG)
- Insulation thickness of cables:  $\geq 0.2 \text{ mm} / 0.008''$
- Each cable pair shielded with foil and drain wire
- Overall foil/braid shield
- Casing colour: grey
- Colour of wires:
  - Pair 1: yellow/black
  - Pair 2: green/black
  - Pair 3: blue/black
  - Pair 4: red/black
  - Pair 5: white/black
- Test voltage:  $\geq 100 \text{ VAC}$
- Temperature range:  $-40\dots+85^\circ\text{C} / -40\dots+185^\circ\text{F}$
- Capacity between cables:  $\leq 41 \text{ pF/m}$
- Capacity compared to shielding:  $\leq 73 \text{ pF/m}$
- Inductance:  $\leq 0.8 \text{ }\mu\text{H/m}$

**Specifications for cables in hazardous areas**

- 5 twisted pair circuits (24 AWG)
- Insulation thickness of cables:  $\geq 0.2 \text{ mm} / 0.008''$
- Each cable pair shielded with foil and drain wire
- Overall foil/braid shield
- Casing colour: blue
- Colour of wires:
  - Pair 1: yellow/black
  - Pair 2: green/black
  - Pair 3: blue/black
  - Pair 4: red/black
  - Pair 5: white/black
- Test voltage:  $\geq 100 \text{ VAC}$
- Temperature range:  $-40\dots+85^\circ\text{C} / -40\dots+185^\circ\text{F}$
- Capacity between cables:  $\leq 41 \text{ pF/m}$
- Capacity compared to shielding:  $\leq 73 \text{ pF/m}$
- Inductance:  $\leq 0.8 \text{ }\mu\text{H/m}$

## 4.4 Connecting the signal cables



**DANGER!**

*Cables may only be connected when the power is switched off.*



**DANGER!**

*The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.*



**DANGER!**

*For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.*



**WARNING!**

*Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations.*

*Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.*



#### 4.4.1 Connection of signal cable - field housing and connection box for flow sensor

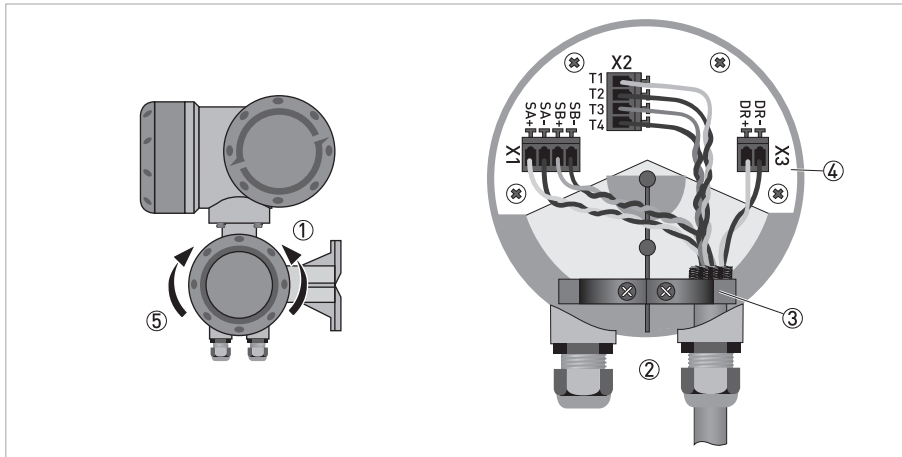


Figure 4-1: Connection of signal cable - field housing and connection box for flow sensor



- ① Unscrew the terminal compartment cover.
- ② Pass the prepared signal cable through the cable entry.
- ③ Secure the signal cable using the clip.
- ④ Connect the electrical conductors as shown. The shielding must also be connected to the spring terminal.
- ⑤ Re-fit the cover and tighten it by hand.

| Cable      |        | Connection terminal |
|------------|--------|---------------------|
| Cable pair | Colour |                     |
| 1          | yellow | X1 SA+              |
| 1          | black  | X1 SA-              |
| 2          | green  | X1 SB+              |
| 2          | black  | X1 SB-              |
| 3          | blue   | X2 T1               |
| 3          | black  | X2 T2               |
| 4          | red    | X2 T3               |
| 4          | black  | X2 T4               |
| 5          | white  | X3 DR+              |
| 5          | black  | X3 DR-              |

Table 4-1: Colour coding of cables



#### **INFORMATION!**

Each time a housing cover is opened, the thread should be cleaned and greased. Use only resin-free and acid-free grease.

Ensure that the housing gasket is properly fitted, clean and undamaged.

## 4.4.2 Connection diagram

**DANGER!**

The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.

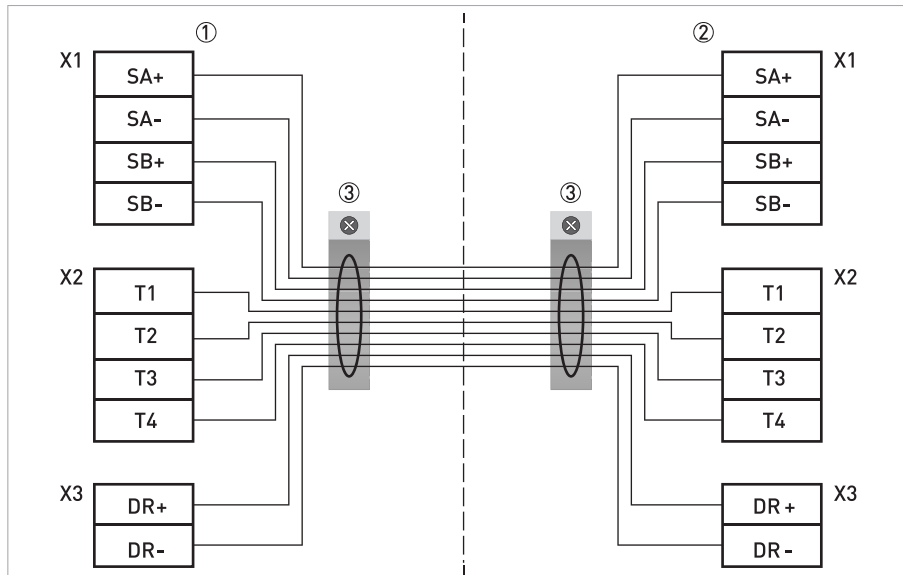


Figure 4-2: Connection diagram

- ① Terminal compartment for signal converter
- ② Terminal compartment for flow sensor
- ③ Connect shielding to spring terminal (drain wire and overall shield)

## 4.5 Grounding the flow sensor

**DANGER!**

There should be no difference in potential between the flow sensor and the housing or protective earth of the signal converter!

- The flow sensor must be properly grounded.
- The grounding cable should not transmit any interference voltages.
- Do not use the grounding cable to connect more than one device to ground.
- The flow sensors are connected to ground by means of a functional grounding conductor FE.
- In hazardous areas, grounding is used at the same time for equipotential bonding. Additional grounding instructions are provided in the supplementary "Ex documentation", which are only supplied together with hazardous area equipment.

## 4.6 Connecting power - all housing variants

**DANGER!**

*The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.*

**DANGER!**

*For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.*

- The protection category depends on the housing versions (IP66/67 or NEMA4/4X).
- The housings of the devices, which are designed to protect the electronic equipment from dust and moisture, should be kept well closed at all times. Creepage distances and clearances are dimensioned to VDE 0110 and IEC 60664 for pollution severity 2. Supply circuits are designed for overvoltage category III and the output circuits for overvoltage category II.
- Fuse protection ( $I_N \leq 16 \text{ A}$ ) for the infeed power circuit, as well as a separator (switch, circuit breaker) to isolate the signal converter must be provided close to the device. The separator must be marked as the separator for this device.

**100...230 VAC (tolerance range: -15% / +10%)**

- Note the power supply voltage and frequency (50...60 Hz) on the nameplate.
- The protective ground terminal **PE** of the power supply must be connected to the separate U-clamp terminal in the terminal compartment of the signal converter.

**INFORMATION!**

*240 VAC + 5% is included in the tolerance range.*

**24 VDC (tolerance range: -55% / +30%)**

- Note the data on the nameplate!
- For measurement process reasons, a functional ground **FE** must be connected to the separate U-clamp terminal in the terminal compartment of the signal converter.
- When connecting to functional extra-low voltages, provide a facility for protective separation (PELV) (according to VDE 0100 / VDE 0106 and/or IEC 60364 / IEC 61140 or relevant national regulations).

**INFORMATION!**

*For 24 VDC, 12 VDC - 10% is included in the tolerance range.*

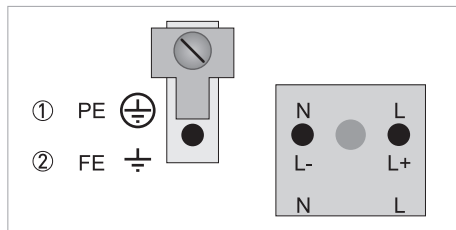


Figure 4-3: Power supply connection

- ① 100...230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 22 VA
- ② 24 VDC (-55% / +30%), 12 W

## 4.7 Inputs and outputs, overview

### 4.7.1 Combinations of the inputs/outputs (I/Os)

This signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

#### Modular version

- Depending on the task, the device can be configured with various output modules.

#### Ex i version

- Depending on the task, the device can be configured with various output modules.
- Current outputs can be active or passive.
- Optionally available also with Foundation Fieldbus and Profibus PA.

#### Bus systems

- The device allows intrinsically safe and non intrinsically safe bus interfaces in combination with additional modules.
- For connection and operation of bus systems, note the supplementary instructions.

#### Ex option

- For hazardous areas, all of the input/output variants for the housing designs C and F can be delivered with terminal compartment in Ex d (pressure-resistant casing) or Ex e (increased safety).
- For connection and operation of Ex devices, note the supplementary instructions.

## 4.7.2 Description of the CG number



Figure 4-4: Marking (CG number) of the electronics module and input/output variants

- ① ID number: 3
- ② ID number: 0 = standard
- ③ Power supply option
- ④ Display
- ⑤ Input/output version (I/O)
- ⑥ 1st optional module for connection terminal A
- ⑦ 2nd optional module for connection terminal B

The last 3 digits of the CG number (⑤, ⑥ and ⑦) indicate the assignment of the terminal connections.

Please refer to the following examples.

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| CG430114AC | 100...230 VAC & standard display; modular I/O: $I_a$ & $P_N/S_N$ and optional module $I_a/S_N$ & $P_a/S_a$ |
| CG43081200 | 24 VDC & standard display; Ex i I/O: $I_a$ & $P_a/S_a$ and optional module $I_a$ & $P_N/S_N/C_N$           |

Table 4-2: Examples for CG number

| Abbreviation | Identifier for CG number | Description  |
|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| $I_a$        | A                        | Active current output  |
| $I_p$        | B                        | Passive current output   |
| $P_a / S_a$  | C                        | Active pulse output, frequency output, status output or limit switch (changeable)  |
| $P_p / S_p$  | E                        | Passive pulse output, frequency output, status output or limit switch (changeable)   |
| $P_N / S_N$  | F                        | Passive pulse output, frequency output, status output or limit switch according to NAMUR (changeable)  |
| $C_a$        | G                        | Active control input   |
| $C_p$        | K                        | Passive control input  |
| $C_N$        | H                        | Active control input according to NAMUR<br>Signal converter monitors cable breaks and short circuits according to EN 60947-5-6. Errors indicated on LC display. Error messages possible via status output. |
| -            | 8                        | No additional module installed   |
| -            | 0                        | No further module possible   |

Table 4-3: Description of abbreviations and CG identifier for possible optional modules on terminals A and B

### 4.7.3 Fixed, non-alterable input/output versions

This signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

- The grey boxes in the tables denote unassigned or unused connection terminals.
- In the table, only the final digits of the CG no. are depicted.

| CG no. | Connection terminals |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |    |
|--------|----------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|
|        | A+                   | A | A- | B | B- | C | C- | D | D- |

#### Ex i I/Os (option)

|       |  |               |  |                                      |  |                       |  |                     |
|-------|--|---------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| 2 0 0 |  |               |  |                                      |  | $I_a$ + HART® active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR ① |
| 3 0 0 |  |               |  |                                      |  | $I_p$ + HART® passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR ① |
| 2 1 0 |  | $I_a$ active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① |  | $I_a$ + HART® active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR ① |
| 3 1 0 |  | $I_a$ active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① |  | $I_p$ + HART® passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR ① |
| 2 2 0 |  | $I_p$ passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① |  | $I_a$ + HART® active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR ① |
| 3 2 0 |  | $I_p$ passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① |  | $I_p$ + HART® passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR ① |

#### PROFIBUS PA (Ex i) (option)

|       |  |               |  |                                      |              |     |              |     |
|-------|--|---------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| D 0 0 |  |               |  |                                      | PA+          | PA- | PA+          | PA- |
|       |  |               |  |                                      | FISCO Device |     | FISCO Device |     |
| D 1 0 |  | $I_a$ active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① | PA+          | PA- | PA+          | PA- |
|       |  |               |  |                                      | FISCO Device |     | FISCO Device |     |
| D 2 0 |  | $I_p$ passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① | PA+          | PA- | PA+          | PA- |
|       |  |               |  |                                      | FISCO Device |     | FISCO Device |     |

#### FOUNDATION Fieldbus (Ex i) (option)

|       |  |               |  |                                      |              |      |              |      |
|-------|--|---------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|------|
| E 0 0 |  |               |  |                                      | V/D+         | V/D- | V/D+         | V/D- |
|       |  |               |  |                                      | FISCO Device |      | FISCO Device |      |
| E 1 0 |  | $I_a$ active  |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① | V/D+         | V/D- | V/D+         | V/D- |
|       |  |               |  |                                      | FISCO Device |      | FISCO Device |      |
| E 2 0 |  | $I_p$ passive |  | $P_N / S_N$ NAMUR<br>$C_p$ passive ① | V/D+         | V/D- | V/D+         | V/D- |
|       |  |               |  |                                      | FISCO Device |      | FISCO Device |      |

#### PROFINET IO (option)

|       |  |        |     |     |     |        |     |     |     |
|-------|--|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| N 0 0 |  | RX+    | RX- | TX+ | TX- | TX+    | TX- | RX+ | RX- |
|       |  | Port 2 |     |     |     | Port 1 |     |     |     |

Table 4-4: Electrical connection of fixed, non-alterable input/output versions

① Changeable

#### 4.7.4 Alterable input/output versions

This signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

- The grey boxes in the tables denote unassigned or unused connection terminals.
- In the table, only the final digits of the CG no. are depicted.
- Term. = (connection) terminal

| CG no. | Connection terminals |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |    |  |
|--------|----------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|--|
|        | A+                   | A | A- | B | B- | C | C- | D | D- |  |

##### Modular I/Os (option)

|      |  |   |  |                               |  |                                |
|------|--|---|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 4 __ |  | max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B |  | I + HART®<br>active/passive ① |  | P/S active/passive/<br>NAMUR ① |
|------|--|---|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|

##### PROFIBUS PA (option)

|      |  |   |  |         |         |         |         |
|------|--|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| D __ |  | max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B |  | PA+ (2) | PA- (2) | PA+ (1) | PA- (1) |
|------|--|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|

##### FOUNDATION Fieldbus (option)

|      |  |   |  |          |          |          |          |
|------|--|---|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| E __ |  | max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B |  | V/D+ (2) | V/D- (2) | V/D+ (1) | V/D- (1) |
|------|--|---|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|

##### PROFIBUS DP (option)

|      |  |                                  |                    |                  |                  |                    |                  |                  |
|------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| F _0 |  | 1 optional module for<br>term. A | Termina-<br>tion P | RxD/TxD-<br>P(2) | RxD/TxD-<br>N(2) | Termina-<br>tion N | RxD/TxD-<br>P(1) | RxD/TxD-<br>N(1) |
|------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|

##### Modbus (option)

|        |  |   |  |        |  |                 |                 |
|--------|--|---|--|--------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| G __ ② |  | max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B |  | Common |  | Sign. B<br>(D1) | Sign. A<br>(D0) |
|--------|--|---|--|--------|--|-----------------|-----------------|

Table 4-5: Electrical connection of alterable input/output versions

① Software configurable

② Bus termination and bus polarisation can be enabled/disabled by DIP switches

## 4.8 Description of the inputs and outputs

### 4.8.1 Current output

**INFORMATION!**

*The current outputs must be connected depending on the version! Which I/O versions and inputs/outputs are installed in your signal converter are indicated on the sticker in the cover of the terminal compartment.*

*For Modular I/Os, the current output at terminal C must be configured to active/passive before connecting it.*

- All outputs are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.
- All operating data and functions can be adjusted.
- Passive mode:  
External power supply required:  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 30 \text{ VDC}$  at  $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$
- Active mode:  
Load impedance  $R_L \leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$  at  $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$ ;  
 $R_L \leq 400 \Omega$  at  $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$  for Ex i outputs
- Self-monitoring: interruption or load impedance too high in the current output loop
- Error message possible via status output, error indication on LC display.
- Alarm signal can be adjusted. Default setting: 3.5 mA
- Automatic range conversion via threshold or control input is available for current output at terminal A or B. The range for the threshold is between 5 and 80% of  $Q_{100\%}$ ,  $\pm 0...5\%$  hysteresis (corresponding ratio from smaller to larger range of 1:20 to 1:1.25). Signalling of the active range possible via a status output (adjustable).
- Forward/reverse flow measurement (F/R mode) is possible.

**INFORMATION!**

*For further information refer to Description of the inputs and outputs on page 38 and refer to Technical data on page 119.*

**DANGER!**

*For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.*



## 4.8.2 Pulse output and frequency output



### **INFORMATION!**

Depending on the version, the pulse and frequency outputs must be connected passively or actively or according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6! Which I/O version and inputs/outputs are installed in your signal converter are indicated on the sticker in the cover of the terminal compartment.

For Modular I/Os, the pulse output or frequency output at terminal D must be configured to active/passive/NAMUR before connecting it.

- All outputs are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.
- All operating data and functions can be adjusted.
- Passive mode:  
External power supply required:  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$ ;  
 $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$  at  $f \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$  (over range up to  $f_{\text{max}} \leq 12 \text{ kHz}$ );  
 $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$  at  $f \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$
- Active mode:  
Use of the internal power supply:  $U_{\text{nom}} = 24 \text{ VDC}$ ;  
 $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$  at  $f \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$  (over range up to  $f_{\text{max}} \leq 12 \text{ kHz}$ );  
 $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$  at  $f \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$
- NAMUR mode:  
Passive in accordance with EN 60947-5-6;  
 $f \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$  (over range up to  $f_{\text{max}} \leq 12 \text{ kHz}$ )
- Scaling:  
Frequency output: in pulses per time unit (e.g. 1000 pulses/s at  $Q_{100\%}$ );  
Pulse output: quantity per pulse
- Pulse width:  
symmetric (pulse duty factor 1:1, independent of output frequency),  
automatic (with fixed pulse width, duty factor approx. 1:1 at  $Q_{100\%}$ ) or  
fixed (pulse width adjustable as required from 0.05 ms...2 s)
- When pulse shape is set to fixed, then the maximum pulse rate/frequency is limited to  $1/(1.5 * \text{pulse width})$ .
- If output pulse rate is limited, pulses are cached and will continue to be transmitted even when the flow rate falls to zero.
- Forward/reverse flow measurement (F/R mode) is possible.
- All pulse and frequency outputs can also be used as a status output / limit switch.



### **INFORMATION!**

For further information refer to Description of the inputs and outputs on page 38 and refer to Technical data on page 119.



### **DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

### 4.8.3 Status output and limit switch

**INFORMATION!**

Depending on the version, the status outputs and limit switches must be connected passively or actively or according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6! Which I/O version and inputs/outputs are installed in your signal converter are indicated on the sticker in the cover of the terminal compartment.

For Modular I/Os, the status output at terminal D must be configured to active/passive/NAMUR before connecting it.

- The status outputs / limit switches are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.
- The output stages of the status outputs / limit switches during simple active or passive operation behave like relay contacts and can be connected with any polarity.
- All operating data and functions can be adjusted.
- Passive mode:  
External power supply required:  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$  at  $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$
- Active mode:  
Use of the internal power supply:  $U_{\text{nom}} = 24 \text{ VDC}$  at  $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$
- NAMUR mode:  
Passive in accordance with EN 60947-5-6

**INFORMATION!**

For further information refer to *Description of the inputs and outputs* on page 38 and refer to *Technical data* on page 119.

**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the *Ex documentation*.

#### 4.8.4 Control input

**INFORMATION!**

Depending on the version, the control inputs must be connected passively or actively or according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6! Which I/O version and inputs/outputs are installed in your signal converter are indicated on the sticker in the cover of the terminal compartment.

- All control inputs are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.
- All operating data and functions can be adjusted.
- Passive mode:  
External power supply required:  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$
- Active mode:  
Use of the internal power supply:  $U_{\text{nom}} = 24 \text{ VDC}$
- NAMUR mode:  
In accordance with EN 60947-5-6  
Active control input to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6: signal converter monitors cable breaks and short circuits according to EN 60947-5-6. Errors indicated on LC display. Error messages possible via status output.

**INFORMATION!**

For further information refer to *Description of the inputs and outputs on page 38* and refer to *Technical data on page 119*.

**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the *Ex documentation*.

## 4.9 Electrical connection of the inputs and outputs



### CAUTION!

I/O connections must not be connected to DC power supply networks.



### INFORMATION!

Assembly materials and tools are not part of the delivery. Use the assembly materials and tools in compliance with the applicable occupational health and safety directives.

### 4.9.1 Field housing, electrical connection of the inputs and outputs



### DANGER!

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!



### INFORMATION!

For frequencies above 100 Hz, shielded cables are to be used in order to reduce effects from electrical interferences (EMC).

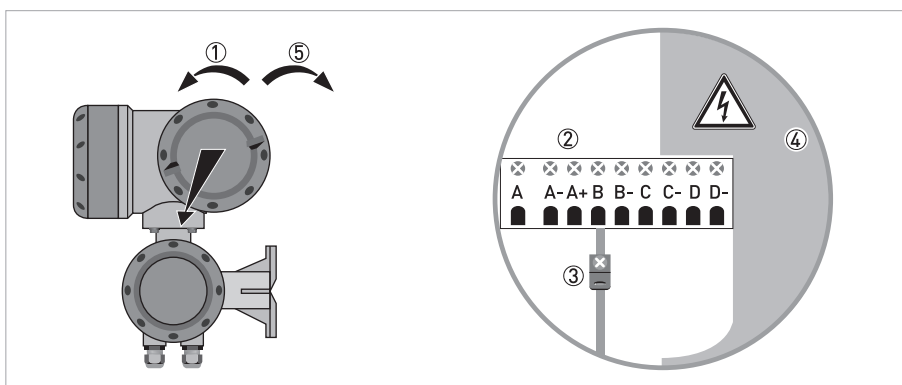


Figure 4-5: Terminal compartment for inputs and outputs in field housing



- ① Open the housing cover.
- ② Push the prepared cable through the cable entry and connect the necessary conductors.
- ③ Connect the shield if necessary.
- ④ Close the touch guard.
- ⑤ Close the housing cover.



### INFORMATION!

Each time a housing cover is opened, the thread should be cleaned and greased. Use only resin-free and acid-free grease.

Ensure that the housing gasket is properly fitted, clean and undamaged.

### 4.9.2 Laying electrical cables correctly

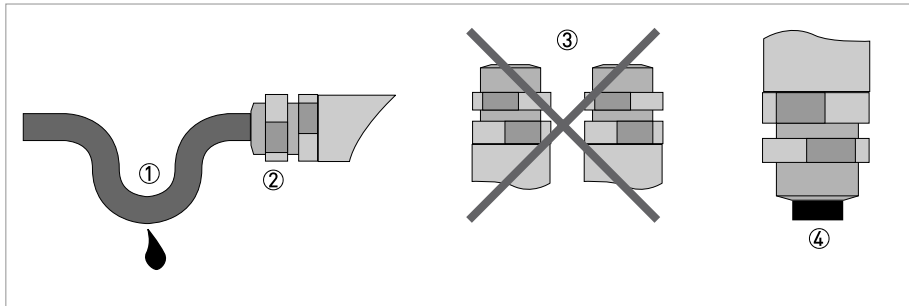


Figure 4-6: Protect housing from dust and water



- ① Lay the cable in a loop just before the housing.
- ② Tighten the screw connection of the cable entry securely.
- ③ Never mount the housing with the cable entries facing upwards.
- ④ Seal cable entries that are not needed with a plug.

## 4.10 Description of the inputs and outputs

### 4.10.1 Important notes



**INFORMATION!**

Depending on the version, the inputs/outputs must be connected passively or actively or according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6! Which I/O version and inputs/outputs are installed in your signal converter are indicated on the sticker in the cover of the terminal compartment.

- All groups are electrically isolated from each other and from all other input and output circuits.
- Passive mode: An external power supply is necessary to operate (activation) the subsequent devices ( $U_{\text{ext}}$ ).
- Active mode: The signal converter supplies the power for operation (activation) of the subsequent devices, observe max. operating data.
- Terminals that are not used should not have any conductive connection to other electrically conductive parts.



**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

|       |       |   |
|-------|-------|---|
| $I_a$ | $I_p$ | Current output active or passive  |
| $P_a$ | $P_p$ | Pulse/frequency output active or passive  |
| $P_N$ |       | Pulse/frequency output passive according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6  |
| $S_a$ | $S_p$ | Status output/limit switch active or passive  |
| $S_N$ |       | Status output/limit switch passive according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6  |
| $C_a$ | $C_p$ | Control input active or passive   |
| $C_N$ |       | Control input active according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6:<br>Signal converter monitors cable breaks and short circuits according to EN 60947-5-6.<br>Errors indicated on LC display. Error messages possible via status output. |

Table 4-6: Description of used abbreviations

## 4.10.2 Description of the electrical symbols

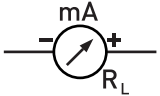
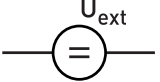
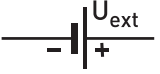
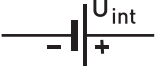
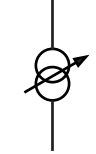
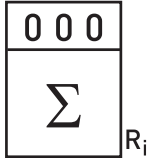

|   |   |
|---|---|
|    | <p>mA meter<br/>0...20 mA or 4...20 mA and other<br/><math>R_L</math> is the internal resistance of the measuring point including the cable resistance</p>                                  |
|    | <p>DC voltage source (<math>U_{ext}</math>), external power supply, any connection polarity</p>   |
|    | <p>DC voltage source (<math>U_{ext}</math>), observe connection polarity according to connection diagrams</p>   |
|    | <p>Internal DC voltage source</p>   |
|    | <p>Controlled internal power source in the device</p>   |
|   | <p>Electronic or electromagnetic counter<br/>At frequencies above 100 Hz, shielded cables must be used to connect the counters.<br/><math>R_i</math> Internal resistance of the counter</p> |
|  | <p>Button, N/O contact or similar</p>   |

Table 4-7: Description of the electrical symbols

## 4.10.3 Modular inputs/outputs and bus systems

**CAUTION!**

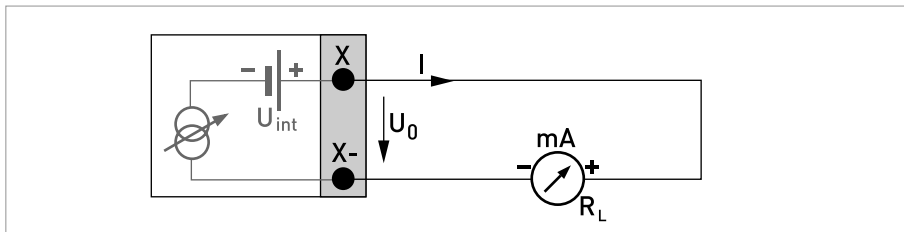
- Observe connection polarity.
- Configure the outputs at terminal C and D before connecting them.

**INFORMATION!**

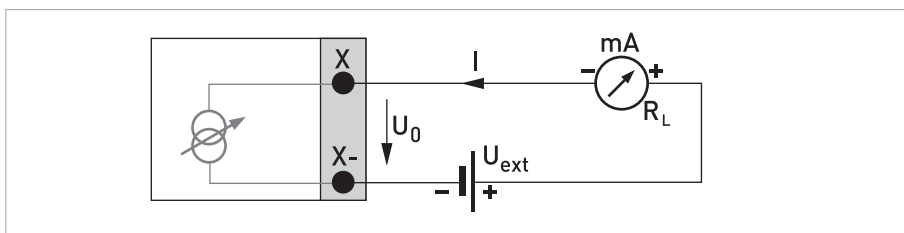
- For further information refer to Description of the inputs and outputs on page 32.
- The electrical connection of the bus systems are described in the supplementary instructions of the respective bus system.

**Current output active (only current output terminals C/C- have HART<sup>®</sup> capability), modular I/Os**

- $U_{\text{int, nom}} = 24 \text{ VDC}$
- $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$
- $R_L \leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or C, depending on the version of the signal converter.

Figure 4-7: Current output active  $I_a$ **Current output passive (only current output terminals C/C- have HART<sup>®</sup> capability), modular I/Os**

- $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 30 \text{ VDC}$
- $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$
- $U_0 \geq 1.8 \text{ V}$
- $R_L \leq (U_{\text{ext}} - U_0) / I_{\text{max}}$
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or C, depending on the version of the signal converter.

Figure 4-8: Current output passive  $I_p$

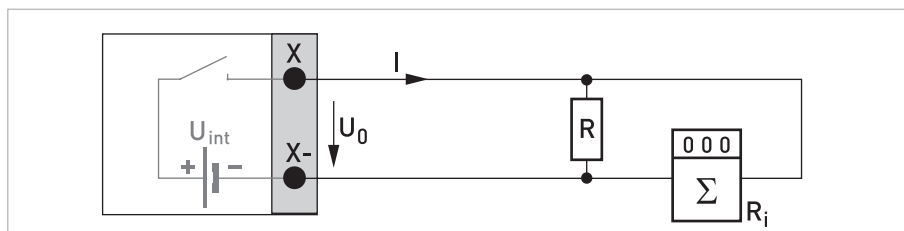


**INFORMATION!**

- **Compact and field housing versions:** Shield connected via the cable terminals in the terminal compartment.
- Any connection polarity.

