Operating Instructions **Memosens COS81D**

Hygienic, optical sensor for measuring oxygen







EU Declaration of Conformity

EU-Konformitätserklärung **EU-Declaration of Conformity** Déclaration UE de Conformité



Company Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG

Dieselstraße 24, 70839 Gerlingen, Germany

erklärt als Hersteller in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass das Produkt declares as manufacturer under sole responsibility, that the product déclare sous sa seule responsabilité en qualité de fabricant que le produit

Product

Oxymax H COS81D-BA****3

Regulations den folgenden Europäischen Richtlinien entspricht:

conforms to following European Directives: est conforme aux prescription des Directives Européennes suivantes :

2014/30/EU (L96/79) 2014/34/EU (L96/309) 2011/65/EU (L174/88) RoHS

Standards angewandte harmonisierte Normen oder normative Dokumente:

applied harmonized standards or normative documents: normes harmonisées ou documents normatifs appliqués :

EN 61326-1 (2013)EN 60079-0 (2012) A11:2013 EN 60079-11 (2012)

EN 61326-2-3 EN 50581 (2013) (2012)

BVS 12 ATEX E 121 X

EG-Baumusterprüfbescheinigung Nr. EC-Type Examination Certificate No. Numéro de l'attestation d'examen CE de type

Ausgestellt von/issued by/délivré par DEKRA EXAM GmbH (0158)

 $\label{eq:Quality} Quality \ assurance / Système \ d'assurance \\ \quad DEKRA \ EXAM \ GmbH \ (0158) \\ qualité$

Gerlingen, 03.08.2017

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG

i. V. Jörg-Martin Müller Technology

Technology Certifications and Approvals

EC_00577_01.17

Certification

Memosens COS81D Table of contents

Table of contents

1	About this document 4
1.1	Warnings 4
1.2	Symbols 4
2	Basic safety instructions 5
2.1	Requirements for the personnel 5
2.2	Designated use 5
2.3	Occupational safety
2.4 2.5	Operational safety 6 Product safety 6
3	Device description, function 8
3.1	Optical measuring principle 8
3.2	Sensor design
3.3	Memosens technology 9
3.4	Spot cap
3.5	Stabilization time
4	Incoming acceptance and product
	identification
4.1	Incoming acceptance
4.2	Product identification
4.3	Scope of delivery
4.4	Certificates and approvals
5	Installation
5.1	Installation conditions
5.2	Mounting the sensor
5.3 5.4	Installation examples17Post-installation check20
6	Electrical connection 21
6.1	Connecting the sensor 21
6.2	Ensuring the degree of protection 21
6.3	Post-connection check 21
7	Calibration and adjustment 22
7.1	Types of calibration
7.2	Zero point calibration
7.3	Calculation in oxygen with 100% rH 23
7.4	Calculation example for the calibration value
8	Commissioning
9	Troubleshooting
10	Maintenance
10.1	Maintenance schedule 28

10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6	Maintenance tasks	28 28 29 30 33
11	Accessories	34
11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4 11.5	Assemblies (selection) Measuring cable Zero-point gel Junction box RM Transmitter	34 35 35 35 35
12	Repair	37
12.1 12.2 12.3	Spare parts and consumables	37 37 37
13	Technical data	38
13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5	Input	38 38 38 39 39
14	Appendices	42
Inde	x	43

About this document Memosens COS81D

1 About this document

1.1 Warnings

Structure of information	Meaning			
▲ DANGER Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation will result in a fatal or serious injury.			
▲ WARNING Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation can result in a fatal or serious injury.			
Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.			
NOTICE Cause/situation If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Action/note	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.			

1.2 Symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
i	Additional information, tips	
✓	Permitted or recommended	
×	Not permitted or not recommended	
	Reference to device documentation	
	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
L_	Result of a step	

Memosens COS81D Basic safety instructions

2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system may be carried out only by specially trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized by the plant operator to carry out the specified activities.
- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- Faults at the measuring point may only be rectified by authorized and specially trained personnel.
- Repairs not described in the Operating Instructions provided must be carried out only directly at the manufacturer's site or by the service organization.

2.2 Designated use

The sensor is designed for continuous measurement of dissolved oxygen in water and aqueous solutions, and also for continuous measurement of oxygen in gases.

The sensor is particularly suitable for:

- Monitoring inertization equipment in the food industry
- Monitoring, measuring and regulating the oxygen content in chemical processes
- Monitoring of fermentation processes

NOTICE

Halogen-containing solvents, ketones and toluene

Halogen-containing solvents (dichloromethane, chloroform), ketones (e.g. acetone, pentanone) and toluene have a cross-sensitive effect and result in decreased measured values or, at worst, in the complete failure of the sensor!

▶ Use the sensor only in media that are free from halogens, ketones and toluene.

For non-contact digital data transmission, the sensor must be connected to the digital input of the Liquiline transmitter using the CYK10 measuring cable.

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described, poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system and is therefore not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

2.3 Occupational safety

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation quidelines
- Local standards and regulations
- Regulations for explosion protection

Electromagnetic compatibility

- The product has been tested for electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with the applicable international standards for industrial applications.
- The electromagnetic compatibility indicated applies only to a product that has been connected in accordance with these Operating Instructions.

Basic safety instructions

Memosens COS81D

2.4 Operational safety

Before commissioning the entire measuring point:

- 1. Verify that all connections are correct.
- 2. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are undamaged.
- 3. Do not operate damaged products, and protect them against unintentional operation.
- 4. Label damaged products as defective.

During operation:

► If faults cannot be rectified: products must be taken out of service and protected against unintentional operation.

2.5 Product safety

2.5.1 State of the art

The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The relevant regulations and international standards have been observed.

2.5.2 Electrical equipment in hazardous areas

ATEX II 1G / IECEx Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

The Memosens inductive sensor cable connection system, consisting of:

- oxygen sensor Oxymax COS81D and
- measuring cable CYK10/CYK20
- \blacksquare A maximum ambient temperature of 90 °C (194 °F) must not be exceeded at the sensor head.
- The certified Oxymax COS81D oxygen sensor, in conjunction with the CYK10 measuring cable, may be connected only to certified, intrinsically safe, digital sensor circuits of the Liquiline M CM42 transmitter. The electrical connection must be made according to the wiring diagram.
- Oxygen sensors for use in the Ex area have a special conductive O-ring. The electrical connection of the metallic sensor shaft to the conductive mounting location (such as a metallic assembly) is via the O-ring.
- You must connect the assembly or the installation location to ground according to the Ex guidelines.
- The sensors must not be operated under electrostatically critical process conditions.
 Avoid strong steam or dust currents that act directly on the connection system.
- Hazardous area versions of digital sensors with Memosens technology are indicated by a red-orange ring in the plug-in head.
- The maximum permitted cable length between the sensor and transmitter is 100 m (330 ft).
- Full compliance with regulations for electrical systems in hazardous locations (EN/IEC 60079-14) is mandatory when using the devices and sensors.

CSA C/ US: Class I, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T6...T4 Ga and IS Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C and D T6...T4

Pay attention to the XA and control drawing for the transmitter used.

The relevant XA with the control drawing is available in the Download Area of the product page under www.endress.com.