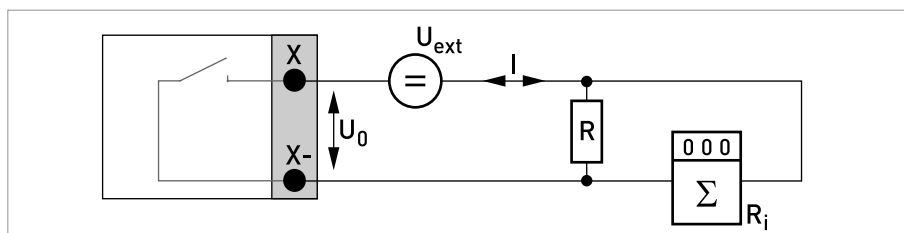
**Pulse/frequency output active, modular I/Os**

- $U_{nom} = 24 \text{ VDC}$
- $f_{max}$  in the operating menu set to  $f_{max} \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$ :  
 $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$   
 open:  
 $I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$   
 closed:  
 $U_{0, nom} = 24 \text{ V at } I = 20 \text{ mA}$
- $f_{max}$  in operating menu set to  $100 \text{ Hz} < f_{max} \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$ :  
 $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$   
 open:  
 $I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$   
 closed:  
 $U_{0, nom} = 22.5 \text{ V at } I = 1 \text{ mA}$   
 $U_{0, nom} = 21.5 \text{ V at } I = 10 \text{ mA}$   
 $U_{0, nom} = 19 \text{ V at } I = 20 \text{ mA}$
- If the following maximum load impedance  $R_{L, max}$  is exceeded, the load impedance  $R_L$  must be reduced accordingly by parallel connection of  $R$ :  
 $f \leq 100 \text{ Hz: } R_{L, max} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$   
 $f \leq 1 \text{ kHz: } R_{L, max} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$   
 $f \leq 10 \text{ kHz: } R_{L, max} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$
- The minimum load impedance  $R_{L, min}$  is calculated as follows:  
 $R_{L, min} = U_0 / I_{max}$
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

Figure 4-9: Pulse/frequency output active  $P_a$

**Pulse/frequency output passive, modular I/Os**

- $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$
- $f_{\text{max}}$  in the operating menu set to  $f_{\text{max}} \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$ :  
 $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$   
open:  
 $I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} = 32 \text{ VDC}$   
closed:  
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 0.2 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 10 \text{ mA}$   
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 2 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$
- $f_{\text{max}}$  in operating menu set to  $100 \text{ Hz} < f_{\text{max}} \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$ :  
open:  
 $I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} = 32 \text{ VDC}$   
closed:  
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 1 \text{ mA}$   
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 10 \text{ mA}$   
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 5 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$
- If the following maximum load impedance  $R_{L, \text{max}}$  is exceeded, the load impedance  $R_L$  must be reduced accordingly by parallel connection of  $R$ :  
 $f \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$ :  $R_{L, \text{max}} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$   
 $f \leq 1 \text{ kHz}$ :  $R_{L, \text{max}} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$   
 $f \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$ :  $R_{L, \text{max}} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$
- The minimum load impedance  $R_{L, \text{min}}$  is calculated as follows:  
 $R_{L, \text{min}} = (U_{\text{ext}} - U_0) / I_{\text{max}}$
- Can also be set as status output. For the electrical connection refer to status output connection diagram.
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

Figure 4-10: Pulse/frequency output passive  $P_p$

**INFORMATION!**

- **Compact and field housing versions:** Shield connected via the cable terminals in the terminal compartment.
- Any connection polarity.

**Pulse/frequency output passive P<sub>N</sub> NAMUR, modular I/O**

- Connection acc. to EN 60947-5-6.  
 $U_{\text{ext}} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$   
 $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$
- open:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$   
 closed:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 3.8 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

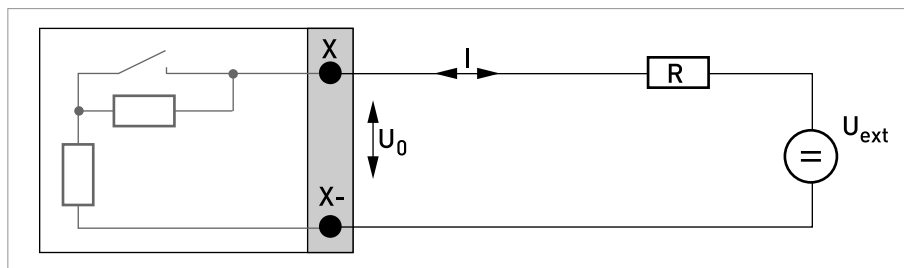
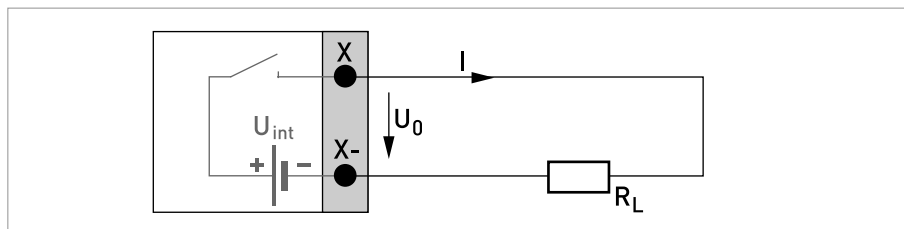


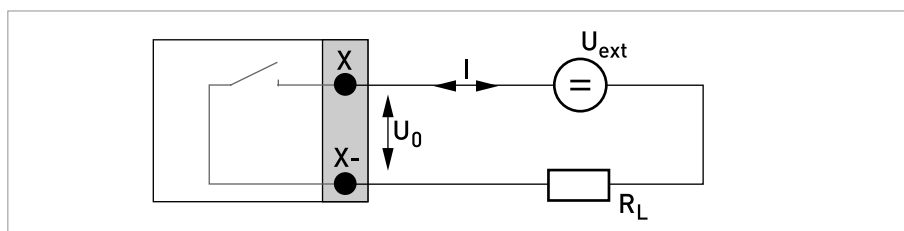
Figure 4-11: Pulse/frequency output passive P<sub>N</sub> according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6

**Status output / limit switch active, modular I/Os**

- Observe connection polarity.
- $U_{\text{int}} = 24 \text{ VDC}$
- $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$
- $R_L \leq 47 \text{ k}\Omega$
- open:  
 $I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$
- closed:  
 $U_{0, \text{nom}} = 24 \text{ V}$  at  $I = 20 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

Figure 4-12: Status output / limit switch active  $S_a$ **Status output / limit switch passive, modular I/Os**

- Any connection polarity.
- $U_{\text{ext}} = 32 \text{ VDC}$
- $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$
- $R_{L, \text{max}} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$   
 $R_{L, \text{min}} = (U_{\text{ext}} - U_0) / I_{\text{max}}$
- open:  
 $I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} = 32 \text{ VDC}$
- closed:  
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 0.2 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 10 \text{ mA}$   
 $U_{0, \text{max}} = 2 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$
- The output is open when the device is de-energised.
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

Figure 4-13: Status output / limit switch passive  $S_p$

### Status output / limit switch $S_N$ NAMUR, modular I/Os

- Any connection polarity.
- Connection acc. to EN 60947-5-6.  
 $U_{\text{ext}} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$   
 $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$
- open:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$   
 closed:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 3.8 \text{ mA}$
- The output is open when the device is de-energised.
- X designates the connection terminals A, B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

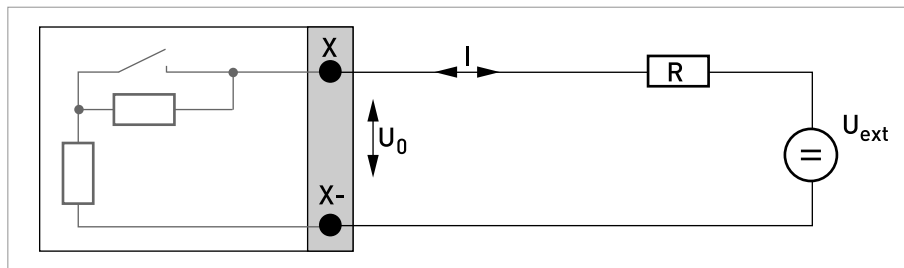


Figure 4-14: Status output / limit switch  $S_N$  according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6

**CAUTION!**

Observe connection polarity.

**Control input active, modular I/Os**

- $U_{\text{int}} = 24 \text{ VDC}$
- External contact open:  
 $U_{0, \text{nom}} = 22 \text{ V}$
- External contact closed:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 4 \text{ mA}$
- Switching point for identifying "contact open or closed":  
Contact closed (on):  $U_0 \leq 10 \text{ V}$  at  $I_{\text{nom}} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$   
Contact open (off):  $U_0 \geq 12 \text{ V}$  at  $I_{\text{nom}} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals A or B, depending on the version of the signal converter.

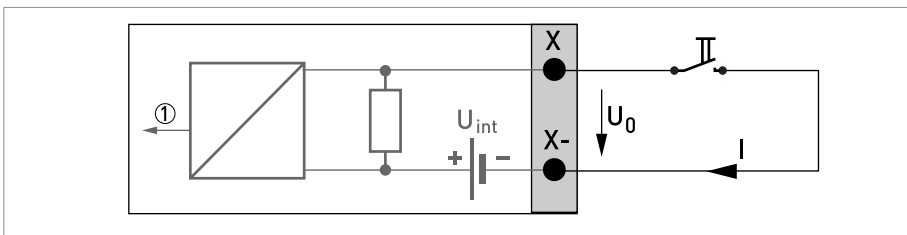


Figure 4-15: Control input active  $C_a$

① Signal

**Control input passive, modular I/Os**

- $3 \text{ V} \leq U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$
- $I_{\text{max}} = 9.5 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 24 \text{ V}$   
 $I_{\text{max}} = 9.5 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ V}$
- Switching point for identifying "contact open or closed":  
Contact open (off):  $U_0 \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$  at  $I_{\text{nom}} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$   
Contact closed (on):  $U_0 \geq 3 \text{ V}$  at  $I_{\text{nom}} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals A or B, depending on the version of the signal converter.

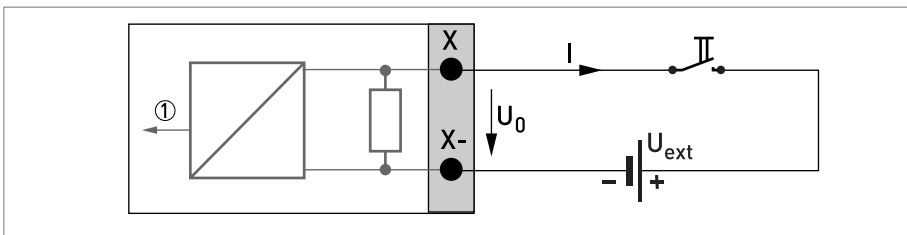


Figure 4-16: Control input passive  $C_p$

① Signal

**CAUTION!**

Observe connection polarity.

**Control input active C<sub>N</sub> NAMUR, modular I/Os**

- Connection acc. to EN 60947-5-6:
- Switching point for identifying "contact open or closed":  
 Contact open (off):  $U_{0, nom} = 6.3 \text{ V}$  at  $I_{nom} < 1.9 \text{ mA}$   
 Contact closed (on):  $U_{0, nom} = 6.3 \text{ V}$  at  $I_{nom} > 1.9 \text{ mA}$
- Detection of cable break:  
 $U_0 \geq 8.1 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 0.1 \text{ mA}$
- Detection of cable short circuit:  
 $U_0 \leq 1.2 \text{ V}$  at  $I \geq 6.7 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals A or B, depending on the version of the signal converter.

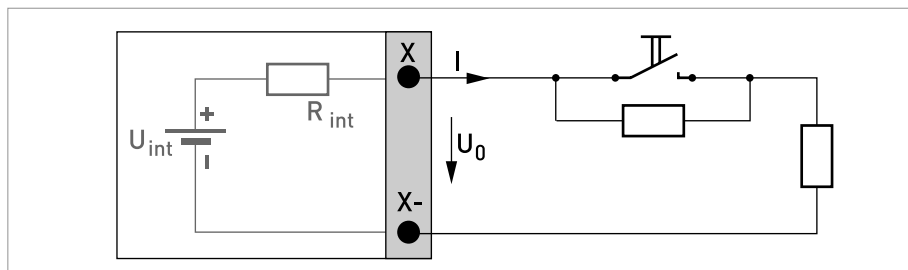


Figure 4-17: Control input active C<sub>N</sub> according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6

## 4.10.4 Ex i inputs/outputs

**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

**INFORMATION!**

For further information refer to Description of the inputs and outputs on page 32.

### Current output active (only current output terminals C/C- have HART<sup>®</sup> capability), Ex i I/Os

- Observe connection polarity.
- $U_{\text{int, nom}} = 21 \text{ VDC}$
- $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$
- $R_L \leq 400 \Omega$
- X designates the connection terminals A or C, depending on the version of the signal converter.

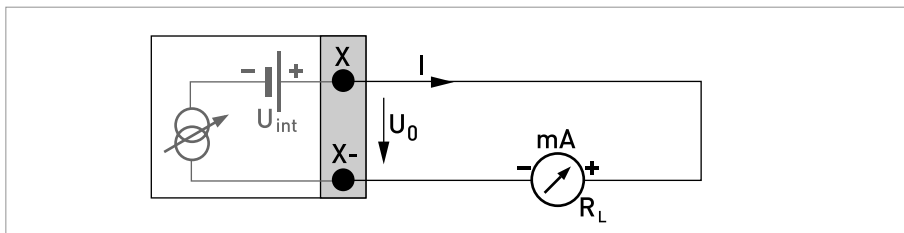


Figure 4-18: Current output active  $I_a$  Ex i

### Current output passive (only current output terminals C/C- have HART<sup>®</sup> capability), Ex i I/Os

- Any connection polarity.
- $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 30 \text{ VDC}$
- $I \leq 22 \text{ mA}$
- $U_0 \geq 4 \text{ V}$
- $R_L \leq (U_{\text{ext}} - U_0) / I_{\text{max}}$
- X designates the connection terminals A or C, depending on the version of the signal converter.

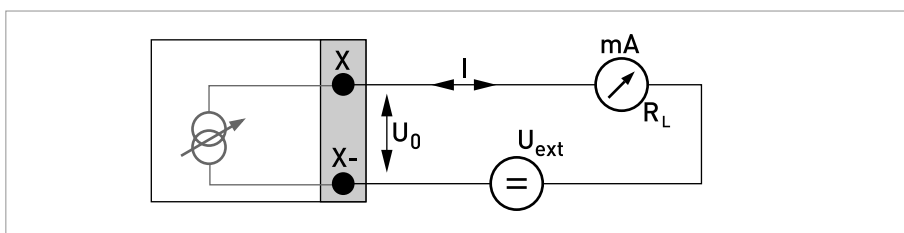


Figure 4-19: Current output passive  $I_p$  Ex i



**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

**INFORMATION!**

- **Compact and field housing versions:** Shield connected via the cable terminals in the terminal compartment.
- Any connection polarity.

**Pulse/frequency output passive P<sub>N</sub> NAMUR, Ex i I/Os**

- Connection according to EN 60947-5-6.  
 $U_{\text{ext}} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$   
 $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$
- open:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 0.43 \text{ mA}$   
 closed:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 4.5 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

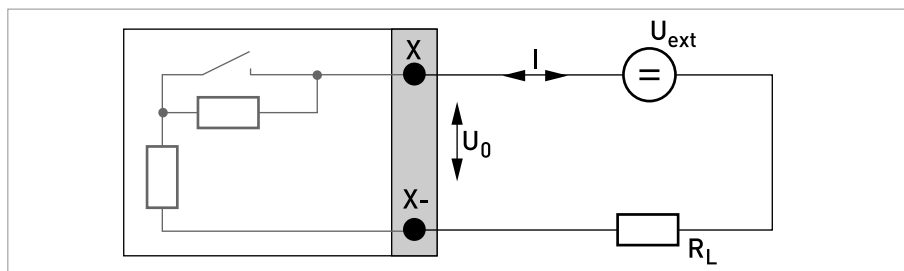


Figure 4-20: Pulse/frequency output passive P<sub>N</sub> according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6 Ex i

**INFORMATION!**

- Any connection polarity.

**Status output / limit switch  $S_N$  NAMUR, Ex i I/Os**

- Connection according to EN 60947-5-6.  
 $U_{\text{ext}} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$   
 $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$
- open:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 0.43 \text{ mA}$   
 closed:  
 $I_{\text{nom}} = 4.5 \text{ mA}$
- The output is closed when the device is de-energised.
- X designates the connection terminals B or D, depending on the version of the signal converter.

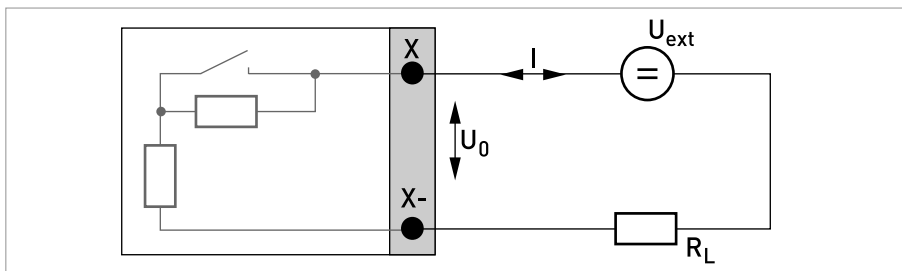


Figure 4-21: Status output / limit switch  $S_N$  according to NAMUR EN 60947-5-6 Ex i

**DANGER!**

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

**INFORMATION!**

- Any connection polarity.

**Control input passive, Ex i I/Os**

- $5.5 \text{ V} \leq U_{\text{ext}} \leq 30 \text{ VDC}$
- $I_{\text{max}} = 6 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 24 \text{ V}$   
 $I_{\text{max}} = 6.5 \text{ mA}$  at  $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ V}$
- Switching point for identifying "contact open or closed":  
 Contact open (off):  $U_0 \leq 3.5 \text{ V}$  at  $I \leq 0.5 \text{ mA}$   
 Contact closed (on):  $U_0 \geq 5.5 \text{ V}$  at  $I \geq 4 \text{ mA}$
- X designates the connection terminals B, if available.

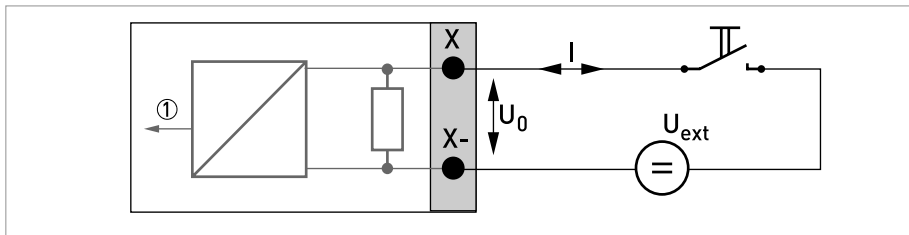


Figure 4-22: Control input passive  $C_p$  Ex i

① Signal

**4.10.5 HART connection****INFORMATION!**

For modular I/O and Ex i I/O, only the output module for the connection terminals C/C- has HART<sup>®</sup> capability.

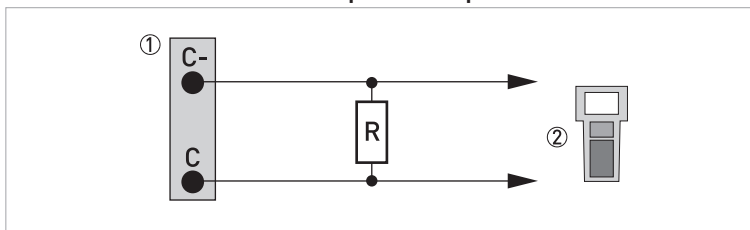
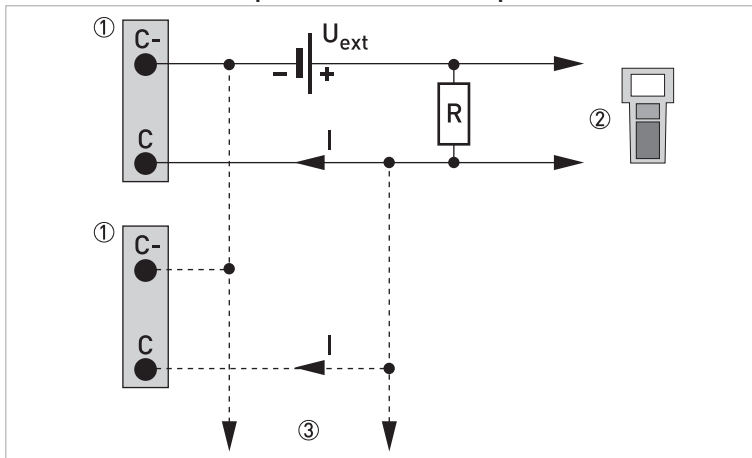
**HART<sup>®</sup> connection active (point-to-point)**

Figure 4-23: HART<sup>®</sup> connection active ( $I_2$ )

- ① Modular I/O: terminals C- and C
- ② HART<sup>®</sup> communicator

The parallel resistance to the HART<sup>®</sup> communicator must be  $R \geq 230 \Omega$ .

## HART® connection passive (Multi-Drop mode)

Figure 4-24: HART® connection passive ( $I_p$ )

- ① Modular I/O: terminals C- and C
- ② HART® communicator
- ③ Other devices with HART® capability

**CAUTION!**

For Multi-Drop mode disable the loop current mode (C4.2).

- $I: I_{0\%} \geq 4 \text{ mA}$
- $U_{ext} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$
- $R \geq 230 \Omega$

## 5.1 Switching on the power

Before connecting to power, please check that the system has been correctly installed. This includes:

- The device must be mounted in compliance with the regulations.
- The power connections must have been made in compliance with the regulations.
- The electrical terminal compartments must be secured and the covers have been screwed on.
- Check that the electrical operating data of the power supply are correct.



- Switching on the power.

## 5.2 Starting the signal converter

The measuring device, consisting of the flow sensor and the signal converter, is supplied ready for operation. All operating data have been set at the factory in accordance with your order specifications.

When the power is switched on as well as continuously during operation, a self test is carried out. After that the device immediately begins measuring, and the current values are displayed.

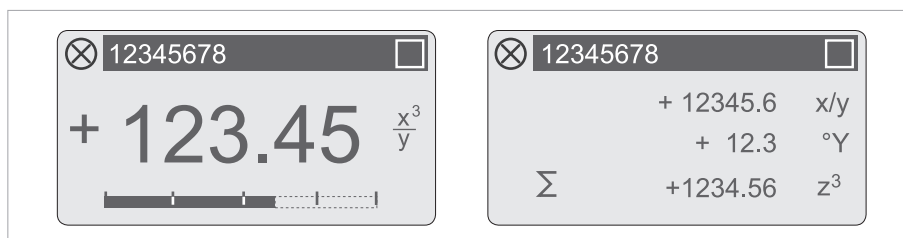


Figure 5-1: Displays in measuring mode (examples for 2 or 3 measured values)  
x, y and z denote the units of the measured values displayed

It is possible to change between the two measured value windows, the trend display and a status page containing status messages from continuously running diagnostic functions by pressing the keys  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ . For possible status messages, their meaning and cause refer to *Diagnostic information and status messages* on page 103.

## 6.1 Display and operating elements

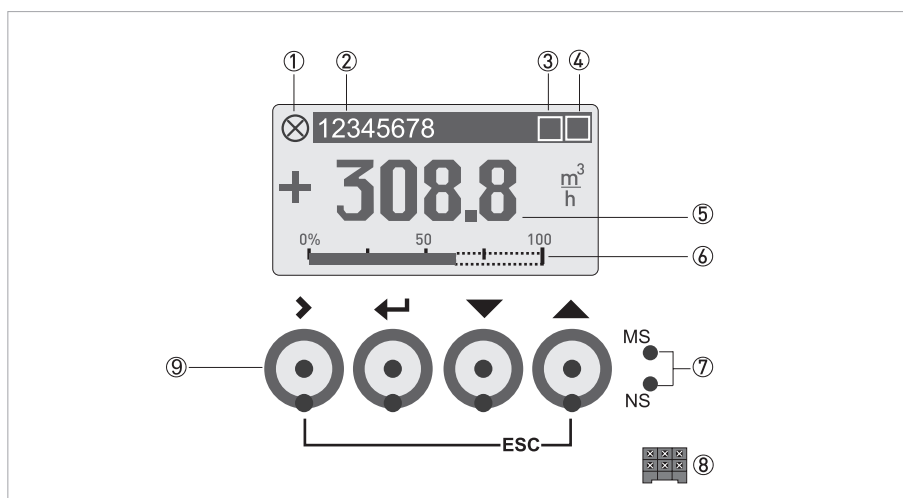


Figure 6-1: Display and operating elements (Example: flow indication with 2 measuring values)

- ① Indicates the device status
- ② Tag number (is only indicated if this number was entered previously by the operator)
- ③ Wireless interface indicator (e.g. Bluetooth®)
- ④ Indicates the key and lock status
- ⑤ 1st measured variable in large representation
- ⑥ Bargraph indication
- ⑦ Status LEDs MS (S1) and NS (S2) (interface status, functionality depends on signal converter version)
- ⑧ Interface to the GDC bus (not present in all signal converter versions)
- ⑨ Operating keys, optical and mechanical (see table below for function and representation in text)



**INFORMATION!**

- *The switching point for the 4 optical keys is located directly in front of the glass. It is recommended to activate the keys at right angles to the front. Touching them from the side can cause incorrect operation.*
- *After 5 minutes of inactivity, there is an automatic return to measuring mode. Previously changed data is not saved.*

| Key         | Measuring mode   | Menu mode  | Submenu or function mode                            | Parameter and data mode   |
|-------------|--|--|---|---|
| >           | Switch from measuring mode to menu mode; press key (optical keys for 2.5 s), "A0.0.0 Quick Setup" menu is then displayed | Access to displayed menu, then 1st submenu is displayed              | Access to displayed submenu or function             | For numerical values, move cursor (highlighted in blue) one position to the right             |
| ←           | Reset display; "Quick Access" function   | Return to measuring mode but prompt whether the data should be saved | Press 1 to 3 times, return to menu mode, data saved | Return to submenu or function, data saved   |
| ↓ or ↑      | Switch between display pages: measured value 1 + 2, trend page and status page   | Select menu  | Select submenu or function                          | Use cursor highlighted in blue to change number, unit, property and to move the decimal point |
| Esc (> + ↑) | -  | -  | Return to menu mode without acceptance of data      | Return to submenu or function without acceptance of data                                      |

Table 6-1: Description of functionality of operating keys








| Icon  | Description   |
|---|---|
|   | Optical or mechanical key pressed                       |
|  | Optical keys disabled (only displayed while pressed)    |
|  | Lock jumper set   |
|  | Device in SIL mode (unverified safe configuration)      |
|  | Device in SIL mode (verified locked safe configuration) |
|  | Infrared interface enabled                              |
|  | Configuration checked and stored                        |

Table 6-2: Indication of key and lock status





| Icon  | Description  |
|---|--|
| <None>  | Wireless interface turned off                                |
|  | Bluetooth® interface ready for connection, read & write mode |
|  | Bluetooth® interface connected, read & write mode            |
|  | Bluetooth® interface ready for connection, read-only mode    |
|  | Bluetooth® interface connected, read-only mode               |

Table 6-3: Indication of Bluetooth® connection status

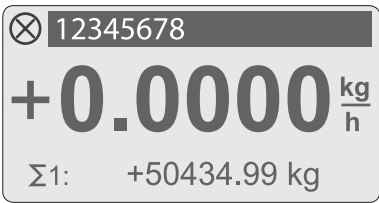

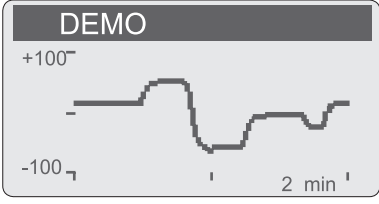
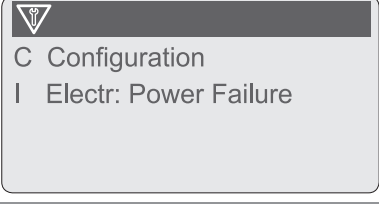
| Name                | Screen  | Display in menu mode                                      |
|---------------------|---|---|
| 1st measuring page  |    | Menu for device configuration                             |
| 2nd measuring page  |   | Menu for device configuration                             |
| Graphic page        |  | Menu for device configuration                             |
| Status message page |  | Menu for status messages with detailed status information |

Table 6-4: Indication of display pages



### 6.1.1 Display in measuring mode with 2 or 3 measured values

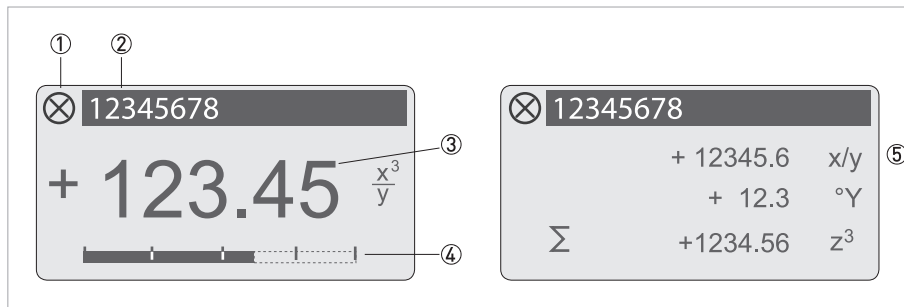


Figure 6-2: Example for display in measuring mode with 2 or 3 measured values

- ① Indicates a possible status message in the status list
- ② Tag number (is only indicated if this number was entered previously by the operator)
- ③ 1st measured variable in large representation
- ④ Bargraph indication
- ⑤ Depiction with 3 measured values

### 6.1.2 Display for selection of submenu and functions, 3 lines

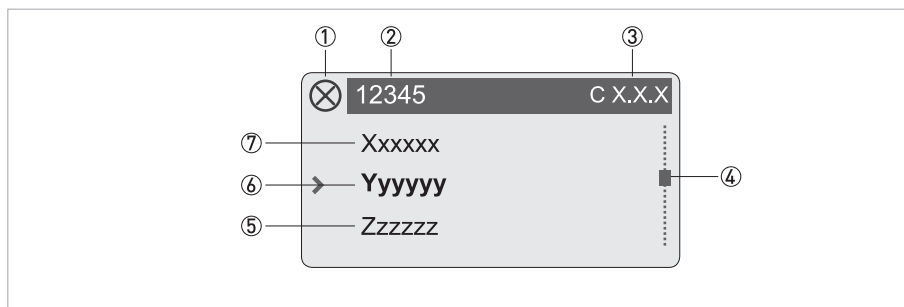


Figure 6-3: Display for selection of submenu and functions, 3 lines

- ① Indicates a possible status message in the status list
- ② Menu, submenu or function name
- ③ Number relating to ⑥
- ④ Indicates position within menu, submenu or function list
- ⑤ Next menu(s), submenu or function  
[\_\_\_ signals in this line the end of the list]
- ⑥ Current menu(s), submenu or function
- ⑦ Previous menu(s), submenu or function  
[\_\_\_ signals in this line the beginning of the list]

### 6.1.3 Display when setting parameters, 4 lines

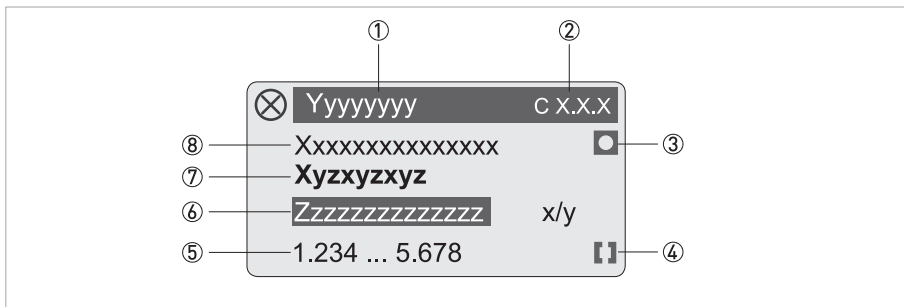


Figure 6-4: Display when setting parameters, 4 lines

- ① Current menu(s), submenu or function
- ② Number relating to ⑦
- ③ Denotes factory setting
- ④ Denotes permissible value range
- ⑤ Permissible value range for numeric values
- ⑥ Currently set value, unit or function (when selected, appears with white text, blue background)  
This is where the data is changed.
- ⑦ Current parameter
- ⑧ Factory setting of parameter

### 6.1.4 Display when previewing parameters, 4 lines

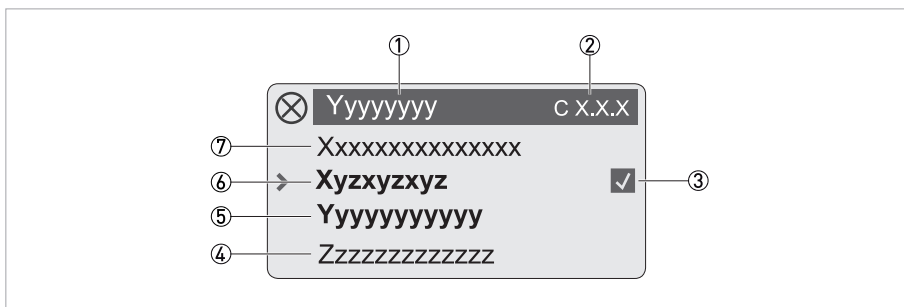


Figure 6-5: Display when previewing parameters, 4 lines

- ① Current menu(s), submenu or function
- ② Number relating to ⑥
- ③ Denotes the status of the parameter
- ④ Next parameter
- ⑤ Currently set data from ⑥
- ⑥ Current parameter [for selection press key >; then see previous chapter]
- ⑦ Factory setting of parameter

| Icon | Description                                   |
|------|---|
|      | Changed parameter                             |
|      | Factory parameter (not changeable)            |
|      | Lock parameter by write access authentication |
|      | Lock parameter by jumper or SIL Mode          |

Table 6-5: Description of parameter icons

## 6.2 Menu structure

|                           |                                |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>A0.0.0 Quick Setup</b> |                                |
|                           | <b>A1.0.0 Language</b>         |
|                           | <b>A2.0.0 Reset</b>            |
|                           | A2.1.0 Reset Errors            |
|                           | A2.2.0 Stop All Simulations    |
|                           | A2.3.0 All Totalisers          |
|                           | A2.4.0 Totaliser 1             |
|                           | A2.5.0 Totaliser 2             |
|                           | A2.6.0 Totaliser 3             |
|                           | A2.7.0 Reset BT Lockout        |
|                           | <b>A3.0.0 Configuration</b>    |
|                           | A3.1.0 Tag                     |
|                           | A3.2.0 Measurement             |
|                           | A3.3.0 Range                   |
|                           | A3.4.0 Alarm Code              |
|                           | A3.5.0 Low Flow Cutoff         |
|                           | A3.6.0 Damping                 |
|                           | A3.7.0 Terminals C Type        |
|                           | A3.8.0 Flow Direction          |
|                           | <b>A4.0.0 Safety Mode</b>      |
|                           | <b>A5.0.0 SIL Verification</b> |
|                           | <b>A6.0.0 Unlock Device</b>    |
|                           | <b>A7.0.0 Calibrate Zero</b>   |
|                           | <b>A8.0.0 Operation Mode</b>   |

Table 6-6: Menu "Quick Setup"

|                    |                             |   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>B0.0.0 Test</b> |                             |   |
|                    | <b>B1.0.0 Status</b>        |   |
|                    |                             | B1.1.0 Status Log                                 |
|                    |                             | B1.2.0 Change Log                                 |
|                    |                             | B1.3.0 Zero Calibration Log                       |
|                    |                             | B1.4.0 Last Density Calib.                        |
|                    |                             | B1.5.0 Act. Operat. Mode                          |
|                    |                             | B1.6.0 Safety State                               |
|                    |                             | B1.7.0 Bluetooth                                  |
|                    | <b>B2.0.0 Actual Values</b> |   |
|                    |                             | B2.1.0 Operating Hours                            |
|                    |                             | B2.2.0 Date and Time                              |
|                    |                             | B2.3.0 Mass Flow                                  |
|                    |                             | B2.4.0 Volume Flow                                |
|                    |                             | B2.5.0 Velocity                                   |
|                    |                             | B2.6.0 Density                                    |
|                    |                             | B2.7.0 Temperature                                |
|                    |                             | B2.8.0 Strain 1                                   |
|                    |                             | B2.9.0 Strain 2                                   |
|                    |                             | B2.10.0 Tube Frequency                            |
|                    |                             | B2.11.0 Drive Level                               |
|                    |                             | B2.12.0 Sensor A Level                            |
|                    |                             | B2.13.0 Sensor B Level                            |
|                    |                             | B2.14.0 2 Phase Signal                            |
|                    |                             | B2.15.0 Electronics Temp.                         |
|                    | <b>B3.0.0 Simulation</b>    |   |
|                    |                             | B3.1.0 Stop All Simulations                       |
|                    |                             | B3.2.0 Mass Flow                                  |
|                    |                             | B3.3.0 Volume Flow                                |
|                    |                             | B3.4.0 Density                                    |
|                    |                             | B3.5.0 Temperature                                |
|                    |                             | B3.6.0 Status                                     |
|                    |                             | B3.7.0 IO A (dep. on output type of terminals A)  |
|                    |                             | B3.8.0 IO B (dep. on output type of terminals B)  |
|                    |                             | B3.9.0 IO C (dep. on output type of terminals C)  |
|                    |                             | B3.10.0 IO D (dep. on output type of terminals D) |

|                                   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>B4.0.0 Sensor Information</b>  |                                 |
|                                   | B4.1.0 Sensor Type              |
|                                   | B4.2.0 Sensor ID                |
|                                   | B4.3.0 Sensor Serial No.        |
|                                   | B4.4.0 V No. Sensor             |
|                                   | B4.5.0 Sensor Revision          |
|                                   | B4.6.0 Nominal Mass Flow        |
|                                   | B4.7.0 Max. Allowed Temp.       |
|                                   | B4.8.0 Min. Allowed Temp.       |
|                                   | B4.9.0 Max. Rec. Temp.          |
|                                   | B4.10.0 Min. Rec. Temp.         |
|                                   | B4.11.0 Calibration Date        |
|                                   | B4.12.0 Flow Calibration        |
|                                   | B4.13.0 Density Calibration     |
| <b>B5.0.0 Electr. Information</b> |                                 |
|                                   | B5.1.0 C Number                 |
|                                   | B5.2.0 Sensor Electronics       |
|                                   | B5.3.0 HART (if available) or   |
|                                   | B5.4.0 V No. Converter          |
|                                   | B5.5.0 Electronic Revision      |
|                                   | B5.6.0 Bluetooth (if available) |

Table 6-7: Menu "Test"

|                             |                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>C0.0.0 Setup</b>         |                        |
| <b>C1.0.0 Process Input</b> |                        |
|                             | C1.1.0 Flow            |
|                             | C1.2.0 Density         |
|                             | C1.3.0 Concentration   |
|                             | C1.4.0 System Control* |
|                             | C1.5.0 Diagnostics     |
| <b>C2.0.0 I/O</b>           |                        |
|                             | C2.1.0 Hardware        |
|                             | C2.2.0 Terminals A     |
|                             | C2.3.0 Terminals B     |
|                             | C2.4.0 Terminals C     |
|                             | C2.5.0 Terminals D     |
| <b>C3.0.0 Totalisers</b>    |                        |
|                             | C3.1.0 Totaliser 1     |
|                             | C3.2.0 Totaliser 2     |
|                             | C3.3.0 Totaliser 3     |

|                                   |                            |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>C4.0.0 HART (if available)</b> |                            |
|                                   | C4.1.0 HART                |
|                                   | C4.2.0 Loop Current Mode   |
|                                   | C4.3.0 Identification      |
|                                   | C4.4.0 HART Dyn. Variables |
| <b>C5.0.0 Display</b>             |                            |
|                                   | C5.1.0 Language            |
|                                   | C5.2.0 Contrast            |
|                                   | C5.3.0 Optical Keys        |
|                                   | C5.4.0 Backlight           |
|                                   | C5.5.0 Default Display     |
|                                   | C5.6.0 1st Meas. Page      |
|                                   | C5.7.0 2nd Meas. Page      |
|                                   | C5.8.0 Graphic Page        |
| <b>C6.0.0 Device</b>              |                            |
|                                   | C6.1.0 Tag                 |
|                                   | C6.2.0 Reset Errors        |
|                                   | C6.3.0 Config. Management  |
|                                   | C6.4.0 Special Functions   |
|                                   | C6.5.0 Units               |
|                                   | C6.6.0 Status Groups       |
| <b>C7.0.0 SIL**</b>               |                            |
|                                   | C7.1.0 Configuration       |
|                                   | C7.2.0 Safety Mode         |
|                                   | C7.3.0 SIL Verification    |
|                                   | C7.4.0 Unlock Device       |
|                                   | C7.5.0 Unlock Password     |
| <b>C8.0.0 Bluetooth***</b>        |                            |
|                                   | C8.1.0 Access Level        |
|                                   | C8.2.0 Password            |
|                                   | C8.3.0 LED Signalling      |
|                                   | C8.4.0 Reset BT Lockout    |

Table 6-8: Menu "Setup"

\* only available if expert mode is enabled

\*\* only available in device variants certified according to IEC 61508

\*\*\* may not be available in all countries

## 6.3 Function tables



### INFORMATION!

- The following tables describe the functions of the standard device with HART® connection. The functions for Modbus, Foundation Fieldbus, Profibus and Profinet IO are described in detail in the corresponding supplementary instructions. The functions for Modbus, Foundation Fieldbus and Profibus are described in detail in the corresponding supplementary instructions.
- Depending on the device version, not all functions are available.
- The device provides an expert mode. Some functions marked with \* are only available in expert mode.

### 6.3.1 Menu "Quick Setup"

| Function                                  | Description and selection   |
|---|---|
| <b>A0.0.0 Quick Setup</b>                 |   |
| <b>A1.0.0 Language</b>                    | Select language.<br><br>Available languages: English, German, French, Danish, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Polish, Portuguese, Swedish, Turkish, Norwegian  |
| <b>A2.0.0 Reset</b>                       |   |
| A2.1.0 Reset Errors                       | Reset Errors?<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| A2.2.0 Stop All Simulations               | Stop all running simulations?<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| A2.3.0 All Totalisers                     | Reset all Totalisers?<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| A2.4.0 Totaliser 1                        | Reset Totaliser 1?<br>Select: No / Yes  |
| A2.5.0 Totaliser 2                        | Reset Totaliser 2?<br>Select: No / Yes  |
| A2.6.0 Totaliser 3                        | Reset Totaliser 3?<br>Select: No / Yes  |
| A2.7.0 Reset BT Lockout                   | Resets Bluetooth® Lockout mode (caused by repeated login with wrong password).<br>Select: No / Yes  |
| <b>A3.0.0 Configuration</b>               |   |
| Safety relevant parameters for SIL setup. |   |
| A3.1.0 Tag                                | Measuring point identifier [Tag no.] (also for HART® operation) will be displayed in the LCD header (max. 8 digits).  |
| A3.2.0 Measurement                        | Measurement value for current output at terminals C.<br>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Concentration 1 / Concentration 2 / Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2 |
| A3.3.0 Range                              | Range setting for current output.<br>Selection depends on the measurement value.  |
| A3.4.0 Alarm Code                         | Specify the failure current output.<br>Select: Low (3.5 mA) / High (21.5 mA)  |
| A3.5.0 Low Flow Cutoff                    | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx ± x.xxx%; range: 0.0...20%<br>[1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis];<br>condition: 2nd value ≤ 1st value  |

| Function |                                | Description and selection  |
|----------|--------------------------------|--|
|          | A3.6.0 Damping                 | Setting for the current output.<br>Range: 0.0...100 s  |
|          | A3.7.0 Terminals C Type        | Select: Passive / Active   |
|          | A3.8.0 Flow Direction          | Defines polarity of flow direction.<br>Select: Forwards (according to the arrow on the flow sensor) / Backwards (in the opposite direction of the arrow)   |
|          | <b>A4.0.0 Safety Mode</b>      | Select: non-SIL Mode / SIL Mode (only available in non expert mode)  |
|          | <b>A5.0.0 SIL Verification</b> | Verification of safety relevant parameters and lock of the device.<br><br>For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".<br><br>Note: Only available if "Safety Mode" is changed!                |
|          | <b>A6.0.0 Unlock Device</b>    | Unlock device.<br><br>For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".   |
|          | <b>A7.0.0 Calibrate Zero</b>   | Perform zero calibration.<br><br>Query: Calibrate zero?<br>Select: Automatic / Factory Calibration / Manual (display last value; set new value; range: -10...+10%) / Cancel (return without calibration) |
|          | <b>A8.0.0 Operation Mode</b>   | Sets the operating mode.<br>Select: Measuring / Standby / Stop   |

Table 6-9: Description of menu "Quick Setup"



### 6.3.2 Menu "Test"

| Function                     | Description and selection  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <b>B0.0.0 Test</b>           |  |
| <b>B1.0.0 Status</b>         | Information  |
| B1.1.0 Status Log            | Log with date and time of status messages that occurred.   |
| B1.2.0 Change Log            | Shows the changes including date, time and check sum for all settings and parameters in the signal converter, regardless of the interface (display, HART®, PROFIBUS,...) used.<br><br>The check sum across all settings is displayed directly below the menu item. |
| B1.3.0 Zero Calibration Log  | Displays history of zero calibrations performed. Showing zero point, temperature, date and time.   |
| B1.4.0 Last Density Calib.   | Displays date of last density calibration (yyyy-mm-dd).  |
| B1.5.0 Act. Operat. Mode     | Displays the current operating mode.   |
| B1.6.0 Safety State          | Displays current state of functional safety configuration (only for SIL device).   |
| B1.7.0 Bluetooth             | Displays information of the Bluetooth® interface.  |
| B1.7.1 Connection Status     | Displays the current connection state of the Bluetooth® interface (off, advertising, connected, lockout).  |
| B1.7.2 Last successful login | Displays the date and time of the last successful login attempt via Bluetooth®, if available.  |
| B1.7.3 Last failed login     | Displays the date and time of the last failed login attempt via Bluetooth®, if available.  |
| B1.7.4 MAC Address           | Displays the MAC (Media-Access-Control) address of the Bluetooth® interface.   |
| <b>B2.0.0 Actual Values</b>  |  |
| B2.1.0 Operating Hours       | Displays the operating hours of the device.  |
| B2.2.0 Date and Time         | Displays date and time.  |
| B2.3.0 Mass Flow             | Displays current unfiltered mass flow.   |
| B2.4.0 Volume Flow           | Displays current unfiltered volume flow.   |
| B2.5.0 Velocity              | Displays current unfiltered flow velocity.   |
| B2.6.0 Density               | Displays current unfiltered density.   |
| B2.7.0 Temperature           | Displays current unfiltered temperature.   |
| B2.8.0 Strain 1              | Displays current value for the first strain.   |
| B2.9.0 Strain 2              | Displays current value for the second strain.  |
| B2.10.0 Tube Frequency       | Displays current vibration frequency of the measuring tube.  |
| B2.11.0 Drive Level          | Displays current drive level to activate vibration.  |
| B2.12.0 Sensor A Level       | Displays current vibration amplitude of "Sensor A".  |
| B2.13.0 Sensor B Level       | Displays current vibration amplitude of "Sensor B".  |
| B2.14.0 2 Phase Signal       | Displays current 2-phase indicator value.  |
| B2.15.0 Electronics Temp.    | Displays current temperature of the sensor electronics.  |

| Function                         | Description and selection   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>B3.0.0 Simulation</b>         | Displayed values are simulated.   |
| B3.1.0 Stop All Simulations      | Stop all running simulations.<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| B3.2.0 Mass Flow                 | Simulation of mass flow.<br>Set value (set simulated value in kg/h).<br>Query: Start Simulation?<br>Select: Yes (start simulation) / Stop Simulation (stop simulation of mass flow) / Cancel (exit function without simulation)   |
| B3.3.0 Volume Flow               | Simulation of volume flow.<br>Set value (set simulated value in L/h).<br><br>Query: Start Simulation?<br>Select: Yes (start simulation) / Stop Simulation (stop simulation of volume flow) / Cancel (exit function without simulation)  |
| B3.4.0 Density                   | Simulation of density.<br>Set value (set simulated value in kg/m <sup>3</sup> ).<br><br>Query: Start Simulation?<br>Select: Yes (start simulation) / Stop Simulation (stop simulation of density) / Cancel (exit function without simulation)   |
| B3.5.0 Temperature               | Simulation of temperature.<br>Set value (set simulated value in °C).<br><br>Query: Start Simulation?<br>Select: Yes (start simulation) / Stop Simulation (stop simulation of temperature) / Cancel (exit function without simulation)   |
| B3.6.0 Status                    | Simulation of device status and process value status.<br>Set value (select: Failure / Out of Specification / Maintenance Required / Function Check)<br><br>Query: Start Simulation?<br>Select: Yes (start simulation) / Stop Simulation (stop simulation of status) / Cancel (exit function without simulation) |
| B3.7.0 IO A                      | Sets simulated value of output on terminals A.  |
| B3.8.0 IO B                      | Sets simulated value of output on terminals B.  |
| B3.9.0 IO C                      | Sets simulated value of output on terminals C.  |
| B3.10.0 IO D                     | Sets simulated value of output on terminals D.  |
| <b>B4.0.0 Sensor Information</b> |   |
| B4.1.0 Sensor Type               | Displays the flow sensor type.  |
| B4.2.0 Sensor ID                 | Displays the identification number of the flow sensor.  |
| B4.3.0 Sensor Serial No.         | Displays the serial number of the flow sensor.  |
| B4.4.0 V No. Sensor              | Displays the order number of the flow sensor.   |
| B4.5.0 Sensor Revision           | Displays information of the flow sensor revision.   |
| B4.6.0 Nominal Mass Flow         | Displays the nominal mass flow of the flow sensor.  |
| B4.7.0 Max. Allowed Temp.        | Displays the maximum permitted temperature for the flow sensor.   |
| B4.8.0 Min. Allowed Temp.        | Displays the minimum permitted temperature for the flow sensor.   |
| B4.9.0 Max. Rec. Temp.           | Displays the maximum recorded flow sensor temperature whilst powered.   |
| B4.10.0 Min. Rec. Temp.          | Displays the minimum recorded flow sensor temperature whilst powered.   |
| B4.11.0 Calibration Date         | Displays the date of calibration of the flow sensor.  |
| B4.12.0 Flow Calibration         | Displays the flow calibration coefficients (CF): CF1...CF27   |
| B4.13.0 Density Calibration      | Displays the flow sensor density calibration coefficient (DCF): DCF1...DCF8   |

| Function |  | Description and selection   |
|----------|--|---|
|          | <b>B5.0.0 Electr. Information</b>              | Information about the electronics.  |
|          | B5.1.0 C Number                                | Displays the C number of the installed electronics.   |
|          | B5.2.0 Sensor Electronics                      | Displays information of the flow sensor electronics PCB.  |
|          | B5.3.0 Profibus / Foundation Fieldbus / Modbus | Displays information of the Profibus interface or Foundation Fieldbus or RS 485 / Modbus interface. |
|          | B5.4.0 V No. Converter                         | Displays the order number of the electronics.   |
|          | B5.5.0 Electronic Revision                     | Displays the electronic revision (ER) of the electronics.   |
|          | B5.6.0 Bluetooth                               | Displays the software version of the Bluetooth® interface.  |

Table 6-10: Description of menu "Test"

## 6.3.3 Menu "Setup"

| Function                      | Description and selection   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>C0.0.0 Setup</b>           |   |
| <b>C1.0.0 Process Input</b>   |   |
| C1.1.0 Flow                   |   |
| C1.1.1 Calibrate Zero         | Performs zero calibration.<br><br>Query: Calibrate zero?<br>Select: Automatic / Factory Calibration / Manual (display last value; set new value; range: -10...+10%) / Cancel (return without calibration)   |
| C1.1.2 Zero Add. Offset*      | Direct setting of zero offset.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C1.1.3 Flow Correction*       | Defines additional correction for mass flow.<br>Range: -100.00...+100.00%<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C1.1.4 Flow Direction         | Defines polarity of flow direction.<br>Select: Forwards (according to the arrow on the flow sensor) / Backwards (in the opposite direction of the arrow)  |
| C1.1.5 Process Noise Damping* | Sets process noise damping.<br>Range: 0.01...30.00 s<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C1.1.6 Low Flow Cutoff*       | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx%; range: 0.0...20%<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C1.1.7 Press. Supp. Cutoff*   | Low flow cutoff settings for the pressure suppression.<br>Range: 0.0...10.0%<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C1.1.8 Press. Supp. Time*     | Sets the pressure suppression time.<br>Range: 0.0...20.0 s<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C1.1.9 Pipe Diameter          | Sets the pipe diameter in mm to calculate the flow velocity.<br>Range: 1.00...500.00 mm   |
| <b>C1.2.0 Density</b>         |   |
| C1.2.1 Calibrate Density      | Starts density calibration.<br>Select: 1 Point Calibration / 2nd Calibration Point / Factory Calibration / Cancel<br><br>For detailed information refer to <i>Density calibration (C1.2.1 Calibrate Density)</i> on page 86.  |
| C1.2.2 Density Mode           | Selection of density mode.<br>Select: Process / Fixed (a fixed value is used for the density (e.g. standard density)) / Referred (calculates process density based on a reference temperature) / Standard (calculates standard density based on a reference temperature and the correction factors) |
| C1.2.3 Fixed Density Value    | Sets the fixed value (e.g. standard density) for the density.<br>Available only if density mode "Fixed" has been selected in C1.2.2.  |
| C1.2.4 Ref. Density Temp      | Sets the reference temperature for the reference density option.<br>Available only if density mode "Referred" has been selected in C1.2.2.  |

| Function                      | Description and selection  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| C1.2.5 Ref. Density Slope     | Sets the slope for the reference density option.<br>Range: 0.0...65.00<br>Available only if density mode "Referred" has been selected in C1.2.2.                                     |
| C1.2.6 Standard Density Temp. | Density reference temperature to calculate standard density.<br>Available only if density mode "Standard" has been selected in C1.2.2.   |
| C1.2.7 Standard Density k0    | Coefficient $k_0$ to calculate standard density.<br>Range: 0.0...5000.00<br>Available only if density mode "Standard" has been selected in C1.2.2.                                   |
| C1.2.8 Standard Density k1    | Coefficient $k_1$ to calculate standard density.<br>Range: -100.00...100.00<br>Available only if density mode "Standard" has been selected in C1.2.2.                                |
| C1.2.9 Standard Density k2    | Coefficient $k_2$ to calculate standard density.<br>Range: -10.0...10.00<br>Available only if density mode "Standard" has been selected in C1.2.2.                                   |
| C1.3.0 Concentration          | For further information refer to supplementary concentration manual.   |
| C1.3.1 Conc. Data Sel.        | Defines which set of general concentration parameters are active.<br>Select: Conc. Data 1 / Conc. Data 2   |
| C1.3.2 Concentration 1        | Defines the function of the concentration measurement.   |
| C1.3.2 Conc. Function         | Sets the required concentration measurement.<br>Select: Off / Brix / % Mass / % Volume / Baume 144 / Baume 145 / % NaOH / Plato / API / % Alcohol by mass / % Alcohol by volume      |
| C1.3.2 Conc. Offset           | Sets an additional offset for the concentration measurement. Can be used to correct for differences between the measured value and the reference value.<br>Range: -100.00...+100.00% |
| C1.3.2 Conc. Product          | Defines which general concentration product is displayed.<br>Select: % Of Product A / % Of Product B   |
| C1.3.3 Concentration 2        | Defines the function of the concentration measurement.   |
| C1.3.3 Conc. Function         | Sets the required concentration measurement.<br>Select: Off / Brix / % Mass / % Volume / Baume 144 / Baume 145 / %NaOH / Plato / API / % Alcohol by mass / % Alcohol by volume       |
| C1.3.3 Conc. Offset           | Sets an additional offset for the concentration measurement. Can be used to correct for differences between the measured value and the reference value.<br>Range: -100.00...+100.00% |
| C1.3.3 Conc. Product          | Defines which general concentration product is displayed.<br>Select: % Of Product A / % Of Product B   |
| C1.3.4 Conc. Data 1           | Defines the concentration coefficients used for concentration parameter sets 1 & 2.  |
| C1.3.4 CCF01                  | Defines the use of linear or non-linear coefficients to measure concentration.<br>Select: Linear / Non Linear  |
| C1.3.4 CCF02                  | Density of "Product A" in g/cm <sup>3</sup> .  |
| C1.3.4 CCF03                  | Temperature coefficient for "Product A".   |
| C1.3.4 CCF04                  | Temperature coefficient squared for "Product A".   |
| C1.3.4 CCF05                  | Defines "Product B" type.<br>Select: Pure Water / Town Water / Other   |
| C1.3.4 CCF06                  | Density of "Product B" in in g/cm <sup>3</sup> (if CCF05 = Other).   |
| C1.3.4 CCF07                  | Temperature coefficient squared for "Product B" (if CCF05 = Other).  |
| C1.3.4 CCF08                  | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear".   |
| C1.3.4 CCF09                  | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear". Consult the manufacturer for settings.  |

| Function                         | Description and selection   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| C1.3.4 CCF10                     | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear". Consult the manufacturer for settings.   |
| C1.3.4 CCF11                     | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear". Consult the manufacturer for settings.   |
| C1.3.4 CCF12                     | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear". Consult the manufacturer for settings.   |
| C1.3.5 Conc. Data 2              | Defines the concentration coefficients used for concentration parameter sets 1 & 2.   |
| C1.3.5 CCF01                     | Defines the use of linear or non-linear coefficients to measure concentration.<br>Select: Linear / Non Linear   |
| C1.3.5 CCF02                     | Density of product A in g/cm <sup>3</sup> .   |
| C1.3.5 CCF03                     | Temperature coefficient for "Product A".  |
| C1.3.5 CCF04                     | Temperature coefficient squared for "Product A".  |
| C1.3.5 CCF05                     | Defines "Product B" type.<br>Select: Pure Water / Town Water / Other  |
| C1.3.5 CCF06                     | Density of "Product B" in in g/cm <sup>3</sup> (if CCF05 = Other).  |
| C1.3.5 CCF07                     | Temperature coefficient squared for "Product B" (if CCF05 = Other).   |
| C1.3.5 CCF08                     | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear".  |
| C1.3.5 CCF09                     | Defines non-linear equation if CCF01 is set to "Non Linear". Consult the manufacturer for settings.   |
| C1.3.5 CCF10                     |   |
| C1.3.5 CCF11                     |   |
| C1.3.5 CCF12                     |   |
| C1.4.0 System Control*           |   |
| C1.4.1 Function*                 | Sets the system control action.<br>Select: Inactive (off) / Flow = 0 (flow to zero)<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C1.4.2 Condition*                | Sets the condition for activating the system control.<br>Select: Density / Temperature<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C1.4.3 Max. Temperature/Density* | Defines the upper limit for the condition selected in C1.4.2.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C1.4.4 Min. Temperature/Density* | Defines the lower limit for the condition selected in C1.4.2.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C1.5.0 Diagnostics               |   |
| C1.5.1 2 Phase Threshold         | Sets the process-dependent threshold of the 2 phase signal error message.<br>Range: 0.0...1000.0  |
| C1.5.2 Diagnosis 1               | Defines the parameter for the respective diagnosis value.<br>Select: Disabled (goes to zero) / Sensor Average (sensor amplitude A+B) / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal |
| C1.5.3 Diagnosis 2               |   |