Memosens COS81D Basic safety instructions

Temperature classes ATEX, IECEx, CSA C/ US and NEPSI

ATEX II 1G Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

Туре	Medium temperature T_a for temperature class (T_n)		
COS81D - BA****13	-10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 130 °C (T3) -10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 120 °C (T4) -10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 70 °C (T6)		
COS81D - BA****33	$0 {}^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 130 {}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T3)}$ $0 {}^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 120 {}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T4)}$ $0 {}^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 70 {}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T6)}$		

IECEx Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

Туре	Medium temperature T_a for temperature class (T_n)
COS81D - IA****13	$-10 ^{\circ}$ C ≤ Ta ≤ 130 $^{\circ}$ C (T3) $-10 ^{\circ}$ C ≤ Ta ≤ 120 $^{\circ}$ C (T4) $-10 ^{\circ}$ C ≤ Ta ≤ 70 $^{\circ}$ C (T6)
COS81D - IA****33	$0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 130 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T3)}$ $0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 120 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T4)}$ $0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T6)}$

CSA C/ US: Class I, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T6...T4 Ga and IS Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C and D T6...T4 $\,$

Туре	Medium temperature T _a for temperature class (T _n)		
COS81D -C3****13	-10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 120 °C (T4) -10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 70 °C (T6)		
COS81D - C3****33	0 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 120 °C (T4) 0 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 70 °C (T6)		

NEPSI Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

Туре	Medium temperature T_a for temperature class (T_n)		
COS81D - NA***13	-10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 130 °C (T3) -10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 120 °C (T4) -10 °C ≤ Ta ≤ 70 °C (T6)		
COS81D - NA****33	$0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 130 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T3)}$ $0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 120 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T4)}$ $0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (T6)}$		

3 Device description, function

3.1 Optical measuring principle

Sensor structure

Oxygen-sensitive molecules (markers) are integrated into the optically active layer (fluorescence layer).

The fluorescence layer, an optical insulating layer and a cover layer are applied on top of one another on the carrier. The cover layer is in direct contact with the medium.

The sensor optics are directed at the rear of the carrier and therefore at the fluorescence layer.

Measurement process (principle of quenching)

If the sensor is immersed in the medium, an equilibrium is very quickly established between the oxygen partial pressure in both the medium and the fluorescence layer.

- 1. The sensor optics send orange light pulses to the fluorescence layer.
- 2. The markers "respond" (fluoresce) with darkred light pulses.
 - The decay time and intensity of the response signals are directly dependent on the oxygen contents and oxygen partial pressure.

If the medium is free from oxygen, the decay time is long and the signal is very intense.

Any oxygen molecules present mask the marker molecules. As a result, the decay time is shorter and the signals are less intense.

Measurement result

► The sensor calculates the measurement result on the basis of the signal intensity and decay time using the Stern-Volmer equation.

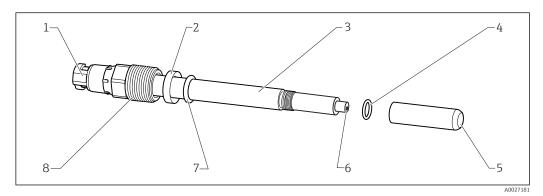
The sensor provides measured values for temperature and partial pressure as well as a raw measured value. This value corresponds to the fluorescence decay time and is approx. 14 µs in air and approx. 56 µs in oxygen-free media.

For optimum measurement results

- 1. During calibration, enter the current air pressure at the transmitter.
- 2. If the measurement is not performed at **Air 100% rh**: Enter the current humidity.
- 3. In the case of saline media: Enter the salinity.
- 4. For measurements in the units %Vol or %SAT:

 Also enter the current operating pressure in the measuring mode.
- Operating Instructions for Memosens, BA01245C
 For all transmitters, analyzers and samplers in the Liquiline CM44x/P/R, Liquiline System CA80XX and Liquistation CSFxx product families
 - Operating Instructions for Liquiline CM42, BA00381C and BA00382C

3.2 Sensor design



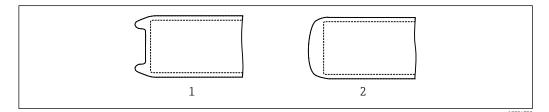
■ 1 Memosens COS81D

Memosens plug-in head with optics assembly 5 Spot cap

2 Thrust collar 6 Optical waveguide with temperature sensor

Sensor shaft 7 Process seal 10.77 x 2.62 mm
O-ring sensor shaft 8 Process connection Pg 13.5

The sensor's spot cap can have either a c-shaped or u-shaped design.



■ 2 Design of spot cap

1 u-shaped

2 c-shaped

3.3 Memosens technology

Sensors with Memosens protocol have an integrated electronics unit that stores calibration data and other information. Once the sensor has been connected, the sensor data are transferred automatically to the transmitter and used to calculate the measured value.

► Call up the sensor data via the corresponding DIAG menu.

Digital sensors can store measuring system data in the sensor. These include the following:

- Manufacturer data
 - Serial number
 - Order code
 - Date of manufacture
- Calibration data
 - Calibration date
 - Calibration values
 - Number of calibrations
 - Serial number of the transmitter used to perform the last calibration or adjustment
- Operating data
 - Temperature application range
 - Date of initial commissioning
 - Hours of operation under extreme conditions

3.4 Spot cap

The oxygen dissolved in the medium is diffused to the fluorescence layer of the spot cap. A suitable flow is not required, as no oxygen is consumed during measurement. However, flow improves the speed at which the measuring system reacts and ensures a more representative measured value compared to a measurement in a static medium.

The spot is permeable for dissolved gases only. Other substances dissolved in the liquid phase, such as ionic substances, will not penetrate through the membrane. Therefore, medium conductivity has no impact on the measuring signal.

3.5 Stabilization time

The measuring method used by the sensor is temperature-dependent. For this reason, the temperature of the sensor must be adapted to the medium temperature during commissioning. You obtain reliable measured values once a stable temperature value is reached.

The temperature usually adapts very quickly in aqueous media. Temperature adaptation can take several minutes in gaseous media.

4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

4.1 Incoming acceptance

- 1. Verify that the packaging is undamaged.
 - Notify the supplier of any damage to the packaging.

 Keep the damaged packaging until the issue has been resolved.
- 2. Verify that the contents are undamaged.
 - Notify the supplier of any damage to the delivery contents. Keep the damaged goods until the issue has been resolved.
- 3. Check that the delivery is complete and nothing is missing.
 - ► Compare the shipping documents with your order.
- 4. Pack the product for storage and transportation in such a way that it is protected against impact and moisture.
 - The original packaging offers the best protection.

 Make sure to comply with the permitted ambient conditions.

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your local Sales Center.

4.2 Product identification

4.2.1 Nameplate

The nameplate provides you with the following information on your device:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Safety information and warnings
- Certificate information
- ► Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

4.2.2 Product identification

Product page

www.endress.com/cos81d

Interpreting the order code

The order code and serial number of your product can be found in the following locations:

- On the nameplate
- In the delivery papers

Obtaining information on the product

- 1. Go to www.endress.com.
- 2. Call up the site search (magnifying glass).
- 3. Enter a valid serial number.
- 4. Search.
 - ► The product structure is displayed in a popup window.

- 5. Click on the product image in the popup window.
 - A new window (**Device Viewer**) opens. All of the information relating to your device is displayed in this window as well as the product documentation.

Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG Dieselstraße 24 D-70839 Gerlingen

4.3 Scope of delivery

Scope of delivery of sensor

- Oxygen sensor with protection cap
- Brief Operating Instructions
- Certificate

Scope of delivery of the Memosens COV81 maintenance kit is based on the configuration

- Spot cap
- O-ring mounting tool
- Cleaning cloth for optics
- O-rings
- Certificate

4.4 Certificates and approvals

A list of all the approvals is provided below. The approvals that are valid for this product depend on the device version ordered.

4.4.1 C€ mark

Declaration of Conformity

The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, it complies with the legal specifications of the EU directives. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing to it the CE mark.

4.4.2 EAC

The product has been certified according to guidelines TP TC 004/2011 and TP TC 020/2011 which apply in the European Economic Area (EEA). The EAC conformity mark is affixed to the product.