| Function                | Description and selection   |
|-------------------------|---|
| <b>C2.0.0 I/O</b>       |   |
| C2.1.0 Hardware         | Configuration of connection terminals.<br>Selection depends on signal converter version.  |
| C2.1.1 Terminals A      | Select: Off (switched off) / Current Output / Frequency Output / Pulse Output / Status Output / Limit Switch / Control Input  |
| C2.1.3 Terminals B      | Select: Off (switched off) / Current Output / Frequency Output / Pulse Output / Status Output / Limit Switch / Control Input  |
| C2.1.5 Terminals C      | Select: Off (switched off) / Current Output   |
| C2.1.6 Terminals C Type | Select: Passive / Active  |
| C2.1.7 Terminals D      | Select: Off (switched off) / Frequency Output / Pulse Output / Status Output / Limit Switch   |
| C2.1.8 Terminals D Type | Select: Active / Passive / NAMUR  |
| C2._0 Current Out X     | X represents one of the connection terminals A, B or C.<br><br>_ represents: 1 = Terminals A, 2 = Terminals B, 3 = Terminals C  |
| C2._1 Measurement       | Measurement value for current output on terminals X.<br>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Concentration 1 / Concentration 2 / Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2 |
| C2._2 Range             | 0...100% of the measurement value set in C2._1.<br>x.xx...xx.xx _ _ _ (format and unit depend on the measurement value)   |
| C2._3 Low Flow Cutoff   | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx ± x.xxx%; range: 0.0...20%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis);<br>condition: 2nd value ≤ 1st value  |
| C2._4 Damping           | Setting for the current output.<br>Range: 0.0...100 s   |
| C2._5 Polarity          | Sets polarity; the flow direction in C1.1.4 must be considered!<br>Select: Both Polarities (plus and minus values are displayed) / Positive Polarity (display for negative values = 0) / Negative Polarity (display for positive values = 0) / Absolute Value (displayed value is positive for both negative and positive measurement values)<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._6 Current Span      | Sets the current values that are used to represent the measurement value.<br>Select: 4-20 mA / Custom (can be specified in C2._7)   |
| C2._7 Range 0%...100%   | HART® current output: 4...20 mA<br>Current range for the selected measurement, e.g. 4...20 mA, corresponds to 0...100%<br><br>Note: with a 0...20 mA current output, "HART" in C4.1.0 must be switched off!<br><br>xx.x...xx.x mA; range: 4.00...20 mA<br>(Condition: 4 mA ≤ 1st value ≤ 2nd value ≤ 20 mA)<br><br>Note: Only available if "Custom" is selected for "Current Span" in C2._6!<br>HART® is only available on "Terminals C"!                                       |
| C2._8 Extended Range    | Min. and max. limits of current values. If the current range is exceeded, the current is set to these limits.<br>xx.x...xx.x mA; range: 03.5...21.5 mA<br>(Condition: 0 mA ≤ 1st value ≤ 2nd value ≤ 21.5 mA and out of current range)  |

| Function                  | Description and selection  |
|---------------------------|--|
| C2._.9 Alarm Code         | Specify the failure current output.<br>Select: Low (3.5 mA) / High (21.5 mA) (if "4-20 mA" is selected for "Current Span")<br>Range: 3.0...22.0 mA (if "Custom" is selected for "Current Span")  |
| C2._.10 Alarm Condition   | Sets the condition that triggers an alarm.<br>Select: Safety Rel. Failures / Failure / Out of Specification  |
| C2._.11 Special Function* | Automatic range<br>Select: Off (switched off) / Automatic Range (range is changed automatically; extended lower range, only makes sense in combination with a status output) / External Range (change by control input, extended lower range; control input must also be activated)<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C2._.12 Threshold*        | Available only when C2._.11 is activated. Defines the threshold between extended and normal range. The automatic range function always changes from the extended to the normal range when the 100% current is reached.<br><br>The upper 100% value of the hysteresis is then = 0. The threshold is then the hysteresis value, instead of "Threshold ± Hysteresis" as shown in the display.<br><br>Range: 5.0...80%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis),<br>condition: 2nd value ≤ 1st value<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled! |
| C2._.13 4mA Trimming*     | Trimming of the current at 4 mA.<br>Reset to 4 mA restores the factory calibration.<br><br>Used for HART® setting.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._.14 20mA Trimming*    | Trimming of the current at 20 mA.<br>Reset to 20 mA restores the factory calibration.<br>Used for HART® setting.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._.15 Information*      | Serial number of the I/O board, software version number and production date of the circuit board.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C2._.0 Freq. Output X     | X represents one of the connection terminals A, B or D.<br><br>_ represents: 1 = Terminals A, 2 = Terminals B, 4 = Terminals D   |
| C2._.1 Measurement        | Measurement value for frequency output.<br>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Concentration 1 / Concentration 2 / Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2   |
| C2._.2 Range              | 0...100% of the measurement value set in C2._.1.<br>x.xx...xx.xx _ _ _ (format and unit depend on the measurement value)   |
| C2._.3 Low Flow Cutoff    | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx ± x.xxx%; range: 0.0...20%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis);<br>condition: 2nd value ≤ 1st value   |
| C2._.4 Damping            | Range: 0.0...100 s   |



| Function                    | Description and selection   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| C2._5 Polarity*             | Sets polarity; the flow direction in C1.1.4 must be considered!<br>Select: Both Polarities (plus and minus values are displayed) / Positive Polarity (display for negative values = 0) / Negative Polarity (display for positive values = 0) / Absolute Value (displayed value is positive for both negative and positive measurement values)<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._6 Pulse Shape           | Specify the pulse shape.<br>Select: Symmetric (about 50% on and 50% off) / Automatic (constant pulse with about 50% on and 50% off at 100% pulse rate) / Fixed (fixed pulse rate, setting refer to "C2._9 Max. Pulse Rate")   |
| C2._7 Pulse Width           | Only available if set to "Fixed" in C2._6.<br>Range: 0.05...2000 ms<br><br>Note: max. setting value $T_p$ [ms] $\leq$ 500 / max. pulse rate [1/s], gives the pulse width = time where the output is activated   |
| C2._8 100% Pulse Rate       | Frequency for 100% of the measuring range.<br>Range: 1...10000 Hz (1...5000 Hz for phase-shifted outputs)<br><br>Limitation 100% pulse rate $\leq$ 100/s: $I_{max} \leq$ 100 mA<br>Limitation 100% pulse rate $>$ 100/s: $I_{max} \leq$ 20 mA   |
| C2._9 Invert Signal         | Select: Off (activated output: switch closed) / On (activated output: switch open)  |
| C2._10 Phase Shift w.r.t. B | Only available when configuring the terminal A or D and only if output B is a pulse or frequency output. If setting in C2._5 is "Both Polarities", the phase shift is prefixed by a symbol, e.g. $-90^\circ$ and $+90^\circ$ .<br><br>Note: Maximum frequency is 5000 Hz when used in phase-shifted mode.<br><br>Select:<br>Off (no phase shift) /<br>$0^\circ$ Phase Shift (between outputs A or D and B, inversion possible) /<br>$90^\circ$ Phase Shift (between outputs A or D and B, inversion possible) /<br>$180^\circ$ Phase Shift (between outputs A or D and B, inversion possible) |
| C2._11 Information*         | Serial number of the I/O board, software version number and production date of the circuit board.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._0 Pulse Output X        | X represents one of the connection terminals A, B or D.<br><br>_ represents: 1 = Terminals A, 2 = Terminals B, 4 = Terminals D  |
| C2._1 Measurement           | Measurements for activating the output.<br>Select: Mass Flow / Volume Flow  |
| C2._2 Pulse Value Unit      | Selection of the unit from a list, depending on the selection of "measurement" in C2._1.  |
| C2._3 Value Per Pulse       | Sets value for volume or mass per pulse.<br>xxx.xxx, measured value in unit depending on setting in C2._2.<br>At max. pulse rate refer to "C2._9 Max. Pulse Rate".  |
| C2._4 Low Flow Cutoff*      | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>$x.xxx \pm x.xxx\%$ ; range: 0.0...20%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis),<br>condition: 2nd value $\leq$ 1st value<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._5 Damping*              | Setting for the pulse output.<br>Range: 0.0...100 s<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C2._6 Polarity*             | Sets polarity; the flow direction in C1.1.4 must be considered!<br>Select: Both Polarities (plus and minus values are displayed) / Positive Polarity (display for negative values = 0) / Negative Polarity (display for positive values = 0) / Absolute Value (displayed value is positive for both negative and positive measurement values)<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |

| Function                    | Description and selection  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| C2._7 Pulse Shape           | Specify the pulse shape.<br>Select: Symmetric (about 50% on and 50% off) / Automatic (constant pulse with about 50% on and 50% off at 100% pulse rate) / Fixed (fixed pulse rate, setting refer to "C2._9 Max. Pulse Rate")  |
| C2._8 Pulse Width           | Only available if set to "Fixed" in C2._7.<br>Range: 0.05...2000 ms<br><br>Note: max. setting value $T_p$ [ms] $\leq$ 500 / max. pulse rate [1/s], gives the pulse width = time where the output is activated  |
| C2._9 Max. Pulse Rate       | Pulse rate for 100% of the measuring range<br>Range: 0.01...10000 Hz (1...5000 Hz for phase-shifted outputs)<br><br>Limitation 100% pulse rate $\leq$ 100/s: $I_{max} \leq$ 100 mA<br>Limitation 100% pulse rate $>$ 100/s: $I_{max} \leq$ 20 mA   |
| C2._10 Invert Signal        | Select: Off (activated output: switch closed) / On (activated output: switch open)   |
| C2._11 Phase Shift w.r.t. B | Only available when configuring the terminal A or D and only if output B is a pulse or frequency output. If setting in C2._6 is "Both Polarities", the phase shift is prefixed by a symbol, e.g. $-90^\circ$ and $+90^\circ$ .<br><br>Note: Maximum frequency is 5000 Hz when used in phase-shifted mode.<br><br>Select:<br>Off (no phase shift) /<br>$0^\circ$ Phase Shift (between outputs A or D and B, inversion possible) /<br>$90^\circ$ Phase Shift (between outputs A or D and B, inversion possible) /<br>$180^\circ$ Phase Shift (between outputs A or D and B, inversion possible)  |
| C2._12 Information*         | Serial no. of the I/O board, software version no. and production date of the circuit board.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C2._0 Status Output X       | X (Y) represents one of the connection terminals A, B or D.<br><br>_ represents: 1 = Terminals A, 2 = Terminals B, 4 = Terminals D   |
| C2._1 Mode                  | The output shows the following measuring conditions:<br><br>Failure (output set, signals status of the category "Failure"; for details refer to <i>Diagnostic information and status messages</i> on page 103) /<br>Out Of Specification (output set, signals status of category "Failure" or "Maintenance Required" or "Out Of Specification"; for details refer to <i>Diagnostic information and status messages</i> on page 103) /<br>Maintenance Required (output set, signals status of category "Failure" or "Maintenance Required"; for details refer to <i>Diagnostic information and status messages</i> on page 103) /<br>Flow Polarity (polarity of the current flow) /<br>Flow Over Range (over range of the flow) /<br>Totaliser 1 Preset (activates when totaliser X preset value is reached) /<br>Totaliser 2 Preset (activates when totaliser X preset value is reached) /<br>Output A (activated by the status of output Y, additional output data see below) /<br>Output B (activated by the status of output Y, additional output data see below) /<br>Output C (activated by the status of output Y, additional output data see below) /<br>Output D (activated by the status of output Y, additional output data see below) /<br>Off (switched off) |
| C2._2 Output Y              | Only available if output A...D is set under "Mode" (see above) and this output is switched off.  |
| C2._3 Invert Signal         | Select: Off (activated output: switch closed) / On (activated output: switch open)   |
| C2._4 Information*          | Serial no. of the I/O board, software version no. and production date of the circuit board.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |

| Function              | Description and selection  |
|-----------------------|--|
| C2._0 Limit Switch X  | X represents one of the connection terminals A, B or D.<br>_ represents: 1 = Terminals A, 2 = Terminals B, 4 = Terminals D   |
| C2._1 Measurement     | Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal  |
| C2._2 Threshold       | Switching level, set threshold with hysteresis.<br>xxx.x ±x.xxx (format and unit depend on the measurement, see above)<br>(1st value = threshold / 2nd value = hysteresis), condition: 2nd value ≤ 1st value   |
| C2._3 Damping         | Setting for the limit switch.<br>Range: 0.0...100 s  |
| C2._4 Polarity*       | Sets polarity; the flow direction in C1.1.4 must be considered!<br>Select: Both Polarities (plus and minus values are displayed) / Positive Polarity (display for negative values = 0) / Negative Polarity (display for positive values = 0) / Absolute Value (displayed value is positive for both negative and positive measurement values)<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C2._4 Invert Signal   | Select: Off (activated output: switch closed) / On (activated output: switch open)   |
| C2._5 Information*    | Serial no. of the I/O board, software version no. and production date of the circuit board.<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!   |
| C2._0 Control Input X | X represents one of the connection terminals A or B.<br>_ represents: 1 = Terminals A, 2 = Terminals B   |
| C2._1 Mode            | Select:<br>Off (control input switched off) /<br>Hold All Outputs (hold actual values, not display and totalisers) /<br>Hold Output Y (hold actual values) /<br>All Outputs To Zero (actual values = 0%, not display and totalisers) /<br>Output Y To Zero (actual value = 0%) /<br>All Totalisers (reset all totalisers to "0") /<br>Reset Totaliser "Z" (set totaliser 1, 2 or 3 to "0") /<br>Stop All Totalisers (stops all totalisers) /<br>Stop Totaliser "Z" (stops totaliser 1, 2 or 3) /<br>Zero Outp.+Stop Tot. (all outputs 0%, stop all totalisers, not the display) /<br>External Range Y (control input for external range of current output Y) - also make this setting on current output Y (no check if current output Y is available) /<br>Error Reset (all resettable errors are deleted) /<br>Calibrate Zero |
| C2._2 Invert Signal   | Select: Off (activated output: switch closed) / On (activated output: switch open)   |
| C2._3 Information     | Serial number of the I/O board, software version number and production date of the circuit board.  |

| Function                 | Description and selection  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <b>C3.0.0 Totalisers</b> |  |
| C3._0 Totaliser _        | Set function of totaliser _.<br>_ can be 1...3   |
| C3._1 Totaliser Function | Select:<br>Absolute Total (counts positive + negative values) /<br>Incremental Total (counts only the positive values) /<br>Decremental Total (counts only the negative values) /<br>Off (Totaliser is switched off)   |
| C3._2 Measurement        | Selection of the measurement for the totaliser.<br>Select: Volume Flow / Mass Flow<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2 |
| C3._3 Low Flow Cutoff*   | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx ± x.xxx%; range: 0.0...20%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis),<br>condition: 2nd value ≤ 1st value<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!                                      |
| C2._4 Damping*           | Range: 0.0...100 s<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C3._5 Preset Value       | If this value is reached, positive or negative, a signal is generated that can be used for a status output at which "Totaliser X Preset" has to be set.<br>Preset Value (max. 8 digits) x.xxxxx in selected unit, refer to C6.5.10 + 13  |
| C3._6 Reset Totaliser    | Reset Totaliser _?<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| C3._7 Set Totaliser      | Set Totaliser _ to the desired value.<br>Select: Cancel (exit function) / Set Value (opens the editor to make the entry)<br><br>Query: Set Totaliser?<br>Select: No (exit function without setting the value) / Yes (sets the totaliser and exits the function)                      |
| C3._8 Stop Totaliser     | Totaliser _ is stopped and holds the actual value.<br>Select: No (exit the function without stopping the totaliser) / Yes (stop the totaliser and exit the function)   |
| C3._9 Start Totaliser    | Start Totaliser _ after that totaliser is stopped.<br>Select: No (exits the function without starting the totaliser) / Yes (starts the totaliser and exits the function)   |
| C3._10 Information       | Serial number of the I/O board, software version number and production date of the circuit board.  |

| Function                          | Description and selection   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>C4.0.0 HART</b>                | <p>Selection or display of the 4 dynamic variables (DV) for HART®.</p> <p>The HART® current output (terminal A basic I/Os or terminal C modular I/Os) always has a fixed link to the primary variables (PV). Fixed links of the other DVs (1-3) are only possible if additional analogue outputs (current and frequency output) are available. If not, the measured value can be freely selected from the values in the list in "A3.2.0 Measurement".</p> |
| C4.1.0 HART                       | <p>Switch HART® communication on/off.</p> <p>Select: Enabled (HART® activated) possible current range for current output 4...20 mA / Disabled (HART® not activated) possible current range for current output 0...20 mA</p>   |
| C4.2.0 Loop Current Mode          | <p>Configure loop current mode.</p> <p>Select: Disabled = Multi-Drop mode / Enabled = Current Signal mode</p>   |
| <b>C4.3.0 Identification</b>      |   |
| C4.3.1 Address                    | <p>Set address for HART® operation.</p> <p>Select: 00 (Point-to-Point operation; current output has normal function; current = 4...20 mA) / 01...15 (Multi-Drop mode; current output has a constant setting of 4 mA)</p>  |
| C4.3.2 Tag                        | <p>Measuring point identifier (Tag no.) (also for HART® operation) will be displayed in the LCD header (max. 8 digits).</p>   |
| C4.3.3 Long Tag                   | <p>Set the HART® Long Tag.</p>  |
| C4.3.4 Manufacturer ID            | <p>Display the Manufacturer ID.</p>   |
| C4.3.5 Device Type                | <p>Display the device type.</p>   |
| C4.3.6 Electronics Serial No.     | <p>Display the serial no. of the electronic assembly.</p>   |
| C4.3.7 Description                | <p>Set required text.</p>   |
| C4.3.8 Message                    | <p>Set required text.</p>   |
| C4.3.9 HART Version               | <p>Display HART® version.</p>   |
| C4.3.9 HART Device Revision       | <p>Display HART® device revision.</p>   |
| <b>C4.4.0 HART Dyn. Variables</b> |   |
| C4.4.1 PV                         | <p>Current output (primary variable)</p>  |
| C4.4.2 SV                         | <p>(secondary variable)</p> <p>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal / Totaliser 1 Mass / Totaliser 1 Volume / Totaliser 2 Mass / Totaliser 2 Volume</p>  |
| C4.4.3 TV                         | <p>(tertiary variable)</p> <p>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal / Totaliser 1 Mass / Totaliser 1 Volume / Totaliser 2 Mass / Totaliser 2 Volume</p>   |
| C4.4.4 4V                         | <p>(4th variable)</p> <p>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal / Totaliser 1 Mass / Totaliser 1 Volume / Totaliser 2 Mass / Totaliser 2 Volume</p>  |

| Function                              | Description and selection  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <b>C5.0.0 Display</b>                 |  |
| C5.1.0 Language                       | Select language.<br>Available languages: English, German, French, Danish, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Polish, Portuguese, Swedish, Turkish, Norwegian   |
| C5.2.0 Contrast                       | Adjust display contrast for extreme temperatures.<br>Setting: -20...+20<br><br>This change takes place immediately, not when setting mode is exited!   |
| C5.3.0 Optical Keys                   | Activate or deactivate the optical keys.<br>Select: Enabled / Disabled   |
| C5.4.0 Backlight                      | Select the display backlight.<br>Select: Off (no backlight) / White (white backlight) / Red - Failure (red backlight in case of failure status, white backlight otherwise) / NE107 Color (the backlight colour represents the current NE107 status)  |
| C5.5.0 Default Display                | Specification of the default display page that is returned to after a short delay period.<br>Select: None (the current page is always active) / 1st Meas. Page (show this page) / 2nd Meas. Page (show this page) / Status Page (show only status messages) / Graphic Page (trend display of the 1st measurement)  |
| C5._0 1st Meas. Page & 2nd Meas. Page | _ = 6 for 1st Meas. Page; _ = 7 for 2nd Meas. Page   |
| C5._1 Function                        | Specify number of measured value lines (font size).<br>Select: One Line / Two Lines / Three Lines  |
| C5._2 1st Line Variable               | Specify measurement for 1st line.<br>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Concentration 1 / Concentration 2 / Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2 |
| C5._3 Range                           | 0...100% of the "Measurement" set in C5._2.<br>x.xx...xx.xx _ _ _ (format and unit depend on the "Measurement")  |
| C5._4 Limitation                      | Limitation before applying the time constant.<br>$\pm$ xxx... $\pm$ xxx%; Range: -150...+150%  |
| C5._5 Low Flow Cutoff                 | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx $\pm$ x.xxx%; Range: 0.0...20%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis),<br>condition: 2nd value $\leq$ 1st value  |

| Function                   | Description and selection  |
|----------------------------|--|
| C5._.6 Damping             | Range: 0.0...100 s   |
| C5._.7 1st Line Format     | Specify decimal places.<br>Select: Automatic (adaptation is carried out automatically) / X (= none) ...X.XXXXXXXXXX°(max. 8 decimal places) depends on size of font  |
| C5._.8 2nd Line Variable   | Specify "2nd Line Variable" (only available if this 2nd line is activated).<br>Select: Bargraph (for the "Measurement" selected in the 1st line) / Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal / Totaliser 1 Mass / Totaliser 1 Volume / Totaliser 2 Mass / Totaliser 2 Volume / Operating Hours<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Concentration 1 / Concentration 2 / Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2 |
| C5._.9 2nd Line Format     | Specify decimal places.<br>Select: Automatic (adaptation is carried out automatically) / X (= none) ...X.XXXXXXXXXX°(max. 8 decimal places) depends on size of font  |
| C5._.10 3rd Line Variable  | Specify "3rd Line Variable" (only available if this 3rd line is activated).<br>Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal / Totaliser 1 Mass / Totaliser 1 Volume / Totaliser 2 Mass / Totaliser 2 Volume / Operating Hours<br><br>Depending on the settings for the concentration measurement, the following measurements are possible:<br>Concentration 1 / Concentration 2 / Conc. mass flow 1 / Conc. mass flow 2 / Conc. volume flow 1 / Conc. volume flow 2   |
| C5._.11 3rd Line Format    | Specify decimal places.<br>Select: Automatic (adaptation is carried out automatically) / X (= none) ...X.XXXXXXXXXX°(max. 8 decimal places) depends on size of font  |
| <b>C5.8.0 Graphic Page</b> |  |
| C5.8.1 Select Range        | Graphic page always shows trend curve of the measurement of the 1st page / 1st line; refer to C5.6.2.<br>Select: Manual (set range in C5.8.2) / Automatic (automatic depiction based on the measured values)<br><br>Reset only after parameter change or after switching off and on.   |
| C5.8.2 Range               | Set the scaling for the Y axis. Only available if "Manual" is set in C5.8.1.<br>±xxx ±xxx%; range: -100...+100%<br>(1st value = center value / 2nd value = offset); condition: 1st value ≤ 2nd value   |
| C5.8.3 Time Scale          | Set the time scaling for the X axis, trend curve.<br>xxx min; range: 0...100 min   |
| <b>C6.0.0 Device</b>       |  |
| C6.1.0 Tag                 | Measuring point identifier (Tag no.) (also for HART® operation) will be displayed in the LCD header (max. 8 digits).   |
| C6.2.0 Reset Errors        | Reset Errors?<br>Select: No / Yes  |

| Function                          | Description and selection   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| C6.3.0 Config. Management         |   |
| C6.3.1 Save Settings              | Save current settings.<br>Select: Cancel (exit function without saving) / Backup 1 (save in storage location 1) / Backup 2 (save in storage location 2)<br><br>Query: Continue To Copy? (cannot be undone)<br>Select: No (exit function without saving) / Yes (copy current settings to storage backup 1 or backup 2)   |
| C6.3.2 Load Settings              | Load saved settings.<br>Select: Cancel (exit function without loading) / Factory Settings (restore factory settings) / Backup 1 (load data from storage location 1) / Backup 2 (load data from storage location 2)<br><br>Query: Continue To Copy? (cannot be undone)<br>Select: No (exit the function without saving) / Yes (load data from the selected storage location) |
| C6.3.3 Factory Reset              | Reset to factory settings.<br><br>Query: Reset?<br>Select: Factory Settings (reset to factory settings) / Cancel (exit function without resetting to factory settings)  |
| C6.3.4 Set Operator Password      | Sets the password required to enable "access authentication".<br><br>0000 (= access authentication disabled)<br>xxxx (password required); range 4 digits: 0001...9999   |
| C6.3.5 Password Reset             | In case of a lost password, request a reset password from manufacturer.<br>xxxx (password required); range 4 digits: 0001...9999  |
| C6.3.6 Write Lock Selection       | Configure application specific lock (for details refer to <i>Locking of configuration</i> on page 100).   |
| C6.4.0 Special Functions          |   |
| C6.4.1 Set Date and Time          | Set real-time clock.  |
| C6.4.2 Quick Access               | Set "Quick Access" function.<br>Select: Off (deactivated) / Reset all Totalisers / Reset Totaliser 1 / Reset Totaliser 2  |
| C6.4.4 Cold Start                 | Perform cold start of measurement device?<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| C6.4.5 Expert Mode                | Enable expert mode? (not available in SIL mode)<br>Select: No / Yes   |
| C6.5.0 Units                      |   |
| C6.5.1 Volume Flow                | L/s; L/min; L/h; m <sup>3</sup> /s; m <sup>3</sup> /min; m <sup>3</sup> /h; cf/s; cf/min; cf/h; gal/s; gal/min; gal/h; IG/s; IG/min; IG/h; barrel/h; barrel/day; Free Unit (set factor and text in the next two functions, sequence see below)  |
| C6.5.2 Text Free Unit             | For text to be specified refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83:   |
| C6.5.3 [m <sup>3</sup> /s]*Factor | Specification of the conversion factor, based on m <sup>3</sup> /s:<br>xxx.xxx refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83  |
| C6.5.4 Mass Flow                  | g/s; g/min; g/h; kg/s; kg/min; kg/h; t/min; t/h; lb/s; lb/min; lb/h; ST/min; ST/h; LT/h; Free Unit (set factor and text in the next two functions, sequence see below)  |
| C6.5.5 Text Free Unit             | For text to be specified refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83:   |
| C6.5.6 [kg/s]*Factor              | Specification of the conversion factor, based on kg/s:<br>xxx.xxx refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83   |



| Function                            | Description and selection   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| C6.5.7 Flow Velocity                | m/s; ft/s   |
| C6.5.9 Temperature                  | °C; °F; K   |
| C6.5.10 Volume                      | ml; L; hl; m <sup>3</sup> ; in <sup>3</sup> ; cf; yd <sup>3</sup> ; gal; IG; barrel; Free Unit (set factor and text in the next two functions, sequence see below)  |
| C6.5.11 Text Free Unit              | For text to be specified refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83:   |
| C6.5.12 [m <sup>3</sup> ]*Factor    | Specification of the conversion factor, based on m <sup>3</sup> :<br>xxx.xxx refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83  |
| C6.5.13 Mass                        | mg; g; kg; t; oz; lb; ST; LT; Free Unit (set factor and text in the next two functions, sequence see below)   |
| C6.5.14 Text Free Unit              | For text to be specified refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83:   |
| C6.5.15 [kg]*Factor                 | Specification of the conversion factor, based on kg:<br>xxx.xxx refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83   |
| C6.5.16 Density                     | kg/m <sup>3</sup> ; kg/L; lb/cf; lb/gal; SG; Free Unit (set factor and text in the next two functions, sequence see below)  |
| C6.5.17 Text Free Unit              | For text to be specified refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83:   |
| C6.5.18 [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]*Factor | Specification of the conversion factor, based on kg/m <sup>3</sup> :<br>xxx.xxx refer to <i>Set free units</i> on page 83   |
| <b>C6.6.0 Status Groups</b>         |   |
| C6.6.1 Proc: Signal Low*            | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Proc: Signal Low".<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!     |
| C6.6.2 Proc: Signal Search*         | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Proc: Signal Search".<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled!  |
| C6.6.3 Proc: 2 Phase Flow           | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Proc: 2 Phase Flow".  |
| C6.6.4 Proc: System Control*        | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Proc: System Control".<br><br>Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is enabled! |
| C6.6.5 Config: Totaliser            | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Config: Totaliser".   |
| C6.6.6 Electr: Power Failure        | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Electr: Power Failure".   |
| C6.6.7 Electr: IO connection        | Selection of status signal (Out of Specification, Failure, Information, Maintenance Required and Function Check) for the group "Electr: IO connection".   |

| Function                   | Description and selection  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>C7.0.0 SIL</b>          | Note: Only available if expert mode in C6.4.5 is disabled!   |
| C7.1.0 Configuration       |  |
| C7.1.1 Tag                 | Measuring point identifier (Tag no.) (also for HART® operation) will be displayed in the LCD header (max. 8 digits).   |
| C7.1.2 Measurement         | Select: Flow Velocity / Volume Flow / Mass Flow / Temperature / Density / Sensor Average / Sensor Deviation / Drive Level / Tube Frequency / Strain 1 / Strain 2 / 2 Phase Signal                        |
| C7.1.3 Range               | Range setting for current output.<br>Selection depends on the measurement value.   |
| C7.1.4 Alarm Code          | Specify the failure current output.<br>Select: Low (3.6 mA) / High (21.5 mA)   |
| C7.1.5 Low Flow Cutoff     | Sets the measurement to "0" for low values.<br>x.xxx ± x.xxx%; Range: 0.0...20%<br>(1st value = switching point / 2nd value = hysteresis)  |
| C7.1.6 Damping             | Setting for the main current output.<br>Range: 0.0...100 s   |
| C7.1.7 Terminals C Type    | Select: Passive / Active   |
| C7.1.8 Flow Direction      | Define polarity of flow direction.<br>Select: Forwards (according to the arrow on the flow sensor) / Backwards (in the opposite direction of the arrow)  |
| C7.1.9 Calibrate Zero      | Perform zero calibration.<br><br>Query: Calibrate zero?<br>Select: Automatic / Factory Calibration / Manual (display last value; set new value; range: -10...+10%) / Cancel (return without calibration) |
| C7.1.10 2 Phase Threshold  | Sets the process-dependent threshold of the 2 phase signal error message.<br>Range: 0.0...1000.0   |
| C7.1.11 Proc: 2 Phase Flow | Change NE107 status signal for status group "Proc: 2 Phase Flow".<br>Select: Out of Specification / Failure / Information / Maintenance Required / Function Check  |
| C7.1.12 Alarm Condition    | Sets the condition that triggers an alarm.<br>Select: Safety Rel. Failures / Failure / Out of Specification  |
| C7.2.0 Safety Mode         | Select: Non-SIL / SIL Mode (not available in expert mode)  |
| C7.3.0 SIL Verification    | Verification of safety relevant parameters and lock of the device.<br>Note: Only available if "Safety Mode" is changed!  |
| C7.4.0 Unlock Device       | Unlock device.   |
| C7.5.0 Unlock Password     | Set the password required to unlock the device.<br>xxxx (password required); range 4 digits: 0001...9999   |
| <b>C8.0.0 Bluetooth</b>    | Sets the configuration of the Bluetooth® interface. If the Bluetooth® feature was not purchased yet, it can be activated by entering an activation code.   |
| C8.1.0 Access Level        | Sets the access level for remote access via the Bluetooth® interface. The selection is limited by the Access-Level-Hardware switch.<br>Select: No access / Read only / Read + Write                      |
| C8.2.0 Password            | Sets the password for login via the Bluetooth® interface.<br>Length: 4...16 alphanumeric characters.<br>Passwords with smaller length will disable the Bluetooth® interface.                             |
| C8.3.0 LED Signalling      | Sets signalling of connection status of the Bluetooth® interface via the MS (S1) front LED. Only available for the standard device with HART® connection.<br>Select: LED off / LED on                    |
| C8.4.0 Reset BT Lockout    | Resets Bluetooth® Lockout mode (caused by repeated login with wrong password).<br>Select: No / Yes   |

Table 6-11: Description of menu "Setup"

### 6.3.4 Set free units

| Free units                         | Sequences to set texts and factors  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Texts</b>                       |   |
| Volume flow, mass flow and density | 3 digits before and after the slash<br>xxx/xxx (max. 6 characters plus a "/") |
| Permissible characters             | A...Z; a...z; 0...9; / - + , . *; @ \$ % ~ () [] _                            |
| <b>Conversion factors</b>          |   |
| Desired unit                       | = [unit see above] * conversion factor  |
| Conversion factor                  | Max. 9 digits   |
| Shift decimal point                | ↑ to the left and ↓ to the right  |

Table 6-12: Sequences to set texts and factors

## 6.4 Calibration functions

### 6.4.1 Zero calibration (C1.1.1 Calibrate Zero)

Following installation, perform zero calibration prior to commissioning the device. Finalise the installation before performing zero calibration. Changes (pipe system or calibration factor) made after the zero calibration may affect the accuracy, making it necessary to perform zero calibration again.

#### Observe the following for reliable zero calibration:

- The flow sensor should be completely filled with the product at the expected process pressure and temperature.
- The product may contain no air or gas, especially when it comes to horizontal installations. Prior to zero calibration, it is recommended that the product be flushed at a high flow rate (>50%), for 2 minutes.
- After flushing, re-establish zero flow by closing off the corresponding valves.

Set zero calibration automatically or manually using the operating controls. The signal converter cover must be installed on the display for automatic calibration.

| Key   | Screen                       | Description  |
|-------|------------------------------|--|
| >     | <b>A0.0.0 Quick Setup</b>    | Press and hold for 2.5 s, then release the key.            |
| 2 x ↓ | <b>C0.0.0 Setup</b>          |  |
| 3 x > | C1.1.1 Calibrate Zero        |  |
| >     | Calibrate Zero?<br>Automatic |  |
| ←     | Please Wait                  | A progress bar indicates the progress of zero calibration. |
|       | Calibrate Zero<br>Passed     |  |
| ←     | Calibrate Zero<br>+XX.XXX%   | Display of measured zero calibration in %.                 |
| 5 x ← | Save Configuration?<br>Yes   |  |
| ←     | Display page                 |  |

Table 6-13: Procedure for "Automatic calibration"

| Key   | Screen                       | Description and setting   |
|-------|------------------------------|---|
| >     | <b>A0.0.0 Quick Setup</b>    | Press and hold for 2.5 s, then release the key.                                       |
| 2 x ↓ | <b>C0.0.0 Setup</b>          |   |
| 3 x > | C1.1.1 Calibrate Zero        |   |
| >     | Calibrate Zero?<br>Automatic |   |
| 2 x ↓ | Calibrate Zero?<br>Manual    |   |
|       | Calibrate Zero<br>+XX.XXX%   | Display currently stored zero calibration in %.<br>Warning: value can be changed!     |
|       |                              | Possible manual entry of zero calibration.<br>Storing the displayed zero calibration. |
| 5 x ← | Save Configuration?<br>Yes   |   |
| ←     | Display page                 |   |

Table 6-14: Procedure for "Manual calibration"

### Zero calibration log (B1.3.0 Zero Calibration Log)

Zero calibrations are recorded in the zero calibration log. Log information includes zero offset, temperature, date and time. Navigate using the ↑ and ↓ keys. Exit the menu using the ← key.

#### Under certain conditions, zero calibration is not possible and will be cancelled:

- The product is still flowing. The shut-off valves are not closed tightly enough.
- There are still gas bubbles in the flow sensor.  
Remedy: Flush flow sensor and repeat calibration

With some media, it may be difficult to perform zero calibration. In such cases, there are various methods to still achieve good zero calibration:

| Medium   | Possible solutions                                 |
|--|--|
| Media that tend to evaporate or outgas   | Increase pressure.                                 |
| Two-phase media (slurries), that contain solids that may fall out.                 | Only fill the flow sensor with the carrier medium. |
| Two-phase media in which the solids or gas-forming components cannot be separated. | Fill flow sensor with another liquid, e.g. water.  |

Table 6-15: Zero calibration for difficult media

### 6.4.2 Density calibration (C1.2.1 Calibrate Density)

Mass flowmeters are calibrated for density in the factory. Density calibration is based on 2 calibration points. In the factory, air and water are used under reference conditions. The result of this calibration is saved in the signal converter electronics and stored in the factory settings. Regardless, various applications require maximum accuracy which can only be achieved with on-site calibration.

| Option                | Explanation  |
|-----------------------|--|
| 1 Point Calibration   | One of the 2 saved calibration points is replaced by customer calibration. The signal converter decides which of the 2 calibration points is modified. |
| 2nd Calibration Point | Calibration of the 2nd point.  |
| Factory Calibration   | The signal converter reactivates the factory settings for the density calibration.   |

Table 6-16: Available density calibration options

| Key              | Screen  | Description and setting                                       |
|------------------|---|---|
| >                | <b>A0.0.0 Quick Setup</b>                       | Press and hold for 2.5 s, then release the key.               |
| 2 x ↓            | <b>C0.0.0 Setup</b>                             |   |
| ↓                | C1.2.0 Density                                  |   |
| 2 x >            | C1.2.1 Calibrate Density<br>1 Point Calibration |   |
| ←                | Density Calib. Product<br>XXXXXXX               |   |
| Press ↓<br>until | Density Calib. Product<br>Town Water            |   |
| ←                | Calibrate Density?<br>OK                        |   |
| ←                | Please Wait                                     | A progress bar indicates the progress of density calibration. |
|                  | Calibrate Density<br>Passed                     |   |
| 5 x ←            | Save Configuration?<br>Yes                      |   |
| ←                | Display page                                    |   |

Table 6-17: Example of 1 point calibration with town water

**On-site density calibration:**

- Ensure that the device has been properly installed and functions smoothly.
- If air (empty) is used as the medium, the measuring tube must be completely dry and free of liquids and solids. If possible, blow dry air into the measuring tube to empty it.
- If liquids are used, flush for a few minutes at a high flow rate to remove gas bubbles.
- Set the flow rate to a typical value (50% of the nominal flow is ideal).
- If the process temperature is higher than the ambient temperature, wait until the system has stabilised.
- When it comes to 1 point and 2 point calibration, you can choose from the options "Empty", "Pure Water", "Town Water" and "Other". The reference values for the specified products are stored in the signal converter.

The reason for "Density Calib. Error" display may be indicated on the screen. Other possible reasons include:

- The device is not in "Measurement" mode.
- The calibration points are too close together.
- One or more calibration points did not pass the plausibility test.
- Flow, pressure, temperature or system are not stable.
- Please check your system and try again.
- If this or other calibration error display recurs, please contact the manufacturer.

**1 Point Calibration**

- Refer to examples for "Calibration with town water and other".
- Select the function using ↓ and ↑ and then confirm with ↵.
- If "Other" is selected, the product density must be entered.
- 1 point calibration is generally sufficient for most applications, such as adapting the density measurement to a new installation.
- Make sure that prior to calibrating the 2nd point that 1 point calibration was carried out and that the result was saved with the dialog "Save Configuration?".

**2 Point Calibration**

- In this case, both reference points are recalibrated (with the products of the system).
- With 2 point calibration, ensure that both calibration points entered by the user are accepted.

If the 2nd point cannot be calibrated immediately after the first one, because the 2nd product is not yet available, the device continues to function normally as after the 1 point calibration. In other words, there can be weeks or even months between the calibration of the two measuring points.

## 6.4.3 Temperature/density tables

| Temperature |      | Density           |                    | Temperature |      | Density           |                    |
|-------------|------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| °C          | °F   | kg/m <sup>3</sup> | lb/ft <sup>3</sup> | °C          | °F   | kg/m <sup>3</sup> | lb/ft <sup>3</sup> |
| 0           | 32   | 999.8396          | 62.41999           | 0.5         | 32.9 | 999.8712          | 62.42197           |
| 1           | 33.8 | 999.8986          | 62.42367           | 1.5         | 34.7 | 999.9213          | 62.42509           |
| 2           | 35.6 | 999.9399          | 62.42625           | 2.5         | 36.5 | 999.9542          | 62.42714           |
| 3           | 37.4 | 999.9642          | 62.42777           | 3.5         | 38.3 | 999.9701          | 62.42814           |
| 4           | 39.2 | 999.972           | 62.42825           | 4.5         | 40.1 | 999.9699          | 62.42812           |
| 5           | 41   | 999.9638          | 62.42774           | 5.5         | 41.9 | 999.954           | 62.42713           |
| 6           | 42.8 | 999.9402          | 62.42627           | 6.5         | 43.7 | 999.9227          | 62.42517           |
| 7           | 44.6 | 999.9016          | 62.42386           | 7.5         | 45.5 | 999.8766          | 62.4223            |
| 8           | 46.4 | 999.8482          | 62.42053           | 8.5         | 47.3 | 999.8162          | 62.4185            |
| 9           | 48.2 | 999.7808          | 62.41632           | 9.5         | 49.1 | 999.7419          | 62.41389           |
| 10          | 50   | 999.6997          | 62.41125           | 10.5        | 50.9 | 999.6541          | 62.40840           |
| 11          | 51.8 | 999.6051          | 62.40535           | 11.5        | 52.7 | 999.5529          | 62.40209           |
| 12          | 53.6 | 999.4975          | 62.39863           | 12.5        | 54.5 | 999.4389          | 62.39497           |
| 13          | 55.4 | 999.3772          | 62.39112           | 13.5        | 56.3 | 999.3124          | 62.38708           |
| 14          | 57.2 | 999.2446          | 62.38284           | 14.5        | 58.1 | 999.1736          | 62.37841           |
| 15          | 59   | 999.0998          | 62.3738            | 15.5        | 59.9 | 999.0229          | 62.36901           |
| 16          | 60.8 | 998.9432          | 62.36403           | 16.5        | 61.7 | 998.8607          | 62.35887           |
| 17          | 62.6 | 998.7752          | 62.35354           | 17.5        | 63.5 | 998.687           | 62.34803           |
| 18          | 64.4 | 998.596           | 62.34235           | 18.5        | 65.3 | 998.5022          | 62.3365            |
| 19          | 66.2 | 998.4058          | 62.33047           | 19.5        | 67.1 | 998.3066          | 62.32428           |
| 20          | 68   | 998.2048          | 62.31793           | 20.5        | 68.9 | 998.1004          | 62.31141           |
| 21          | 69.8 | 997.9934          | 62.30473           | 21.5        | 70.7 | 997.8838          | 62.29788           |
| 22          | 71.6 | 997.7716          | 62.29088           | 22.5        | 72.5 | 997.6569          | 62.28372           |
| 23          | 73.4 | 997.5398          | 62.27641           | 23.5        | 74.3 | 997.4201          | 62.26894           |
| 24          | 75.2 | 997.2981          | 62.26132           | 24.5        | 76.1 | 997.1736          | 62.25355           |
| 25          | 77   | 997.0468          | 62.24563           | 25.5        | 77.9 | 996.9176          | 62.23757           |
| 26          | 78.8 | 996.7861          | 62.22936           | 26.5        | 79.7 | 996.6521          | 62.22099           |
| 27          | 80.6 | 996.5159          | 62.21249           | 27.5        | 81.5 | 996.3774          | 62.20384           |
| 28          | 82.4 | 996.2368          | 62.19507           | 28.5        | 83.3 | 996.0939          | 62.18614           |
| 29          | 84.2 | 995.9487          | 62.17708           | 29.5        | 85.1 | 995.8013          | 62.16788           |
| 30          | 86   | 995.6518          | 62.15855           | 30.5        | 86.9 | 995.5001          | 62.14907           |
| 31          | 87.8 | 995.3462          | 62.13947           | 31.5        | 88.7 | 995.1903          | 62.12973           |
| 32          | 89.6 | 995.0322          | 62.11986           | 32.5        | 90.5 | 994.8721          | 62.10987           |



|    |       |          |          |      |       |          |          |
|----|-------|----------|----------|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 33 | 91.4  | 994.71   | 62.09975 | 33.5 | 92.3  | 994.5458 | 62.08950 |
| 34 | 93.2  | 994.3796 | 62.07912 | 34.5 | 94.1  | 994.2113 | 62.06861 |
| 35 | 95    | 994.0411 | 62.05799 | 35.5 | 95.9  | 993.8689 | 62.04724 |
| 36 | 96.8  | 993.6948 | 62.03637 | 36.5 | 97.7  | 993.5187 | 62.02537 |
| 37 | 98.6  | 993.3406 | 62.01426 | 37.5 | 99.5  | 993.1606 | 62.00302 |
| 38 | 100.4 | 992.9789 | 61.99168 | 38.5 | 101.3 | 992.7951 | 61.98020 |
| 39 | 102.2 | 992.6096 | 61.96862 | 39.5 | 103.1 | 992.4221 | 61.95692 |
| 40 | 104   | 992.2329 | 61.9451  | 40.5 | 104.9 | 992.0418 | 61.93317 |
| 41 | 105.8 | 991.8489 | 61.92113 | 41.5 | 106.7 | 991.6543 | 61.90898 |
| 42 | 107.6 | 991.4578 | 61.89672 | 42.5 | 108.5 | 991.2597 | 61.88434 |
| 43 | 109.4 | 991.0597 | 61.87186 | 43.5 | 110.3 | 990.8581 | 61.85927 |
| 44 | 111.2 | 990.6546 | 61.84657 | 44.5 | 112.1 | 990.4494 | 61.83376 |
| 45 | 113   | 990.2427 | 61.82085 | 45.5 | 113.9 | 990.0341 | 61.80783 |
| 46 | 114.8 | 989.8239 | 61.79471 | 46.5 | 115.7 | 989.6121 | 61.78149 |
| 47 | 116.6 | 989.3986 | 61.76816 | 47.5 | 117.5 | 989.1835 | 61.75473 |
| 48 | 118.4 | 988.9668 | 61.7412  | 48.5 | 119.3 | 988.7484 | 61.72756 |
| 49 | 120.2 | 988.5285 | 61.71384 | 49.5 | 121.1 | 988.3069 | 61.70    |
| 50 | 122   | 988.0839 | 61.68608 | 50.5 | 122.9 | 987.8592 | 61.67205 |
| 51 | 123.8 | 987.6329 | 61.65793 | 51.5 | 124.7 | 987.4051 | 61.64371 |
| 52 | 125.6 | 987.1758 | 61.62939 | 52.5 | 126.5 | 986.945  | 61.61498 |
| 53 | 127.4 | 986.7127 | 61.60048 | 53.5 | 128.3 | 986.4788 | 61.58588 |
| 54 | 129.2 | 986.2435 | 61.57118 | 54.5 | 130.1 | 986.0066 | 61.5564  |
| 55 | 131   | 985.7684 | 61.54153 | 55.5 | 131.9 | 985.5287 | 61.52656 |
| 56 | 132.8 | 985.2876 | 61.51115 | 56.5 | 133.7 | 985.0450 | 61.49636 |
| 57 | 134.6 | 984.8009 | 61.48112 | 57.5 | 135.5 | 984.5555 | 61.4658  |
| 58 | 136.4 | 984.3086 | 61.45039 | 58.5 | 137.3 | 984.0604 | 61.43489 |
| 59 | 138.2 | 983.8108 | 61.41931 | 59.5 | 139.1 | 983.5597 | 61.40364 |
| 60 | 140   | 983.3072 | 61.38787 | 60.5 | 140.9 | 983.0535 | 61.37203 |
| 61 | 141.8 | 982.7984 | 61.35611 | 61.5 | 142.7 | 982.5419 | 61.34009 |
| 62 | 143.6 | 982.2841 | 61.324   | 62.5 | 144.5 | 982.0250 | 61.30783 |
| 63 | 145.4 | 981.7646 | 61.29157 | 63.5 | 146.3 | 981.5029 | 61.27523 |
| 64 | 147.2 | 981.2399 | 61.25881 | 64.5 | 148.1 | 980.9756 | 61.24231 |
| 65 | 149   | 980.7099 | 61.22573 | 65.5 | 149.9 | 980.4432 | 61.20907 |

|    |       |          |          |      |       |          |          |
|----|-------|----------|----------|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 66 | 150.8 | 980.1751 | 61.19233 | 66.5 | 151.7 | 979.9057 | 61.17552 |
| 67 | 152.6 | 979.6351 | 61.15862 | 67.5 | 153.5 | 979.3632 | 61.14165 |
| 68 | 154.4 | 979.0901 | 61.12446 | 68.5 | 155.3 | 978.8159 | 61.10748 |
| 69 | 156.2 | 978.5404 | 61.09028 | 69.5 | 157.1 | 978.2636 | 61.07300 |
| 70 | 158   | 977.9858 | 61.05566 | 70.5 | 158.9 | 977.7068 | 61.03823 |
| 71 | 159.8 | 977.4264 | 61.02074 | 71.5 | 160.7 | 977.145  | 61.00316 |
| 72 | 161.6 | 976.8624 | 60.98552 | 72.5 | 162.5 | 976.5786 | 60.96781 |
| 73 | 163.4 | 976.2937 | 60.95002 | 73.5 | 164.3 | 976.0076 | 60.93216 |
| 74 | 165.2 | 975.7204 | 60.91423 | 74.5 | 166.1 | 975.4321 | 60.89623 |
| 75 | 167   | 975.1428 | 60.87816 | 75.5 | 167.9 | 974.8522 | 60.86003 |
| 76 | 168.8 | 974.5606 | 60.84182 | 76.5 | 169.7 | 974.2679 | 60.82355 |
| 77 | 170.6 | 973.9741 | 60.80520 | 77.5 | 171.5 | 973.6792 | 60.7868  |
| 78 | 172.4 | 973.3832 | 60.76832 | 78.5 | 173.3 | 973.0862 | 60.74977 |
| 79 | 174.2 | 972.7881 | 60.73116 | 79.5 | 175.1 | 972.489  | 60.71249 |
| 80 | 176   | 972.188  | 60.69375 |      |       |          |          |

Table 6-18: Temperature/density tables

## 6.5 Measurement functions

### 6.5.1 Flow (C1.1.0 Flow)

#### Flow direction (C1.1.4 Flow Direction)

This function allows the operator to set the direction of flow in relation to the arrow on the housing. If "Forwards" is selected, the flow direction corresponds to the "+" arrow and with "Backwards" the flow direction corresponds to the "-" arrow on the housing.

#### Process noise damping (C1.1.5 Process Noise Damping)

The flow and density measurements are filtered in order to reduce process noise. The time constant of this filter can be changed in C1.1.5.

If you require a faster response of the device, e.g. for short batches, you could reduce this time. This parameter is only available if the device is switched to expert mode (C6.4.5).

#### Low flow cutoff (C1.1.6 Low Flow Cutoff)

The flow sensor provides a low flow cutoff (C1.1.6) which is a percentage value of nominal mass flow rate. The nominal mass flow rate is available in menu "Test" (B4.6.0).

The low flow cutoff is enabled by default sets all flow measurement variables to zero when the flow is below the low flow cutoff value entered.

This parameter is only available if the device is switched to expert mode (C6.4.5).

### Pressure suppression (C1.1.7 & C1.1.8)

The pressure suppression eliminates any disruption in the measurement in the event of an abrupt flow switch-off e.g. when valves are suddenly closed. In such cases, surges may occur in the pipe and in the measuring device which could lead to over-vibration. The flow then "swings" back and forth before a stable zero flow is established, as shown in the figure below. This effect occurs mainly in high pressure applications.

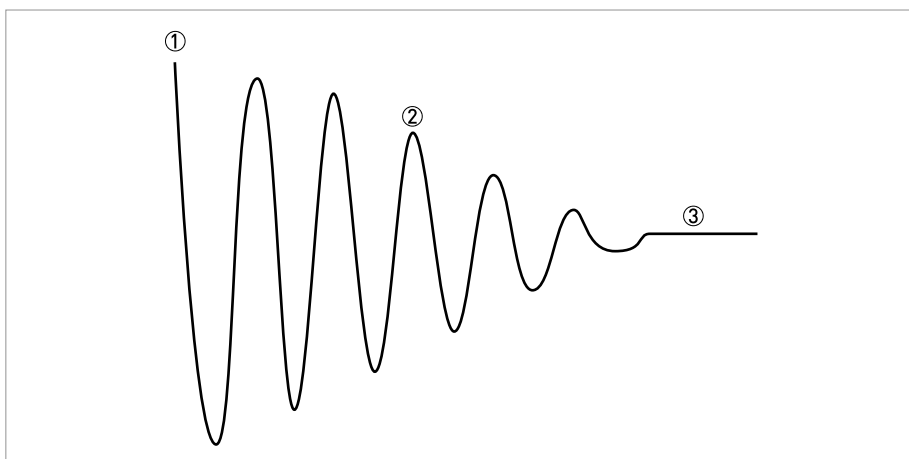


Figure 6-6: Vibration behaviour during pressure suppression

- ① Flow switched off
- ② Sinusoidal vibration ("over-vibration")
- ③ Stable zero flow

The pressure suppression function eliminates this effect by activating a larger low flow cutoff threshold for a programmable period of time. The pressure suppression is activated when the flow falls below the standard low flow cutoff level for the first time (C1.1.6). For a programmable period of time (C1.1.8), the pressure suppression threshold is added to the standard low flow threshold (C1.1.7).

This parameter is only available if the device is switched to expert mode (C6.4.5).

### Measurement of flow velocity

The signal converter can provide the flow velocity based on a pipe diameter which the operator can freely program (C1.1.9). This value can either be the inner diameter of the measuring tube (factory setting) or the inner diameter of the process pipe.

## 6.5.2 Density (C1.2.0 Density)

### Density mode (C1.2.2 Density Mode)

There are 4 available operating modes for density that can be set here:

- Process:  
The device measures and displays the current operating density of the product.
- Fixed:  
The device displays a fixed density value. This value must be entered in menu C1.2.3.
- Referred:  
The device calculates the density based on a set reference temperature.
- Standard:  
The device calculates the standard density based on a set reference temperature and the correction factors  $k_0...k_2$ , so that a standard volume can be output.

The following equation is used for the "Referred" mode:

$$\rho_r = \rho_a + a (t_a - t_r)$$

$\rho_r$  = Density at reference temperature

$\rho_a$  = Current measured operating density at current operating temperature

$a$  = Programmed temperature coefficient/density gradient

$t_a$  = Current measured operating temperature

$t_r$  = Reference temperature

The reference temperature must be entered in menu item C1.2.4. The density gradient is set in C1.2.5.

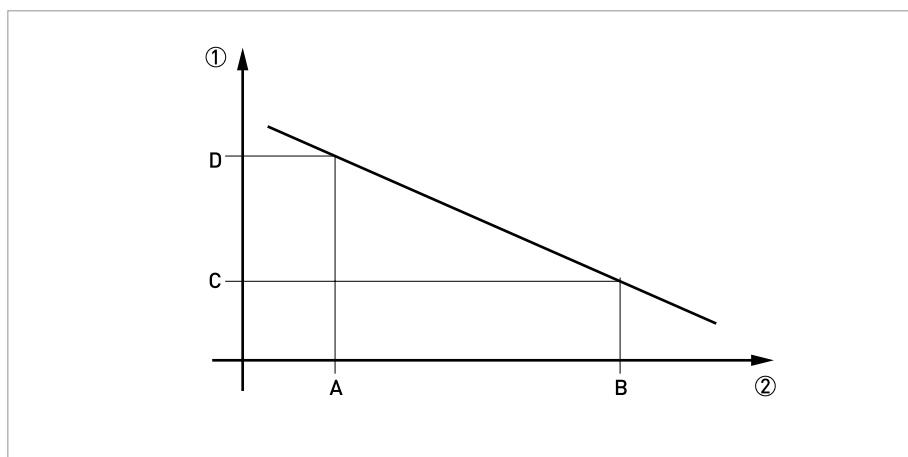


Figure 6-7: Calculating the density gradient

① Density

② Temperature

The following equation is used to calculate the density gradient:

$$a = (\rho_D - \rho_C) / (T_B - T_A)$$

The value for the density gradient is generally positive as an increase in temperature usually reduces the measured density (exception: water anomaly).

### Calculating the standard density

The measuring device can display a density which has been corrected in terms of the standard temperature in accordance with API MPMS 11.1.

The corresponding reference temperature is entered in menu C1.2.4. The correction factors  $k_0$ ... $k_2$  are entered in menu C1.2.7...C1.2.9.

| Type of product<br>(according to API) | Low limit $\rho_{15}$ | High limit $\rho_{15}$ | $k_0$     | $k_1$  | $k_2$       |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------|-------------|
|                                       | [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]  |                        |           |        |             |
| Crude oil                             | 610.5                 | 1075.0                 | 613.9723  | 0      | 0           |
| Gasoline                              | 653.0                 | 770.0                  | 346.4228  | 0.4388 | 0           |
| Transition area                       | 770.5                 | 787.5                  | 2680.3206 | 0      | -0.00336312 |
| Jet group                             | 788.0                 | 838.5                  | 594.5418  | 0      | 0           |
| Fuel oil                              | 839.0                 | 1075.0                 | 186.9696  | 0.4862 | 0           |
| Free fill in                          | 500.0                 | 2000.0                 | 0         | 0      | 0           |

Table 6-19: Example of standard factors

### 6.5.3 System control (C1.4.0 System Control)

The signal converter provides a system control function which allows to set the flow to 0 in case of a programmable process conditions. The system control function can be enabled in menu C1.4.1. The following menu items configure the condition and limits for activation of system control:

This parameter is only available if the device is switched to expert mode (C6.4.5).

#### C1.4.2 Condition

Selecting the process measurement which activates the system control. Density and temperature can be selected.

#### C1.4.3 Max. Temperature/Density & C1.4.4 Min. Temperature/Density

Setting the limit values to activate system control. Current measuring values outside of this range activate this function.

### 6.5.4 Detection of 2 phase flow

Due to EGM™ (Entrained Gas Management) the device performs a stable measurement function between 0...100% gas ratio. The device provides a signal which indicates two phase flow. This signal can be used for signalling two phase flow according to NE 107 or for approximating the amount of entrained gas. The signal depends on the amount, distribution and size of the entrained gas and therefore any threshold has to be adapted on the application.

| Screen                 | Description and setting                       |
|------------------------|---|
| B2.14.0 2 Phase Signal | Display of actual value for two phase signal. |

Table 6-20: Display of two phase signal

| Screen             | Description and setting |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| C1.5.2 Diagnosis 1 | Set "2 Phase Signal".   |

Table 6-21: Output of two phase signal via any I/O or measure page

| Screen                    | Description and setting   |
|---------------------------|---|
| C1.5.1 2 Phase Threshold  | Set a value above 0 in order to activate the two phase signalling via the device and process value status. In case of two phase flow the status message "2 Phase Flow Detected" is generated. |
| C6.6.3 Proc: 2 Phase Flow | Select the status signal for two phase flow.  |

Table 6-22: Signalling of 2 phase flow

## 6.6 I/O configuration

### 6.6.1 Damp output signals

All digital and analogue outputs provide damping with a digital filter which allows to stabilise the output. The damping can be individually set for each output by a time constant. However, keep in mind that the degree of filtration affects the response time of the device in the event of rapid changes.

**The general behaviour of the damping value is:**

- Small damping:
  - Fast response times
  - Fluctuating reading
- Large damping:
  - Slow response time
  - Stable reading

The damping corresponds to the elapsed time until 63% of the end value has been reached according to a step function. The time until 90% of the end value is reached in case of a step response is  $T_{90} = \tau * 1.8$  ( $\tau$  = damping).

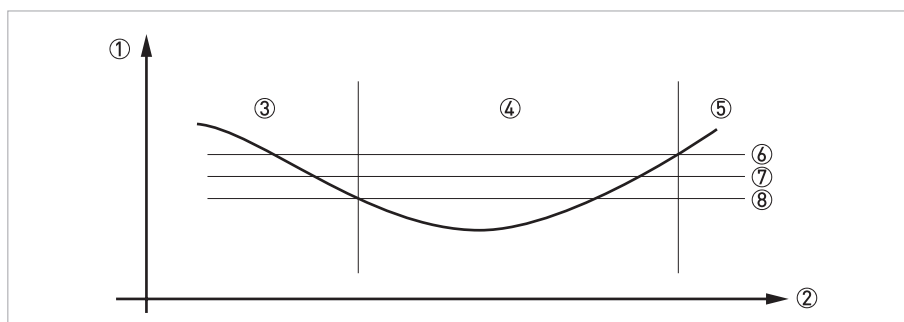
### 6.6.2 Suppress small flow rates

All digital and analogue outputs provide a low flow cutoff for flow measurements in order to suppress small flow rates.

If the low flow cutoff has been activated, the respective output is set to zero when the flow is below the low flow cutoff value entered. The value can be entered as a percentage of the upper range value or in the case of a pulse output as a discrete flow value.

Two values must be entered. The first is for the operating point of the flow sensor and the second is for hysteresis.

Condition: 1st value > 2nd value



**Figure 6-8: Indication of low flow cutoff**

- ① Flow
- ② Time
- ③ Currently indicated flow
- ④ Display set to zero
- ⑤ Currently indicated flow
- ⑥ Positive hysteresis
- ⑦ Operating point
- ⑧ Negative hysteresis



### 6.6.3 Polarity of measurement

All digital and analogue outputs provide a polarity setting which allows:

| Polarity | Function  |
|----------|---|
| Both     | Polarity function does not affect output values.                              |
| Positive | Positive values passed to output, negative values set to 0.                   |
| Negative | Absolute value of negative values passed to output, positive values set to 0. |
| Absolute | Absolute value of input values.   |

Table 6-23: Description of polarities



#### **INFORMATION!**

For reverse flow detection at a current output set polarity to "Both" and select the lower and upper flow range values for your application.