4.4.3 Ex approvals

Version COS81D-BA

ATEX II 1G Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

Version COS81D-IA

IECEx Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

Version COS81D-C3

CSA C/ US Class I, Zone O AEx ia IIC T6...T4 Ga and IS Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C and D T6...T4

Version COS81D-NA

NEPSI Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

4.4.4 Certification body Certification center

DEKRA Testing and Certification GmbH

Bochum

ООО "НАНИО ЦСВЭ"

Russian Federation

4.4.5 Material certificates

Manufacturer declaration of FDA compatibility

All parts (seals) in contact with the medium comply with the relevant regulations of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

Certified in the FDA Declaration of Conformity and Pharma CoC (\rightarrow Product Configurator on the product page)

Product	FDA certificate for			
COS81D-*****1	O-rings, process seal, spot layer in contact with medium			



Hazardous area versions

For operation in FDA processes, another FDA-approved seal must be installed before the process seal (for example CPA442). Doing so will sufficiently separate the process from the Ex connection.

Material test certificate

A test certificate 3.1 in accordance with EN 10204 is supplied depending on the version (\rightarrow Product Configurator on the product page).

This certificate certifies the traceability of the materials used including the pipe material.

4.4.6 EHEDG

COS81D-*****1* only

Compliance with EHEDG's criteria for hygienic design

- Technical University of Munich, Research Center for Brewing and Food Quality, Freising-Weihenstephan
- Certificate type: Type EL Class I

The use of an EHEDG-certified assembly is a prerequisite for the easy-to-clean installation of a 12-mm sensor in accordance with EHEDG requirements. Furthermore, the instructions regarding the hygienic installation and operation of the assembly in the relevant Operating Instructions must be adhered to.

4.4.7 ASME BPE

Only COS81D-****C*1*

Designed in accordance with the criteria of ASME (American Society of Mechanical Engineers) BPE (Bioprocessing Equipment)

Ensure a suitable assembly is used.

4.4.8 Regulation (EC) No. 1935/2004

Meets the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1935/2004

The sensor therefore meets the requirements for materials that come into contact with food.

4.4.9 Biological reactivity test

Certificate of Compliance for biological reactivity tests as per USP (United States Pharmacopeia) part<87> and part <88> class VI with batch traceability of materials in contact with product (O-rings, spot layer in contact with medium).

4.4.10 Marine approvals

A selection of sensors have type approval for marine applications, issued by the following classification societies: ABS (American Bureau of Shipping), BV (Bureau Veritas), DNV-GL (Det Norske Veritas-Germanische Lloyd) and LR (Lloyd's Register). Details of the order codes of the approved sensors, and the installation and ambient conditions, are provided in the relevant certificates for marine applications on the product page on the Internet.

4.4.11 CRN approval

As the assembly can be operated at a nominal pressure greater than 15 psi (approx. 1 bar), it has been registered according to CSA B51 ("Boiler, pressure vessel, and pressure piping code"; category F) with a CRN (Canadian Registration Number) in all Canadian provinces.

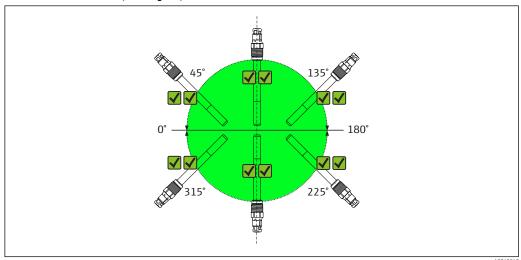
Memosens COS81D Installation

5 Installation

5.1 Installation conditions

5.1.1 Orientation

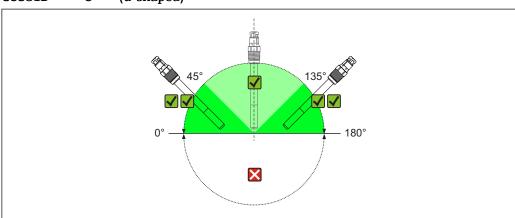
COS81D-****C*** (c-shaped)



*Installation angle for Memosens COS81D-****C*** (c-shaped spot cap)* The sensor can be installed at any installation angle (0 to 360°).

Recommended installation angle

COS81D-****U*** (u-shaped)



Installation angle for Memosens COS81D-****U*** (u-shaped spot cap)

V Recommended installation angle

✓ Possible installation angle

X *Inadmissible* installation angle

The sensor must be installed at an angle of inclination of 0 to 180° in an assembly, holder or appropriate process connection. Recommended angle: 0 to 45° or 135 to 180° to prevent the attachment of air bubbles. At angles of inclination of 45 to 135°, air bubbles at the oxygen-sensitive membrane may increase the measured value.

Installation Memosens COS81D

Inclination angles other than those mentioned are not permitted. In order to avoid buildup and condensation on the spot, do **not** install the COS81D-****U ***sensor upside down.

Follow the instructions for installing sensors in the Operating Instructions for the assembly used.

5.1.2 Mounting location

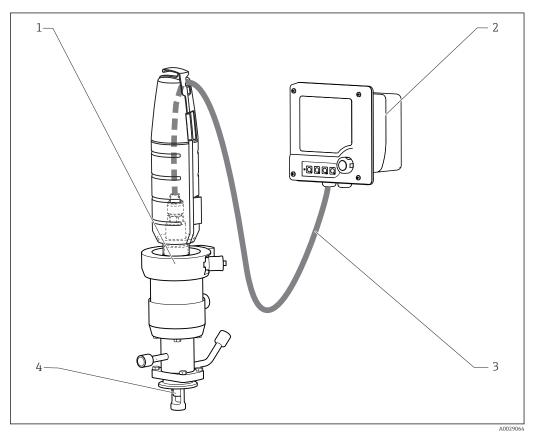
- 1. Choose a mounting location that is easy to access.
- 2. Ensure that upright posts and assemblies are fully secured and vibration-free.
- 3. Choose a mounting location with an oxygen concentration that is typical for the application.

5.2 Mounting the sensor

5.2.1 Measuring system

A complete measuring system comprises:

- a Memosens COS81D oxygen sensor
- Measuring cable CYK10
- A transmitter, e.g. Liquiline CM42, Liquiline CM44x/R, Liquiline CM44P, Liquiline Compact CM72/82
- Optional: an assembly, e.g. permanent installation assembly CPA842, flow assembly or retractable assembly CPA875



■ 5 Example of a measuring system with COS81D

- 1 Retractable assembly CPA875
- 2 Liquiline CM42 transmitter
- 3 Measuring cable CYK10
- 4 Memosens COS81D oxygen sensor

Memosens COS81D Installation

5.2.2 Installing at a measuring point

Must be installed in a suitable assembly (depending on the application).

A WARNING

Electrical voltage

In the event of a fault, non-grounded metallic assemblies may be live and as such are not safe to touch!

▶ When using metallic assemblies and installation equipment, national grounding provisions must be observed.

For complete installation of a measuring point, proceed as follows:

- 1. Install the retractable assembly or a flow assembly (if used) into the process.
- 2. Connect the water supply to the rinse connections (if you are using an assembly with a cleaning function).
- 3. Install and connect the oxygen sensor.

NOTICE

Installation error

Cable breakage, loss of sensor due to cable separation, unscrewing of spot cap!

- ▶ Do not install the sensor freely suspended from the cable!
- ► Screw the sensor into the assembly, ensuring that the cable is not twisted.
- ▶ Hold on to the sensor body during installation or removal. Turn **only at the hexagonal nut** of the armored coupling. Otherwise the spot cap might be unscrewed and will then remain in the assembly or process.
- ► Avoid exerting excessive tensile force on the cable (e.g. through jerky pulling movements).
- ▶ Choose a mounting location that is easy to access for later calibrations.
- ► Follow the instructions for installing sensors in the Operating Instructions for the assembly used.

5.3 Installation examples

5.3.1 Permanent installation (CPA842)

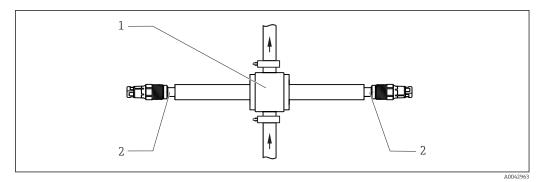
The permanent installation assembly CPA842 enables easy adaptation of a sensor to nearly any process connections from Ingold nozzles to Varivent or Tri-Clamp connections. This kind of installation is very well suited for tanks and larger pipes. You will achieve a defined immersion depth of the sensor into the medium in the simplest way.

5.3.2 Flow assembly

Flow assembly CYA680

The flow assembly is available in various nominal diameters and materials. It can be installed both in horizontal and vertical pipes.

Installation Memosens COS81D

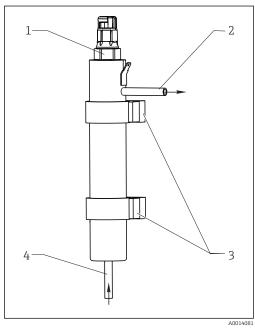


■ 6 Flow assembly CYA680

- 1 Flow chamber of assembly
- 2 Installed sensor Memosens COS81D

Flow assembly CYA21 for water treatment and processes

The compact stainless steel assembly offers space for a 12-mm sensor with a length of 120 mm. The assembly has a low sampling volume and, with the 6-mm connections, it is best suited for residual oxygen measurement in water treatments and boiler feedwater. The flow comes from below.



- 7 Flow assembly
- 1 Installed sensor Memosens COS81D
- 2 Drain
- 3 Wall mount (clamp D29)
- 4 Inflow

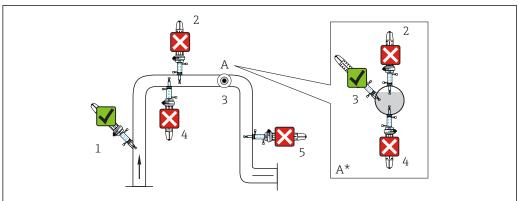
5.3.3 Retractable assembly (CPA875 or CPA450)

The assembly is designed for installation on tanks and pipes. Suitable nozzles must be available for this.

Install the assembly in places with uniform flow conditions. The minimum pipe diameter is $DN\ 80$.

Memosens COS81D Installation

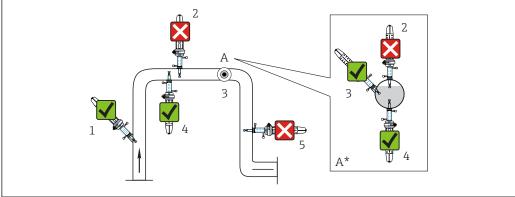
Installation position for COS81D-****U*** (with u-shaped spot cap)



A0042966

- ₽8 Suitable and unsuitable installation positions for Memosens COS81D with u-shaped spot cap and retractable assembly
- 1 Ascending pipe, best position
- Horizontal pipe, sensor top down, impermissible due to air cushion or foam bubble forming
- 3 Horizontal pipe, lateral installation, with suitable installation angle
- Upside-down installation, unsuitable
- Down pipe, impermissible
- Detail A (top view)
- Detail A, turned by 90° (side view)
- Possible installation angle
- X Inadmissible installation angle

Installation position for COS81D-****C*** (with c-shaped spot cap)



- ₩ 9 $Suitable\ and\ unsuitable\ installation\ positions\ for\ Memosens\ COS81D\ with\ c\text{-}shaped\ spot\ cap\ and$ retractable assembly
- 1 Ascending pipe, best position
- Horizontal pipe, sensor top down, impermissible due to air cushion or foam bubble forming
- Horizontal pipe, lateral installation with permissible installation angle (acc. to sensor version)
- Upside-down installation, only in conjunction with c-shaped spot cap
- Down pipe, impermissible
- **✓** Possible installation angle
- X Inadmissible installation angle

NOTICE

Sensor not in the medium all the way, buildup, upside-down installation

These can all cause incorrect measurements!

- ▶ Do not install assembly at points where air pockets or bubbles may form.
- Avoid or regularly remove deposits on the sensor membrane fluorescence cap spot cap.
- Do not install sensor COS81D-****U (u-shaped) upside down.

Installation Memosens COS81D

5.4 Post-installation check

- 1. Are the sensor and cable undamaged?
- 2. Is the orientation correct?
- 3. Is the sensor installed in an assembly and is not suspended from the cable?
- 4. Avoid the penetration of moisture by fitting the protection cap on the immersion assembly.

Memosens COS81D Electrical connection

6 Electrical connection

▲ WARNING

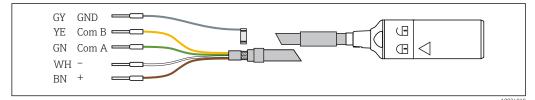
Device is live!

Incorrect connection may result in injury or death!

- ▶ The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- ► The electrical technician must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- ▶ **Prior** to commencing connection work, ensure that no voltage is present on any cable.

6.1 Connecting the sensor

The electrical connection of the sensor to the transmitter is established using measuring cable CYK10.



■ 10 Measuring cable CYK10

6.2 Ensuring the degree of protection

Only the mechanical and electrical connections which are described in these instructions and which are necessary for the required, designated use, may be carried out on the device delivered.

► Exercise care when carrying out the work.

Otherwise, the individual types of protection (Ingress Protection (IP), electrical safety, EMC interference immunity) agreed for this product can no longer be guaranteed due, for example to covers being left off or cable (ends) that are loose or insufficiently secured.

6.3 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Action			
Are the sensor, assembly or cables free from damage on the outside?	▶ Perform a visual inspection.			
Electrical connection	Action			
Are the mounted cables strain-relieved and not twisted?	Perform a visual inspection.Untwist the cables.			
Is a sufficient length of the cable cores stripped, and are the cores positioned in the terminal correctly?	 Perform a visual inspection. Pull gently to check they are seated correctly. 			
Are all the screw terminals properly tightened?	► Tighten the screw terminals.			
Are all cable entries mounted, tightened and leak-tight?	► Perform a visual inspection. In the case of lateral cable entries:			
Are all cable entries installed downwards or mounted laterally?	Point cable loops downward so that water can drip off.			

7 Calibration and adjustment

The sensor is calibrated and adjusted in the factory prior to delivery and is therefore ready for immediate use.

Calibration or adjustment is required in the following situations:

- Changes due to process conditions, e.g. for Cleaning in Place (CIP), Sterilization in Place (SIP) and autoclaving
- Changes due to stress: temperature and/or chemicals (cleaning)
- Following a spot cap replacement

Recommended procedure after replacing a spot cap

First calibrate and adjust the sensor at the zero point and then in the presence of oxygen. Alternatively, you can enter the spot cap calibration data provided directly at the transmitter.

Calibration and adjustment can also be monitored or renewed cyclically (at typical time intervals, depending on operating experience), e.g. within the context of system monitoring.

7.1 Types of calibration

The following types of calibration are possible:

- Zero point
 - Single-point calibration in nitrogen or COY8 zero-point gel
 - Numeric input
- Point at oxygen
 - Air, water vapor-saturated (recommended)
 - Air-saturated water
 - Air, variable
 - Test gas calibration
 - Numeric input
 - Sample calibration
- Fermenter scaling
- Temperature adjustment

7.2 Zero point calibration

The zero point is not so important when working with relatively high concentrations of oxygen. In this type of application, a zero point calibration is required only after the spot cap has been replaced.

However, once oxygen sensors are used at low concentrations and in the trace range, they must also be calibrated at the zero point.

Zero point calibrations are demanding as the ambient medium - usually air - already has a high oxygen content. This oxygen must be blocked off for zero point calibration of the sensor.

A calibration with zero-point gel COY8 can be used for this purpose:

The oxygen-depleting gel COY8 ($\rightarrow \implies$ 35)creates an oxygen-free medium for zero point calibration.

Prior to sensor zero point calibration, check the following:

- Is the sensor signal stable?
- Has the compensation time of 30 min 40 min elapsed?
- Is the value displayed plausible?
- 1. If the sensor signal is stable: Calibrate the zero point.