### 6.6.4 Current output

The current outputs of the signal converter have several operation modes which can be configured by the current span and the alarm signal. The lower and upper range value is mapped to the lower and upper endpoint as depicted in the following figure:

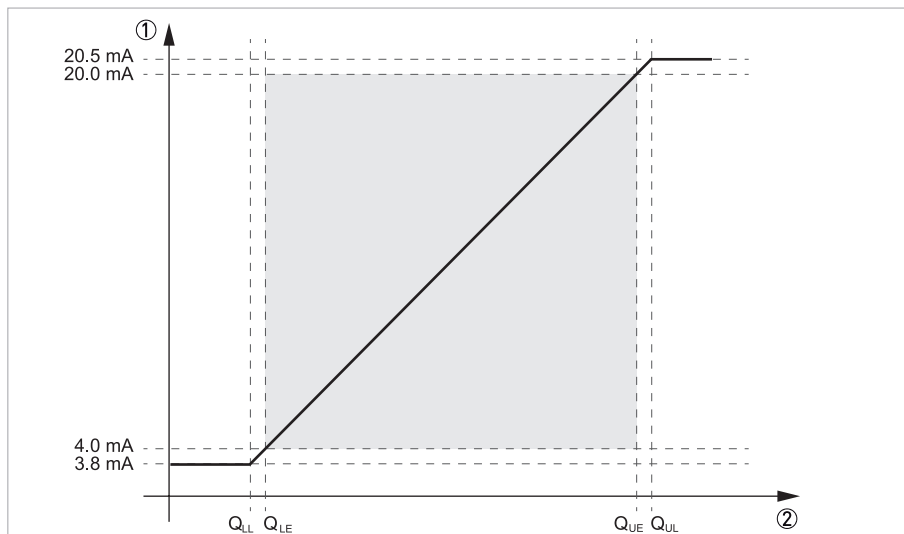


Figure 6-9: Operation modes of the current output

- ① Output current
- ② Measuring value

| Current span | Lower limit (Q <sub>LL</sub> ) | Lower end point (Q <sub>LE</sub> ) | Upper end point (Q <sub>UE</sub> ) | Upper limit (Q <sub>UL</sub> ) | Low alarm     | High alarm |
|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| [mA]         |                                |                                    |                                    |                                |               |            |
| 4...20       | 3.8                            | 4.0                                | 20.0                               | 20.5                           | 3.5           | 21.5       |
| 0...20 ①     | 0                              | 0                                  | 20.0                               | 20.0                           | 0 ②           | 21.5       |
| Custom       | Custom values                  |                                    |                                    |                                | Custom values |            |

Table 6-24: Limit values

① Only available if HART is disabled or not available for respective current output

② Low alarm signalling is not recommended for current span 0...20 mA

Reaching the lower or upper limit is signalled by the status "Out of Specification" but does not set an alarm signal. All current outputs detect an open loop or output current errors due to exceeded load values.

### 6.6.5 Alarm signalling via current outputs

Current outputs provide an alarm signalling via upper or lower failure current. The alarm signal is set by default in case of device failure, i.e. if the status signal failure is set. If additional status signals should be considered, the error condition can be changed:

| Alarm condition | Evaluated status signals |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Failure         | Failure                  |
| Out of Spec     | Failure or Out of Spec   |

Table 6-25: Alarm conditions

### 6.6.6 Pulse output and batching applications

Pulse outputs of the signal converter are designed for minimum latency and suited for use with pulse counters (mechanical, digital) or provers (e.g. small volume provers). Select the maximum output frequency according to your counter.

Some custody transfer applications require dual phase pulse outputs. For this purpose pulse outputs from two terminals can be paired. Terminal pairs A and B or D and B can be used. In this case, the frequency is limited to a maximum of 5000 Hz.



**In this case, perform the following settings:**

- Configure pulse output terminal A or D
- Set "Output B" to phase shifted mode in menu C2.3.10 by choosing the base pulse output (A or D). All functions for output B are set using output D or output A.
- Phase shift relative to output A: set phase shift (0°, 90° or 180°) in menu C2.2.10  
Phase shift relative to output D: set phase shift (0°, 90° or 180°) in menu C2.4.10

## 6.7 Display configuration

### 6.7.1 Optical keys (C5.3.0 Optical Keys)

This function can deactivate the optical keys. In this case, the device may only be operated using the push buttons. In the display, the switched off state of the optical keys is represented the following symbol in the upper right corner:

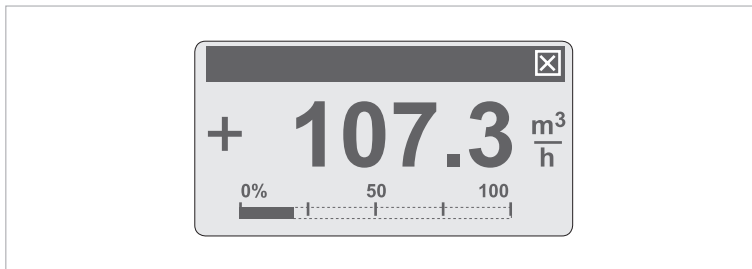


Figure 6-10: Indication of optical keys in switched off state

### 6.7.2 Backlight (C5.4.0 Backlight)

The signal converter local display has a colour backlight which can be used to show the NE 107 status. In menu C5.4.0 its behaviour can be configured as described in the following table:

| Backlight settings | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| Off                | Backlight always turned off.  |
| White              | Backlight colour is always white.                                     |
| Red - Failure      | Backlight colour is set to red in case of a device failure.           |
| NE107 Color        | Backlight colour is set according to the NE 107 status of the device. |

Table 6-26: Description of backlight settings

## 6.8 Configuration management (C6.3.0 Config. Management)

### 6.8.1 Load and save configuration (C6.3.1 Save Settings & C6.3.2 Load Settings)

The signal converter provides functions to store and restore sets of configurations (Backup 1 and Backup 2). Using the functions in C6.3.2 the present configuration can be stored for later restoration via C6.3.1.

For documentation purposes please note the checksum for the present configuration (B1.2.0 Change Log).

### 6.8.2 Factory reset (C6.3.3 Factory Reset)

The signal converter configuration can be reset to factory configuration.



**INFORMATION!**

*Be careful with this function because this process cannot be reverted.*

### 6.8.3 Change log (B1.2.0 Change Log)

Any configuration change of the signal converter is logged within a change log (B1.2.0) with date and time and a checksum of the signal converter configuration. The change log covers all device parameters (incl. factory parameters) and provides 128 entries.

### 6.8.4 Locking of configuration

#### Access authentication

The signal converter has a multilevel access authentication concept which allows to protect the entire configuration against unauthorised write accesses. The access authentication is disabled by default, however can be enabled by setting an operator password that is not equal to 0000. In case of an enabled access authentication, write accesses via any interface (local display, HART®, OPTICHECK, ...) can only be performed after authentication by entering the respective access level password (refer to next table). Entering this password only unlocks the currently used interface but no other interfaces.

| Level  | Description               | Authentication   |
|--------|---------------------------|--|
| 0      | User / Free               | No authentication necessary.   |
| 1      | Operator                  | Operator password (C6.3.4 Set Operator Password) or no authentication necessary if operator password not set (0000). |
| 2      | Service                   | Service password.  |
| Jumper | Application Specific Lock | Remove jumper.   |

Table 6-27: Available access levels

A lock of parameters and functions via access authentication is indicated as depicted in the following figure:

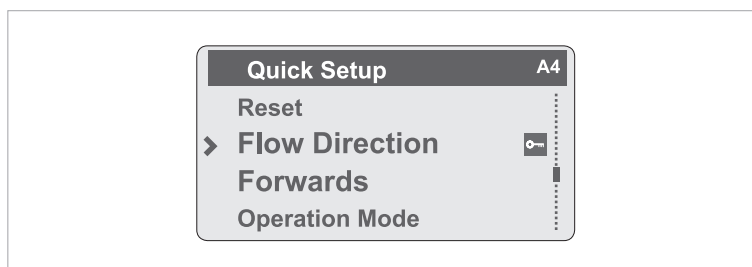


Figure 6-11: Indication of access authentication

### Application specific lock (C6.3.6 Write Lock Selection)

Custody transfer (CT) applications require a lock for all parameters and functions which affect the relevant measurement and outputs. For this purpose the signal converter provides an application specific lock which can be enabled by a jumper. The lock mechanism can be configured before applying the jumper in order to lock only CT relevant functions and parameters. The following table shows the locking combinations which can be selected in C6.3.6 and the respective locked functionalities and parameters:

x = locked configuration

| Selection in C6.3.6 / Locked entries | Terminal A | Terminal B | Terminal C | Terminal D | Sensor | Totalizer 1 | HMI |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|-------------|-----|
| None                                 | -          | -          | -          | -          | -      | -           | -   |
| Term. C+S                            | -          | -          | x          | -          | x      | -           | -   |
| Term. D+S                            | -          | -          | -          | x          | x      | -           | -   |
| Term. BD+S                           | -          | x          | -          | x          | x      | -           | -   |
| Term. CD+S                           | -          | -          | x          | x          | x      | -           | -   |
| Term. ABD+S                          | x          | x          | -          | x          | x      | -           | -   |
| Term. BCD+S                          | -          | x          | x          | x          | x      | -           | -   |
| Term. ABCD+S                         | x          | x          | x          | x          | x      | -           | -   |
| HMI+S+Tot.1                          | -          | -          | -          | -          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. C+S+HMI+Tot.1                  | -          | -          | x          | -          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. D+S+HMI+Tot.1                  | -          | -          | -          | x          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. BD+S+HMI+Tot.1                 | -          | x          | -          | x          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. CD+S+HMI+Tot.1                 | -          | -          | x          | x          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. ABD+S+HMI+Tot.1                | x          | x          | -          | x          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. BCD+S+HMI+Tot.1                | -          | x          | x          | x          | x      | x           | x   |
| Term. ABCD+S+HMI+Tot.1               | x          | x          | x          | x          | x      | x           | x   |

Table 6-28: Possible locking combinations

The lock is enabled directly after applying the jumper and is indicated by a lock icon in the upper right corner or at the locked parameter or function.

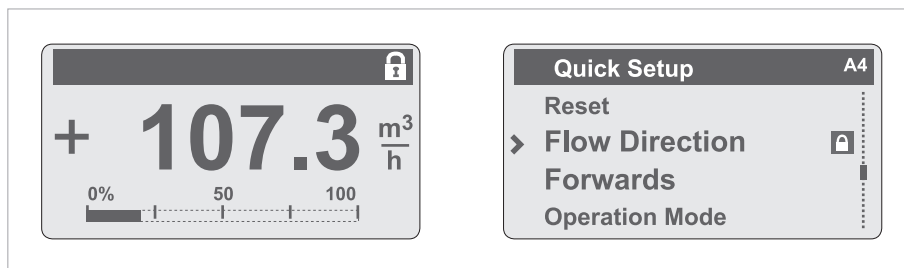


Figure 6-12: Indication of lock icon

Changes to these parameters only can be performed after removal of the lock jumper.

## 6.9 Special functions

### Quick access (C6.4.2 Quick Access)

The local display provides a quick access function which can be used to reset totaliser 1, 2, 3 or all totalisers. Pressing the "←" key for 2.5 seconds carries out the "Quick Access" function.

### Date and time (C6.4.1 Set Date and Time)

The signal converter has a real time clock which is used for all of the log functions in the device. This function can be used to set the date and time of the real time clock.

### Expert mode (C6.4.5 Expert Mode)

The signal converter local menu is designed to show only functions and parameters which are used by most users. For some applications additional functions (e.g. process noise damping, pressure suppression, ...) are required which are only available if the expert mode (C6.4.5) is enabled. Within this mode the device cannot be set to SIL mode (only SIL capable device). If the expert mode is disabled all expert mode parameters are reset to their default values.

## 6.10 SIL configuration (only for SIL capable devices)

Refer to "Safety manual" in case of functional safe device variant.

## 6.11 Testing of device installation (B3.0.0 Simulation)

During installation of the device, the configuration should be tested using simulation functions of the signal converter (B3). The following simulation functions are available:

| Function                      | Description  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| B3.2.0 Mass Flow              | Simulation of process variable mass flow.  |
| B3.3.0 Volume Flow            | Simulation of process variable volume flow.  |
| B3.4.0 Density                | Simulation of process variable density.  |
| B3.5.0 Temperature            | Simulation of process variable temperature.  |
| B3.6.0 Status                 | Simulation of device status and process value status. This function requires a device status without failures. |
| B3.7.0 I/O A to B3.10.0 I/O D | Simulation of output signals for I/Os.   |

Table 6-29: Available simulation functions



### INFORMATION!

- Several simulation functions can run in parallel.
- Simulation functions only affect the respective process variable and do not affect derived process variables (e.g. simulation of mass flow does not affect volume flow).



### WARNING!

Once started simulation functions continue until they are stopped or the device performs a power cycle. The device status "Function Check" indicates running simulation functions. Use function "A2.2.0 Stop all Simulations" to stop all running simulation functions simultaneously.

## 6.12 Diagnostic information and status messages

The signal converter continuously carries out various diagnostic functions during operation. The diagnostic functions are e.g.:

- Sensor channels and amplifiers checks using reference signals
- Internal voltages against references
- Monitoring of voltages and relevant resistances using references
- CPU memory, OP codes check and temporal monitoring
- Internal communication monitoring
- Electronics temperature monitoring
- Current loop monitoring
- Sensor integrity
- Process conditions
- ...

This diagnostic information is displayed in accordance with NAMUR standard NE 107.

To facilitate identification of the problem source, all messages are sorted into the status groups:

- Sensor
- Configuration
- Electronics
- Process

Each status group has one status signal. There are 16 status groups with fixed status signals and 7 groups with variable status signals.



### **INFORMATION!**

*As status message always the name of the relevant status group and the status signal is displayed.*

The variable status signal can be changed in menu C6.6. Changing the status signal to "Information" switches off the message.

### 6.12.1 Status groups (C6.6.0 Status Groups)

Each status group has a defined status signal and contains several status messages.

\*: Status signal cannot be changed.

F: Failure

C: Function Check

S: Out of Specification

M: Maintenance Required

|    | Status group            | Description                                     |
|----|-------------------------|---|
| F* | Sensor                  | "Failure" in sensor.                            |
| F* | Electronics             | "Failure" in electronics.                       |
| F* | Configuration           | "Failure" in configuration.                     |
| F* | Process                 | "Failure" in process.                           |
| C* | Sensor                  | "Function Check" in sensor.                     |
| C* | Electronics             | "Function Check" in electronics.                |
| C* | Configuration           | "Function Check" in configuration.              |
| C* | Process                 | "Function Check" in process.                    |
| S* | Sensor                  | "Out of Specification" in sensor.               |
| S* | Electronics             | "Out of Specification" in electronics.          |
| S* | Configuration           | "Out of Specification" in configuration.        |
| S* | Process                 | "Out of Specification" in process.              |
| M* | Sensor                  | "Maintenance Required" in sensor.               |
| M* | Electronics             | "Maintenance Required" in electronics.          |
| M* | Configuration           | "Maintenance Required" in configuration.        |
| M* | Process                 | "Maintenance Required" in process.              |
| F  | Proc: Signal Search     | Searching signal.                               |
| S  | Proc: Signal Low        | Signal is low.                                  |
| S  | Proc: 2 Phase Flow      | Two phase flow detected.                        |
| S  | Electr: IO Connection   | Open circuit or too big load at current output. |
| S  | Config: Totaliser       | Overflow of any totaliser.                      |
| I  | Proc: System Control    | System control function active.                 |
| I  | Electr: Power Failure   | Power failure occurred.                         |
| I* | Electr: Operation Info. | Operation information.                          |

Table 6-30: Description of status groups



### 6.12.2 Status log (B1.1.0 Status Log)

The history of status messages is logged by the signal converter with date and time. Menu B1.1.0 shows the log of a status event.



|   |  |
|---|--|
|  | Shows the beginning of a status event. |
|  | Shows the end of a status event.       |

Table 6-31: Symbols for the log of a status event

### 6.12.3 Reset errors (A2.1.0 Reset Errors)

Some diagnostic functions generate latching status messages which need to be acknowledged by the operator. For this purpose use "Reset Errors" in A2.1.0.

## 6.13 Bluetooth interface

For detailed information refer to *Description of Bluetooth interface* on page 140.

## 7.1 Replacing the signal converter electronics



**DANGER!**

*Work on the signal converter electronics may only be performed when disconnected from the power supply.*



**DANGER!**

*Electrical connection is carried out in conformity with the VDE 0100 directive "Regulations for electrical power installations with line voltages up to 1000 V" or equivalent national regulations.*



**DANGER!**

*The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.*



**DANGER!**

*Observe the waiting period for Ex devices.*



**WARNING!**

*Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations.*

*Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.*



- Remove the front panel. Use a small screwdriver to open the plastic clips that hold the display.
- Remove the 2 locking screws.
- Carefully pull the electronics almost completely out of the housing.
- Remove the 2 connecting cables from the electronics before removing the signal converter electronics to be replaced.



- To insert the new electronics, first connect the 2 connecting cables to the electronics.
- Carefully push the electronics back into the housing.
- Tighten the 2 locking screws again and secure the display.

- ➡ The measuring system recognises the hardware replacement when the power supply is switched on.

## 7.2 Driver or sensor coil fault

Typical inductance and resistance values

### 7.2.1 OPTIMASS 1000

The specified values are for guidance only.

| Size (DN) | Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |            |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|
|           | Driver                  | Sensor A/B |
| 15        | 68                      | 84         |
| 25        | 68                      | 64         |
| 40        | 68                      | 84         |
| 50        | 68                      | 64         |

Table 7-1: Typical resistance values

- Driver = black and grey
- Sensor A = green and purple
- Sensor B = white and yellow
- Pt500 = red and blue (530...550  $\Omega$ ) at ambient temperature
- Strain values measuring tube = 420...560  $\Omega$
- Resistance values outside of the ranges specified above may indicate a circuit error. The device may be in "start-up" mode or indicate measuring errors.
- All circuits should be isolated with respect to earth (device housing) and each other >20 M $\Omega$ .
- A driver/sensor coil short circuit may cause the device to be in "start-up" mode.



#### **INFORMATION!**

*Failure of two or more of the upper circuits may indicate a measuring tube error. There may be product in the housing. If this is the case, **depressurise** the process line and immediately remove the measuring device from the process line.*

## 7.2.2 OPTIMASS 2000

The specified values are for guidance only.

| Size (DN) | Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |            |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|
|           | Driver                  | Sensor A/B |
| 100       | 41                      | 108        |
| 150       | 46                      | 87         |
| 250       | 40                      | 87         |
| 400       | 46                      | 84         |

Table 7-2: Typical resistance values

- Driver = black and grey
- Sensor A = green and purple
- Sensor B = white and yellow
- Pt500 = red and blue (530...550  $\Omega$ ) at ambient temperature
- Strain 1 and strain 2 values = 420...580  $\Omega$
- Resistance values outside of the ranges specified above may indicate a circuit error. The device may be in "start-up" mode or indicate measuring errors.
- All circuits should be isolated with respect to earth (device housing) and each other >20 M $\Omega$ .
- A driver/sensor coil short circuit may cause the device to be in "start-up" mode.



**INFORMATION!**

Failure of two or more of the upper circuits may indicate a measuring tube error. There may be product in the housing. If this is the case, **depressurise** the process line and immediately remove the measuring device from the process line.

### 7.2.3 OPTIMASS 3000

The specified values are for guidance only.

| Size (DN) | Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |            |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|
|           | Driver                  | Sensor A/B |
| 01        | 94                      | 140        |
| 03 / 04   | 92                      | 140        |

Table 7-3: Typical resistance values

- Driver = black/violet and grey/orange
- Sensor A = green and purple
- Sensor B = white and yellow
- Pt500 = red and blue (530...550  $\Omega$ ) at ambient temperature
- Resistance values outside of the ranges specified above may indicate a circuit error. The device may be in "start-up" mode or indicate measuring errors.
- All circuits should be isolated with respect to earth (device housing) and each other >20 M $\Omega$ .
- A driver/sensor coil short circuit may cause the device to be in "start-up" mode.



**INFORMATION!**

*Failure of two or more of the upper circuits may indicate a measuring tube error. There may be product in the housing. If this is the case, **depressurise** the process line and immediately remove the measuring device from the process line.*

## 7.2.4 OPTIMASS 6000

The specified values are for guidance only.

| Size (DN) | Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |                 |                             |                 |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
|           | Driver                  |                 | Sensor A - Sensor B         |                 |
|           | black/grey              |                 | purple/green - white/yellow |                 |
|           | Cryo +230°C / +446°F    | +400°C / +752°F | Cryo +230°C / +446°F        | +400°C / +752°F |
| 08        | 72                      | 12              | 273                         | 49              |
| 10        | 68                      | 12              | 273                         | 49              |
| 15        | 68                      | 6               | 273                         | 49              |
| 25        | 42                      | 12              | 185                         | 22.5            |
| 50        | 42                      | 52              | 185                         | 22.5            |
| 80        | 42                      | 52              | 185                         | 22.5            |
| 100       | 42                      | 54              | 185                         | 22.5            |
| S150      | 42                      | 70              | 185                         | 22.5            |
| S200      | 69                      | 68              | 185                         | 22.5            |

Table 7-4: Typical resistance values

|           | Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |                    |
|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------|
|           | Pt500                   | Compensation lines |
|           | red-blue                | red-brown/orange   |
| All sizes | 540 at +20°C / +68°F    | 0.1                |

Table 7-5: Typical RTD resistances

- Resistance values outside of the ranges specified above may indicate a circuit error. The device may be in "start-up" mode or indicate measuring errors.
- All circuits should be isolated with respect to earth (device housing) and each other >20 M $\Omega$ .
- A driver/sensor coil short circuit may cause the device to be in "start-up" mode.



**INFORMATION!**

Failure of two or more of the upper circuits may indicate a measuring tube error. There may be product in the housing. If this is the case, **depressurise** the process line and immediately remove the measuring device from the process line.

## 7.2.5 OPTIMASS 7000

The specified values are for guidance only.

| Size (DN)    | Resistance ( $\Omega$ ) |            |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------|
|              | Driver                  | Sensor A/B |
| 06 / 10      | 91                      | 142        |
| 15           | 73                      | 142        |
| 25           | 69                      | 142        |
| 40 / 50 / 80 | 48                      | 142        |

Table 7-6: Typical resistance values

- Driver = black and grey
- Sensor A = green and purple
- Sensor B = white and yellow
- Pt500 = red and blue (530...550  $\Omega$ ) at ambient temperature
- Resistance values outside of the ranges specified above may indicate a circuit error. The device may be in "start-up" mode or indicate measuring errors.
- All circuits should be isolated with respect to earth (device housing) and each other >20 M $\Omega$ .
- A driver/sensor coil short circuit may cause the device to be in "start-up" mode.

|                             |                           |   |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Strain 1 = red and brown    | OPTIMASS 7000 - all sizes | 420...600 $\Omega$ at ambient temperature |
| Strain 2 = brown and orange | OPTIMASS 7000 - 06...10   | 215...300 $\Omega$ at ambient temperature |
|                             | OPTIMASS 7000 - 15...80   | Short circuited                           |



### **INFORMATION!**

Failure of two or more of the upper circuits may indicate a measuring tube error. There may be product in the housing. If this is the case, **depressurise** the process line and immediately remove the measuring device from the process line.

## 7.3 Spare parts availability

The manufacturer adheres to the basic principle that functionally adequate spare parts for each device or each important accessory part will be kept available for a period of 3 years after delivery of the last production run for the device.

This regulation only applies to spare parts which are subject to wear and tear under normal operating conditions.

## 7.4 Availability of services

The manufacturer offers a range of services to support the customer after expiration of the warranty. These include repair, maintenance, technical support and training.



**INFORMATION!**

*For more precise information, please contact your local sales office.*

## 7.5 Returning the device to the manufacturer

### 7.5.1 General information

This device has been carefully manufactured and tested. If installed and operated in accordance with these operating instructions, it will rarely present any problems.



**WARNING!**

*Should you nevertheless need to return a device for inspection or repair, please pay strict attention to the following points:*

- *Due to statutory regulations on environmental protection and safeguarding the health and safety of the personnel, the manufacturer may only handle, test and repair returned devices that have been in contact with products without risk to personnel and environment.*
- *This means that the manufacturer can only service this device if it is accompanied by the following certificate (see next section) confirming that the device is safe to handle.*



**WARNING!**

*If the device has been operated with toxic, caustic, radioactive, flammable or water-endangering products, you are kindly requested:*

- *to check and ensure, if necessary by rinsing or neutralising, that all cavities are free from such dangerous substances,*
- *to enclose a certificate with the device confirming that it is safe to handle and stating the product used.*



## 7.5.2 Form (for copying) to accompany a returned device



### CAUTION!

To avoid any risk for our service personnel, this form has to be accessible from outside of the packaging with the returned device.

|  |   |                |  |
|--|---|----------------|--|
| Company:   |   | Address:       |  |
| Department:  |   | Name:          |  |
| Telephone number:  |   | Email address: |  |
| Fax number:  |   |                |  |
| Manufacturer order number or serial number:  |   |                |  |
| The device has been operated with the following medium:  |   |                |  |
| This medium is:  | radioactive   |                |  |
|  | water-hazardous   |                |  |
|  | toxic   |                |  |
|  | caustic   |                |  |
|  | flammable   |                |  |
|  | We checked that all cavities in the device are free from such substances. |                |  |
|  | We have flushed out and neutralized all cavities in the device.           |                |  |
| We hereby confirm that there is no risk to persons or the environment caused by any residual media contained in this device when it is returned. |   |                |  |
| Date:  |   | Signature:     |  |
| Stamp:   |   |                |  |

## 7.6 Disposal



### LEGAL NOTICE!

Disposal must be carried out in accordance with legislation applicable in your country.

### Separate collection of WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) in the European Union:



According to the directive 2012/19/EU, the monitoring and control instruments marked with the WEEE symbol and reaching their end-of-life **must not be disposed of with other waste**.

The user must dispose of the WEEE to a designated collection point for the recycling of WEEE or send them back to our local organisation or authorised representative.

## 7.7 Disassembly and recycling

This section describes (in short) the instructions of handling and disassembling the device when its reached end of life or is disposed of after usage. The information given is sufficient to gather the most important parts of the device (by the end-user) which can be used for recycling.

### Product description - Mass signal converter

| Product data / name |                                | Weight / volume of version                 |                            |                 |                   |                 |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Type                | MFC 400                        |  | Compact housing (C)        |                 | Field housing (F) |                 |
|                     |                                |  | Aluminum                   | Stainless steel | Aluminum          | Stainless steel |
| Model               | C and F version                | Weight metallic parts [approx. kg / lb]    | 4 / 8.8                    | 6 / 13.2        | 5 / 11            | 12 / 26.5       |
| Usage               | Signal converter (measurement) | Weight plastic parts [approx. kg / lb]     | 0.7 / 1.5                  |                 | 1 / 2.2           |                 |
|                     |                                | Volume [m <sup>3</sup> / ft <sup>3</sup> ] | 0.027...0.035 / 0.95...1.2 |                 | 0.017 / 0.6       |                 |
|                     |                                | Total weight [kg / lb]                     | 4.7 / 10.3                 | 6.7 / 14.8      | 6 / 13.2          | 13 / 28.7       |

Table 7-7: Weight / volume of version



#### **INFORMATION!**

*The product does not contain harmful gases or liquids.  
The percentage of hazardous substances present in the components comply with RoHS.*



#### **DANGER!**

*The device **MUST** be disconnected from mains power before disassembling.*



#### **CAUTION!**

**Before disassembling the device:**

- *Make sure you have the proper tools needed.*
- *Allen key set*
- *Torx screwdriver T1 and 2*
- *Pozidriv screwdriver PZ1 -2-3*
- *(Adjustable) wrench 10-11 / 18-19 mm*



#### **INFORMATION!**

- *Wear personal protective equipment.*
- *Make sure you use a steady workplace/bench to do the disassembly actions.*

### 7.7.1 Disassembly of aluminum or stainless steel field housing



- Remove all the covers (②, ③, ⑤) on housing and console by unscrewing. Non standard versions can have interlocking headscrews which then have to be unscrewed first with Allen key 4.
- Disconnect all electric cables from connection terminals (if still attached).
- Remove all the cable glands, stopping plug and plastic insert of the housing ①.
- Remove the electronics insert and display ⑥.
- Unscrew the cable terminal in the console ④ and remove the terminal and cable.
- Unscrew the backplane PCB ⑦ inside of the housing, together with the terminal block (T20) and disconnect all the wiring from the terminal block.
- Remove both the plastic cable covers and backplane and push the cabling (feedthrough) inside the housing and remove it then completely.
- By unscrewing of the four M10 bolts, the housing and console can also be separated.
- ➊ All main parts are now disassembled and can be shipped separate for re-usage and/or recycling.

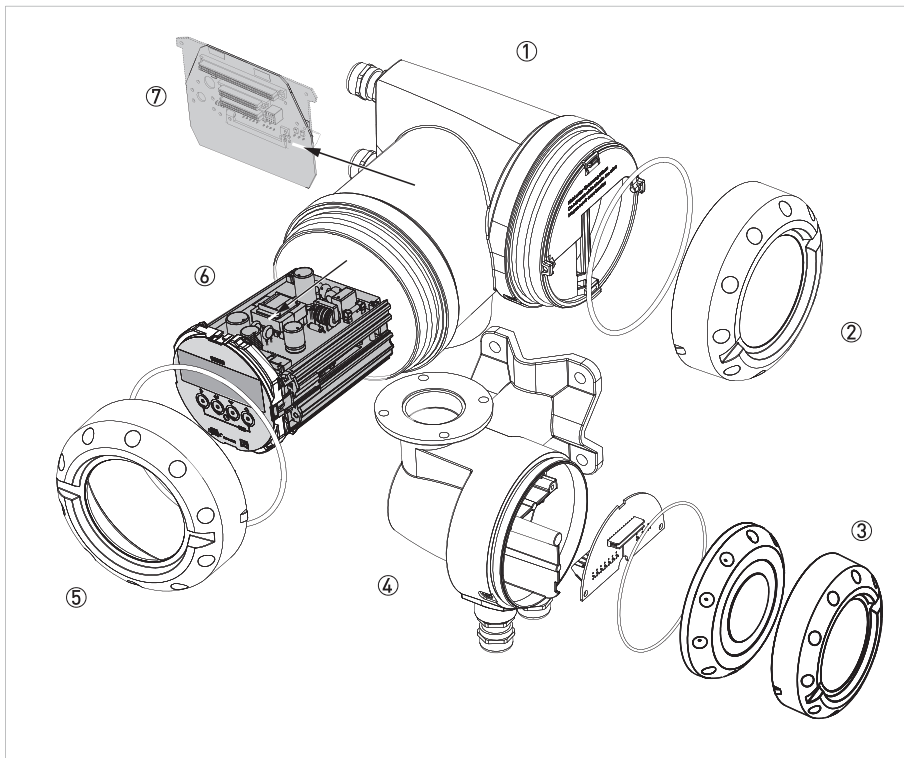


Figure 7-1: Exploded view of field housing

- ① Field housing
- ② Cover of electric and I/O connections compartment
- ③ Cover of sensor connections compartment
- ④ Console sensor connection part
- ⑤ Cover of electronic insert / display compartment (glass window)
- ⑥ Electronic insert with display unit
- ⑦ Backplane PCB for connection inside the housing (varies per version ordered)

### 7.7.2 Disassembly of aluminum or stainless steel compact housing



- Remove all the covers (②, ③) on housing and console by unscrewing. Non standard versions can have interlocking headscrews which then have to be unscrewed first with Allen key 4.
- Disconnect all electric cables from connection terminals (if still attached).
- Remove all the cable glands, stopping plug and plastic insert of the housing ①.
- Remove the electronics insert and display ④.
- Unscrew the backplane PCB ⑤ inside of the housing, together with the terminal block (T20) and disconnect all the wiring from the terminal block.
- Remove both the plastic cable covers and backplane and push the cabling (feedthrough) inside the housing and remove it then completely.
- By unscrewing of the four M10 bolts, the housing and console can also be separated.
- ➡ All main parts are now disassembled and can be shipped separate for re-usage and/or recycling.