2. If necessary:

Adjust the sensor to the zero point.

The reference method (sample calibration in zero point) can also be used here if appropriate collecting vessels or reference measurement are available.

- If the oxygen sensor is calibrated too early, this can result in an incorrect zero point. Rule of thumb: operate the sensor for at least 30 min in the COY8 zero-point qel.
- Follow the instructions in the kit documentation enclosed with the COY8 zero-point gel.

7.3 Calibration in oxygen with 100% rH

- 1. Activate the hold status at the transmitter.
- 2. Remove the sensor from the medium.
- 3. Clean the outside of the sensor carefully with a damp cloth.
- 4. Suspend the sensor just above the surface of the water. Do not immerse the sensor.
- 5. Allow a temperature compensation time of approx. 20 minutes for the sensor in the ambient air. Make sure that the sensor is not exposed to any direct ambient effects (direct sunlight, drafts) during this time.
- 6. Is the measured value display on the transmitter stable:

 Perform the calibration in accordance with the Operating Instructions for the transmitter. Pay particular attention to the software settings for the stability criteria for calibration and for the ambient pressure.
- 7. Where necessary:
 Adjust the sensor by accepting the calibration data.
- 8. Then place the sensor back into the medium.
- 9. Deactivate the hold status at the transmitter.
- ► Follow the calibration instructions in the Operating Instructions for the transmitter used.
- The constants Ksv and TauO of the Stern-Volmer equation are determined at both calibration points (point in oxygen and zero point). The calibration quality index provides an indication of the quality of the calibration in relation to the first reference calibration of the spot cap. Therefore it is important to run the **Change sensor cap** command in the calibration menu of the transmitter before every initial calibration of a spot cap.

7.4 Calculation example for the calibration value

As a check, you can calculate the expected calibration value (transmitter display) as shown in the following example (salinity is 0).

- 1. Determine the following:
- Ambient temperature for the sensor (air temperature in the case of the Air 100% rh or Air variable calibration methods, water temperature in the case of the H2O airsaturated calibration method)
- The altitude above sea level
- The current air pressure (= relative air pressure based on sea level) at the time of calibration. (If indeterminable, use 1013 hPa.)
- 2. Determine the following:

- The saturation value S acc. to Table 1
- The altitude factor K acc. to Table 2

Table 1

T [°C (°F)]	S [mg/l=ppm]						
0 (32)	14.64	11 (52)	10.99	21 (70)	8.90	31 (88)	7.42
1 (34)	14.23	12 (54)	10.75	22 (72)	8.73	32 (90)	7.30
2 (36)	13.83	13 (55)	10.51	23 (73)	8.57	33 (91)	7.18
3 (37)	13.45	14 (57)	10.28	24 (75)	8.41	34 (93)	7.06
4 (39)	13.09	15 (59)	10.06	25 (77)	8.25	35 (95)	6.94
5 (41)	12.75	16 (61)	9.85	26 (79)	8.11	36 (97)	6.83
6 (43)	12.42	17 (63)	9.64	27 (81)	7.96	37 (99)	6.72
7 (45)	12.11	18 (64)	9.45	28 (82)	7.82	38 (100)	6.61
8 (46)	11.81	19 (66)	9.26	29 (84)	7.69	39 (102)	6.51
9 (48)	11.53	20 (68)	9.08	30 (86)	7.55	40 (104)	6.41
10 (50)	11.25						

Table 2

Altitude [m (ft)]	К						
0 (0)	1.000	550 (1800)	0.938	1050 (3450)	0.885	1550 (5090)	0.834
50 (160)	0.994	600 (1980)	0.932	1100 (3610)	0.879	1600 (5250)	0.830
100 (330)	0.988	650 (2130)	0.927	1150 (3770)	0.874	1650 (5410)	0.825
150 (490)	0.982	700 (2300)	0.922	1200 (3940)	0.869	1700 (5580)	0.820
200 (660)	0.977	750 (2460)	0.916	1250 (4100)	0.864	1750 (5740)	0.815
250 (820)	0.971	800 (2620)	0.911	1300 (4270)	0.859	1800 (5910)	0.810
300 (980)	0.966	850 (2790)	0.905	1350 (4430)	0.854	1850 (6070)	0.805
350 (1150)	0.960	900 (2950)	0.900	1400 (4600)	0.849	1900 (6230)	0.801
400 (1320)	0.954	950 (3120)	0.895	1450 (4760)	0.844	1950 (6400)	0.796
450 (1480)	0.949	1000 (3300)	0.890	1500 (4920)	0.839	2000 (6560)	0.792
500 (1650)	0.943						

3. Calculate factor **L**:

Relative air pressure at calibration

[= -----

1013 hPa

- 4. Determine the **M** factor:
- M = 1.02 (for **Air 100% rh** calibration method)
- **M** = 1.00 (for **H2O** air-saturated calibration method)
- 5. Calculate calibration value **C**:

 $C = S \cdot K \cdot L \cdot M$

Example

- Air calibration at 18 °C (64 °F), altitude 500 m (1650 ft) above sea level, current air pressure 1009 hPa
- \blacksquare S = 9.45 mg/l, K = 0.943, L = 0.996, M=1.00
- Calibration value C = 8.88 mg/l.
- Factor K in the table is not required if the measuring device returns the absolute air pressure L_{abs} (air pressure depending on altitude) as the measured value. The formula for calculation is then: $C = S \cdot L_{abs}$.

Commissioning Memosens COS81D

8 Commissioning

Prior to initial commissioning, ensure that:

- The sensor is correctly installed
- The electrical connection is correct

If using an assembly with automatic cleaning function:

► Check that the cleaning medium (water or air, for example) is connected correctly.

▲ WARNING

Escaping process medium

Risk of injury from high pressure, high temperatures or chemical hazards!

- ▶ Before applying pressure to an assembly with cleaning system, ensure that the system has been connected correctly.
- ► If you cannot reliably establish the correct connection, do not install the assembly in the process.
- 1. At the transmitter, enter all the settings specific to the parameters and measuring point. These include the air pressure during calibration and measurement or the salinity, for instance.
- 2. Check whether a calibration/adjustment is necessary.

The oxygen measuring point is then ready to measure.

- Following commissioning, the sensor must be serviced at regular intervals, as only then can reliable measurement be guaranteed.
- Operating Instructions for the transmitter used, such as BA01245C if using the Liquiline CM44x or CM44xR.

Memosens COS81D Troubleshooting

9 Troubleshooting

► If one of the following problems is present: Check the measuring system in the order shown.

Problem	Testing	Remedial action
Nothing displayed, no reaction from the sensor	Power supplied to the transmitter?	► Establish the power supply.
	Sensor cable connected correctly?	► Establish correct connection.
	Deposit buildup on the spot cap?	► Clean the sensor cap or fluorescence layer carefully with a damp cloth.
Displayed value too high	Is sensor calibrated/adjusted? Measured value in air not 100 ± 2 %SAT?	➤ Recalibrate/readjust. When calibrating, enter the current air pressure at the transmitter.
	Displayed temperature clearly too low?	► Check sensor, if necessary send sensor in for repair.
	Has salinity been taken into account?	► Enter salinity value on transmitter.
Displayed value too low	Is sensor calibrated/adjusted? Measured value in air not 100 ± 2 %SAT?	➤ Recalibrate/readjust. When calibrating, enter the current air pressure at the transmitter.
	Displayed temperature clearly too high?	► Check sensor, if necessary send sensor in for repair.
	Deposit buildup on the fluorescence layer?	Clean the sensor carefully with a damp cloth.
Fluctuations in measured value	Are there air bubbles on the spot cap?	 Change the installation angle. If necessary, change the cap type from a u-shaped to a c-shaped cap.
Display in Vol% or %SAT not plausible	Medium pressure has not been taken into account	► Enter medium pressure on transmitter.

- 1. Pay attention to the troubleshooting information in the Operating Instructions for the transmitter.
- 2. Check the transmitter if necessary.

Maintenance Memosens COS81D

10 Maintenance

Take all the necessary precautions in time to ensure the operational safety and reliability of the entire measuring system.

NOTICE

Effects on process and process control!

- ▶ When carrying out any work on the system, bear in mind any potential impact this could have on the process control system and the process itself.
- ► For your own safety, only use genuine accessories. With genuine parts, the function, accuracy and reliability are also ensured after maintenance work.

10.1 Maintenance schedule

Maintenance cycles depend to a great extent on the operating conditions.

The following rule of thumb applies:

- Constant conditions, e.g. power plant = long cycles (1/2 year)
- Widely varying conditions, e.g. daily CIP or SIP cleaning, fluctuating process pressure = short cycles (1 month and shorter)

The following method helps you determine the necessary intervals:

- 1. Inspect the sensor one month after commissioning. To do so, remove the sensor from the medium and dry it carefully.
- 2. Visually check the spot cap.
 - There should be no green coloration or air bubbles visible on the exterior. Otherwise, replace the spot cap.
- 3. After 10 minutes, measure the oxygen saturation index in air.
 - ► Decide using the results:
 - a) Measured value not 100 ± 2 % SAT? \rightarrow Service the sensor.
 - b) Measured value = $100 \pm 2 \%$ SAT? \rightarrow Double the length of time to the next inspection.
- 4. Proceed as indicated in Step 1 after two, four and eight months.
 - This allows you to determine the optimum maintenance interval for your sensor.
- Particularly in the case of widely fluctuating process conditions, damage may occur to the fluorescence layer even within a maintenance cycle. You can recognize this by implausible sensor behavior. (→ ≜ 27)

10.2 Maintenance tasks

The following tasks are mandatory:

- 1. Clean the sensor spot cap. $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$
- 2. Replace wear parts or consumables. $\rightarrow \triangleq 30$
- 3. Check measurement function. $\rightarrow \triangleq 33$
- 4. Recalibrate (if desired or necessary).
 - ► Follow the Operating Instructions for the transmitter.

10.3 Cleaning exterior of sensor

The measurement can be corrupted by sensor fouling or malfunction due to the following, for example:

Deposit buildup on the spot cap

ightharpoonup This results in a longer response time

Memosens COS81D Maintenance

For reliable measurement, the sensor must be cleaned at regular intervals. The frequency and intensity of the cleaning operation depend on the medium.

Clean the sensor:

- Before every calibration
- Before returning it for repairs

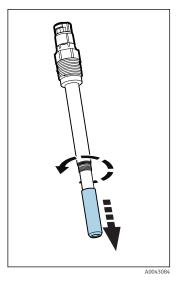
Type of contamination	Cleaning
Salt deposits	1. Immerse the sensor in drinking water.
	2. Then rinse it with copious amounts of water.
Dirt particles on the sensor shaft and shaft sleeve (not spot cap!)	► Clean sensor shaft and sleeve with water and a suitable sponge.
Dirt particles on spot cap	► Clean the spot cap with water. No mechanical cleaning.

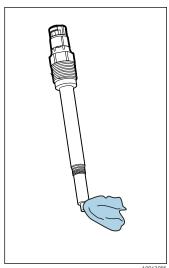
► After cleaning:

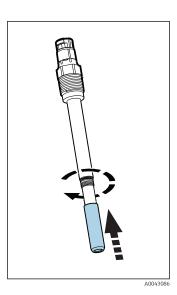
Rinse with copious amounts of clean water.

10.4 Cleaning sensor optics

The optics need to be cleaned only if there is visible buildup on the optical waveguide or boundary area.







- 1. Unscrew the spot cap from the sensor head.
- 2. Carefully clean the optical surface ($\rightarrow \blacksquare 1$, $\blacksquare 9$, item 8) with a soft cloth (preferably the cleaning cloth supplied with the COV81 maintenance kit) until the buildup is fully removed.
- 3. Wipe the optical surface with a soft cloth that is wetted with drinking water or distilled water.
- 4. Dry the optical surface and screw on a functional spot cap.
- 5. At the transmitter, execute the **Sensor cap change** command and then perform the necessary calibrations.

NOTICE

Damage, scratches on optical surface

Distorted measured values

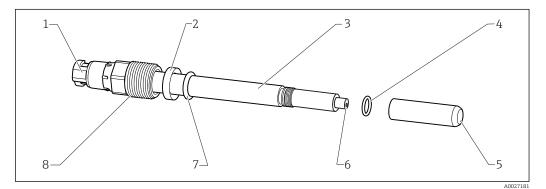
▶ Make sure that the optical surface is not scratched or damaged in any other way.

Maintenance Memosens COS81D

10.5 Wear parts and consumables

Parts of the sensor are subject to wear during operation. By taking suitable measures, you can restore the normal operating function.

Corrective action	Reason
Replace process seals	Visible damage to a process seal
Replace spot cap , including O-rings	Fluorescence layer is damaged or can no longer be cleanedVisible damage to the O-ring



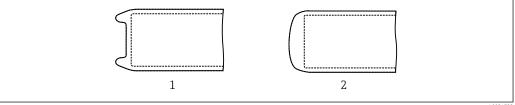
■ 11 Memosens COS81D

1 Memosens plug-in head with optics assembly 5 Spot cap

2 Thrust collar 6 Optical waveguide with temperature sensor

3 Sensor shaft 7 Process seal 10.77 x 2.62 mm 4 O-ring sensor shaft 8 Process connection Pg 13.5

The sensor's spot cap can have either a c-shaped or u-shaped design.



A003473

■ 12 Design of spot cap

- 1 u-shaped
- 2 c-shaped

10.5.1 Replacing sealing rings

It is compulsory to replace the sealing ring if it is visibly damaged, and it is recommended if replacing the spot cap. Only use original sealing rings.

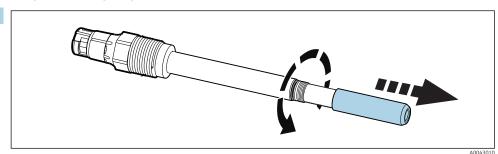
The following O-rings can be replaced:

- Sealing ring for shaft sleeve: item $4 \rightarrow \triangle 30 \rightarrow \boxed{1}$, $\triangle 9$
- Sealing ring towards process (conductive for Ex): item 7

Memosens COS81D Maintenance

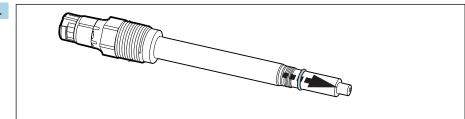
Replacing the sealing ring for the shaft sleeve





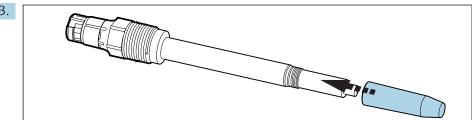
Unscrew spot cap and remove.





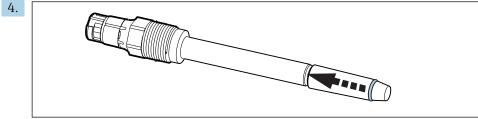
Remove the O-ring above the thread on the shaft.



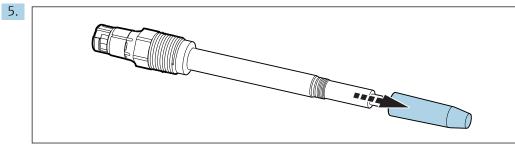


Push the mounting tool from below onto the shaft until it sits over the thread.



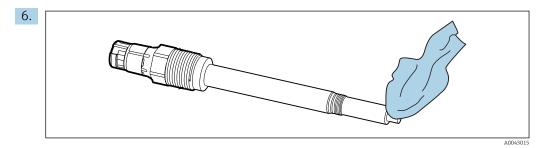


Slide the O-ring over the mounting tool into the position above the thread.