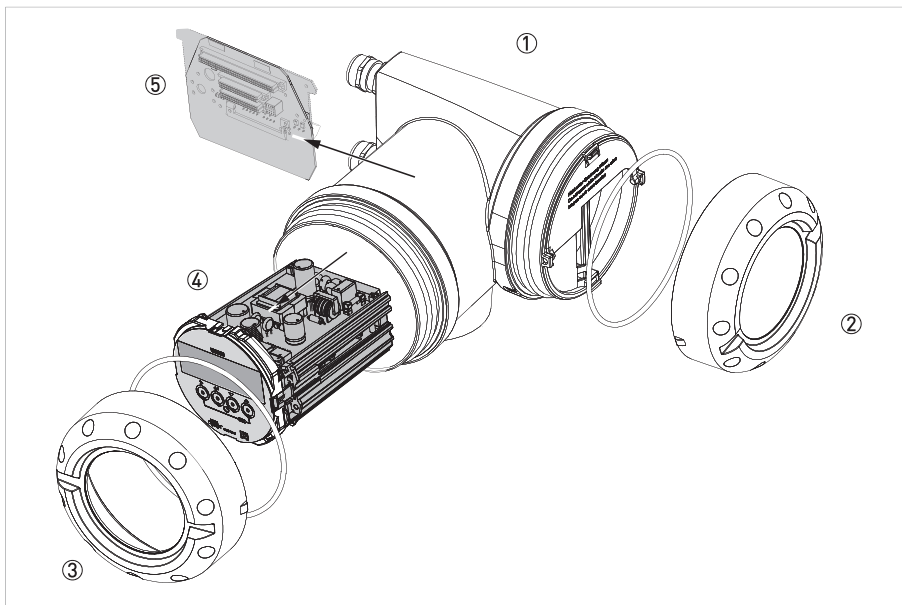


Figure 7-2: Exploded view of compact housing

- ① Field housing
- ② Cover of electric and I/O connections compartment
- ③ Cover of electronic insert / display compartment (glass window)
- ④ Electronic insert with display unit
- ⑤ Backplane PCB for connection inside the housing (varies per version ordered)

### 7.7.3 Location of battery

The battery is located on the PCB as shown in the following figure.



- Remove the battery ⑤ by taking out of the holder.
- Lead it to the re-usage and/or recycling process.

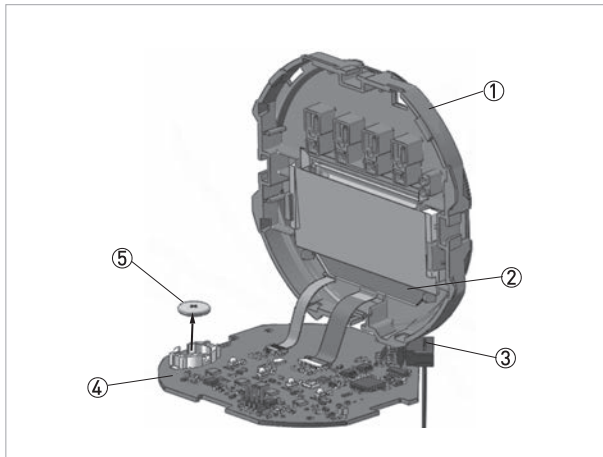


Figure 7-3: Location of battery on display unit

- ① Front panel
- ② LCD display
- ③ Pre-assembled cable
- ④ PCB
- ⑤ Battery

### 7.7.4 Overview of the materials and components

The items mentioned in the listing below are the main parts of the device.

The device can be ordered in different versions. The next tables show the data of the normal (standard) versions with compact and field housing. Please contact our Support Service for details of special versions with additional features.

#### Materials/components, which must be removed and treated separately

| Material<br>(or material code) | Weight |       | Additional information   |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
|                                | [kg]   | [lb]  |  |
| Printed circuit boards         | 0.555  | 1.224 | Tot. average size is approx. 600 cm <sup>2</sup> (± 5%).                                       |
| Electrolyte capacitor          | ①      | ①     | ① Electronic insert (unit) PCB contains approx. 20 cm <sup>3</sup> of electrolytic capacitors. |
| Battery                        | -      | -     | For further information about the battery refer to <i>Location of battery</i> on page 117.     |
| LCD display                    | 0.087  | 0.192 | Cover contains approx. 70 g / 0.15 lb glass screen.  |
| Noble/precious metal           | -      | -     | -  |

Table 7-8: Compact and field version

## Material/components, which can disturb recycling processes

| Material<br>(or material code) | Weight |        | Additional information              |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|
|                                | [kg]   | [lb]   |                                     |
| Mixture ABS / steel            | -      | -      | -                                   |
| Metal mixture                  | 0.0188 | 0.0414 | Bolts, washers, screws, cable clamp |
| Plastics mixture               | -      | -      | -                                   |
| Silicon / rubber               | 0.030  | 0.067  | -                                   |
| PVC & connector parts          | 0.012  | 0.026  | E.g. on cables, display foil        |
| Copper, Brass, other           | 0.024  | 0.053  | Gold-plated connectors, copper wire |

Table 7-9: Compact and field version

## Beneficial material/components, useful for recycling

| Material<br>(or material code) | Weight     |       | Additional information                                   |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------|--|
|                                | [kg]       | [lb]  |  |
| Stainless steel ①              | 12         | 26.5  | ① Only applicable for stainless steel version (housing). |
| Aluminum ②                     | 5          | 11    | ② Aluminum housing version, covers                       |
| Polyamide                      | 0.360      | 0.793 | Compartment inserts, lids                                |
| PCB                            | 0.555      | 1.224 | Complete electronic insert, PB holders                   |
| Cabling                        | -          | -     | All cables are detachable from the device.               |
| Copper content                 | negligible |       | -  |

Table 7-10: Compact and field version

## 8.1 Measuring principle

The signal converter has been designed to work with all the measuring tube designs used in the mass flowmeters. For information regarding the measuring principle for a specific measuring tube design, please refer to the technical documentation of the relevant flow sensor.

## 8.2 Technical data



### INFORMATION!

- *The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local sales office.*
- *Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website (Downloadcenter).*

### Measuring system

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Measuring principle | Coriolis principle  |
| Application range   | Measurement of mass flow, density, temperature, volume flow, flow velocity, concentration |

### Design

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Modular construction               | The measuring system consists of a flow sensor and a signal converter.   |
| <b>Flow sensor</b>                 |  |
| OPTIMASS 1000                      | DN15...50 / 1/2...2"   |
| OPTIMASS 2000                      | DN100...400 / 4...16"  |
| OPTIMASS 3000                      | DN01...04 / 1/25...4/25"   |
| OPTIMASS 6000                      | DN08...250 / 3/8...10"   |
| OPTIMASS 7000                      | DN06...80 / 1/4...3"   |
|                                    | All flow sensors are also available in an Ex version.  |
| <b>Signal converter</b>            |  |
| Compact version (C)                | OPTIMASS x400 C (x = 1, 2, 3, 6 or 7)  |
| Field housing (F) - remote version | MFC 400 F  |
|                                    | Compact and field housing versions are also available in an Ex version.  |
| <b>Options</b>                     |  |
| Outputs / inputs                   | Current output (including HART®), pulse output, frequency output, and/or status output, limit switch and/or control input (depending on the I/O version) |
| Totaliser                          | 2 (optional 3) internal totalisers with a max. of 8 counter places (e.g. for counting volume and/or mass units)  |
| Verification                       | Integrated verification, diagnostic functions: measuring device, process, measured value, stabilisation  |
| Concentration measurement          | Universal concentration measurement, °Brix, °Baume, °Plato, alcohol concentration, NaOH and API density  |
| Communication interfaces           | HART®, Foundation Fieldbus, Profibus PA and DP, PROFINET IO, Modbus, Bluetooth®  |

| <b>Display and user interface</b> |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Graphic display                   | LC display, backlit white.   |
|                                   | Size: 256 x 128 pixels, corresponds to 59 x 31 mm = 2.32" x 1.22"  |
|                                   | Display turnable in 90° steps.   |
|                                   | Ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F may affect the readability of the display.  |
| Operating elements                | 4 push buttons/optical keys for operator control of the signal converter without opening the housing.  |
|                                   | Infrared interface for reading and writing all parameters with IR interface (option) without opening the housing.  |
| Remote operation                  | PACTware™ (including Device Type Manager (DTM))  |
|                                   | HART® Hand Held Communicator from Emerson Process  |
|                                   | AMS® from Emerson Process  |
|                                   | PDM® from Siemens  |
|                                   | All DTMs and drivers are available free of charge from the manufacturer's website.   |
|                                   | OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app via wireless Bluetooth® interface  |
| <b>Display functions</b>          |  |
| Operating menu                    | Setting the parameters using 2 measuring pages, 1 status page, 1 graphic page (measured values and graphics are freely adjustable)   |
| Language display texts            | Available languages: English, German, French, Danish, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Polish, Portuguese, Swedish, Turkish, Norwegian   |
| Measurement functions             | <b>Units:</b> Metric, British and US units selectable as desired from lists for volume/mass flow and counting, velocity, temperature, pressure   |
|                                   | <b>Measured values:</b> Mass flow, total mass, temperature, density, volume flow, total volume, velocity, flow direction (not displayed unit – but available via outputs), Brix, Baume, NaOH, Plato, API, mass concentration, volume concentration   |
| Diagnostic functions              | <b>Standards:</b> VDI / NAMUR / WIB 2650 and NE 107  |
|                                   | <b>Status messages:</b> Output of status messages optional via display, current and/or status output, HART® or bus interface   |
|                                   | <b>Sensor and sensor electronics diagnosis:</b> Sensor signal integrity, sensor and drive coils diagnostics, measurement channels check, comparison of internal signals with references, drive circuit integrity, process temperature, CPU diagnostics, process temperature circuit monitoring, internal data integrity check, redundant calibration |
|                                   | <b>Signal converter and inputs/outputs:</b> Data bus monitoring, current output connections, current readback with redundant calibration, factory calibration integrity, electronics temperature, CPU diagnostics, voltage monitoring  |



**Measuring accuracy**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Reference conditions    | Medium: water                                |
|                         | Temperature: +20°C / +68°F                   |
|                         | Pressure: 1 bar / 14.5 psi                   |
| Maximum measuring error | Refer to technical data for the flow sensor. |

**Operating conditions**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Temperature</b>                        |   |
| Process temperature                       | Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.  |
| Ambient temperature                       | Depending on the version and combination of outputs.<br>It is a good idea to protect the signal converter from external heat sources such as direct sunlight as higher temperatures reduce the life cycle of all electronic components. |
|   | <b>Die-cast aluminum housing:</b><br>SIL device: -40...+55°C / -40...+131°F<br>Non-SIL device: -40...+65°C / -40...+149°F   |
|   | <b>Stainless steel housing:</b><br>SIL device: -40...+55°C / -40...+131°F<br>Non-SIL device: -40...+60°C / -40...+140°F   |
|   | Ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F may affect the readability of the display.   |
| Storage temperature                       | -40...+70°C / -40...+158°F  |
| <b>Pressure</b>                           |   |
| Medium                                    | Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.  |
| Ambient pressure                          | Atmospheric   |
| <b>Chemical properties</b>                |   |
| State of aggregation                      | Liquids, gases and slurries   |
| Flow rate                                 | Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.  |
| <b>Other conditions</b>                   |   |
| Ingress protection according to IEC 60529 | IP66/67 (according to NEMA 4/4X)  |

**Installation conditions**

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Installation          | For detailed information, refer to chapter "Installation".         |
| Dimensions and weight | For detailed information refer to chapter "Dimensions and weight". |

**Materials**

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Signal converter housing | Standard: die-cast aluminum (polyurethane coated)   |
|                          | Option: stainless steel 316 / 1.4408  |
| Flow sensor              | For housing material, process connections, measuring tubes, accessories and gaskets, refer to technical data for the flow sensor. |

**Electrical connection**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| General           | Electrical connection is carried out in conformity with the VDE 0100 directive "Regulations for electrical power installations with line voltages up to 1000 V" or equivalent national specifications. |
| Power supply      | Standard: 100...230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 50/60 Hz  |
|                   | Option: 24 VDC (-55% / +30%)   |
| Power consumption | AC: 22 VA  |
|                   | DC: 12 W   |
| Signal cable      | Only for remote versions.  |
|                   | 10 core shielded cable. Detailed specifications are available on request.  |
|                   | Length: max. 20 m / 65.6 ft  |
| Cable entries     | Standard: M20 x 1.5 (8...12 mm)  |
|                   | Option: 1/2 NPT, PF 1/2  |

## Inputs and outputs

|                              |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| General                      | All outputs are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.<br>All operating data and output values can be adjusted.  |  |
| Description of abbreviations | $U_{ext}$ = external voltage; $R_L$ = load + resistance;<br>$U_0$ = terminal voltage; $I_{nom}$ = nominal current<br><br>Safety limit values [Ex i]:<br>$U_i$ = max. input voltage; $I_i$ = max. input current;<br>$P_i$ = max. input power rating;<br>$C_i$ = max. input capacity; $L_i$ = max. input inductivity |  |
| <b>Current output</b>        |  |  |
| Output data                  | Volume flow, mass flow, temperature, density, flow velocity, diagnostic values, 2-phase signal<br>Concentration and concentration flow are also possible with available concentration measurement (optional).  |  |
| Resolution                   | <1 $\mu$ A   |  |
| Uncertainty                  | $\pm 5$ $\mu$ A  |  |
| Temperature coefficient      | Typically $\pm 30$ ppm/K   |  |
| Settings                     | <b>Without HART®</b><br>$Q = 0\%$ : 0...20 mA; $Q = 100\%$ : 10...20 mA<br>Alarm signal: selectable 0...22 mA<br><br><b>With HART®</b><br>$Q = 0\%$ : 4...20 mA; $Q = 100\%$ : 10...20 mA<br>Alarm signal: selectable 3...22 mA  |  |
| Operating data               | <b>Modular I/Os</b>  | <b>Ex i</b>  |
| Active                       | $U_{int, nom} = 24$ VDC<br><br>$I \leq 22$ mA<br><br>$R_L \leq 1$ k $\Omega$   | $U_{int, nom} = 21$ VDC<br><br>$I \leq 22$ mA<br><br>$R_L \leq 400$ $\Omega$<br><br>$I_0 = 90$ mA<br>$P_0 = 0.5$ W<br>$C_0 = 90$ nF / $L_0 = 2$ mH<br>$C_0 = 110$ nF / $L_0 = 0.5$ mH                  |
| Passive                      | $U_{ext} \leq 30$ VDC<br><br>$I \leq 22$ mA<br><br>$U_0 \geq 1.8$ V<br><br>$R_L \leq (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$  | $U_{ext} \leq 30$ VDC<br><br>$I \leq 22$ mA<br><br>$U_0 \geq 4$ V<br><br>$R_L \leq (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$<br><br>$U_i = 30$ V<br>$I_i = 130$ mA<br>$P_i = 1$ W<br>$C_i = 10$ nF<br>$L_i \sim 0$ mH |

| <b>HART®</b>                                 |   |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|
| Description                                  | HART® protocol via active and passive current output  |                   |
|  | HART® version: V7   |                   |
|  | Universal HART® parameter: completely integrated  |                   |
| Load   | ≥ 230 Ω at HART® test point;<br>Note maximum load for current output!   |                   |
| Multi-Drop operation                         | Disabled loop current mode, output current = 0%, e.g. 4 mA  |                   |
|  | Multi-Drop address adjustable in operation menu 0...63  |                   |
| Device drivers                               | Available for FC 375/475, AMS, PDM, FDT/DTM   |                   |
| Registration (HART Communication Foundation) | Yes   |                   |
| <b>Pulse output or frequency output</b>      |   |                   |
| Output data                                  | Pulse output: volume flow, mass flow, mass or volume of dissolved substance during activated concentration measurement  |                   |
|  | Frequency output: flow velocity, mass flow, temperature, density, diagnostic value<br>Optional: concentration, flow of the dissolved substance  |                   |
| Function                                     | Can be set as a pulse output or frequency output  |                   |
| Pulse rate/frequency                         | 0.01...10000 pulses/s or Hz (5000 Hz for phase-shifted outputs)   |                   |
| Settings                                     | Mass or volume per pulse or max. frequency for 100% flow  |                   |
|  | Pulse width: adjustable as automatic, symmetric or fixed (0.05...2000 ms)   |                   |
| Operating data                               | <b>Modular I/Os</b>   | <b>Fixed I/Os</b> |
| Active                                       | $U_{nom} = 24 \text{ VDC}$  | -                 |
|  | $f_{max}$ in operating menu set to<br>$f_{max} \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$ :<br>$I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$<br><br>open:<br>$I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$<br><br>closed:<br>$U_{0, nom} = 24 \text{ V}$ at $I = 20 \text{ mA}$   |                   |
|  | $f_{max}$ in operating menu set to 100 Hz <<br>$f_{max} \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$ :<br>$I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$<br><br>open:<br>$I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$<br><br>closed:<br>$U_{0, nom} = 22.5 \text{ V}$ at $I = 1 \text{ mA}$<br>$U_{0, nom} = 21.5 \text{ V}$ at $I = 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$U_{0, nom} = 19 \text{ V}$ at $I = 20 \text{ mA}$ |                   |
|  |   |                   |

|                         |   |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Passive                 | $U_{\text{ext}} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$  | -  |
|                         | $f_{\text{max}}$ in operating menu set to<br>$f_{\text{max}} \leq 100 \text{ Hz}$ :<br>$I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$<br><br>open:<br>$I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$ at $U_{\text{ext}} = 32 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>closed:<br>$U_{0, \text{max}} = 0.2 \text{ V}$ at $I \leq 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$U_{0, \text{max}} = 2 \text{ V}$ at $I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$  |  |
|                         | $f_{\text{max}}$ in operating menu set to $100 \text{ Hz} <$<br>$f_{\text{max}} \leq 10 \text{ kHz}$ :<br>$I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$<br><br>open:<br>$I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$ at $U_{\text{ext}} = 32 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>closed:<br>$U_{0, \text{max}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ at $I \leq 1 \text{ mA}$<br>$U_{0, \text{max}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ at $I \leq 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$U_{0, \text{max}} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ at $I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$ |  |
| NAMUR                   | Passive to EN 60947-5-6<br><br>$U_{\text{ext}} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$<br>$R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$<br><br>open:<br>$I_{\text{nom}} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$<br><br>closed:<br>$I_{\text{nom}} = 3.8 \text{ mA}$  | Passive to EN 60947-5-6<br><br>open:<br>$I_{\text{nom}} = 0.43 \text{ mA}$<br><br>closed:<br>$I_{\text{nom}} = 4.5 \text{ mA}$ |
|                         |   | $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$<br>$I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$<br>$P_i = 1 \text{ W}$<br>$C_i = 10 \text{ nF}$<br>$L_i \sim 0 \text{ mH}$      |
| <b>Low flow cut off</b> |   |  |
| Function                | Switching point and hysteresis separately adjustable for each output, counter and the display   |  |
| Switching point         | Set in increments of 0.1%.  |  |
|                         | 0...20% (current output, frequency output)  |  |
| Hysteresis              | Set in increments of 0.1%.  |  |
|                         | 0...20% (current output, frequency output)  |  |
| <b>Damping</b>          |   |  |
| Function                | The time constant corresponds to the elapsed time until 63% of the end value has been reached according to a step function.   |  |
| Settings                | Set in increments of 0.1 seconds.   |  |
|                         | 0...100 seconds   |  |

| <b>Status output / limit switch</b> |   |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Function and settings               | Adjustable as automatic measuring range conversion, display of flow direction, overflow, error or switching point.  |  |
|                                     | Valve control with activated dosing function  |  |
|                                     | Status and/or control: ON or OFF  |  |
| Operating data                      | <b>Modular I/Os</b>   | <b>Fixed I/Os</b>  |
| Active                              | $U_{int} = 24 \text{ VDC}$<br>$I \leq 20 \text{ mA}$<br><br>open:<br>$I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA}$<br><br>closed:<br>$U_{0, nom} = 24 \text{ V at } I = 20 \text{ mA}$   | -  |
| Passive                             | $U_{ext} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>$I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$<br><br>$R_{L, max} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$<br>$R_{L, min} = (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$<br><br>open:<br>$I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA at } U_{ext} = 32 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>closed:<br>$U_{0, max} = 0.2 \text{ V at } I \leq 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$U_{0, max} = 2 \text{ V at } I \leq 100 \text{ mA}$ | -  |
| NAMUR                               | Passive to EN 60947-5-6<br><br>$U_{ext} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$<br>$R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$<br><br>open:<br>$I_{nom} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$<br>closed:<br><br>$I_{nom} = 3.8 \text{ mA}$   | Passive to EN 60947-5-6<br><br>open:<br>$I_{nom} = 0.43 \text{ mA}$<br><br>closed:<br>$I_{nom} = 4.5 \text{ mA}$<br><br>$U_i = 30 \text{ V}$<br>$I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$<br>$P_i = 1 \text{ W}$<br>$C_i = 10 \text{ nF}$<br>$L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$ |

| Control input  |  |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| Function       | Hold value of the outputs (e.g. for cleaning work), set value of the outputs to "zero", counter and error reset, stop counter, range conversion, zero calibration  |  |
|                | Start of dosing when dosing function is activated.   |  |
| Operating data | <b>Modular I/Os</b>  | <b>Fixed I/Os</b>  |
| Active         | $U_{int} = 24 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>External contact open:<br>$U_{0, nom} = 22 \text{ V}$<br><br>External contact closed:<br>$I_{nom} = 4 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Contact open (off):<br>$U_0 \geq 12 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Contact closed (on):<br>$U_0 \leq 10 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$   | -  |
| Passive        | $3 \text{ V} \leq U_{ext} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>$I_{max} = 9.5 \text{ mA}$ at $U_{ext} \leq 24 \text{ V}$<br>$I_{max} = 9.5 \text{ mA}$ at $U_{ext} \leq 32 \text{ V}$<br><br>Contact closed (on):<br>$U_0 \geq 3 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Contact open (off):<br>$U_0 \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$  | $U_{ext} \leq 32 \text{ VDC}$<br><br>$I \leq 6 \text{ mA}$ at $U_{ext} = 24 \text{ V}$<br>$I \leq 6.5 \text{ mA}$ at $U_{ext} = 32 \text{ V}$<br><br>On:<br>$U_0 \geq 5.5 \text{ V}$ with $I \geq 4 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Off:<br>$U_0 \leq 3.5 \text{ V}$ with $I \leq 0.5 \text{ mA}$<br><br>$U_i = 30 \text{ V}$<br>$I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$<br>$P_i = 1 \text{ W}$<br>$C_i = 10 \text{ nF}$<br>$L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$ |
| NAMUR          | Active to EN 60947-5-6<br><br>Terminals open:<br>$U_{0, nom} = 8.7 \text{ V}$<br><br>Contact closed (on):<br>$U_{0, nom} = 6.3 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} > 1.9 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Contact open (off):<br>$U_{0, nom} = 6.3 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} < 1.9 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Detection of cable break:<br>$U_0 \geq 8.1 \text{ V}$ with $I \leq 0.1 \text{ mA}$<br><br>Detection of cable short circuit:<br>$U_0 \leq 1.2 \text{ V}$ with $I \geq 6.7 \text{ mA}$ | -  |

| <b>Profibus DP</b>         |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Description                | Galvanically isolated according to IEC 61158, test voltage 500 VAC RMS  |
|                            | Profile version: 3.02   |
|                            | Automatic data transmission rate recognition (max. 12 MBaud)  |
|                            | Bus address adjustable via local display at the measuring device  |
| Function blocks            | 8 x analogue input (AI), 3 x totaliser  |
| Output data                | Mass flow, volume flow, mass counter 1 + 2, volume counter, product temperature, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data |
| <b>Profibus PA</b>         |   |
| Description                | Galvanically isolated according to IEC 61158, test voltage 600 VAC RMS for Ex i I/O, 500 VAC RMS for other I/O                          |
|                            | Profile version: 3.02   |
|                            | Current consumption: 10.5 mA  |
|                            | Permissible bus voltage: 9...32 V; in Ex application: 9...24 V  |
|                            | Bus interface with integrated reverse polarity protection   |
|                            | Typical error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic): 4.3 mA  |
|                            | Bus address adjustable via local display at the measuring device  |
| Function blocks            | 8 x analogue input (AI), 3 x totaliser  |
| Output data                | Mass flow, volume flow, mass counter 1 + 2, volume counter, product temperature, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data |
| <b>Foundation Fieldbus</b> |   |
| Description                | Galvanically isolated according to IEC 61158, test voltage 600 VAC RMS for Ex i I/O, 500 VAC RMS for other I/O                          |
|                            | Current consumption: 10.5 mA  |
|                            | Permissible bus voltage: 9...32 V; in Ex application: 9...24 V  |
|                            | Bus interface with integrated reverse polarity protection   |
|                            | Link Master function (LM) supported   |
|                            | Tested with Interoperable Test Kit (ITK) version 6.01   |
| Function blocks            | 6 x analogue input (AI), 2 x integrator, 1 x PID  |
| Output data                | Mass flow, volume flow, density, temperature of tube, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data                            |
| <b>Modbus</b>              |   |
| Description                | Galvanically isolated, test voltage 500 VAC RMS   |
|                            | Modbus RTU over RS-485  |
|                            | Receiver input tolerance (baud rate deviation): 3%  |
|                            | RS-485 receiver input resistance: 96 k $\Omega$ = 1/8 unit load   |
|                            | RS-485 driver short-circuit output current: 200 mA  |
|                            | Optionally switchable bus termination: 136 $\Omega$ , 0.5 W   |
|                            | Optionally switchable bus polarisation: 2 x 562 $\Omega$ , 0.2 W  |
|                            | Modbus device DTM is available which allows easy and comfortable communication with the signal converter.                               |
| Address range              | 1...255   |
| Supported function codes   | 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08, 15, 16, 23, 43  |
| Baud rates                 | 1200...115200   |



| <b>PROFINET IO</b>          |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Description                 | PROFINET IO is an Ethernet based communications protocol.  |
|                             | The device features two Ethernet ports with an integrated industrial Ethernet switch.  |
|                             | The Ethernet standard 100BASE-TX is supported.   |
|                             | Additionally, the PHYs support the following features:<br>- Auto negotiation<br>- Auto crossover<br>- Auto polarity  |
| Output data                 | Mass flow, volume flow, flow speed, density, mass or volume counter 1 + 2, product temperature, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data   |
| <b>Bluetooth® interface</b> |  |
| Description                 | The interface offers wireless connectivity to the device via Bluetooth® Low Energy 5.0.  |
|                             | The used frequency range of Bluetooth® Low Energy is 2400...2480 MHz. The maximum output power of the device is 10 mW.   |
|                             | OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app is available for Google Android™ and Apple® iOS mobile devices.  |
|                             | Supported mobile devices must have at least the following features:<br>- Bluetooth® Low Energy 4.0 interface or higher<br><br>For the minimal supported versions of Google Android™ or Apple® iOS refer to the latest version of the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app available in "Google Play™ store" or "Apple App Store". |
| Functionality               | Display status, measurement & diagnostic data  |
|                             | Device parametrization and guided configuration wizards  |
|                             | Advanced diagnostic methods  |
|                             | Full device backup and restore   |

### Approvals and certificates

| CE                                      | This device fulfils the statutory requirements of the relevant EU directives. The manufacturer certifies successful testing of the product by applying the CE mark. |
|---|---|
|   | For full information of the EU directives & standards and the approved certifications, please refer to the CE declaration or the manufacturer website.              |
| Non-Ex                                  | Standard  |
| Functional safety according to EN 61508 | Depends on I/O variant and flow sensor. For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".  |
| <b>Hazardous areas</b>                  |   |
| <b>Option (C version only)</b>          |   |
| ATEX                                    | II 1/2 (1) G - Ex d ia [ia Ga] IIC T6 Ga/Gb   |
|   | II 1/2 (1) G - Ex de ia [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb   |
|   | II 2 (1) G - Ex d ia [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Gb   |
|   | II 2 (1) G - Ex de ia [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Gb  |
|   | II 2 (1) D - Ex t [ia Da] IIIC Txxx Db  |
|   | II 1/2 G - Ex d ia IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb; II 1/2 G - Ex de ia IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb   |
|   | II 2 G - Ex d ia IIC T6...T1 Gb; II 2 G - Ex de ia IIC T6...T1 Gb   |
|   | II 2 D - Ex t IIIC Txxx°C Db  |

| <b>Option (F version only)</b>       |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| ATEX                                 | II 2 (1) G - Ex db [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb   |
|                                      | II 2 (1) G - Ex db eb [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb  |
|                                      | II 2 (1) D - Ex tb [ia Da] IIIC T75°C Db   |
|                                      | II 2 G - Ex db eb [ia] IIC T6 Gb   |
|                                      | II 2 D - Ex tb IIIC T75°C Db   |
| NEPSI                                | Ex d ia [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb; Ex de ia [ia Ga] IIC T6...T1 Ga/Gb                                    |
| <b>Option</b>                        |  |
| FM / CSA                             | FM: Class I, Div 1 groups A, B, C, D<br>CSA: Class I, Div 1 groups C, D                                  |
|                                      | Class II, Div 1 groups E, F, G   |
|                                      | Class III, Div 1 hazardous areas   |
|                                      | FM: Class I, Div 2 groups A, B, C, D<br>CSA: Class I, Div 2 groups C, D                                  |
|                                      | Class II, Div 2 groups E, F, G   |
|                                      | Class III, Div 2 hazardous areas   |
| IECEX                                | Ex zone 1 + 2  |
| <b>Custody transfer</b>              |  |
| Standard                             | Without  |
| Option (in preparation)              | Liquids other than water MID MI005 / OIML R117   |
|                                      | Gases MID MI002 / OIML R137  |
|                                      | Compliance with API and AGA  |
| <b>Other standards and approvals</b> |  |
| Vibration resistance                 | IEC 60068-2-6<br>10 cycles 10-150-10 Hz with: 0.15 mm for 10-60 Hz and 20 m/s <sup>2</sup> for 60-150 Hz |
| NAMUR                                | NE 21, NE 43, NE 53, NE 107  |

## 8.3 Dimensions and weight

### 8.3.1 Housing

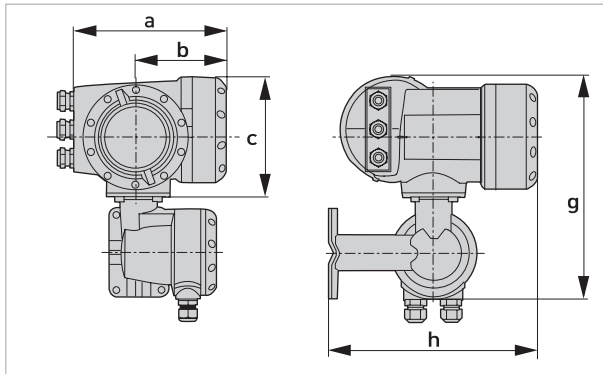


Figure 8-1: Dimensions for field housing (F) - remote version

| Dimensions [mm / inch] |            |            |             |             | Weight [kg / lb] |                         |
|------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| a                      | b          | c          | g           | h           | Aluminum housing | Stainless steel housing |
| 202 / 7.95             | 120 / 4.72 | 155 / 6.10 | 296 / 11.65 | 277 / 10.90 | 6 / 13.2         | 13 / 28.7               |

Table 8-1: Dimensions and weight of field housing



#### **INFORMATION!**

*The total dimensions and weight of the compact device are depending on the nominal diameter and the material of the flow sensor.*

*For detailed information please refer to the relevant flow sensor documentation.*

## 8.3.2 Mounting plate of field housing

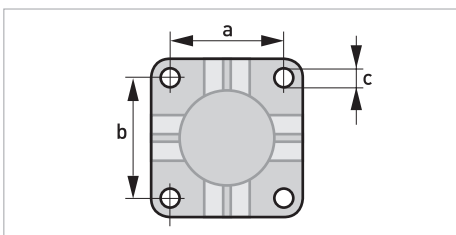


Figure 8-2: Dimensions for mounting plate of field housing

|   | [mm] | [inch] |
|---|------|--------|
| a | 72   | 2.8    |
| b | 72   | 2.8    |
| c | Ø9   | Ø0.4   |

Table 8-2: Dimensions in mm and inch

## 9.1 General description

The open HART<sup>®</sup> protocol, which can be used freely, is integrated into the signal converter for communication.