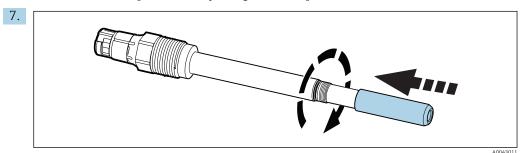


Remove the mounting tool.

Maintenance Memosens COS81D

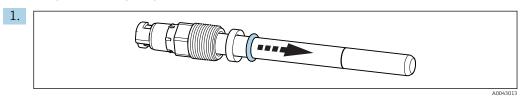


Clean the sensor optics carefully using the cloth provided.

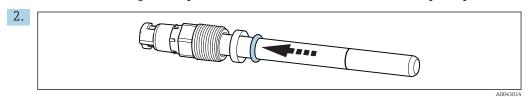


Screw on the spot cap.

Replacing the sealing ring towards the process



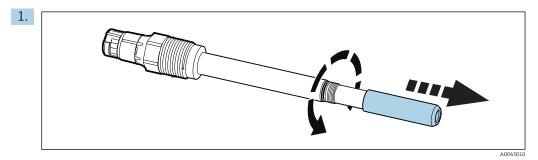
Remove the O-ring on the process connection in the direction of the spot cap.



Fit the new O-ring over the spot cap and push it as far as the process connection.

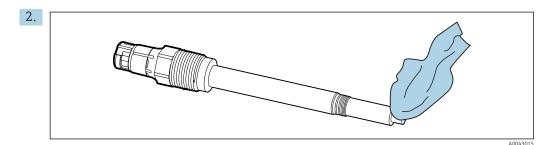
10.5.2 Replacing the spot cap

The spot cap must be replaced if it is visibly damaged. Only use original spot caps.

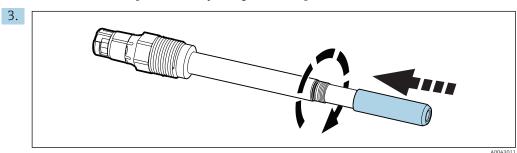


Unscrew the old spot cap and remove.

Memosens COS81D Maintenance



Clean the sensor optics carefully using the cloth provided.



Screw on the new spot cap.

4. Calibrate sensor. → 🗎 22

10.6 Checking the measurement function

- 1. Remove the sensor from the medium.
- 2. Clean and dry the spot cap.
- 3. After about 10 minutes, measure the oxygen saturation index in air (without recalibration).

Accessories Memosens COS81D

11 Accessories

The following are the most important accessories available at the time this documentation was issued.

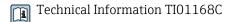
▶ For accessories not listed here, please contact your Service or Sales Center.

11.1 Assemblies (selection)

COS81D with 220 mm length is suitable for all assemblies requiring an installation length of 225 mm.

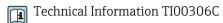
Cleanfit CPA875

- Retractable process assembly for sterile and hygienic applications
- For in-line measurement with standard sensors with 12 mm diameter, e.g. for pH, ORP, oxygen
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpa875



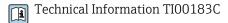
Unifit CPA842

- Installation assembly for food, biotechnology and pharmaceutics
- With EHEDG and 3A certificate
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpa842



Cleanfit CPA450

- Manual retractable assembly for installing sensors with a diameter of 120 mm in tanks and pipes
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpa450

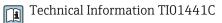


Flow assembly

- For sensors with Ø 12 mm and length 120 mm
- Compact stainless steel assembly with low sampling volume
- Order No.: 71042404

Flowfit CYA21

- Universal assembly for analysis systems in industrial utilities
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CYA21



CYA680

- Flow assembly for hygienic sensors
- For sensor installation in pipes
- Suitable for cleaning in place (CIP) and sterilization in place (SIP)
- Certified biocompatibility as per USP Class VI, FDA-listed seals and hygienic, electropolished surfaces Ra=0.38 µm (15 µinch)
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cya680

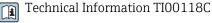
Technical Information TI01295C

Memosens COS81D Accessories

11.2 Measuring cable

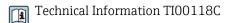
Memosens data cable CYK10

- For digital sensors with Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk10



Memosens data cable CYK11

- Extension cable for digital sensors with Memosens protocol
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk11



Memosens laboratory cable CYK20

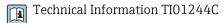
- For digital sensors with Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk20

11.3 Zero-point gel

COY8

Zero-point gel for oxygen and disinfection sensors

- Oxygen-free and chlorine-free gel for the verification, zero point calibration and adjustment of oxygen and disinfection measuring points
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/coy8

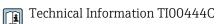


11.4 Junction box RM

11.5 Transmitter

Liquiline CM44

- Modular multi-channel transmitter for hazardous and non-hazardous areas
- Hart®, PROFIBUS, Modbus or EtherNet/IP possible
- Order according to product structure



Liquiline CM42

- Modular two-wire transmitter for hazardous and non-hazardous areas
- Hart®, PROFIBUS or FOUNDATION Fieldbus possible
- Order according to product structure
- Technical Information TI00381C

Liquiline Mobile CML18

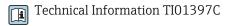
- Multiparameter mobile device for laboratory and field
- Reliable transmitter with display and app connection
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CML18

Operating Instructions BA02002C

Accessories Memosens COS81D

Liquiline Compact CM82

- Configurable 1-channel multiparameter transmitter for Memosens sensors
- Ex- and non-ex applications possible in all industries
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CM82



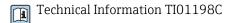
Liquiline Compact CM72

- 1-channel single parameter field device for Memosens sensors
- Ex- and non-ex applications possible in all industries
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CM72



Liquiline To Go CYM290

- Portable device for the measurement of pH/ORP, conductivity, oxygen and temperature in all industries
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CYM290



Memosens COS81D Repair

12 Repair

12.1 Spare parts and consumables

Memosens COV81

- Maintenance kit for COS81D
- Ordering information: www.endress.com/cos81d under "Accessories/spare parts"

12.2 Return

The product must be returned if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong product was ordered or delivered. As an ISO-certified company and also due to legal regulations, Endress+Hauser is obliged to follow certain procedures when handling any returned products that have been in contact with medium.

To ensure the swift, safe and professional return of the device:

► Refer to the website www.endress.com/support/return-material for information on the procedure and conditions for returning devices.

12.3 Disposal

The device contains electronic components. The product must be disposed of as electronic waste.

► Observe the local regulations.

Technical data Memosens COS81D

13 Technical data

13.1 Input

Measured variables

Dissolved oxygen [mg/l, μ g/l, ppm, ppb or %SAT or hPa]

Oxygen (gaseous) [hPa or %Vol]

Temperature [°C, °F]

Measuring ranges

Measuring ranges apply for 25 °C (77 °F) and 1013 hPa (15 psi)

c-shaped	u-shaped
0.004 to 26 mg/l	0.004 to 30 mg/l
0.05 to 285 % SAT	0.05 to 330 % SAT
0.1 to 600 hPa	0.1 to 700 hPa

13.2 Performance characteristics

Response time

From air to nitrogen at reference operating conditions:

■ t₉₀: < 10 s

■ t₉₈: < 20 s

Reference operating conditions

Reference temperature:

25 °C (77 °F)

Reference pressure:

1013 hPa (15 psi)

Maximum measured error ¹⁾

At 25 °C (77 °F)

Measured value [mg/l]	Maximum measured error [mg/l]	Measured value [hPa]	Maximum measured error [hPa]
0.04	±0.008	1	±0.2
0.8	±0.017	20	±0.4
9.1	±0.1	210	±2
26	±0.5	600	±12

13.3 Environment

Ambient temperature range	–5 to +100 °C (23 to 212 °F)
Storage temperature	-25 to 50 °C (77 to 120 °F) at 95% relative air humidity, not condensating
	IP68 (10 m (33 ft) water column at 25 °C (77 °F) over 28 days)

¹⁾ In accordance with IEC 60746-1 at rated operating conditions

Memosens COS81D Technical data

IP69K (test in accordance with DIN 40050-9)

13.4 Process

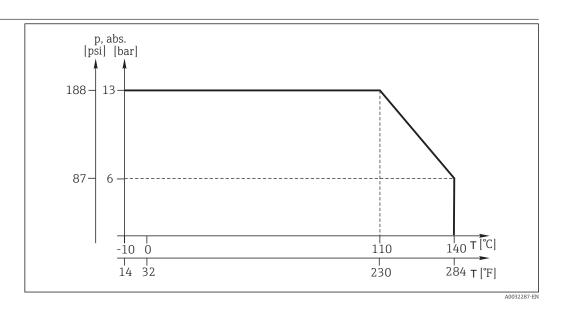
Process temperature

Sensor	General	Oxygen measurement
COS81D-***1* (EPDM)	-10 to +140 °C (15 to 280 °F)	
COS81D-***3* (FFKM)	0 to +140 °C (32 to 280 °F)	
COS81D-**C*** (c-shaped)		0 to 60 °C (32 to 140 °F)
COS81D-**U*** (u-shaped)		0 to 80 °C (32 to 175 °F)

Process pressure

0.02 to 13 bar (0 to 190 psi) abs.