Devices which support the HART<sup>®</sup> protocol are classified as either operating devices or field devices. When it comes to operating devices (Master), both manual control units (Secondary Master) and PC-supported workstations (Primary Master) are used in, for example, a control centre.

HART<sup>®</sup> field devices include flow sensors, signal converters and actuators. The field devices range from 2-wire to 4-wire to intrinsically safe versions for use in hazardous areas.

The HART<sup>®</sup> data are superimposed over the analogue 4...20 mA signal via FSK modem. This way, all of the connected devices can communicate digitally with one another via the HART<sup>®</sup> protocol while simultaneously transmitting the analogue signals.

When it comes to the field devices and secondary masters, the FSK or HART<sup>®</sup> modem is integrated, whereas with a PC communication takes place via an external modem which must be connected to the serial interface. There are, however, other connection variants which can be seen in the following connection diagrams.

## 9.2 Software history



### **INFORMATION!**

*In the table below, "\_" is a placeholder for possible multi-digit alphanumeric combinations, depending on the available version.*

| Release date | Electronic revision (ER) | HART <sup>®</sup> |             |
|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
|              |                          | Device revision   | DD revision |
| 2020-10-23   | ER2.1.1_                 | 1                 | 2           |

Table 9-1: Software history for HART<sup>®</sup> interface

|                                       |           |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Manufacturer ID:                      | 69 (0x45) |
| Extended Device Type:                 | 0x45BB    |
| Device revision:                      | 1         |
| DD revision:                          | 2         |
| HART <sup>®</sup> Universal Revision: | 7         |
| FC 375/475 system SW.Rev.:            | ≥ 3.3     |
| AMS version:                          | ≥ 12.0    |
| PDM version:                          | ≥ 9.0     |
| FDT version:                          | ≥ 1.2     |

Table 9-2: HART<sup>®</sup> identification codes and revision numbers

### 9.3 Connection variants

The signal converter is a 4-wire device with 4...20 mA current output and HART<sup>®</sup> interface. Depending on the version, the settings and the wiring, the current output can operate as passive or active output.

- **Multi-drop mode is supported**

In a multi-drop communication system, more than 2 devices are connected to a common transmission cable.

- **Burst mode is not supported**

In the Burst mode a slave device transfers cyclic pre-defined response telegrams, to get a higher rate of data transfer.



**INFORMATION!**

*For detailed information about the electrical connection of the signal converter for HART<sup>®</sup>, refer to the section "Electrical connection".*

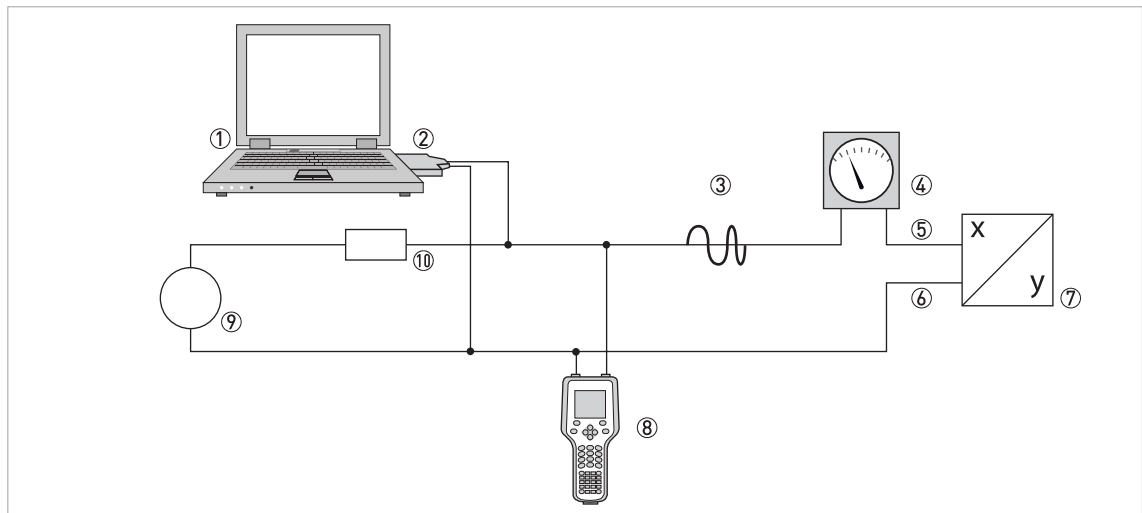
There are two ways of using the HART<sup>®</sup> communication:

- as Point-to-Point connection and
- as multi-drop connection, with 2-wire connection or as multi-drop connection, with 3-wire connection.

### 9.3.1 Point-to-Point connection - analogue / digital mode

Point-to-Point connection between the signal converter and the HART® Master.

The current output of the device may be active or passive.



**Figure 9-1: Point-to-Point connection**

- ① Primary master
- ② FSK modem or HART® modem
- ③ HART® signal
- ④ Analogue indication
- ⑤ Signal converter terminals C
- ⑥ Signal converter terminals C-
- ⑦ Signal converter with address = 0 and passive or active current output
- ⑧ Secondary Master
- ⑨ Power supply for devices (slaves) with passive current output
- ⑩ Load  $\geq 230 \Omega$

### 9.3.2 Multi-Drop connection (2-wire connection)

In the case of a multi-drop connection, up to 15 devices may be installed in parallel (this signal converter and other HART<sup>®</sup> devices).

The current outputs of the devices must be passive!

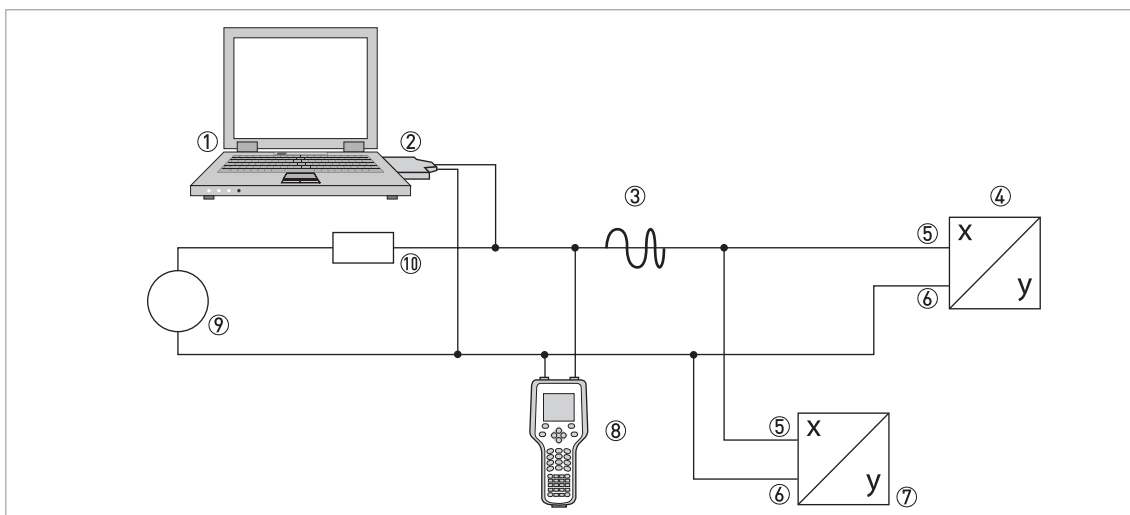


Figure 9-2: Multi-Drop connection (2-wire connection)

- ① Primary Master
- ② HART<sup>®</sup> modem
- ③ HART<sup>®</sup> signal
- ④ Other HART<sup>®</sup> devices or this signal converter (refer also to ⑦)
- ⑤ Signal converter terminals C
- ⑥ Signal converter terminals C-
- ⑦ Signal converter with address > 0 and passive current output, connection of max. 15 devices (slaves) with 4...20 mA
- ⑧ Secondary Master
- ⑨ Power supply
- ⑩ Load  $\geq 230 \Omega$



### 9.3.3 Multi-Drop connection (3-wire connection)

Connection of 2-wire and 4-wire devices in the same network. In order that the current output of the signal converter is working continuously active, an additional third wire must be connected to the devices in the same network. These devices must be powered via a 2-wire loop.

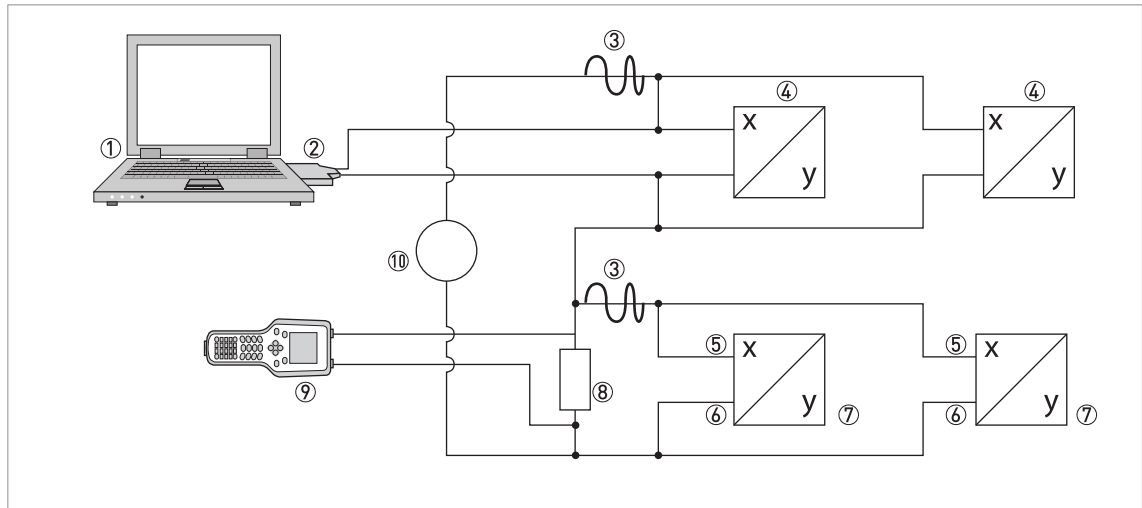


Figure 9-3: Multi-Drop connection (3-wire connection)

- ① Primary Master
- ② HART<sup>®</sup> modem
- ③ HART<sup>®</sup> signal
- ④ 2-wire external devices (slaves) with 4...20 mA, addresses > 0, powered by current loop
- ⑤ Signal converter terminals C
- ⑥ Signal converter terminals C-
- ⑦ Connection of active or passive 4-wire devices (slaves) with 4...20 mA, addresses > 0
- ⑧ Load  $\geq 230 \Omega$
- ⑨ Secondary Master
- ⑩ Power supply

## 9.4 Inputs/outputs and HART dynamic variables and device variables

The signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

The connection of the terminals A...D to the HART<sup>®</sup> dynamic variables PV, SV, TV and 4V depends on the device version.

PV = Primary Variable; SV = Secondary Variable; TV = Tertiary Variable; 4V = Fourth Variable

| Signal converter version                       | HART <sup>®</sup> dynamic variable |    |    |    |
|--|------------------------------------|----|----|----|
|  | PV                                 | SV | TV | 4V |
| Modular I/O and Ex i I/O, connection terminals | C                                  | D  | A  | B  |

Table 9-3: Connection of the terminals to the HART<sup>®</sup> dynamic variables

The signal converter can provide up to 24 measurement-related values. The measured values are accessible as so-called HART<sup>®</sup> device variables and can be connected to the HART<sup>®</sup> dynamic variables. The availability of these variables depends on the device versions and the settings.

Code = device variable code

| HART <sup>®</sup> device variable | Code | Type   | Explanations  |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------|---|
| Flow Velocity                     | 0    | linear |   |
| Volume Flow                       | 1    | linear |   |
| Mass Flow                         | 2    | linear |   |
| Temperature                       | 3    | linear |   |
| Density                           | 4    | linear |   |
| Sensor Average                    | 5    | linear | Diagnostic value, optional, available when one of the diagnostic channels (1 or 2) is set to "Sensor Average".                      |
| Sensor Deviation                  | 6    | linear | Diagnostic value, optional, available when one of the diagnostic channels (1 or 2) is set to "Sensor Deviation".                    |
| Drive Level                       | 7    | linear | Diagnostic value, optional, available when one of the diagnostic channels (1 or 2) is set to "Drive Level".                         |
| Tube Frequency                    | 8    | linear | Diagnostic value, optional, available when one of the diagnostic channels (1 or 2) is set to "Tube Frequency".                      |
|                                   | 9    | linear |   |
|                                   | 10   | linear |   |
| 2 Phase Signal                    | 11   | linear | Diagnostic value, optional, available when one of the diagnostic channels (1 or 2) is set to "2 Phase Signal".                      |
| Concentration 1                   | 12   | linear | Available when concentration measurement is switched on.  |
| Concentration 2                   | 13   | linear | Available when concentration measurement is switched on and Concentration 2 is not switched off.                                    |
| Concentration Flow 1 Mass         | 14   | linear | Available when concentration measurement is switched on and concentration mode 1 does not measure % volume or % alcohol per volume. |

| HART® device variable          | Code | Type      | Explanations  |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------|---|
| Concentration Flow 1<br>Volume | 15   | linear    | Available when concentration measurement is switched on and Concentration mode 1 measures % volume or % alcohol per volume.   |
| Concentration Flow 2<br>Mass   | 16   | linear    | Available when concentration measurement is switched on and Concentration 2 is not switched off and Concentration mode 1 does not measure % volume or % alcohol per volume. |
| Concentration Flow 2<br>Volume | 17   | linear    | Available when concentration measurement is switched on and Concentration 2 is not switched off and Concentration mode 2 measures % volume or % alcohol per volume.         |
| Totaliser 1 Mass               | 18   | Totaliser |   |
| Totaliser 1 Volume             | 19   | Totaliser |   |
| Totaliser 2 Mass               | 20   | Totaliser |   |
| Totaliser 2 Volume             | 21   | Totaliser |   |
| Totaliser 3 Mass               | 22   | Totaliser | Depends on hardware configuration   |
| Totaliser 3 Volume             | 23   | Totaliser | Depends on hardware configuration   |

Table 9-4: Description of the HART® device variables

For the dynamic variables connected to the linear analogue outputs for current and/or frequency, the assignment of the device variables takes place by selecting the linear measurement for these outputs under the appropriate function of the signal converter. It follows that the dynamic variables connected to current or frequency outputs can only be assigned to the linear HART® device variables.

The HART® dynamic variable PV is always connected to the HART® current output.

A totaliser device variable can thus not be assigned to the dynamic variable PV because the PV is always connected to the HART® current output.

Such correlations do not exist for dynamic variables not connected to linear analogue outputs. Both linear and totaliser device variables can be assigned.

The totaliser device variables can only be assigned to the dynamic variables SV, TV and 4V if the connected output is not a current or frequency output.

The signal converter is optionally equipped with a Bluetooth® interface. This interface provides wireless access to the signal converter for convenient parametrisation and service diagnosis via standard mobile devices, such as smartphones or tablet computers.

The interface is accessed by the KROHNE OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app, which is available for Google Android™ and Apple® iOS operation systems.

## 10.1 Introduction

### 10.1.1 Functionality

The OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app offers the following functionality:

- Display device status (NE107 status, error messages and counter measures)
- Display and visualise measurement values
- Device parametrisation
- Guided configuration wizards (e.g. for EGM™ (Entrained Gas Management), NE107 status mapping, zero calibration, density calibration and configuration of the current outputs)
- Advanced diagnostic methods (device snapshot)
- Full device backup and restore
- Available for Google Android™ and Apple® iOS

### 10.1.2 Quick start guide

- Prepare the field device for a Bluetooth® connection (for details refer to *Field device setup* on page 142).
- Install the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app on your mobile device (for details refer to *Installation of the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app* on page 146).
- Open the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app.
  - A list of available devices is displayed.
  - Select the appropriate device and establish a connection by entering the device-specific Bluetooth® password (for details refer to *Password for the Bluetooth interface (C8.2.0 Password)* on page 144).
- Use the app to access the functionality of the device via a wireless connection.

## 10.2 Security considerations

Remote access to the signal converter via Bluetooth® requires additional security mechanisms. The existing perimeter security (i.e. limited physical access) is no longer sufficient, because wireless connections do not require physical access to the signal converter.

### 10.2.1 Wireless security concept

The converter is equipped with a multi-layered wireless security concept. It offers a high level of protection and can be adapted to the needs of the application. It consists of the following mechanisms:

- **Bluetooth® access level:**  
Disable the Bluetooth® interface or limit it to read-only mode (for details refer to *Bluetooth access level* on page 142).
- **Password-based authentication:**  
A password must be entered before a wireless connection is established (for details refer to *Password for the Bluetooth interface (C8.2.0 Password)* on page 144).
- **Security lockout:**  
Entering a wrong password will temporarily disable the Bluetooth® interface (for details refer to *Reset Bluetooth lockout (A2.7.0, C8.4.0)* on page 145).
- **Firewall:**  
Prevents denial-of-service attacks and ensures the SIL operation cannot be manipulated via the wireless interface (for details refer to *Bluetooth interface and SIL mode* on page 141).
- **Encryption:**  
Data exchanged via the wireless link is protected against interception and manipulation using strong encryption.
- **Update mechanism:**  
The firmware of the Bluetooth® interface can be updated wirelessly via the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app. This permits security updates without interrupting the operation of the signal converter.

### 10.2.2 Bluetooth interface and SIL mode

The Bluetooth® interface has no impact on the SIL mode of the device. Bluetooth® can be enabled even if the device is in SIL mode. For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".

Note the following restrictions:

- Activation or deactivation of the SIL mode is not possible via the Bluetooth® interface.
- SIL-relevant parameters cannot be changed once the device is in SIL mode.

## 10.3 Field device setup

The Bluetooth® interface is an optional feature and must be purchased before it can be used. Please contact your sales representative on information how to order and activate the Bluetooth® feature, if it is not yet available.

For security reasons, the Bluetooth® interface must be parametrised and enabled locally at the field device before a connection is possible. Once enabled successfully, the Bluetooth® interface state is indicated in the header line of the local display (for details refer to *Display and operating elements* on page 54).

The following steps are necessary for the initial setup of the Bluetooth® interface:

1. Set the maximum access level via the mechanical switch (for details refer to *Bluetooth access level setting via mechanical switch* on page 143).
2. Further limit the access level via a software setting (for details refer to *Bluetooth access level setting via software (C8.1.0 Access Level)* on page 144).
3. Look up or modify the password for the Bluetooth® interface (for details refer to *Password for the Bluetooth interface (C8.2.0 Password)* on page 144).

### 10.3.1 Bluetooth access level

The Bluetooth® access level is used to limit the remote access to the field device via the Bluetooth® interface. The following access levels can be selected:

| Access level | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| No access    | The Bluetooth® interface is disabled. No connection is possible.   |
| Read only    | The Bluetooth® interface is enabled. Parameters of the field device can be read. Parameter changes are not possible. |
| Read + Write | The Bluetooth® interface is enabled. Reading and modification of field device parameters are possible.               |

Table 10-1: Access levels for the Bluetooth® interface

The access level is set by two mechanisms: A mechanical switch and a software setting.

The mechanical switch is located at the backside of the display and can be operated only when the housing of the signal converter is opened. The setting of the mechanical switch takes precedence over the software setting and provides high security for use cases, in which access via the Bluetooth® interface must be limited.

| Mechanical switch (switch position) | Software setting | Resulting access level |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| No access (OFF)                     | No access        | No access ①            |
| Read only (R/-)                     | No access        | No access              |
|                                     | Read only        | Read only              |
| Read + Write (R/W)                  | No access        | No access              |
|                                     | Read only        | Read only              |
|                                     | Read + Write     | Read + Write           |

Table 10-2: Access level selection via mechanical switch and software settings

① If the mechanical switch is in the OFF position, the Bluetooth® interface is disabled by a hardware mechanism. No activation via software is possible.

It is recommended to set the mechanical switch to the most permissive level which is acceptable for the application. Further limitations can be performed via software settings without opening the field device housing.

Note that application specific locks (for details refer to *Locking of configuration* on page 100) have a higher priority than the access level of the Bluetooth® interface and will prevent any modification of locked parameters, even though the access level "Read + Write" is selected.

### 10.3.2 Bluetooth access level setting via mechanical switch

The mechanical switch is the primary method to define the access level. It is located at the back of the display. To change the position of the mechanical switch, the housing of the signal converter must be opened, and the display must be detached (for details refer to *Turning the display of the field housing version* on page 21).

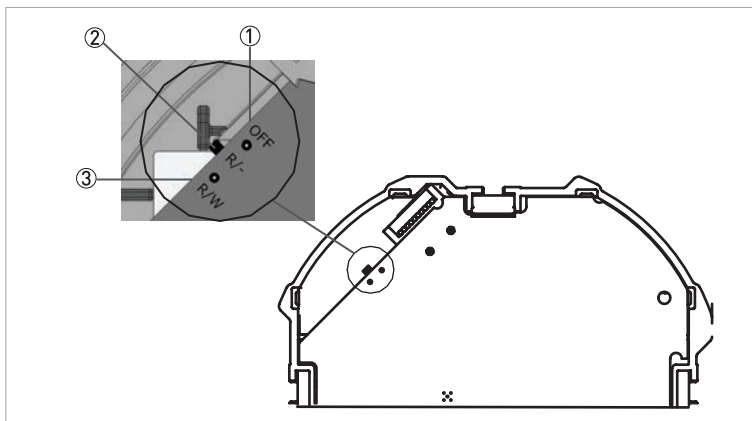


Figure 10-1: Position of mechanical switch

- ① "OFF" position: No access
- ② "R/-" position: Read only
- ③ "R/W" position: Read + Write

### 10.3.3 Bluetooth access level setting via software (C8.1.0 Access Level)

The access level can be further limited by a software setting in menu C8.1.0. The available options depend on the position of the mechanical switch. For details refer to previous section.



**INFORMATION!**

*The software setting may change when the mechanical switch is operated. Therefore, the position of the mechanical switch must be selected before the access is further limited via the software setting.*

### 10.3.4 Password for the Bluetooth interface (C8.2.0 Password)

The password for the Bluetooth® interface is used for authentication of the wireless connection and must be entered in the mobile device to establish a connection to the field device. The password must be kept secret and must only be known by authorised personnel.

Each device is shipped with a unique and randomly generated password. The initial password can be looked up by navigating to the menu C8.2.0 (Password). If necessary, the initial password can be changed by entering a new password in menu C8.2.0.

The password must comply to the following rules:

- Alphanumeric characters (a...z, A...Z, 0...9) in addition to the letters ‘.’, ‘/’, ‘-’, ‘\_’, ‘2’ and ‘3’
- Minimum length: 4 characters
- Maximum length: 16 characters
- Trailing whitespaces are ignored (i.e. spaces after the last character are not part of the password)

Note that the write access authentication level "Operator" (for details refer to *Locking of configuration* on page 100) is required to view or modify the Bluetooth® password via the local display. Enabling the write access authentication therefore protects the password against unauthorised lookup or modification locally at the device.

**For security reasons, it is strongly recommended:**

- Select a unique password for each device.
- Set a sufficiently strong password according to your company security guidelines (e.g. at least 8 characters, combination of letter and numbers).
- Do not use passwords which can be guessed easily, or which can be found in a dictionary.
- Only grant knowledge of the password to authorised personnel.
- Change the password immediately if there is reason to suspect that unauthorised personnel have gained knowledge of the password.



### 10.3.5 LED Signalling (C8.3.0)

The connection status of the Bluetooth® interface can be signalled via the MS (S1) LED on the local display (for details refer to *Display and operating elements* on page 54). The functionality can be turned on and off by menu C8.3.0.

The LED signalling for the Bluetooth® interface may not be available for all signal converter configurations.

If the LED signalling is enabled, the Bluetooth® connection status is indicated via the MS (S1) LED:

| MS (S1) LED | Blink pattern          | Description  |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| Off         | -                      | Bluetooth® interface turned off                    |
| Blue        | Constant on            | Bluetooth® interface enabled, ready for connection |
| Blue        | Fast blinking (1 Hz)   | Bluetooth® interface connected, read & write mode  |
| Blue        | Slow blinking (0.5 Hz) | Bluetooth® interface connected, read-only mode     |

Table 10-3: Status indication

### 10.3.6 Reset Bluetooth lockout (A2.7.0, C8.4.0)

The Bluetooth® connectivity is temporarily disabled in case of a failed authentication. This can happen if a wrong password was entered and prevents brute-force attacks by iterating over all possible passwords.

The duration of the lockout increases with the number of consecutively failed authentications (range: 1 s...1 h). After 10 authentications have failed in a row, the Bluetooth® interface is disabled permanently and must be unlocked at the signal converter.

If the device is in a temporary or permanent lockout phase, the lockout can be removed immediately by one of the following actions:

- "Reset BT Lockout" via menu (A2.7.0, C8.4.0).
- "Reset all Errors" (A2.1.0, C6.2.0). Note that this may also reset other errors in the device.
- Power cycling the signal converter.

### 10.3.7 Check Bluetooth connection status (B1.7.1)

The status of the Bluetooth® interface is displayed in detail in menu B1.7.1:

| Connection status | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| Off               | Bluetooth® interface turned off.  |
| Advertising       | Bluetooth® interface is enabled and ready for connection.   |
| Connected         | Bluetooth® interface connected.   |
| Lockout           | Bluetooth® is temporarily or permanently disabled due to failed authentications (for details refer to <i>Reset Bluetooth lockout (A2.7.0, C8.4.0)</i> on page 145). |

Table 10-4: Status of the Bluetooth® interface

### 10.3.8 Login history (B1.7.2, B1.7.3)

The date and time of the last successful and the last failed authentication attempts are displayed via menu B1.7.2 (last successful authentication) and B1.7.3 (last failed authentication). If there was no authentication attempt, a "Value invalid" message is displayed.

The information can be useful to check if there have been unexpected login attempts via Bluetooth®. Note that the login history is reset when a power cycle of the device is performed.

## 10.4 Installation of the OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app

The OPTICHECK Flow Mobile app is available for supported devices via "Google Play™ store" and "Apple App Store".

Perform the following steps for installation:

- Ensure your mobile device is connected to the internet.
- Open the app store (e.g. "Google Play™ store" on Android™ devices or "App Store" on Apple® devices)
- Type "KROHNE OPTICHECK Flow Mobile" in the search field.
- Follow the instructions to install and start the app.

For advanced users and special use-cases a package (.apk) for manual installation on Android™ can be obtained via the download area on the manufacturer homepage. However, the automatic installation via the app store is strongly recommended.

## 10.5 FCC and ISED statements

### FCC statements

#### RF Exposure

The equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The equipment should be operated with minimum distance of 20 cm between the device and user's body. End users must follow the operation instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

#### §15.19(3)

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### §15.21

Caution: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### §15.105(a)

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### Contact for FCC queries:

[fcc-approval@krohne.com](mailto:fcc-approval@krohne.com)

**ISED statements, CAN ICES-3 (A)/NMB-3(A)**

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s).

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

(1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

**RF Exposure**

The equipment complies with ISED RSS-102 radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

The equipment should be operated with minimum distance of 20 cm between the device and user's body. End users must follow the operation instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

**Contact for ISED queries:**

ised-approval@krohne.com







## KROHNE – Products, Solutions and Services

- Process instrumentation for flow, level, temperature, pressure measurement and process analytics
- Flow metering, monitoring, wireless and remote metering solutions
- Engineering, commissioning, calibration, maintenance and training services

Head Office KROHNE Messtechnik GmbH  
Ludwig-Krohne-Str. 5  
47058 Duisburg (Germany)  
Tel.: +49 203 301 0  
Fax: +49 203 301 10389  
info@krohne.com

The current list of all KROHNE contacts and addresses can be found at:  
[www.krohne.com](http://www.krohne.com)