Temperature-pressure ratings



Chemical resistance

NOTICE

Halogen-containing solvents, ketones and toluene

Halogen-containing solvents (dichloromethane, chloroform), ketones (e.g. acetone, pentanone) and toluene have a cross-sensitive effect and result in decreased measured values or, at worst, in the complete failure of the sensor!

▶ Use the sensor only in media that are free from halogens, ketones and toluene.

CIP compatibility

Yes

SIP compatibility

Yes, max. 140 °C (284 °F)

Autoclavability

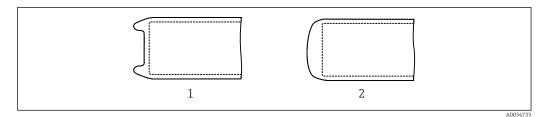
Yes, max. 140 °C (284 °F)

13.5 Mechanical construction

Design

The sensor's spot cap can have either a c-shaped or u-shaped design.

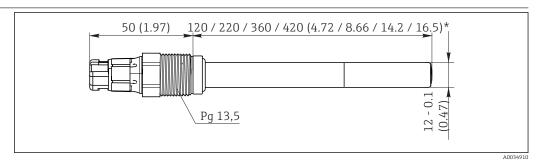
Technical data Memosens COS81D



■ 13 Design of spot cap

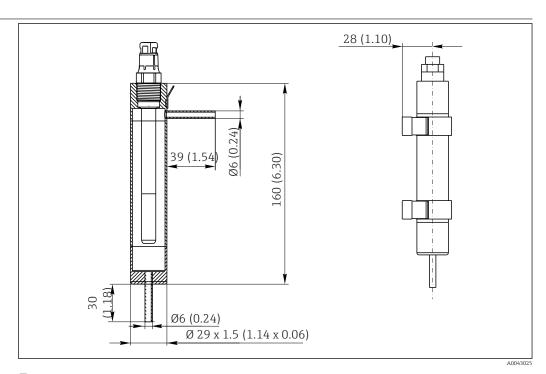
- 1 u-shaped
- 2 c-shaped

Dimensions



■ 14 Dimensions in mm (inch)

Flow assembly CYA21 for sensors with \emptyset 12 mm (accessories)



■ 15 Dimensions in mm (inch)

Weight

Depending on the design (length)

Example: 0.1 kg (0.20 lbs) for version with 120 mm length

Materials

Parts in contact with medium

Sensor shaft

Process seal

Process seal for Ex versions

Stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L)

FKM (USP<87>, <88> Class VI and FDA)

FKM (not FDA-compliant)

Memosens COS81D Technical data

	Seals/O-rings	EPDM, FFKM (USP<87>, <88> Class VI and FDA)
	Spot layer	Silicone (USP<87>, <88> Class VI and FDA)
Process connection	Pg 13.5 Torque max. 3 Nm	
Surface roughness	R _a < 0.38 μm	
Temperature sensor	Pt1000 (Class A according to DIN	IEC 60751)

Appendices Memosens COS81D

Appendices 14

EU-Konformitätserklärung **EU-Declaration of Conformity** Déclaration UE de Conformité



Company

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG

Dieselstraße 24, 70839 Gerlingen, Germany

erklärt als Hersteller in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass das Produkt declares as manufacturer under sole responsibility, that the product déclare sous sa seule responsabilité en qualité de fabricant que le produit

Product

Oxymax H COS81D-BA****3

Regulations

den folgenden Europäischen Richtlinien entspricht:

conforms to following European Directives: est conforme aux prescription des Directives Européennes suivantes :

2014/30/EU (L96/79) 2014/34/EU (L96/309) 2011/65/EU (L174/88) RoHS

Standards

Certification

angewandte harmonisierte Normen oder normative Dokumente: applied harmonized standards or normative documents: normes harmonisées ou documents normatifs appliqués :

EN 60079-0 (2012) EN 60079-11 (2012) EN 61326-1 (2013)

EN 61326-2-3 EN 50581 (2013) (2012) A11:2013

BVS 12 ATEX E 121 X

EG-Baumusterprüfbescheinigung Nr. EC-Type Examination Certificate No. Numéro de l'attestation d'examen CE de type Ausgestellt von/issued by/délivré par

DEKRA EXAM GmbH (0158)

Qualitätssicherung/Quality assurance/Système d'assurance DEKRA EXAM GmbH (0158) qualité

Gerlingen, 03.08.2017

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG

i. V. Jörg-Martin Müller Technology

Technology Certifications and Approvals

EC_00577_01.17

Memosens COS81D Index

Index

A	Н
Accessories	Hazardous areas 6
Adjustment	_
Ambient temperature range	I
Approvals	Incoming acceptance
Marine	Installation
ASME BPE	Check
Assemblies	Examples
Autoclavability	Orientation
_	Sensor
В	Installation instructions
Biological reactivity test	7.6
C	M Maintanana and a dala
C	Maintenance schedule
Calibration	Maintenance tasks
Calculation example	Manufacturer address
In air	Marine
Types of calibration	Material test certificate
Zero point calibration	Materials
CE mark	Maximum measured error
Certification body	Measured variables
Check	Measurement function
Connection	Measuring cable
Installation	Measuring point
Chemical resistance	Measuring principle
CIP compatibility	Measuring ranges
Cleaning	Measuring system
Sensor	N
Sensor optics	Nameplate
Cleaning sensor optics	Namepiate11
Connection	0
Check	Occupational safety
Ensuring the degree of protection 21	Operational safety 6
D	Optical measuring principle
Declaration of Conformity	Orientation
Degree of protection	
Degree of protection	P
Ensuring	Performance characteristics
Design	Pressure-temperature ratings
Designated use	Process
Device description	Process connection 41
Dimensions	Process pressure
Disposal	Process temperature
	Product identification
E	Product safety 6
EHEDG	_
Electrical connection	R
Environment	Reference operating conditions
EU Declaration of Conformity 2	Regulation 1935/2004
Ex approvals	Repair
_	Replacing sealing rings
F	Response time
FDA compatibility	Return
Function	

Index Memosens COS81D

5	
Safety	
Electrical equipment in hazardous areas	6
Occupational safety	5
Operational	6
Product	6
Safety instructions	. 5
	12
Sensor	
Cleaning	28
Connecting	21
Design	
Mounting	
Sensor design	
	39
	37
Spot cap	29
	10
State of the art	6
	38
Surface roughness	41
Symbols	
Symbols	•
T	
Technical data	
Environment	38
	38
	39
	38
	39
	41
	39
1 1 3	27
Troubleshoothig	۷,
U	
Use	. 5
	. –
W	
Warnings	4
Wear parts and consumables	
-	40
3	
Z	
Zero solution	
Application	22
Zero-point gel	35



www.addresses.endress.com